Pandit Deendayal Energy University

LABORATORY MANUAL

Branch: Computer Engineering

Semester: VI

20CP305P- Big Data Analytics Laboratory



Roll No: 19BCP080

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Pandit Deendayal Energy University

20CP305P Big Data Analytics Laboratory

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- ➤ Identify the challenges of Big Data Management
- Recognize the key concepts of Hadoop framework, MapReduce and SPARK.
- > Apply the tools, techniques and algorithms for big data analysis.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Introduction/Basics of Scala Programming
- 2. Introduction/Basics of Python Programming
- 3. Transformation functions
- 4. Pair RDD functions
- 5. Spark SQL, creating tables and querying in data bricks
- 6. PIG and Hive Demo
- 7. Structured Streaming using the Python Data Frames API
- 8. Page Rank
- 9. Machine Learning
- 10. GraphX
- 11. Kafka configuration and demo codes
- 12. MongoDB configuration and demo codes
- 13. Project work (Code + Paper/Report + PPT)

Demo of each is provided followed by practice to the students

TOTAL: 14 week x 2 Sessions (Each session of 2hrs. per week)

OUTCOMES:

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of the course, student will be able to

- CO1- Understand Hadoop related tools for big data analytics
- CO2- Deploy Hadoop ecosystem components
- CO3- Demonstrate basic Hadoop administration.
- CO4- Apply Map Reduce paradigm for Big Data Analysis.
- CO5- Understand the working of tools (SPARK) and techniques to analyze Big Data
- CO5- Build a solution for a given problem using suitable Big Data Techniques

Materials from national and international level like NPTEL, Web resources, etc. is shared related to subject domain

Apache Hadoop: hadoop.apache.org

Spark by Examples: https://sparkbyexamples.com/spark/

Hive Tutorial – Tutorialspoint : www.tutorialspoint.com > hive

Apache Pig Tutorial – Tutorialspoint : www.tutorialspoint.com > apache_pig Apache Spark Tutorial – Tutorialspoint : www.tutorialspoint.com > apache_spark https://www.udemy.com/course/big-data-harish/learn/lecture/14046353#overview

LIST OF HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS & SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

- Java, Python
- Data Bricks community cloud setup

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

• Standalone desktops (or) Server supporting 30 terminals or more

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mirepatel(5)

LAB 1: Basics of Scala Programming

AIM: To know about Scala programming. PROGRAM: var num = List(1,2,3,4)Output: num: List[Int] = List(1, 2, 3, 4) num.head Output: res0: Int = 1num.tail Output: res1: List[Int] = List(2, 3, 4) num.sum Output: res2: Int = 10num.take(3) Output: res3: List[Int] = List(1, 2, 3) var mirepatel = List(1,1,1,12,2,2,2,2,2)Output: mirepatel: List[Int] = List(1, 1, 1, 12, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2) mirepatel.distinct Output: res4: List[Int] = List(1, 12, 2)

20CP305P Big Data Analytics LAB Output: res5: Int = 2mirepatel(-1) Output: IndexOutOfBoundsException: -1 mirepatel(4)=4Output: command-1200946268936804:1: error: value update is not a member of List[Int] num.size Output: res9: Int = 4num.reverse Output: res10: List[Int] = List(4, 3, 2, 1) mirepatel.min Output: res11: Int = 1mirepatel.max Output: res12: Int = 12mirepatel.isEmpty Output: res13: Boolean = false

num: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)

var num = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)

Output:

```
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val lang = Array("scala", "python", "R")
     Output:
     lang: Array[String] = Array(scala, python, R)
lang.head
     Output:
     res14: String = scala
lang.tail
     Output:
     res15: Array[String] = Array(python, R)
num(3) = 30
num
     Output:
     res17: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 30, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)
import scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer
import scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer
var car = new ArrayBuffer[String]()
     Output:
     car: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] =
     ArrayBuffer()
car.append("car1")
car.append("car2")
car.append("car1")
car += "car3"
     Output:
     res24: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] =
     ArrayBuffer(car1, car2, car1, car3)
car.length
     Output:
     res25: Int = 4
```

val a = num.map(aa => aa*(aa-1))

```
car
```

```
Output:
     res26: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] =
     ArrayBuffer(car1, car2, car1, car3)
car.trimEnd(1)
car
     Output:
     res28: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] =
     ArrayBuffer(car1, car2, car1)
car.insert(3, "BMW")
car
     Output:
     res30: scala.collection.mutable.ArrayBuffer[String] =
     ArrayBuffer(car1, car2, car1, BMW)
num
     Output:
     res31: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 30, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)
num.map(x => x*x)
     Output:
     res32: Array[Int] = Array(1, 4, 9, 900, 25, 36, 49, 64,
     81)
num
     Output:
     res33: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 30, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)
num.map(a=>a+3)
     Output:
     res34: Array[Int] = Array(4, 5, 6, 33, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12)
```

```
Output:
     a: Array[Int] = Array(0, 2, 6, 870, 20, 30, 42, 56, 72)
val b = num.map(a=>a+1).map(b=>b*b)
     Output:
     b: Array[Int] = Array(4, 9, 16, 961, 36, 49, 64, 81,
     100)
val fruits = List("orange", "banana", "apple", "pineapple")
     Output:
     fruits: List[String] = List(orange, banana, apple,
     pineapple)
fruits.map(x \Rightarrow (x, x.length))
     Output:
     res35: List[(String, Int)] = List((orange, 6),
     (banana, 6), (apple, 5), (pineapple, 9))
fruits.filter(x => x.length > 5)
     Output:
     res36: List[String] = List(orange, banana, pineapple)
var ratings = List(2.4, 5.6, 7.4, 8.9)
     Output:
     ratings: List[Double] = List(2.4, 5.6, 7.4, 8.9)
val marks = ratings.map(x \Rightarrow x * 10)
     Output:
     marks: List[Double] = List(24.0, 56.0, 74.0, 89.0)
val grade B = marks.filter(x => x > 60 \&\& x < 80)
     Output:
     grade B: List[Double] = List(74.0)
grade B.map(x => x/10)
     Output:
     res37: List[Double] = List(7.4)
def add(a: Double = 100, b: Double = 200): Double = {
  var sum: Double = 0
  sum = a + b
 return sum
add: (a: Double, b: Double) Double
```

```
add()
     Output:
     res38: Double = 300.0
var x = 1
var b = if (x < 3) {
 println("less then 3")
} else {
  println("greather then 3")
less then 3
x: Int = 1
b: Unit = ()
var marks = 75
if (marks > 70) {
 print("A")
} else if (marks > 50 && marks < 70) {</pre>
 print("B")
} else if (marks>40) {
 print("c")
} else {
 print("F")
     Output:
     Amarks: Int = 75
def squ(x: Double) : Double = {
  return x*x
}
def sqqu(x: Double, y: Double) : Double = {
  return squ(x) + squ(y)
sqqu(3, 4)
     Output:
     squ: (x: Double) Double
     sqqu: (x: Double, y: Double) Double
     res40: Double = 25.0
for (i<-1 to 10) {
  println(i)
}
     Output:
     1
     2
```

```
3
     4
     5
     6
     7
     8
     9
     10
// matrix multiplication
var a = Array(List(1,2,3), List(1,2,3), List(1,2,3))
var b = Array(List(4,5,6), List(4,5,6), List(4,5,6))
var c = Array(Array(0,0,0), Array(0,0,0), Array(0,0,0))
var sum = 0
for (i < -0 to 2) {
  for (j<-0 to 2) {
    sum = 0
    for (k<-0 \text{ to } 2) {
      sum = sum + (a(i)(k) * b(k)(j))
    c(i)(j) = sum
  }
println(c)
     Output:
     a: Array[List[Int]] = Array(List(1, 2, 3), List(1, 2,
     3), List(1, 2, 3)
     b: Array[List[Int]] = Array(List(4, 5, 6), List(4, 5,
     6), List(4, 5, 6))
     c: Array[Array[Int]] = Array(Array(24, 30, 36),
     Array(24, 30, 36), Array(24, 30, 36))
     sum: Int = 36
var a = Array(Array(1,2,3), List(1,2,3), List(1,2,3))
     a: Array[java.io.Serializable] = Array(Array(1, 2, 3),
     List(1, 2, 3), List(1, 2, 3))
a(1)
     Output:
     res45: java.io.Serializable = List(1, 2, 3)
// error
a(1)(1)
     Output:
     command-1200946268936859:1: error: java.io.Serializable
     does not take parameters
```

LAB 2: Basics of Python Programming

AIM:

To know about python programming.

```
PROGRAM:
```

```
myint = 7
print(myint)
     Output:
     7
myfloat=7.2
print(myfloat)
     Output:
     7.2
mystring='hello'
print(mystring)
     Output:
     hello
mystring="hello"
print(mystring)
     Output:
     hello
one=1
two=2
three = one + two
print(three)
hello ="Hello"
world="India"
helloworld = hello + " " + world
print(helloworld)
     Output:
     Hello India
a,b = 3,4
print(a,b)
```

```
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     Output:
     3 4
one =1
two = 2
hello ="hello"
print(one + two + hello)
     Output:
     TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for +: 'int' and 'str'
mylist=[1,2,3]
print(mylist[10])
     Output:
     IndexError: list index out of range
mylist.append(1)
mylist.append(2)
mylist.append(3)
print(mylist[0])
print(mylist[1])
print(mylist[2])
     Output:
     1 2 3
for x in mylist:
    print(x)
     Output:
     1 2 3 1 2 3
number = 10+2*3/4.0
print(number)
     Output:
     11.5
remainder = 10 % 3
print(remainder)
```

Output:

1

squared = 7**2

```
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```

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```
cubed = 2**3
print(squared, cubed)
```

Output:

49 8

lotsofhellos = "hello World"*15
print(lotsofhellos)

Output:

hello Worldhello World

print([1,2,3]*5)

Output:

```
[1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3]
```

```
even_nos=[2,4,6,8]
odd_nos=[1,3,5,7]
all_nos= odd_nos + even_nos + odd_nos + even_nos
print(all nos)
```

Output:

```
[1, 3, 5, 7, 2, 4, 6, 8, 1, 3, 5, 7, 2, 4, 6, 8]
```

para_str=""" hello \n how are you, \n this the first laboratory of BDA, \n welcome to this BDA practical session \n In the first session we will see basics of python, which is prerequisite""" print(para str)

Output:

hello how are you, this the first laboratory of BDA, welcome to this BDA practical session In the first session we will see basics of python, which is prerequisite

```
n = "helllllllllllllll wooooooooorlllllllllllld"
new=''
for I in n:
    if not(I in new):
        new=new + i
print(new)
```

Output:

h he hel helo helo w helo wr helo wrd

```
world"
i=0
while (i <len(string)):</pre>
   string = string[:i+1] +
string[i+1:].replace(string[i],'')
    i = i+1
print(string)
    Output:
    helllllllllllll wooooooooorllllllllllld ello world
    helllllllllllll wooooooooorllllllllllll llo world helo
    woooooooood o word helo wrd wrd helo wrdwrd helo wrdrd
    helo wrdd helo wrd
num = 12
if(num<10):
   print("1")
elif(num <100):
   print("2")
elif(num <1000):
   print("3")
else:
   print("invalid")
    Output:
    2
num = 123
while (num > 0):
   print("you entered" +str(num))
   num = num/10
   if (num <0):
       print("Number is -ve no")
   break
    Output:
    you entered123
name ="mirepatel"
print("Hello, %s!!!!!!" %name)
    Output:
    Hello, mirepatel!!!!!!
age = 25
print("%s is %d years old" %(name,age))
```

20CP305P Big Data Analytics LAB Output: mirepatel is 25 years old mylist = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]print("A list : %s" %mylist) Output: A list: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] astring ="length f Hello world!" astring2 = 'Hello world!' print("singel quotes are ' ") Output: singel quotes are ' print(len(astring)) Output: 21 print(astring.index("o")) Output: 13 print(astring.count("1")) Output: 4 print(astring[3:7]) Output: gth print(astring[3:7:2]) Output: gh

print(astring[::-1])

!dlrow olleH f htgnel

Output:

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```
print(astring.upper())
     Output:
     LENGTH F HELLO WORLD!
print(astring.lower())
     Output:
     length f hello world!
print(astring.startswith("Hello"))
     Output:
     False
print(astring.endswith("world!"))
     Output:
     True
afewwords= astring.split(" ")
print(afewwords)
     Output:
     ['length', 'f', 'Hello', 'world!']
x=[1,2,3,4]
y=[1,2,3,4]
print(x == y)
     Output:
     True
print(x is y)
     Output:
     False
print(not True)
     Output:
     False
print((not True) == (False))
```

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```
Output:
     True
for x in range (15):
    print(x)
     Output:
     0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
for x in range(3,6):
    print(x)
     Output:
     3 4 5
for x in range (3,15,2):
    print(x)
     Output:
     3 5 7 9 11 13
for x in range (1,10):
    if(i % 5 == 0):
         break
    print(i)
     Output:
     8 8 8 8
def sum(a,b):
    return a+b
x=sum(300,33)
print(x)
     Output:
     333
tup1 = ('physics', 'chemistry', 1997,2000)
tup2=(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10)
print("tup1[3]:", tup1[2])
print("tup2[1:5]:",tup2[0:5])
     Output:
     tup1[3]: 1997
     tup2[1:5]: (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
tup1[0]=100
```

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```
Output:
     TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
tup3 = tup1 + tup2
print(tup3)
     Output:
     ('physics', 'chemistry', 1997, 2000, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8,
     9, 10)
del tup3
print(tup3)
     Output:
     NameError: name 'tup3' is not defined
len((1,2,3))
     Output:
     3
(1,2,3)+(4,5,6)
     Output:
     (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
('Hi!,')*4
     Output:
     Hi!, Hi!, Hi!, Hi!,
4 \text{ in } (1,2,3)
     Output:
     False
for x in (1,2,3,4,5):
    print(x, end = ' ')
     Output:
     1 2 3 4 5
dict ={'Name':'Samir','Age':7,'Class':'First'}
print("dict['Name']:", dict['Name'])
     Output:
     dict['Name']: Samir
dict['Age']=18
dict['School']="DPS Hi School";
```

```
print(dict)
     Output:
     {'Name': 'Samir', 'Age': 18, 'Class': 'First', 'School': 'DPS
     Hi School'}
del dict['Name'];
dict.clear();
del dict;
dict ={'Name':'zara','Age':7,'Name':'Manni'}
print("dict['Name']:", dict['Name'])
     Output:
     dict['Name']: Manni
import time
ticks = time.time()
localtime = time.asctime(time.localtime(time.time()))
print("Local current time: ", localtime)
     Output:
     Local current time: Sun May 1 08:54:29 2022
import calendar
cal = calendar.month(2022,1)
print("Here is the calendar: ", cal)
     Output:
     Here is the calendar:
                             January 2022
     Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa Su
      3 4 5 6 7 8 9
      10 11 12 13 14 15 16
      17 18 19 20 21 22 23
      24 25 26 27 28 29 30
      31
2+3
     Output:
```

LAB 3: Transformation functions

AIM:

To implement all transformation functions in scala/python using DataBricks cloud platform.

DESCRIPTION:

RDD Transformations are Spark operations when executed on RDD, it results in a single or multiple new RDD's. Since RDD are immutable in nature, transformations always create new RDD without updating an existing one hence, this creates an **RDD lineage**.

EXAMPLE:

```
val a = sc.parallelize(List("A", "B", "C", "D"))
     Output:
     a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] =
     ParallelCollectionRDD[26] at parallelize at command-
     577761670161294:1
val b = a.map(x \Rightarrow (x, 1))
b.collect
     Output:
     b: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(String, Int)] =
     MapPartitionsRDD[27] at map at command-577761670161304:1
     res0: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((A,1), (B,1), (C,1),
     (D, 1)
val b = a.map(( ,1))
b.collect
     Output:
     b: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(String, Int)] =
     MapPartitionsRDD[28] at map at command-577761670161303:1
     res1: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((A,1), (B,1), (C,1),
     (D, 1)
val b = a.map(x=>(x, x.length))
b.collect
```

```
Output:
     b: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(String, Int)] =
     MapPartitionsRDD[29] at map at command-577761670161302:1
     res2: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((A,1), (B,1), (C,1),
     (D, 1)
val a = sc.parallelize(List(1,2,3,4,5)).map(x => List(x,x,x))
a.collect
     Output:
     a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[List[Int]] =
     MapPartitionsRDD[31] at map at command-577761670161301:1
     res3: Array[List[Int]] = Array(List(1, 1, 1), List(2, 2, 1))
     2), List(3, 3, 3), List(4, 4, 4), List(5, 5, 5))
val a = sc.parallelize(List(1,2,3,4,5)).flatMap(x \Rightarrow
List(x,x))
a.collect
     Output:
     a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] = MapPartitionsRDD[33]
     at flatMap at command-577761670161300:1
     res4: Array[Int] = Array(1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 5, 5)
val rdda = sc.parallelize(List("aaaa", "bbbb", "ccc"))
rdda.filter( .equals("aaaa")).collect
     Output:
     rdda: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] =
     ParallelCollectionRDD[34] at parallelize at command-
     577761670161299:1
     res5: Array[String] = Array(aaaa)
     rdda.filter( .contains("a")).collect
     res6: Array[String] = Array(aaaa)
val a = sc.parallelize(List(("Mumbai", 4000), ("Delhi",
2000), ("Chennai", 1000), ("Kolkatta", 7000)))
     Output:
     a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(String, Int)] =
     ParallelCollectionRDD[37] at parallelize at command-
     577761670161297:1
```

a.filter(. 2.equals(4000)).collect

```
Output:
res7: A
.filter( .
```

```
res7: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((Mumbai, 4000))
```

a.filter($_._2>3000$).collect

Output:

```
res8: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((Mumbai, 4000),
(Kolkatta, 7000))
```

a.filter(_._2>3000).filter(_._2<6000).collect

Output:

```
res9: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((Mumbai, 4000))
```

```
// sample(true/false, , )
// true have repieation
// false
// fraction 0 to 1no. of sample in o/p
// seed result same if same
val a = sc.parallelize(1 to 1000)
```

Output:

a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
ParallelCollectionRDD[42] at parallelize at command577761670161311:1

a.sample(false, 0.2, 24).collect

Output:

```
res12: Array[Int] = Array(7, 10, 14, 16, 17, 19, 21, 27,
29, 32, 35, 46, 48, 54, 61, 63, 77, 80, 83, 84, 85, 86,
87, 88, 92, 100, 111, 114, 115, 116, 127, 144, 149, 151,
161, 169, 172, 191, 199, 204, 207, 217, 225, 236, 243,
250, 252, 254, 259, 262, 269, 272, 274, 275, 283, 285,
289, 299, 300, 307, 309, 322, 327, 332, 333, 342, 343,
345, 349, 364, 371, 386, 393, 397, 405, 406, 407, 411,
413, 415, 417, 419, 420, 425, 439, 442, 451, 453, 454,
456, 464, 466, 467, 470, 473, 477, 485, 490, 495, 498,
511, 517, 518, 519, 521, 525, 532, 542, 546, 549, 551,
552, 560, 564, 576, 578, 585, 590, 608, 610, 615, 617,
620, 626, 627, 646, 648, 656, 658, 659, 660, 663, 667,
669, 672, 683, 684, 687, 699, 711, 713, 721, 725, 726,
729, 732, 735, 736, 743, 747, 754, 756, 765, 767, 768,
776, 777, 778, 780, 798, 800, 804, 810, 814, 817, 820,
821, 822, 825, 827, 833, 843, 867, 874, 890, 892, 898,
900, 903, 908, 914, 920, 922, 924, 925, 931, 932, 933,
943, 945, 960, 965, 967, 972, 975, 978, 985, 987, 994)
```

Output:

8, 9, 10)

```
a.sample(false, 0.1, 1022).collect
     Output:
     res13: Array[Int] = Array(21, 23, 44, 48, 55, 59, 66,
     67, 71, 82, 106, 113, 115, 120, 123, 128, 135, 153, 162,
     172, 214, 247, 249, 255, 269, 287, 322, 326, 330, 355,
     359, 385, 388, 399, 408, 429, 432, 438, 465, 478, 484,
     487, 490, 503, 510, 514, 541, 543, 559, 564, 566, 571,
     572, 586, 588, 597, 635, 649, 662, 672, 682, 694, 737,
     746, 754, 777, 784, 805, 808, 822, 823, 836, 838, 841,
     854, 857, 861, 870, 874, 894, 908, 910, 947, 948, 955,
     959, 968, 978, 979, 995)
val a = sc.parallelize(List(1,2,1,1,1,2))
     Output:
     a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
     ParallelCollectionRDD[45] at parallelize at command-
     577761670161308:1
a.sample(true, 0.5, 15).collect
     Output:
     res14: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 2)
val a = sc.parallelize(1 to 7)
     Output:
     a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
     ParallelCollectionRDD[47] at parallelize at command-
     577761670161306:1
val b = sc.parallelize(5 to 10)
     Output:
     b: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
     ParallelCollectionRDD[48] at parallelize at command-
     577761670161305:1
a.union(b).collect
```

res15: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 5, 6, 7,

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```
a.intersection(b).collect
     Output:
     res16: Array[Int] = Array(5, 6, 7)
a.union(b).distinct.collect
     Output:
     res17: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10)
val a = sc.parallelize(1 to 9, 3)
     Output:
     a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
     ParallelCollectionRDD[60] at parallelize at command-
     577761670161326:1
a.mapPartitions(x => List(x.next).iterator).collect
     Output:
     res18: Array[Int] = Array(1, 4, 7)
val a = sc.parallelize(1 to 9, 4)
     Output:
     a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
     ParallelCollectionRDD[62] at parallelize at command-
     577761670161324:1
a.mapPartitions(x=>List(x.next).iterator).collect
     Output:
     res19: Array[Int] = Array(1, 3, 5, 7)
def pra(index:Int, iter:Iterator[(Int)]) : Iterator[String] =
  iter.toList.map(x => x + ""+index).iterator
     Output:
     pra: (index: Int, iter: Iterator[Int]) Iterator[String]
val a = sc.parallelize(List(1,2,3,4,5,6), 2)
```

```
Output:
```

```
a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
ParallelCollectionRDD[64] at parallelize at command-
577761670161323:1
```

a.mapPartitionsWithIndex(pra).collect

Output:

```
res20: Array[String] = Array(1 0, 2 0, 3 0, 4 1, 5 1, 6 1)
```

val a = sc.parallelize(List(1,2,3,4,5,6), 3)

Output:

```
a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
ParallelCollectionRDD[66] at parallelize at command-
577761670161321:1
```

a.mapPartitionsWithIndex(pra).collect

Output:

```
res21: Array[String] = Array(1 0, 2 0, 3 1, 4 1, 5 2, 6 2)
```

```
def isPrime(num:Int):Boolean =
  (num > 1) && !(2 to scala.math.sqrt(num).toInt).exists(x =>
  num % x == 0)
  isPrime: (num: Int)Boolean
```

```
val a = sc.parallelize(1 to 10)
val even = a.filter(x => (x % 2 == 0)).map(x => x*x).sum
val odd = a.filter(x => (x % 2 != 0)).map(x => x*x).sum
val prime = a.filter(isPrime).map(x => x*x).sum
```

```
println("Sum of odd is "+odd)
println("Sum of even is "+even)
println("Sum of prime is "+prime)
Sum of odd is 165.0
Sum of even is 220.0
Sum of prime is 87.0
```

Output:

```
a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
ParallelCollectionRDD[68] at parallelize at command-
577761670161319:1
even: Double = 220.0
odd: Double = 165.0
prime: Double = 87.0
```

```
a.filter(i \Rightarrow (i\%2==0)).sum
     Output:
     res23: Double = 30.0
def isPrime(num:Int):Boolean =
(num > 1) && !(2 to scala.math.sqrt(num).toInt).exists(x =>
num % x == 0)
     Output:
     isPrime: (num: Int)Boolean
val b = a.foreach(isPrime)
     Output:
     b: Unit = ()
a.filter(isPrime).collect
     Output:
     res24: Array[Int] = Array(2, 3, 5, 7)
val accum = sc.longAccumulator("Sum")
sc.parallelize(Array(1,2,3)).foreach(x=>accum.add(x))
     Output:
     accum: org.apache.spark.util.LongAccumulator =
     LongAccumulator(id: 1459, name: Some(Sum), value: 6)
accum.value
     Output:
     res26: Long = 6
```

LAB 4: Pair RDD functions

AIM:

To know about RDD functions in spark using Scala.

DESCRIPTION:

Spark defines PairRDDFunctions class with several functions to work with Pair RDD or RDD key-value pair, In this tutorial, we will learn these functions with Scala examples. Pair RDD's are come in handy when you need to apply transformations like hash partition, set operations, joins etc.

All these functions are grouped into Transformations and Actions similar to regular RDD's.

PROGRAM:

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession
val spark =
SparkSession.builder().appName("SparkExample").master("local"
).getOrCreate()
import org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession
     Output:
     spark: org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession =
     org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession@34c210c8
val state = Map(("NY", "New York"), ("CA", "California"),
("FL", "Florida"))
     Output:
     state: scala.collection.immutable.Map[String,String] =
    Map(NY -> New York, CA -> California, FL -> Florida)
val contries = Map(("USA", "America"), ("IN", "India"))
     Output:
     contries: scala.collection.immutable.Map[String,String]
     = Map(USA -> America, IN -> India)
val brodState = spark.sparkContext.broadcast(state)
     Output:
    brodState:
     org.apache.spark.broadcast.Broadcast[scala.collection.im
    mutable.Map[String,String]] = Broadcast(46)
```

```
val brodContries = spark.sparkContext.broadcast(contries)
     Output:
     brodContries:
     org.apache.spark.broadcast.Broadcast[scala.collection.im
     mutable.Map[String, String]] = Broadcast(47)
val data = Seq(("Mirepatel", "Patel", "IN", "CA"),
               ("Smirepatel", "Patel", "USA", "CA"),
               ("Mire", "Patel", "IN", "NY"),
               ("Parth", "Patel", "USA", "FL"))
     Output:
     data: Seq[(String, String, String)] =
     List((Mirepatel, Patel, IN, CA), (Smirepatel, Patel, USA, CA),
     (Mire, Patel, IN, NY), (Parth, Patel, USA, FL))
val rdd = spark.sparkContext.parallelize(data)
     Output:
     rdd: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(String, String, String,
     String)] = ParallelCollectionRDD[82] at parallelize at
     command-2853681421999185:1
val rdd2 = rdd.map(f => {
  val country = f. 3
  val state = f.4
  val fullCountry = brodContries.value.get(country).get
  val fullState = brodState.value.get(state).get
  (f. 1, f. 2, fullCountry, fullState)
})
     Output:
     rdd2: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(String, String, String,
     String)] = MapPartitionsRDD[84] at map at command-
     2853681421999184:1
println(rdd2.collect().mkString("\n"))
     Output:
     (Mirepatel, Patel, India, California)
     (Smirepatel, Patel, America, California)
     (Mire, Patel, India, New York)
     (Parth, Patel, America, Florida)
val state = Map(("NY", "New York"), ("CA", "California"),
```

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```
("FL", "Florida"))
val contries = Map(("USA", "America"), ("IN", "India"))
val brodState = spark.sparkContext.broadcast(state)
val brodContries = spark.sparkContext.broadcast(contries)
val data = Seq(("Mirepatel", "Patel", "IN", "CA"),
               ("Smirepatel", "Patel", "USA", "CA"),
               ("Mire", "Patel", "IN", "NY"),
               ("Parth", "Patel", "USA", "FL"))
val columns = Seq("firstname", "lastname", "Country",
"State")
import spark.sqlContext.implicits.
val df = data.toDF(columns: *)
val df2 = df.map(row=>{
 val country = row.getString(2)
 val state = row.getString(3)
 val fullState = brodState.value.get(state).get
 val fullCountry = brodContries.value.get(country).get
  (row.getString(0), row.getString(1), fullCountry,
fullState)
}).toDF(columns: *)
     Output:
     state: scala.collection.immutable.Map[String,String] =
     Map(NY -> New York, CA -> California, FL -> Florida)
     contries: scala.collection.immutable.Map[String,String]
     = Map(USA -> America, IN -> India)
    brodState:
     org.apache.spark.broadcast.Broadcast[scala.collection.im
     mutable.Map[String,String]] = Broadcast(49)
    brodContries:
     org.apache.spark.broadcast.Broadcast[scala.collection.im
    mutable.Map[String, String]] = Broadcast(50)
     data: Seq[(String, String, String)] =
     List((Mirepatel, Patel, IN, CA), (Smirepatel, Patel, USA, CA),
     (Mire, Patel, IN, NY), (Parth, Patel, USA, FL))
     columns: Seq[String] = List(firstname, lastname,
     Country, State)
     import spark.sqlContext.implicits.
     df: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [firstname: string,
     lastname: string ... 2 more fields]
     df2: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [firstname:
     string, lastname: string ... 2 more fields]
df2.show(4)
     Output:
     +----+
     | firstname|lastname|Country| State|
```

```
+----+
    | Mirepatel| Patel| India|California|
    |Smirepatel| Patel|America|California|
          Mire | Patel | India | New York |
         Parth| Patel|America| Florida|
    +----+
val longAcc = spark.sparkContext.longAccumulator("SUM")
    Output:
    longAcc: org.apache.spark.util.LongAccumulator =
    LongAccumulator(id: 1620, name: Some(SUM), value: 0)
val rdd = spark.sparkContext.parallelize(Array(1,2,3,4,5))
    Output:
    rdd: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
    ParallelCollectionRDD[87] at parallelize at command-
    2853681421999191:1
rdd.foreach(x=>longAcc.add(x))
rdd.collect
    Output:
    res31: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
longAcc.value
    Output:
    res32: Long = 15
spark.sparkContext.setLogLevel("Error")
val inputRDD = spark.sparkContext.parallelize(List(("Z",
1), ("B", 30), ("A", 20), ("B", 30), ("C", 40), ("B", 60)))
    Output:
    inputRDD: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(String, Int)] =
    ParallelCollectionRDD[88] at parallelize at command-
    2853681421999197:1
val listRDD =
spark.sparkContext.parallelize(List(1,2,3,4,5,2,3))
```

```
Output:
```

```
listRDD: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
     ParallelCollectionRDD[89] at parallelize at command-
     2853681421999196:1
def param0 = (acc:Int, v:Int) => acc + v
def param1 = (acc1:Int, acc2:Int) => acc1 + acc2
println("Aggregate: " + listRDD.aggregate(0) (param0,
param1))
     Output:
    Aggregate: 20
    param0: (Int, Int) => Int
    param1: (Int, Int) => Int
def param3 = (acc:Int, v:(String, Int)) => acc + v. 2
def param2 = (acc1:Int, v2:Int) => acc1 + v2
println("Aggregate: " + inputRDD.aggregate(0) (param3,
param2))
Aggregate: 181
     Output:
    param3: (Int, (String, Int)) => Int
    param2: (Int, Int) => Int
def param4 = (acc:Int, v:Int) => acc + v
def param5 = (acc1:Int, v2:Int) => acc1 + v2
println("Tree Aggregate : " + listRDD.treeAggregate(0)
(param4, param5))
Tree Aggregate: 20
     Output:
    param4: (Int, Int) => Int
    param5: (Int, Int) => Int
println("Fold : " + listRDD.fold(0) { (acc, v) =>
 val sum = acc + v
  sum
})
     Output:
    Fold : 20
println("Fold : " + inputRDD.fold(("Total", 0))
```

```
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       {(acc:(String, Int), v:(String, Int)) =>
       val sum = acc. 2 + v. 2
         ("Total", sum)
       })
     Output:
     Fold : (Total, 181)
val data = inputRDD.collect()
     Output:
     data: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((\mathbb{Z},1), (\mathbb{B},30),
     (A,20), (B,30), (C,40), (B,60))
data.foreach(println)
     Output:
     (Z, 1)
     (B, 30)
     (A, 20)
     (B, 30)
     (C, 40)
     (B,60)
println("Reduce : " + listRDD.reduce( + ))
     Output:
     Reduce : 20
println("Reduce alternate : " + listRDD.reduce((x, y) =>
x+y))
     Output:
     Reduce alternate: 20
println("Reduce : " + inputRDD.reduce((x, y) => ("Total",
x._2 + y._2))
     Output:
     Reduce : (Total, 181)
println("Tree Reduce : " + inputRDD.treeReduce((x, y) =>
("Total", x. 2 + y._2)))
```

Output:

Tree Reduce : (Total, 181)

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```
inputRDD.count
     Output:
     res44: Long = 6
inputRDD.countApproxDistinct()
     Output:
     res45: Long = 5
listRDD.first
     Output: res46: Int = 1
listRDD.top(2)
     Output: res47: Array[Int] = Array(5, 4)
listRDD.take(2)
     Output: res48: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2)
inputRDD.top(2)
     Output:
              res49: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((Z,1),
     (C, 40))
inputRDD.take(2)
             res50: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((Z,1),
     Output:
     (B,30))
listRDD.min
     Output: res51: Int = 1
listRDD.max
     Output: res52: Int = 5
```

LAB 5: Spark SQL, creating tables and querying in data bricks

AIM:

To know about Spark SQL using scala in databricks.

PROGRAM:

```
import org.apache.spark.sql
import org.apache.spark.sql
// no error only warning
val sqla = new sql.SQLContext(sc)
     Output:
     command-3025449918807021:1: warning: constructor
     SQLContext in class SQLContext is deprecated (since
     2.0.0): Use SparkSession.builder instead
     val sqla = new sql.SQLContext(sc)
     sqla: org.apache.spark.sql.SQLContext =
     org.apache.spark.sql.SQLContext@4d5f2953
sc.setLogLevel("ERROR")
val sqla = new orq.apache.spark.sql.SQLContext(sc)
     Output:
     command-3025449918807042:1: warning: constructor
     SQLContext in class SQLContext is deprecated (since
     2.0.0): Use SparkSession.builder instead
     val sqla = new org.apache.spark.sql.SQLContext(sc)
     sqla: org.apache.spark.sql.SQLContext =
     org.apache.spark.sql.SQLContext@49e11b70
val a = sc.parallelize(1 to 10)
     Output:
     a: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
     ParallelCollectionRDD[1] at parallelize at command-
     3025449918807041:1
a.collect
     Output:
```

res1: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10)

```
val b = a.map(x \Rightarrow (x,x+1))
```

Output:

b: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(Int, Int)] =
MapPartitionsRDD[2] at map at command-3025449918807039:1

b.collect

Output:

```
res2: Array[(Int, Int)] = Array((1,2), (2,3), (3,4), (4,5), (5,6), (6,7), (7,8), (8,9), (9,10), (10,11))
```

val df = b.toDF("First", "Second")

Output:

df: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [First: int,
Second: int]

df.show

Output:

```
+----+
|First|Second|
+----+
    1 |
           21
    2 |
           3 |
    3 |
          4 |
    4 |
           5|
    5 |
          6 |
    6 |
          7 |
    7 |
          8 |
    8 |
          9 |
    9 |
          10|
   10|
         111
+----+
```

val a = List(("Tom", 5), ("Jerry", 2), ("Donald", 7))

Output:

a: List[(String, Int)] = List((Tom, 5), (Jerry, 2),
(Donald, 7))

val df2 = a.toDF("Name", "Age")

Output:

df2: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [Name: string,

Age: int]

Output: +---+ | Name | Age |

```
df2.show
    Output:
    +----+
     | Name|Age|
    +----+
       Tom \mid 5 \mid
    | Jerry| 2|
     |Donald| 7|
    +----+
val a = Seq(("Tom", 5), ("Jerry", 2), ("Donald", 7))
val df3 = a.toDF("Name", "Age")
df3.show
    Output:
    +----+
     | Name|Age|
    +----+
       Tom \mid 5 \mid
     | Jerry| 2|
     |Donald| 7|
    +----+
a: Seq[(String, Int)] = List((Tom, 5), (Jerry, 2), (Donald, 7))
    Output:
    df3: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [Name: string,
    Age: int]
// no error only warning
df3.registerTempTable("Cartoon") // give df cartoon name for
SQL
    Output:
    command-3025449918807033:2: warning: method
    registerTempTable in class Dataset is deprecated (since
    2.0.0): Use createOrReplaceTempView(viewName) instead.
    df3.registerTempTable("Cartoon")
sqlContext.sql("select * from Cartoon where Name =
'Tom'").show
```

```
+---+
    | Tom| 5|
    +---+
sqlContext.sql("select * from Cartoon").show
    Output:
    +----+
    | Name|Age|
    +----+
       Tom | 5 |
    | Jerry| 2|
    |Donald| 7|
    +----+
sqlContext.sql("select count(*) from Cartoon").show
    Output:
    +----+
    |count(1)|
    +----+
            3 I
    +----+
val b = List((1201, "Satish", 25), (1202, "Krishna", 28),
(1203, "Amirepatelh", 39), (1204, "Javed", 23), (1205,
"Pruthvi", 23))
val df = b.toDF("ID", "NAME", "AGE")
df.registerTempTable("Employee")
df.show
    Output:
    +---+
    | ID| NAME|AGE|
    +---+
    |1201| Satish| 25|
    |1202|Krishna| 28|
    |1203| Amirepatelh| 39|
    |1204| Javed| 23|
    |1205|Pruthvi| 23|
    +---+
    command-3025449918807029:3: warning: method
    registerTempTable in class Dataset is deprecated (since
    2.0.0): Use createOrReplaceTempView(viewName) instead.
    df.registerTempTable("Employee")
b: List[(Int, String, Int)] = List((1201, Satish, 25),
```

(1202, Krishna, 28), (1203, Amirepatelh, 39), (1204, Javed, 23),

+---+

```
(1205, Pruthvi, 23))
df: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [ID: int, NAME: string
... 1 more field]
df.printSchema
    Output:
    root
     |-- ID: integer (nullable = false)
     |-- NAME: string (nullable = true)
     |-- AGE: integer (nullable = false)
sqlContext.sql("select NAME from Employee").show
    Output:
    +----+
       NAME |
    +----+
    | Satish|
    |Krishna|
    | Amirepatelh|
    | Javed|
    |Pruthvi|
    +----+
sqlContext.sql("select * from Employee where AGE > 23").show
    Output:
    +---+
    | ID| NAME|AGE|
    +---+
    |1201| Satish| 25|
    |1202|Krishna| 28|
    |1203| Amirepatelh| 39|
    +---+
df.groupBy("AGE").count().show
    Output:
    +---+
    |AGE|count|
    +---+
    1 251
            11
    | 28| 1|
    1 391
           1 |
    | 23| 2|
```

df.show

Output:

```
+---+---+

| ID| NAME|AGE|

+---+---+

|1201| Satish| 25|

|1202|Krishna| 28|

|1203| Amirepatelh| 39|

|1204| Javed| 23|

|1205|Pruthvi| 23|

+---+---+
```

```
// you may not have iris data
val df1 =
spark.read.format("csv").load("dbfs:/FileStore/shared_uploads
/mirepateljpatel01@gmail.com/Iris.csv")
```

Output:

```
df1: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [_c0: string, _c1:
    string ... 4 more fields]
```

df1.show

Output:

+	+	 	<u> </u>	+	++
_c0	_c1	_c2	_c3	_c4	_c5
null	sepallength	 sepalwidth	petallength	 petalwidth	class
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5.01	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
5	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	Iris-setosa
6	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	Iris-setosa
7	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
8	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
9	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	Iris-setosa
10	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
11	4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	Iris-setosa
12	4.8	3.0	1.4	0.1	Iris-setosa
13	4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1	Iris-setosa
14	5.8	4.0	1.2	0.2	Iris-setosa
15	5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	Iris-setosa
16	5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	Iris-setosa
17	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.3	Iris-setosa
18	5.7	3.8	1.7	0.3	Iris-setosa
+	++	+		+	++

only showing top 20 rows

df.withColumnRenamed(" c0", "id")

```
df.withColumnRenamed("_c1", "sepallength")
df.withColumnRenamed("_c2", "sepalwidth")
df.withColumnRenamed("_c3", "petallength")
df.withColumnRenamed("_c4", "petalwidth")
df.withColumnRenamed("_c5", "class")
df1.show
```

Output:

_	++			+	+	++
	_c0	_c1	_c2	_c3	_c4	_c5
	 null	sepallength	sepalwidth	petallength	petalwidth	class
	0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
	1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
	2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
	3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
	4	5.0				Iris-setosa
	5	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	Iris-setosa
	6	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	Iris-setosa
	7	5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
	8	4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
	9	4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	Iris-setosa
	10	5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
	11	4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	Iris-setosa
	12	4.8	3.0	1.4	0.1	Iris-setosa
	13	4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1	Iris-setosa
	14	5.8	4.0	1.2	0.2	Iris-setosa
	15	5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	Iris-setosa
	16	5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	Iris-setosa
	17	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.3	Iris-setosa
	18	5.7	3.8	1.7	0.3	Iris-setosa
-	++			+	+	++

only showing top 20 rows

val rdda = sc.parallelize(1 to 1000, 10)

Output:

rdda: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[Int] =
ParallelCollectionRDD[28] at parallelize at command3025449918807055:1

rdda.partitions.length

Output:

res26: Int = 10

rdda.collect()

```
res27: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52,
```

```
54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66,
    68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80,
81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94,
95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106,
107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117,
118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128,
129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139,
140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150,
151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161,
162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172,
173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183,
184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194,
195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205,
206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216,
217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227,
228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238,
239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249,
250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260,
261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271,
272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282,
283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293,
294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304,
305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315,
316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326,
327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337,
338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348,
349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359,
360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370,
371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381,
382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392,
393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403,
404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414,
415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425,
426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436,
437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447,
448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458,
459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469,
470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480,
481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491,
492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502,
503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513,
514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524,
525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535,
536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546,
547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557,
558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568,
569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579,
580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590,
591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601,
602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612,
613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623,
624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634,
```

```
635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645,
     646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656,
     657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667,
     668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678,
     679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689,
     690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700,
     701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711,
                        716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722,
     712, 713, 714, 715,
     723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733,
     734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744,
     745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755,
     756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766,
     767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777,
     778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788,
     789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799,
     800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810,
     811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821,
     822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832,
     833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843,
     844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854,
     855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865,
     866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876,
     877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887,
     888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898,
     899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909,
     910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920,
     921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931,
     932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942,
     943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953,
     954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964,
     965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975,
     976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986,
     987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997,
     998, 999, 1000)
rdda.take(11)
     Output:
     res28: Array[Int] = Array(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,
     11)
rdda.count()
     Output:
     res29: Long = 1000
rdda.saveAsTextFile("dbfs:/FileStore/shared uploads/mirepatel
jpatel01@gmail.com/par1.txt")
```

```
val rddd =
sc.textFile("dbfs:/FileStore/shared_uploads/mirepateljpatel01
@gmail.com/parl.txt")
rddd.count()
```

Output:

rddd: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] =
dbfs:/FileStore/shared_uploads/mirepateljpatel01@gmail.c
om/par1.txt MapPartitionsRDD[34] at textFile at command3025449918807066:1
res33: Long = 1000

LAB 6: PIG and Hive Demo

AIM:

To know about basic concepts of pig latin and hive query language.

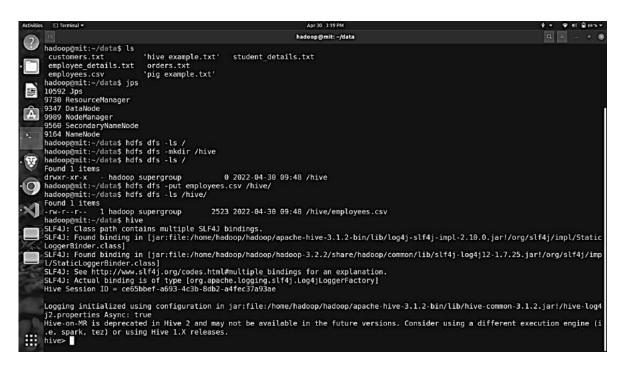
PROGRAM:

Install and configure hadoop and hive.

Start hadoop server and put all data in hadoop then start hive.

hdfs dfs -ls / hdfs dfs -mkdir /hive hdfs dfs -ls / hdfs dfs -put employees.csv /hive/ hdfs dfs -ls /hive/

HIVE



CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS e; SHOW DATABASES;

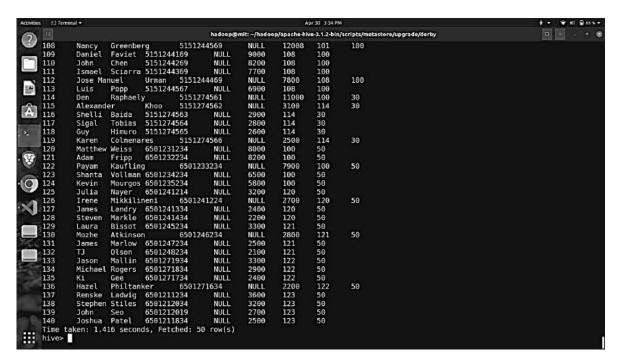
hdfs dfs -ls /user/hive/warehouse

CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS e.employee (
EMPLOYEE_ID int,
FIRST_NAME string,
LAST_NAME string,
PHONE_NUMBER bigint,
JOB_ID int,
SALARY int,

MANAGER_ID int,
DEPARTMENT_ID int)
COMMENT 'Employee Table'
ROW FORMAT DELIMIREPATELED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';

DESCRIBE e.employee;

LOAD DATA INPATH '/hive/employees.csv' INTO TABLE e.employee; SELECT * FROM e.employee;



ALTER TABLE e.employee RENAME TO e.emp; ALTER TABLE e.emp CHANGE SALARY s Double; ALTER TABLE emp ADD COLUMNS (new STRING);

You can use SQL like query.

SELECT * FROM e.emp WHERE salary>20000;

CREATE TABLE e.filter AS SELECT employee_id,first_name,last_name FROM e.emp WHERE salary<9000;

CREATE TABLE e.similar LIKE e.emp;

#Exports to LOCAL directory
INSERT OVERWRITE DIRECTORY '/tmp/export' ROW FORMAT
DELIMIREPATELED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' SELECT * FROM e.emp;

#Exports to HDFS directory bin/hive -e "INSERT OVERWRITE DIRECTORY '/user/data/output/export' ROW FORMAT DELIMIREPATELED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' SELECT * FROM emp.employee"

You can view your hive data in hdfs using following hdfs dfs -ls /user/hive/warehouse

PIG

To run pig scripts first we have to configure some things.

cd hadoop/hadoop-3.2.2/sbin/

mr-jobhistory-daemon.sh start historyserver

Now make a pig script file and upload data to hadoop to run pig.

```
nano a.pig

student = LOAD '/hive/student_details.txt' USING PigStorage(',')

as (id:int, firstname:chararray, lastname:chararray, age:int, phone:chararray);

DESCRIBE student

student_order = ORDER student BY age DESC;

student_limirepatel = LIMIREPATEL student_order 4;

Dump student_limirepatel;

Ctrl+S and Ctrl+X

pig a.pig
```



some other commands are
group_data = GROUP student by age;
dump group_data;
Illustrate group_data;
group_multiple = GROUP student by (age, firstname);
dump group_multiple;

LAB 7: Structured Streaming using the Python DataFrames API

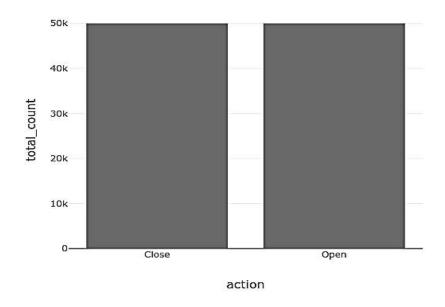
AIM:

To know about Structured Streaming using the Python DataFrames API on spark.

PROGRAM:

```
from pyspark.sql.types import *
inputPath = "/databricks-datasets/structured-
streaming/events/"
# Since we know the data format already, let's define the
schema to speed up processing (no need for Spark to infer
jsonSchema = StructType([ StructField("time",
TimestampType(), True), StructField("action", StringType(),
True) ])
# Static DataFrame representing data in the JSON files
staticInputDF = (
  spark
    .read
    .schema(jsonSchema)
    .json(inputPath)
)
display(staticInputDF)
     Output:
     2016-07-28T04:19:28.000+0000
                                      Close
     2016-07-28T04:19:28.000+0000
                                      Close
     2016-07-28T04:19:29.000+0000
                                      Open
     2016-07-28T04:19:31.000+0000
                                      Close
     2016-07-28T04:19:31.000+0000
                                      Open
     2016-07-28T04:19:31.000+0000
                                      Open
     2016-07-28T04:19:32.000+0000
                                      Close
     2016-07-28T04:19:33.000+0000
                                      Close
     2016-07-28T04:19:35.000+0000
                                      Close
     2016-07-28T04:19:36.000+0000
                                      Open
     2016-07-28T04:19:38.000+0000
                                      Close
     2016-07-28T04:19:40.000+0000
                                      Open
     2016-07-28T04:19:41.000+0000
                                      Close
     2016-07-28T04:19:42.000+0000
                                      Open
     2016-07-28T04:19:45.000+0000
                                      Open
     2016-07-28T04:19:47.000+0000
                                      Open
     2016-07-28T04:19:48.000+0000
                                      Open
     Truncated results, showing first 1000 rows.
```

Output:



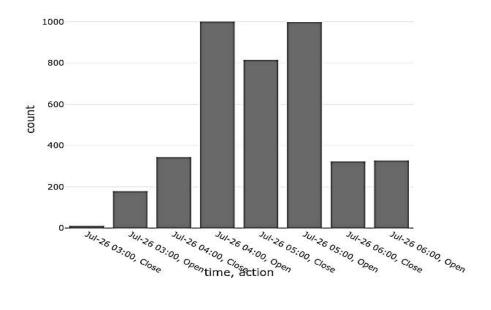
%sql select action, date_format(window.end, "MMM-dd HH:mm")
as time, count from static_counts order by time, action

Close	Jul-26	03:00	11
Open	Jul-26	03:00	179
Close	Jul-26	04:00	344
Open	Jul-26	04:00	1001
Close	Jul-26	05:00	815
Open	Jul-26	05:00	999
Close	Jul-26	06:00	1003

```
from pyspark.sql.functions import *
# Similar to definition of staticInputDF above, just using
`readStream` instead of `read`
streamingInputDF = (
 spark
    .readStream
                                      # Set the schema of the
    .schema(jsonSchema)
JSON data
    .option("maxFilesPerTrigger", 1) # Treat a sequence of
files as a stream by picking one file at a time
    .json(inputPath)
# Same query as staticInputDF
streamingCountsDF = (
 streamingInputDF
    .groupBy(
      streamingInputDF.action,
      window(streamingInputDF.time, "1 hour"))
    .count()
)
# Is this DF actually a streaming DF?
streamingCountsDF.isStreaming
     Output:
    True
spark.conf.set("spark.sql.shuffle.partitions", "2") # keep
the size of shuffles small
query = (
 streamingCountsDF
   .writeStream
    .format("memory") # memory = store in-memory table
    .queryName("counts")
                            # counts = name of the in-memory
table
    .outputMode("complete") # complete = all the counts
should be in the table
    .start()
)
     Output:
     counts(id: 704d28e8-ea50-483a-96da-433d3a0a39fa)
     Last updated: 3 days ago
from time import sleep
```

sleep(5) # wait a bit for computation to start
%sql select action, date_format(window.end, "MMM-dd HH:mm")
as time, count from counts order by time, action

Output:

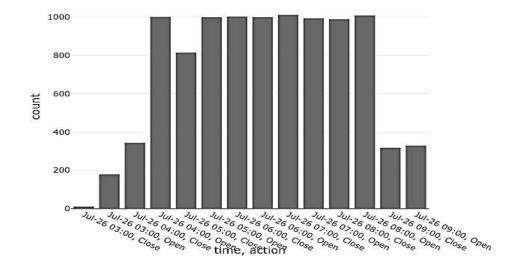


%sql select action, date_format(window.end, "MMM-dd HH:mm")
as time, count from counts order by time, action

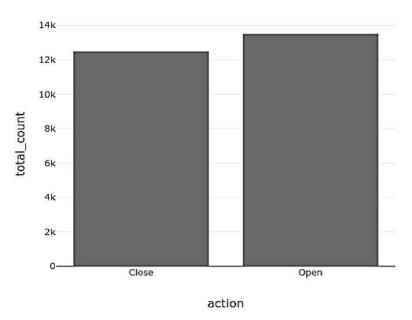
Output:

Close	Jul-26	03:00	11
Open	Jul-26	03:00	179
Close	Jul-26	04:00	344
Open	Jul-26	04:00	1001
Close	Jul-26	05:00	815
Open	Jul-26	05:00	999
Close	Jul-26	06:00	1003

%sql select action, date_format(window.end, "MMM-dd HH:mm")
as time, count from counts order by time, action



%sql select action, sum(count) as total_count from counts
group by action order by action



```
query.stop()
%scala
import org.apache.spark.ml.feature.{HashingTF, IDF,
Tokenizer}

val sentenceData = spark.createDataFrame(Seq(
    (0.0, "Hi I heard about Spark"),
```

```
(0.0, "I wish Java could use case classes"),
  (1.0, "Logistic regression models are neat")
)).toDF("label", "sentence")
val tokenizer = new
Tokenizer().setInputCol("sentence").setOutputCol("words")
val wordsData = tokenizer.transform(sentenceData)
val hashingTF = new HashingTF()
.setInputCol("words").setOutputCol("rawFeatures").setNumFeatu
res(20)
val featurizedData = hashingTF.transform(wordsData)
// alternatively, CountVectorizer can also be used to get
term frequency vectors
val idf = new
IDF().setInputCol("rawFeatures").setOutputCol("features")
val idfModel = idf.fit(featurizedData)
val rescaledData = idfModel.transform(featurizedData)
rescaledData.select("label", "features").show()
```

```
+----+
|label| features|
+----+
| 0.0|(20,[6,8,13,16],[...|
| 0.0|(20,[0,2,7,13,15,...|
| 1.0|(20,[3,4,6,11,19]...|
```

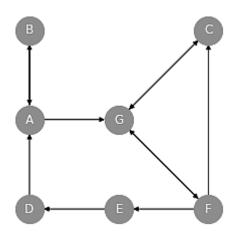
LAB 8: Page Rank

AIM:

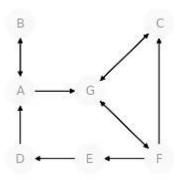
To know about google's page rank algorithm.

PROGRAM:

```
from pylab import rcParams
rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (3, 3)
def nice print(v, digits=3):
    format = '%%.%df' % digits
    print(', '.join([format % e for e in v]))
nice print([.12333122, .13432221, .64442143])
nice print([.12333122, .13432221, .64442143], digits=4)
     Output:
     0.123, 0.134, 0.644
     0.1233, 0.1343, 0.6444
labels = ['A','B','C','D','E','F', 'G']
pages = range(len(labels))
positions = [(0, 1), (0, 2), (2, 2), (0, 0), (1, 0), (2, 0), (1, 0)]
1)]
# this dictionary assiciates number in pages to labels
page labels = {p: l for p, l in zip(pages, labels)}
page labels
     Output:
     Out[117]: {0: 'A', 1: 'B', 2: 'C', 3: 'D', 4: 'E', 5:
     'F', 6: 'G'}
Connections between pages will be described by a list of
pairs, whose elements respectively identify the starting and
the ending page.
links = [(1, 0), (3, 0), 0, 1), (5, 2), (6, 2), (6, 5), (5, 6), (2, 5)
6), (0, 6), (5, 4), (4, 3)
!pip install networkx
import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
q = nx.DiGraph()
for p in pages:
```



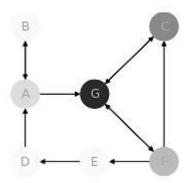
```
1./len(adjacency[a])))
connection matrix
     Output:
     Out[123]: [(1, 0, 0.5),
      (6, 0, 0.5),
      (0, 1, 1.0),
      (6, 2, 1.0),
      (0, 3, 1.0),
      (3, 4, 1.0),
      (2, 5, 0.333333333333333),
      (6, 5, 0.3333333333333333),
      (4, 5, 0.333333333333333),
      (2, 6, 0.5),
      (5, 6, 0.5)
links RDD = sc.parallelize(connection matrix).cache()
Let's just peek into the first three elements of this RDD:
links RDD.take(3)
     Output:
     Out[125]: [(1, 0, 0.5), (6, 0, 0.5), (0, 1, 1.0)]
import numpy as np
n = len(pages)
page rank = np.ones(n)/n
old page rank = np.ones(n)
def 12distance(v, q):
    if len(v) != len(q):
        raise ValueError('Cannot compute the distance of two
vectors of different size')
    return sum([(q el - v el)**2 for v el, q el in zip(v,
q)])
iteration = 0
while (12distance (old page rank, page rank) >= tolerance and
iteration < max iterations):</pre>
    old page rank = page rank
    page rank values = (links RDD
                           .map(lambda (i, j, m): i,
(m*page rank[j]))
                         .map(lambda x: x[0],
(x[2]*page rank[x[1]]))
                         .reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a+b)
                         .sortByKey()
                         .collect()
                        )
```



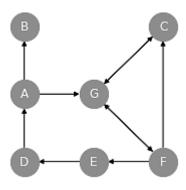
```
def get graph(pages, links):
    g = nx.DiGraph()
    for p in pages:
        g.add node(p)
    for (a, b) in links:
        g.add edge(pages[a], pages[b])
    return g
def get connection matrix(pages, links):
    incidency = {}
    for u in range(len(pages)):
        incidency[u] = []
    for (a, b) in links:
        incidency[a].append(b)
    connection matrix = []
    for a in incidency:
       for b in incidency[a]:
            connection matrix.append((b, a,
1./len(incidency[a])))
```

```
return connection matrix
def get page rank(pages, links, verbose=False, tolerance=10e-
7, max iterations=100):
    connection matrix = get connection matrix(pages, links)
    links RDD = sc.parallelize(connection matrix).cache()
    n = len(pages)
    page rank = np.ones(n)/n
    old page rank = np.ones(n)
    iteration = 0
    while(12distance(old page rank, page rank) >= tolerance
and iteration < max iterations):
        old page rank = page rank
        page rank values = (links RDD
                               .map(lambda (i, j, m): (i,
m*page rank[j]))
                            .map(lambda x : (x[0],
x[2]*page rank[x[1]]))
                            .reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a+b)
                            .sortByKey()
                             .collect()
        page rank = np.array([c for (i, c) in
page rank values])
        if verbose:
            nice print(page rank)
        iteration += 1
    print(' %d iterations' % iteration)
    return page rank
page rank = get page rank(pages, links)
     Output:21 iterations
nice print(page rank)
     Output: 0.111, 0.056, 0.222, 0.055, 0.056, 0.166, 0.334
g = get graph(pages, links)
plt.cla()
display(nx.draw(g, with labels=True, labels=page labels,
node color=page rank,
                node size=800, font color='darkgrey',
cmap=plt.cm.Blues, pos=positions))
```

Output:



Output:



page_rank = get_page_rank(pages, links_dead)
nice_print(page_rank)

Output: 73 iterations

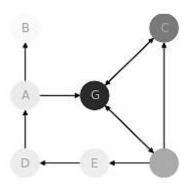
0.004, 0.002, 0.014, 0.004, 0.004, 0.010, 0.020

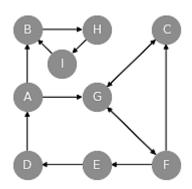
sum(page rank)

Output: Out[139]: 0.05721862657052279

plt.cla()

Output:

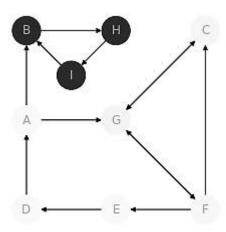




```
page_rank = get_page_rank(pages_trap, links_trap)
nice_print(page_rank)
```

Output: 100 iterations

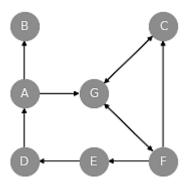
Output:



def get_page_rank(pages, links, beta=0.8, max_iterations=400,
tolerance=1.e-5, verbose=False):

```
.reduceByKey(lambda a, b: a+b)
                            .sortByKey()
                             .collect()
        # TODO: add the page rank vector computation, taking
into account the taxation method
        page rank = np.array([beta * c + (1 - beta) * 1.0/n])
for (i, c) in page rank values])
        if verbose:
            nice print(page rank)
        iteration += 1
    print(' %d iterations' % iteration)
    return page rank
labels = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F', 'G']
pages = range(len(labels))
page labels = {page: label for page, label in zip(pages,
labels) }
g = get graph(pages, links dead)
plt.cla()
display(nx.draw(g, with labels=True, labels=page labels,
                node size=800, node color='#8888CC',
font color='white',
                pos=positions))
```

Output:

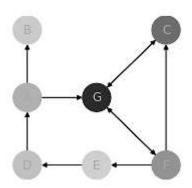


```
page_rank = get_page_rank(pages, links_dead)
nice print(page rank)
```

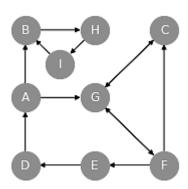
Output: 8 iterations

```
0.089, 0.065, 0.143, 0.076, 0.059, 0.113, 0.210
plt.cla()
display(nx.draw(g, with_labels=True, labels=page_labels, node_color=page_rank,
```

Output:



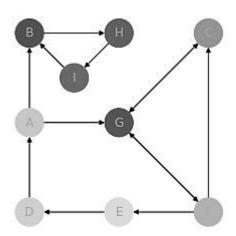
Output:



page_rank = get_page_rank(pages_trap, links_trap)
nice_print(page_rank)

Output: 9 iterations

0.070, 0.165, 0.111, 0.059, 0.046, 0.088, 0.163, 0.154, 0.146



LAB 9: Machine Learning

AIM:

To know how to apply machine learning on big data.

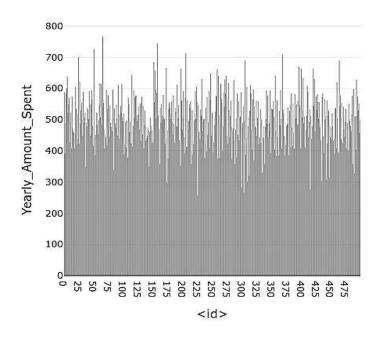
PROGRAM:

```
import org.apache.spark.sql.Encoders
case class eCommerce (Email: String,
                   Avatar: String,
                   Avg Session Length: Double,
                   Time on App: Double,
                   Time on Website: Double,
                   Length of Membership: Double,
                   Yearly Amount Spent: Double)
val eCommerceSchema = Encoders.product[eCommerce].schema
val eCommerceDF =
spark.read.schema(eCommerceSchema).option("header",
"true").csv("dbfs:/FileStore/tables/ecommerce.csv")
display(eCommerceDF)
eCommerceDF.printSchema()
    Output:
    root
     |-- Email: string (nullable = true)
     |-- Avatar: string (nullable = true)
     |-- Avg Session Length: double (nullable = true)
     |-- Time on App: double (nullable = true)
     |-- Time on Website: double (nullable = true)
     |-- Length of Membership: double (nullable = true)
     |-- Yearly Amount Spent: double (nullable = true)
eCommerceDF.select("Avg Session Length", "Time on App",
"Time on Website", "Length of Membership",
"Yearly Amount Spent").describe().show()
    Output:
    +----+
    -----+
                              Time on App|
    |summary|Avg Session Length|
    Time on Website|Length of Membership|Yearly Amount Spent|
    +----+
    -----+
                                     500|
                                                    500 I
    | count|
                      500|
                   500|
    mean| 33.05319351824|12.052487936928012|37.060445421080004|
    3.5334615559300007| 499.3140382608002|
```

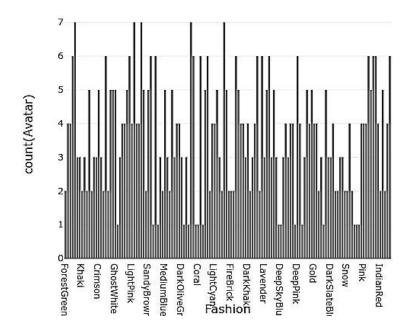
eCommerceDF.createOrReplaceTempView("EcommerceData")

%sql
select * from EcommerceData

%sql
select Yearly Amount Spent from EcommerceData

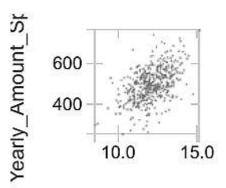


%sql
select Avatar as Fashion, count(Avatar) from EcommerceData
group by Avatar



%sql
select Email, Avatar, Avg_Session_Length, Time_on_App,
Time_on_Website, Length_of_Membership, Yearly_Amount_Spent
from EcommerceData

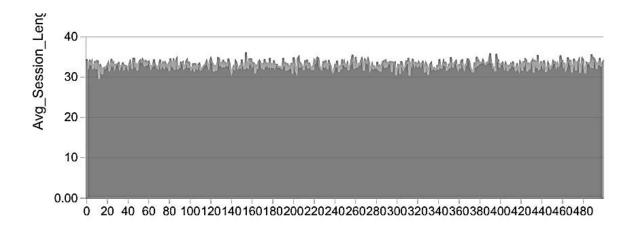
%sql select Yearly Amount Spent, Time on App from EcommerceData



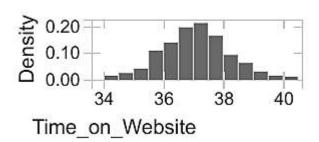
Time_on_App

%sql
select Yearly_Amount_Spent, Avg_Session_Length from
EcommerceData

%sql
select Yearly_Amount_Spent, Avg_Session_Length from
EcommerceData



%sql
select Yearly_Amount_Spent, Time_on_Website from
EcommerceData



```
import org.apache.spark.sql.functions.
import org.apache.spark.sql.Row
import org.apache.spark.sql.types.
import org.apache.spark.ml.regression.LinearRegression
import org.apache.spark.ml.feature.VectorAssembler
import org.apache.spark.ml.feature.StringIndexer
var StringfeatureCol = Array("Email", "Avatar")
val df = spark.createDataFrame(
  Seq((0, "a"), (1, "b"), (2, "c"), (3, "a"), (4, "a"), (5,
"c"))
).toDF("id", "category")
     Output:
     df: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [id: int, category:
     string
val indexer = new StringIndexer()
  .setInputCol("category")
  .setOutputCol("categoryIndex")
val indexed = indexer.fit(df).transform(df)
```

Output:

```
indexer: org.apache.spark.ml.feature.StringIndexer =
strIdx_2f1680be82ba
indexed: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [id: int,
category: string ... 1 more field]
```

indexed.show()

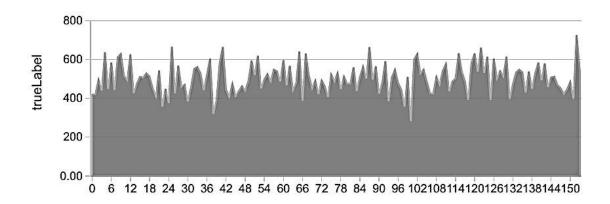
Output:

```
+---+
| id|category|categoryIndex|
+---+
     a|
1 0 |
            0.0
| 1|
     b|
            2.01
2 |
     c|
            1.0|
| 3| a|
            0.0
| 4|
            0.01
     a l
1 51
     c|
            1.0|
+---+
```

```
indexers:
Array[org.apache.spark.ml.feature.StringIndexer] =
Array(strIdx_47d73e6c8774, strIdx_b08f82939c6a)
pipeline: org.apache.spark.ml.Pipeline =
pipeline_c6ea616eba7f
FinalecommerceDF: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame =
[Email: string, Avatar: string ... 7 more fields]
```

FinalecommerceDF.printSchema()

```
root
      |-- Email: string (nullable = true)
      |-- Avatar: string (nullable = true)
      |-- Avg Session Length: double (nullable = true)
      |-- Time on App: double (nullable = true)
      |-- Time on Website: double (nullable = true)
      |-- Length of Membership: double (nullable = true)
      |-- Yearly Amount Spent: double (nullable = true)
      |-- Email indexed: double (nullable = false)
      |-- Avatar indexed: double (nullable = false)
val splits = FinalecommerceDF.randomSplit(Array(0.7, 0.3))
val train = splits(0)
val test = splits(1)
val train rows = train.count()
val test rows = test.count()
println("Training Rows: " + train rows + " Testing Rows: " +
test rows)
import org.apache.spark.ml.feature.VectorAssembler
val assembler = new
VectorAssembler().setInputCols(Array("Email indexed",
"Avatar indexed", "Avg Session Length", "Time on App",
"Time on Website",
"Length of Membership")).setOutputCol("features")
val training = assembler.transform(train).select($"features",
$"Yearly Amount Spent".alias("label"))
import org.apache.spark.ml.regression.LinearRegression
val lr = new
LinearRegression().setLabelCol("label").setFeaturesCol("featu
res").setMaxIter(10).setRegParam(0.3)
val model = lr.fit(training)
println("Model Trained!")
     Output:
     Model Trained!
val testing = assembler.transform(test).select($"features",
$"Yearly Amount Spent".alias("trueLabel"))
%sal
select prediction, trueLabel from eCommerceData
```



import org.apache.spark.ml.evaluation.RegressionEvaluator
val evaluator = new
RegressionEvaluator().setLabelCol("trueLabel").setPredictionC
ol("prediction").setMetricName("rmse")
val rmse = evaluator.evaluate(prediction)
println("Root Mean Square Error (RMSE): " + (rmse))

Output:

Root Mean Square Error (RMSE): 10.614461962676273 import

org.apache.spark.ml.evaluation.RegressionEvaluator
evaluator:

org.apache.spark.ml.evaluation.RegressionEvaluator =
RegressionEvaluator: uid=regEval_2c72344b2ff4,
metricName=rmse, throughOrigin=false

rmse: Double = 10.614461962676273

LAB 10: GraphX

AIM:

To know about spark's graphX library.

PROGRAM:

```
val df11 =
spark.read.format("csv").load("dbfs:/FileStore/shared uploads
/mirepateljpatel01@gmail.com/edges.csv")
val df2 =
spark.read.format("csv").load("dbfs:/FileStore/shared uploads
/mirepateljpatel01@gmail.com/vertex.csv")
val df1 =
spark.read.format("csv").load("dbfs:/FileStore/shared uploads
/mirepateljpatel01@gmail.com/vertex-1.csv")
     Output:
     df11: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [ c0: string,
     c1: string ... 1 more field]
    df2: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [ c0: string, c1:
     string ... 2 more fields]
     df1: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [ c0: string, c1:
     string ... 1 more field]
# File location and type
file location =
"/FileStore/shared uploads/mirepateljpatel01@gmail.com/vertex
-1.csv"
file type = "csv"
# CSV options
infer schema = "false"
first row is header = "false"
delimirepateler = ","
# The applied options are for CSV files. For other file
types, these will be ignored.
df = spark.read.format(file type) \
  .option("inferSchema", infer schema) \
  .option("header", first row is header) \
  .option("sep", delimirepateler) \
  .load(file location)
display(df)
     Output:
     c0 c1 c2
                 23
        name1
     2
                 34
         name2
```

```
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```

```
3
        name3
                26
    4 name4 29
    5 name5 31
    6 name6 36
    7 name7 41
    8 name8 21
    9 name9 54
    10 name10 36
    Showing all 10 rows.
file location =
"/FileStore/shared uploads/mirepateljpatel01@gmail.com/edges.
csv"
file type = "csv"
# CSV options
infer schema = "false"
first row is header = "false"
delimirepateler = ","
# The applied options are for CSV files. For other file
types, these will be ignored.
df1 = spark.read.format(file type) \
  .option("inferSchema", infer schema) \
  .option("header", first row is header) \
  .option("sep", delimirepateler) \
  .load(file location)
display(df1)
    Output:
     c0 c1 _c2
       2 edge1
    2 1 edge24 7 edge3
    2 7 edge4
    1 6 edge5
    5 8 edge6
    2 6 edge7
    6 3 edge8
    8 5 edge9
    3 10 edge10
      6 edge11
    9
    7
       3 edge12
    Showing all 18 rows.
import org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD
import org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD
```

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```
import org.apache.spark.graphx.
import org.apache.spark.graphx.
val vertexRDD =
sc.textFile("/FileStore/shared uploads/mirepateljpatel01@gmai
1.com/vertex-1.csv")
val edgeRDD =
sc.textFile("/FileStore/shared uploads/mirepateljpatel01@gmai
1.com/edges.csv")
edgeRDD.collect()
     Output:
     vertexRDD: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] =
     /FileStore/shared uploads/mirepateljpatel01@gmail.com/ve
     rtex-1.csv MapPartitionsRDD[745] at textFile at command-
     1139883235947817:1
     edgeRDD: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] =
     /FileStore/shared uploads/mirepateljpatel01@gmail.com/ed
     ges.csv MapPartitionsRDD[747] at textFile at command-
     1139883235947817:2
     res1: Array[String] = Array(1,2,edge1, 2,1,edge2,
     4,7,edge3, 2,7,edge4, 1,6,edge5, 5,8,edge6, 2,6,edge7,
     6,3,edge8, 8,5,edge9, 3,10,edge10, 9,6,edge11,
     7,3,edge12, 1,10,edge13, 9,3,edge14, 9,3,edge15,
     4,2,edge16, 8,2,edge17, 8,4,edge18)
vertexRDD.collect()
     Output:
     res2: Array[String] = Array(1, name1, 23, 2, name2, 34,
     3, name3, 26, 4, name4, 29, 5, name5, 31, 6, name6, 36,
     7, name7, 41, 8, name8, 21, 9, name9, 54, 10, name10, 36)
val vertices: RDD[(VertexId, (String, String))] =
vertexRDD.map{ line => val fields = line.split(",")
(fields(0).toLong, (fields(1), fields(2)))}
vertices.collect()
     Output:
     vertices:
     org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(org.apache.spark.graphx.Vertex
     Id, (String, String))] = MapPartitionsRDD[748] at map at
     command-1139883235947815:1
     res3: Array[(org.apache.spark.graphx.VertexId, (String,
     String))] = Array((1, (name1, 23)), (2, (name2, 34)),
     (3, (name3, 26)), (4, (name4, 29)), (5, (name5, 31)),
     (6, (name6, 36)), (7, (name7, 41)), (8, (name8, 21)),
     (9, (name9, 54)), (10, (name10, 36)))
```

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```
val edges: RDD[Edge[String]] = edgeRDD.map{ line => val
fields = line.split(",")
Edge(fields(0).toLong, fields(1).toLong, fields(2))}
edges.collect()
     Output:
     edges:
     org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[org.apache.spark.graphx.Edge[St
     ring]] = MapPartitionsRDD[749] at map at command-
     1139883235947814:1
     res4: Array[org.apache.spark.graphx.Edge[String]] =
     Array (Edge (1, 2, edge1), Edge (2, 1, edge2), Edge (4, 7, edge3),
     Edge (2,7,edge4), Edge (1,6,edge5), Edge (5,8,edge6),
     Edge (2, 6, edge 7), Edge (6, 3, edge 8), Edge (8, 5, edge 9),
     Edge (3,10,edge10), Edge (9,6,edge11), Edge (7,3,edge12),
     Edge(1,10,edge13), Edge(9,3,edge14), Edge(9,3,edge15),
     Edge (4, 2, edge 16), Edge (8, 2, edge 17), Edge (8, 4, edge 18))
val default = ("unknown", "missing")
val graph = Graph(vertices, edges, default)
     Output:
     default: (String, String) = (unknown, missing)
     graph: org.apache.spark.graphx.Graph[(String,
     String),String] =
     org.apache.spark.graphx.impl.GraphImpl@41b61c27
graph.vertices.collect()
     Output:
     res5: Array[(org.apache.spark.graphx.VertexId, (String,
     String))] = Array((4, (name4, 29)), (6, (name6, 36)),
     (8, (name8, 21)), (10, (name10, 36)), (2, (name2, 34)),
     (1, (name1, 23)), (3, (name3, 26)), (7, (name7, 41)),
     (9, (name9, 54)), (5, (name5, 31)))
case class MoviesWatched(Movie: String, Genre: String)
val movies: RDD[(VertexId, MoviesWatched)] =
sc.parallelize(List(
(1, MoviesWatched("Toy Story 3", "Kids")),
(2,MoviesWatched("Titanic","Love")),
(3, MoviesWatched("The Hangover", "Comedy"))))
defined class MoviesWatched
     Output:
     movies:
     org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(org.apache.spark.graphx.Vertex
     Id, MoviesWatched)] = ParallelCollectionRDD[762] at
     parallelize at command-1139883235947812:2
```

```
val movieOuterJoinedGraph =
graph.outerJoinVertices(movies)(( ,name,movies) =>
(name, movies))
movieOuterJoinedGraph:
org.apache.spark.graphx.Graph[((String, String),
Option[MoviesWatched]),String] =
org.apache.spark.graphx.impl.GraphImpl@41373b70
movieOuterJoinedGraph.vertices.map(t=>t).collect.foreach(prin
tln)
(4, ((name4, 29), None))
(6, ((name6, 36), None))
(8, ((name8, 21), None))
(10, ((name10, 36), None))
(2, ((name2, 34), Some (MoviesWatched (Titanic, Love))))
(1, ((name1,23), Some(MoviesWatched(Toy Story 3, Kids))))
(3, ((name3, 26), Some (MoviesWatched (The Hangover, Comedy))))
(7, ((name7, 41), None))
(9, ((name9, 54), None))
(5, ((name5, 31), None))
val movieOuterJoinedGraph =
graph.outerJoinVertices(movies)(( ,name,movies)=>
(name, movies.getOrElse(MoviesWatched("NA", "NA"))))
     Output:
     movieOuterJoinedGraph:
     org.apache.spark.graphx.Graph[((String, String),
     MoviesWatched),String] =
     org.apache.spark.graphx.impl.GraphImpl@2efd0da4
movieOuterJoinedGraph.vertices.map(t=>t).collect.foreach(prin
tln)
(4, ((name4, 29), MoviesWatched(NA, NA)))
(6, ((name6, 36), MoviesWatched(NA, NA)))
(8, ((name8, 21), MoviesWatched(NA, NA)))
(10, ((name10, 36), MoviesWatched(NA, NA)))
(2, ((name2, 34), MoviesWatched(Titanic, Love)))
(1, ((name1, 23), MoviesWatched(Toy Story 3, Kids)))
(3, ((name3, 26), MoviesWatched(The Hangover, Comedy)))
(7, ((name7, 41), MoviesWatched(NA, NA)))
(9, ((name9, 54), MoviesWatched(NA, NA)))
(5, ((name5, 31), MoviesWatched(NA, NA)))
val tCount = graph.triangleCount().vertices
     Output:
     tCount: org.apache.spark.graphx.VertexRDD[Int] =
     VertexRDDImpl[824] at RDD at VertexRDD.scala:57
```

```
println(tCount.collect().mkString("\n"))
     Output:
     (4, 2)
     (6, 2)
     (8, 1)
     (10,0)
     (2,3)
     (1, 1)
     (3, 1)
     (7,1)
     (9,1)
     (5,0)
val iterations = 1000
     Output:
     iterations: Int = 1000
val connected = graph.connectedComponents().vertices
     Output:
     connected:
     org.apache.spark.graphx.VertexRDD[org.apache.spark.graph
     x.VertexId] = VertexRDDImpl[883] at RDD at
     VertexRDD.scala:57
val connectedS =
graph.stronglyConnectedComponents(iterations).vertices
     Output:
     connectedS:
     org.apache.spark.graphx.VertexRDD[org.apache.spark.graph
     x.VertexId] = VertexRDDImpl[1225] at RDD at
     VertexRDD.scala:57
val connByPerson = vertices.join(connected).map{
case(id,((person,age), conn)) => (conn,id,person) }
     Output:
     connByPerson:
     org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(org.apache.spark.graphx.Vertex
     Id, org.apache.spark.graphx.VertexId, String)] =
     MapPartitionsRDD[1277] at map at command-
     1139883235947839:1
val connByPersonS = vertices.join(connectedS).map{
```

```
case(id,((person,age), conn)) => (conn,id,person) }
```

Output:

```
connByPersonS:
org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[(org.apache.spark.graphx.Vertex
Id, org.apache.spark.graphx.VertexId, String)] =
MapPartitionsRDD[1281] at map at command-
1139883235947838:1
```

connByPerson.collect().foreach{ case (conn,id,person) =>
println(f"Weak \$conn \$id \$person")}

Output:

```
Weak 1 4 name4
Weak 1 6 name6
Weak 1 8 name8
Weak 1 10 name10
Weak 1 2 name2
Weak 1 1 name1
Weak 1 3 name3
Weak 1 7 name7
Weak 1 9 name9
Weak 1 5 name5
```

connByPersonS.collect().foreach{case (conn,id,person) =>
println(f"Strong \$conn \$id \$person")}

Output:

```
Strong 4 4 name4
Strong 6 6 name6
Strong 5 8 name8
Strong 10 10 name10
Strong 1 2 name2
Strong 1 1 name1
Strong 3 3 name3
Strong 7 7 name7
Strong 9 9 name9
```

LAB 11: Kafka configuration and demo codes

AIM:

To know about kafka and how it works.

PROGRAM:

I am using Ubuntu to install kafka.

First of all, download the latest kafka sources from https://kafka.apache.org/downloads. Then untar it, using "tar -xzf kafka*" command. Then go to that folder.

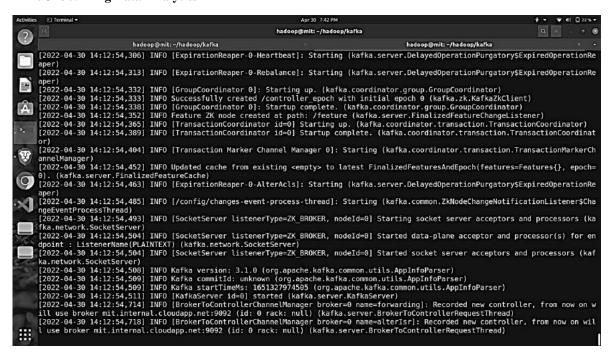
To start a Kafka server first we need a zookeeper. To start zookeeper run "bin/zookeeper-server-start.sh config/zookeeper.properties" command.

If you don't have scala installed then you get an error. To remove error run "./gradlew jar - PscalaVersion=2.13.6" command.

```
Aprilo 142100 | Aprilo 142100
```

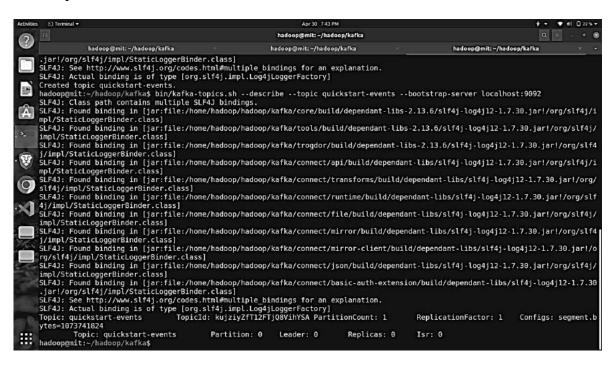
There are some warnings which we can ignore. And we can know all information about the zookeeper server.

Now open new terminal and start kafka server using "bin/kafka-server-start.sh config/server.properties"



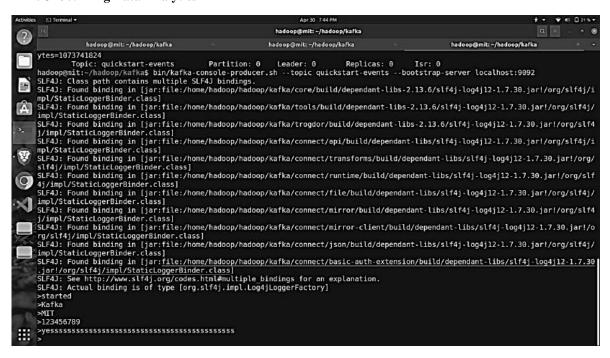
Now our kafka server is up and running. We can create a producer and consumer but before that we need to create a topic.

To create a new topic run "bin/kafka-topics.sh --create --topic quickstart-events --bootstrap-server localhost:9092" command.



To know all information about a topic run "bin/kafka-topics.sh --describe --topic quickstart-events --bootstrap-server localhost:9092" command.

Now we can start producing. To start producer run "bin/kafka-console-producer.sh --topic quickstart-events --bootstrap-server localhost:9092" command.



To get that message we need to start consumer. To start, the consumer runs the "bin/kafka-console-consumer.sh --topic quickstart-events --from-beginning --bootstrap-server localhost:9092" command.



LAB 12: MongoDB configuration and demo codes

AIM:

To know about spark's graphX library.

PROGRAM:

First of all, make an account in mongodb atlas. Then create a mongodb server. Then, in network access select all IP addresses so that we can connect to that from anywhere.

Start databrick's computing cluster then install python mongodb package.

```
!pip install pymongo[srv]
import pymongo
client = pymongo.MongoClient("{connection string from mongo
atlas}? retryWrites=true&w=majority")
for i in client.list databases():
   print(i)
     Output:
     {'name': 'Sample', 'sizeOnDisk': 73728, 'empty': False}
     {'name': 'sample airbnb', 'sizeOnDisk': 57188352,
     'empty': False}
     {'name': 'sample analytics', 'sizeOnDisk': 9695232,
     'empty': False}
     {'name': 'sample geospatial', 'sizeOnDisk': 1425408,
     'empty': False}
db = client["Sample"]
db.list collection names()
     Output:
     ['samplecollection']
col = db["samplecollection"]
for i in col.find():
   print(i)
     Output:
     {' id': ObjectId('625d3f17fc32e7066a3b870e'), 'name':
     'Dwalin', 'age': 169}
     {' id': ObjectId('625d3f17fc32e7066a3b870f'), 'name':
     'Bilbo Baggins', 'age': 50}
     {' id': ObjectId('625d3f17fc32e7066a3b8709'), 'name':
     'Balin', 'age': 178}
     {' id': ObjectId('625d3f17fc32e7066a3b870a'), 'name':
```

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```
'Kili', 'age': 77}
     {' id': ObjectId('625d3f17fc32e7066a3b870b'), 'name':
     'Fili', 'age': 82}
     {' id': ObjectId('625d3f17fc32e7066a3b870c'), 'name':
     'Bombur'}
     {' id': ObjectId('625d3f17fc32e7066a3b8710'), 'name':
     'Gandalf', 'age': 1000}
     {' id': ObjectId('625d3f17fc32e7066a3b870d'), 'name':
     'Thorin', 'age': 195}
for i in col.find({"name": { "$eq":"Oin" }}):
   print(i)
     Output:
     {' id': ObjectId('625d3f17fc32e7066a3b8708'), 'name':
     'Oin', 'age': 167}
     {' id': ObjectId('625d470afc32e7066a3b872a'), 'name':
     'Oin', 'age': 167}
     {' id': ObjectId('625d47bcfc32e7066a3b8735'), 'name':
     'Oin', 'age': 167}
import pandas as pd
df = pd.DataFrame(col.find())
df.head()
     Output:
```

	_id	name	age
0	625d3f17fc32e7066a3b870e	Dwalin	169.0
1	625d3f17fc32e7066a3b870f	Bilbo Baggins	50.0
2	625d3f17fc32e7066a3b8709	Balin	178.0
3	625d3f17fc32e7066a3b870a	Kili	77.0
4	625d3f17fc32e7066a3b870b	Fili	82.0

LAB 13: Project work (Code + Paper/Report + PPT)