

Assignment 2

P Ganesh Nikhil Madhav -CS20BTECH11036

Download latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/Nik123-cpp/Assignment-2/blob/main/Assignment2.tex>

1 GATE PROBLEM 64

Let X_n denote the sum of points obtained when n fair dice are rolled together. The Expectation and Variance of X_n are

2 SOLUTION

We know, when one dice is rolled probability i.e $\Pr(X_1 = r)$ for all r in $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ is equal to p

$$p = \frac{1}{6} \quad (2.0.1)$$

Let Y_i denote the value obtained on i th dice when n dices are rolled, therefore

$$X_n = \sum_{i=1}^n Y_i \quad (2.0.2)$$

Now i will calculate expectation value of value obtained when one dice is rolled using below formula;

$$E(Y_i) = E(X_1) = \sum_{r=1}^6 (r \times p) \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \times \sum_{r=1}^6 r \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$= \frac{7}{2} \quad (2.0.5)$$

- 1) Since the Expectation value of a sum of independent events is the sum of their expectation. So,

$$E(X_n) = \sum_{i=1}^n E(Y_i) \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{7}{2} = \frac{7}{2}n \quad (2.0.7)$$

- 2) By Using the following formula, we can calculate variance of X_1 ,

$$V(X_1) = (E(X_1)^2) - (E(X_1))^2 \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^k r^2 = \frac{k \times (k+1) \times (2k+1)}{6} \quad (2.0.9)$$

Now calculating $E(X_1^2)$, by using (2.0.9)

$$E(X_1^2) = \sum_{r=1}^6 (r^2 \times p) \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \times \sum_{r=1}^6 r^2 \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= \frac{91}{6} \quad (2.0.12)$$

By using (2.0.5), (2.0.8) and (2.0.12)

$$V(X_1) = V(Y_i) \quad (2.0.13)$$

$$= \frac{35}{12} \quad (2.0.14)$$

Variance of sum can be calculated by using following formula,

$$V(X_n) = V\left(\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i\right) \quad (2.0.15)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n V(Y_i) + \sum_{1 \leq i \neq j \leq n} \text{Cov}(Y_i, Y_j) \quad (2.0.16)$$

Since Co-variance of independent random variables is zero. So,

$$V(X_n) = \sum_{i=1}^n V(Y_i) + 0 \quad (2.0.17)$$

$$= \frac{35}{12}n \quad (2.0.18)$$

Hence option(B) is correct.