



=> 3-\$ Supply given to Stator winding

RMF (rotating magnetic field)

3-\$ magnetic field which rotating with
a speed corresponding to Stator supply

prequency, NS= 1201

S = Supply frequency

P = no of poles.

NS = Synchronous speed (constant spee

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=) Stator winding stationary -> having rotating magnetic field (RMF) around it and bonces there will be relatives motion between conductor and RMF.

Speed of stator RMF wor to stator body -> (NS-d=NS and induced emf of relatives speed and bonces there will be induced emf in stator conductor.

Eph stator = Eph, = E = 4.44 dN,

The stationary or at standshill condition of rotory

notor speed Nr = 0

Hence the rotor conductor (winding) will also

engenience the certaing of stater RMF field.

Speed of RMF stator wor to rotor = NS-0 = NS

and hence, induced emp of relative speed.

Ephrotor = Ephr = E2 = 4.4464 N2

Jues to this ant at standstill Condition, fuere will be a refor Current as rotor linewit is a closed circuit.

In Spandshill = Eph2 = E2 Zx Zx

=) Mence, whon current coils prous in the notor conductor which will also produce mmg

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in Such a direction that it opposes its cause and this most interact with stator most in air gap and produce torque on rotor body (Electromagnetic torque).

Torque production

Jr - JEPh2 - Due torelative motion

J (NS-0)

J (NS-NX)

J (NS-NX)

Now the rotor will start rotation in clockwise direction to oppose its cause and try to cately up the States RMF speed NS.

=) Hence, 3-9 Induction motor is a seet starting.