EX 4: Implementation of stack using array and linked list

Stack using array

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define Size 25
int Stack[Size];
int Top=-1;
void Push(int);
int Pop();
void Display();
int IsFull();
int IsEmpty();
int Peak();
int IsFull(){
     if (Top==Size-1)
          return 1;
     else
          return 0;
}
int IsEmpty(){
     if (Top==-1)
          return 1;
     else
          return 0;
}
void Push(int val){
     if (!IsFull())
          {
               Top=Top+1;
               Stack[Top]=val;
          }
     else
     {
          printf("Stack Overflow");
     }
```

```
}
int Pop(){
     if (!IsEmpty()){
          int del=Stack[Top];
           Top=Top-1;
           return del;
     }
     else
     {
          printf("Stack Underflow");
           return -1;
     }
}
void Display(){
     int a=Top;
     if (!IsEmpty()){
          for (int i=a;i>=0;i--)
                printf("%d ",Stack[i]);
     }
     else
     {
          printf("Stack Underflow");
          return;
     }
}
int Peak(){
     if (!IsEmpty())
          return Stack[Top];
     else
     {
          printf("Stack Underflow");
          return -1;
     }
}
int main(){
     int choice,t=1,n;
     while (t==1)
```

```
{
         printf("\n\nMENU FOR STACK IMPLEMENTATION USING ARRAY:");
         printf("\n1.Push an element.\n2.Pop an element.\n3.Return Top most
element.\n4.Display.\n5.EXIT\n");
         printf("\nEnter your choice:");
         scanf("%d",&choice);
         switch (choice)
              case 1:
                   printf("Enter an element:");
                   scanf("%d",&n);
                   Push(n);
              break;
              case 2:
         {
              n=Pop();
              printf("%d",n);
              break;
         }
         case 3:
              printf("%d",Peak());
              break;
         }
         case 4:
              Display();
              break;
         }
         case 5:
              t=0;
              break;
         default:
   printf("INVALID CHOICE");
             break;
         }
    }
    }
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
1. Push to stack
2. Pop from Stack
3. Display data of Stack
4. Exit
Choose Option: 3
Stack is Empty
Choose Option: 4
```

Stack using linked list

}

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
  int data;
  struct node *link;
}*first=NULL;
void push(int);
void pop();
void Top();
void display1();
void push(int data)
  struct node *newnode;
  newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  newnode->data=data;
  if(first==NULL){
     newnode->link=NULL;
    first=newnode;
  }
  else
     newnode->link=first;
     first=newnode;
```

```
printf("Data inserted\n");
}
void pop()
  struct node *temp=NULL;
  temp=first;
  if(first==NULL){
  printf("INVALID OPERATION");
  }
  else{
    printf("\n%d is the popped element",temp->data);
     first=temp->link;
     free(temp);
     temp=NULL;
  }
void Top()
  if(first!=NULL)
  printf("%d is the top element",first->data);
  printf("\nNo data inside");
}
void display1()
{
  struct node *temp=NULL;
  temp=first;
  if(temp!=NULL){
    while(temp!=NULL)
  {
    printf("%d ",temp->data);
     temp=temp->link;
  }
}
else{
  printf("\nNo data inside");
}
}
}
```

```
int main()
{
  int ch,n;
   printf("MENU DRIVEN PROGRAM");
   printf("0. Exit\n");
  printf("1. Push\n");
  printf("2. Pop\n");
  printf("3. Return Top element\n");
  printf("4. Display\n");
  while(1){
  printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
  scanf("%d",&ch);
  switch (ch)
  {
  case 1:
  printf("\nEnter data to push : ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  push_beg(n);
  break;
  case 2:
  pop_beg();
  break;
  case 3:
  top_elemt();
  break;
  case 4:
  display1();
  break;
  default:
  printf("\nMENU EXITED");
  break;
  if(ch==0){
     break;
  }
  else{
  continue;
  }
```

```
printf("\nProgram exited");
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the size of STACK[MAX=100]:3

STACK OPERATIONS USING ARRAY

1.PUSH
2.POP
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter the Choice:3

The STACK is empty
Enter the Choice:4
```