ПОСТОЯННЫЙ ТОК
$$I = \frac{q}{\triangle t}$$

$$I = \frac{U}{R}$$

$$j = \frac{I}{S}$$

$$j = \frac{E}{\rho}$$

$$I = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{R+r}$$

$$I_{\text{K3}} = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{r}$$

$$R = \rho \frac{l}{S}$$

$$\rho = \rho_1 (1 + \alpha \triangle t)$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \frac{A_{\text{cr}}}{R+r}$$

$$U = \mathcal{E} - Ir$$

$$I = \frac{\mathcal{E}_1 + \mathcal{E}_2}{R+r_1 + r_2}$$

$$I = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{R+r}$$

$$Q = I^2 Rt$$

$$P = UI$$

$$P_{\mathcal{E}} = \mathcal{E}I$$
Усл. макс. мощности $R = r$
Последовательное
$$R_{\text{ЭКВ}} = R_1 + R_2$$
Парадлельное
$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{ЭКВ}}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2}$$