#### 1

# Assignment 2

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Download all python codes from

https:

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Nik123-cpp/Assignment-2/blob/main/Assignment2.tex

### 1 Gate Problem 64

Let  $X_n$  denote the sum of points obtained when n fair dice are rolled together. The Expectation and Variance of  $X_n$  are

#### 2 Solution

 $X_n$  denote the random variable which denotes the sum of points obtained when n fair dice are rolled together We know, when one dice is rolled probability i.e  $Pr(X_1 = r)$  for all r in  $\{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$  is equal to  $\frac{1}{6}$  ,Now i will calculate expectation value using below formula;

$$E(X_1) = \sum_{r=1}^{6} r. \Pr(X_1 = r)$$
 (2.0.1)

$$=\frac{1}{6}\sum_{r=1}^{6}.r\tag{2.0.2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{6(7)}{2} = \frac{7}{2}.$$
 (2.0.3)

1) similarly when n dice are rolled ,expectation value from each dice =  $\frac{7}{2}$ . So expectation of sum of points on n dice is n times the expectation value from each dice i.e

$$E(X_n) = n(E(X_1)) = \frac{7}{2}n$$
 (2.0.4)

2) By Using the following formula and using (2.0.4) we can calculate variance of  $X_n$ 

$$V(X_n) = (E(X_n)^2) - (E(X_n))^2$$
 (2.0.5)

$$= (E(X_n)^2) - (\frac{49}{4}n^2)$$
 (2.0.6)

In (2.0.6), By substituting n as 1

$$V(X_1) = (E(X_1)^2) - \frac{49}{4}$$
 (2.0.7)

Now calculating  $E(X_1^2)$ ,

$$E(X_1^2) = \sum_{r=1}^{6} r^2 \cdot \frac{1}{6}$$
 (2.0.8)

$$= \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{6(6+1)(2(6)+1)}{6} \tag{2.0.9}$$

$$=\frac{91}{6}\tag{2.0.10}$$

From (2.0.7) and (2.0.10)

$$V(X_1) = \frac{91}{6} - \frac{49}{4} \tag{2.0.11}$$

$$=\frac{35}{12}\tag{2.0.12}$$

Since the variance of a sum of independent random variables is the sum of their variances. So, When n dice are rolled the variance of  $X_n$  is n times the variance of the value when one dice is rolled i.e

$$V(X_n) = n.V(X_1) = \frac{35}{12}n$$
 (2.0.13)

Hence option(B) is correct.