A PYTHON PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT KNN MODEL

Ex.No.:9A
Date of Experiment:17/10/2024

AIM:-

   To implement a python program using a KNN Algorithm in a model.

ALGORITHM:-

Step1: Import all the other necessary libraries(numpy as np, matplotlib.pyplot as plt and sklearn.tree,pandas as pd and seaborn as sns).

Step2: Select the number K of the neighbors.

Step3: Calculate the Euclidean distance of K number of neighbors of data points.

Step4: Take the K nearest neighbors as per the calculated Euclidean distance.

Step5: Among these k neighbors, count the number of the data points in each category.

Step6: Assign the new data points to that category for which the number of the neighbor is maximum.

Step7: Plot the graph "X" and "y" the values tested and predicted using seaborn.scatterplot() function.

Step8: Print the confusion matrix of the model to know the accuracy of the model with support values for each class.

IMPLEMENTATION:-

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd


dataset = pd.read_csv('../input/mall-customers/Mall_Customers.csv')
X = dataset.iloc[:,[3,4]].values
print(dataset)
```

```
     CustomerID  Gender  Age  Annual Income (k$)  Spending Score (1-100)
0             1    Male   19                  15                      39
1             2    Male   21                  15                      81
2             3  Female   20                  16                       6
3             4  Female   23                  16                      77
4             5  Female   31                  17                      40
..          ...     ...  ...                 ...                     ...
195         196  Female   35                 120                      79
196         197  Female   45                 126                      28
197         198    Male   32                 126                      74
198         199    Male   32                 137                      18
199         200    Male   30                 137                      83

[200 rows x 5 columns]
```
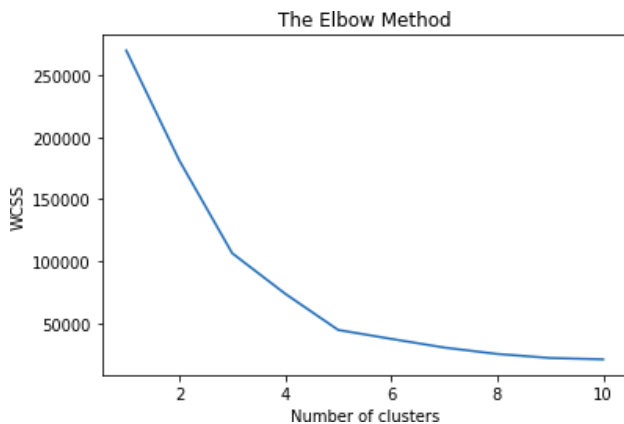
```
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss =[]
for i in range (1,11):
     kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters = i, init = 'k-means++', max_iter =300, n_init = 10,
random_state = 0)
  kmeans.fit(X)
  wcss.append(kmeans.inertia_)
```

```
# Plot the graph to visualize the Elbow Method to find the optimal number of cluster
plt.plot(range(1,11),wcss)
plt.title('The Elbow Method')
plt.xlabel('Number of clusters')
plt.ylabel('WCSS')
plt.show()
```



```
kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters= 5, init = 'k-means++', max_iter = 300, n_init = 10, random_state =
0)
```
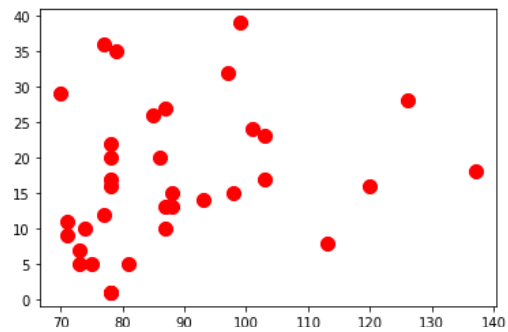
```
y_kmeans = kmeans.fit_predict(X)
y_kmeans
```

```
array([4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3,
       4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 1,
       4, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 0, 2, 1, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2,
       1, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 1, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2,
       0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2,
       0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2,
       0, 2], dtype=int32)
```

```
type(y_kmeans)
```

```
numpy.ndarray
```

```
y_kmeans
```

```
array([4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3,
       4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 1,
       4, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
       1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 0, 2, 1, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2,
       1, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 1, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2,
       0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2,
       0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2,
       0, 2], dtype=int32)
```

```
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 0, 0], X[y_kmeans == 0, 1], s = 100, c = 'red', label = 'Cluster 1')
```
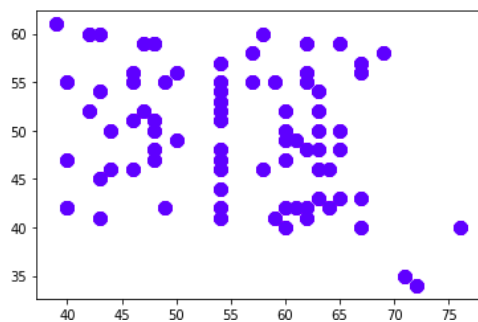
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f2c79858c90>
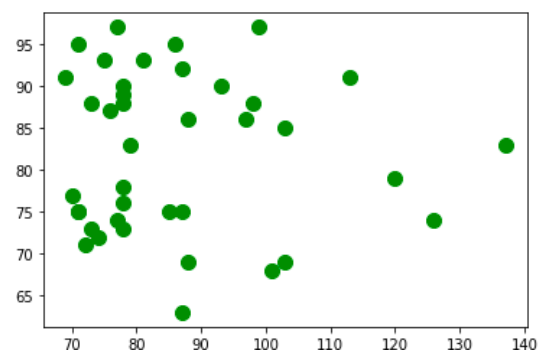

plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 1, 0], X[y_kmeans == 1, 1], s = 100, c = 'blue', label = 'Cluster 2')
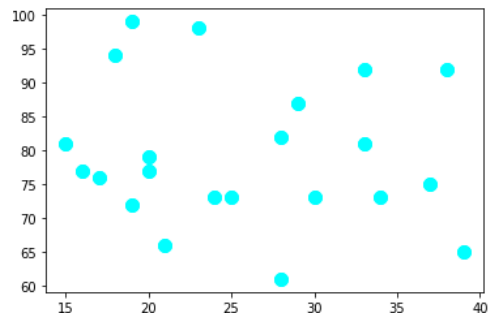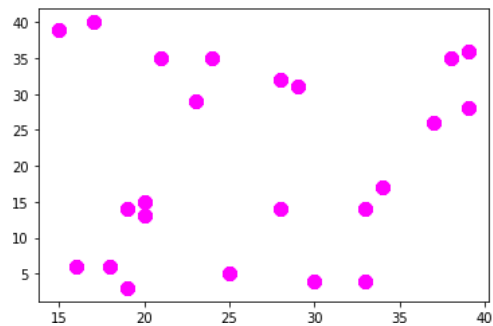
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f2c95155bd0>

plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 2, 0], X[y_kmeans == 2, 1], s = 100, c = 'green', label = 'Cluster 3')

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f2c95063490>

plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 3, 0], X[y_kmeans == 3, 1], s = 100, c = 'cyan', label = 'Cluster 4')

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<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f2c94feb890>

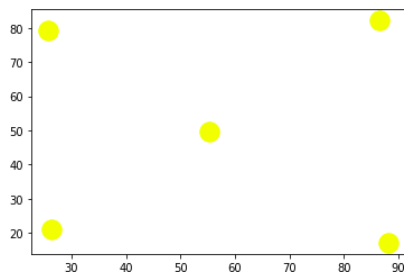
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 4, 0], X[y_kmeans == 4, 1], s = 100, c = 'magenta', label = 'Cluster 5')

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f2c94f756d0>

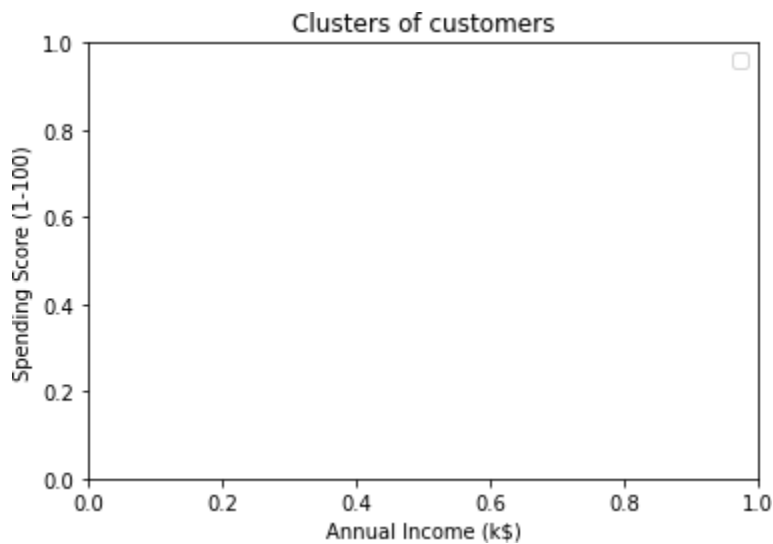
plt.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[:, 0], kmeans.cluster_centers_[:, 1], s = 300, c = 'yellow', label = 'Centroids')

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7f2c94f75650>

plt.title('Clusters of customers')
plt.xlabel('Annual Income (k$)')
plt.ylabel('Spending Score (1-100)')

```
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 0, 0], X[y_kmeans == 0, 1], s = 100, c = 'red', label = 'Cluster 1')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 1, 0], X[y_kmeans == 1, 1], s = 100, c = 'blue', label = 'Cluster 2')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 2, 0], X[y_kmeans == 2, 1], s = 100, c = 'green', label = 'Cluster 3')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 3, 0], X[y_kmeans == 3, 1], s = 100, c = 'cyan', label = 'Cluster 4')
plt.scatter(X[y_kmeans == 4, 0], X[y_kmeans == 4, 1], s = 100, c = 'magenta', label = 'Cluster 5')
plt.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[:, 0], kmeans.cluster_centers_[:, 1], s = 300, c = 'yellow',
label = 'Centroids')
plt.title('Clusters of customers')
plt.xlabel('Annual Income (k$)')
plt.ylabel('Spending Score (1-100)')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

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Clusters of customers

RESULT:-

       Thus the python program to implement KNN model has been successfully implemented and the results have been verified and analyzed.