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Assignment 4

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Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Nik123-cpp/Assignment-4/blob/main/main.tex

1 PROBLEM UGC—MATH 2019,Q.58

A sample of size n=2 is drawn from a population of size N=4 using probability proportional to size without replacement scheme , Where the probabilities proportional to size are

i:	1	2	3	4
p_i	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2

The probability of inclusion of unit (1) in the sample is

- (1)0.4 (2)0.6
- (3)0.7 (4)0.75

2 Solution

Let P be the probability of inclusion of unit (1) Let number of samples with size n out of size N are be $f_N(n)$

$$f_N(n) = \binom{N}{n} \tag{2.0.1}$$

In this case

$$N = 4 \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$n = 2$$
 (2.0.3)

Let $P_i(j)$ represent the probability for selecting unit (j) after selecting unit (i)

$$P_i(j) = \frac{p_j}{1 - p_i} \tag{2.0.4}$$

Total samples(Size n=2)are

Case	1	2	3	4	5	6
Sample	1,2	1,3	1,4	2,3	2,4	3,4

TABLE 0: list of samples

Probability of selecting sample i,j (Pr(i, j)), using (2.0.4) is

$$\Pr(i, j) = (p_i \times \frac{p_j}{1 - p_i}) + (p_j \times \frac{p_i}{1 - p_j}) \quad (2.0.5)$$

Favourable cases for inclusion of unit(1) are case (1,2,3),So

$$P = Pr(1, 2) + Pr(1, 3) + Pr(1, 4)$$
 (2.0.6)

using (2.0.5)

$$P = \frac{7}{30} + \frac{7}{30} + \frac{7}{30} \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$= 0.7$$
 (2.0.8)

Therefore Option (3)is correct.