EE24BTECH11047 - Niketh Prakash Achanta

Question:

Find a point on the Y axis which is equidistant from the points A(6,5) B(-4,3).

Solution:

Variable	Description	Formula
A	A Point to be plotted	$A = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$
В	A Point to be plotted	$B = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$

TABLE 0

If **P** is equidistant from the points **A** and **B**

$$\|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}\| = \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B}\| \tag{0.1}$$

1

$$\|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{A}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{B}\|^2 \tag{0.2}$$

$$\|\mathbf{P}\|^2 - 2\mathbf{P}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{A} + \|\mathbf{A}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{P}\|^2 - 2\mathbf{P}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{B} + \|\mathbf{B}\|^2$$
 (0.3)

By simplifying further,

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{P} = \frac{\|\mathbf{A}\|^2 - \|\mathbf{B}\|^2}{2}$$
(0.4)

Comparing with $n^{\mathsf{T}}x = c$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 10\\2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{c} = 18 \tag{0.7}$$

$$10x + 2y = 18 \tag{0.8}$$

$$x = 0, y = 9 \tag{0.9}$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.10}$$

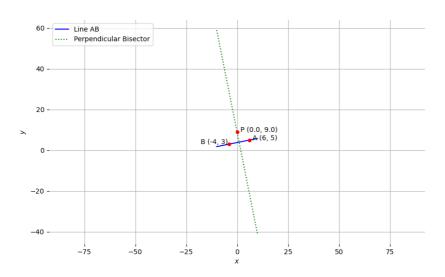


Fig. 0.1