



POLITECNICO DI TORINO

DIGITAL SYSTEMS ELECTRONICS
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PROF. G. MASERA

Lab 03

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1 4-bit Sequential RCA

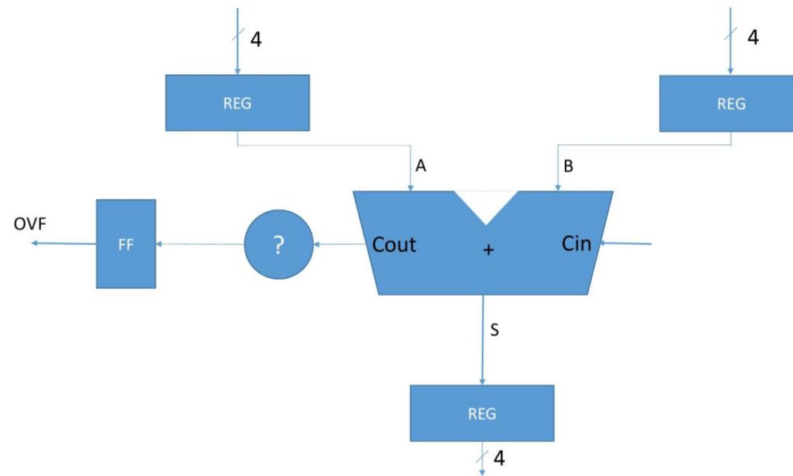


Figure 1: Top level entity

Here we had to implement a 4-bit Sequential Ripple Carry Adder. To build the circuit requested in *figure1* several sub-circuits have been implemented.

As first point a Full Adder was implemented as shown in *figure 2a*. The 4-bit adder was built using four full adders in a ripple carry architecture. Its overflow signal is generated by a *xor* gate whose inputs are the *carry_{out}* signals of the last two full adders.

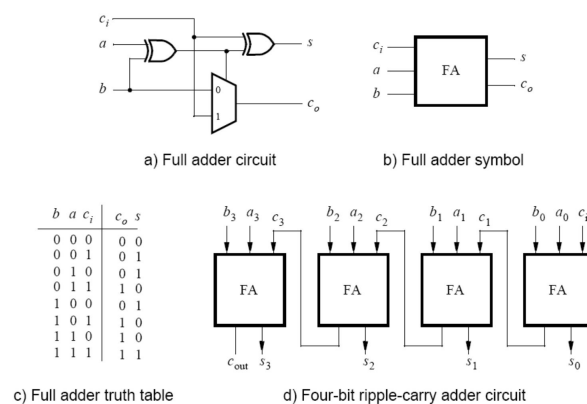


Figure 2: Full Adder

The Register and the Flip-Flop were implemented using the code provided in the instructions.

A new 7-segments display decoder was needed in order to display properly 2's complement numbers. It uses two 7-segments displays to show respectively the sign and the magnitude of the number. The implementation was done by means of the *when – else* statement following the truth table in *figure 3*.

Display	Code	HEX(6)	HEX(5)	HEX(4)	HEX(3)	HEX(2)	HEX(1)	HEX(0)	Sign
0	0000	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0001	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	
2	0010	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	
3	0011	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	
4	0100	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	
5	0101	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	
6	0110	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
7	0111	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	
-8	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
-7	1001	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	-
-6	1010	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	-
-5	1011	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	-
-4	1100	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	-
-3	1101	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	-
-2	1110	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	-
-1	1111	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	-

Figure 3: 2's complement 7-segments decoder

The top level entity that implements the circuit is in the file *lab3_es1.vhd* where all the components needed.....

2 4-bit Sequential Adder/Subtractor

3 3

punto 3

4 4

punto 4