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i C++ \vee | \triangle Auto
    1 class Solution {
        public:
            int minOperations(vector<int>& nums) {
                 int count=0;
                 for(int i=1;i<nums.size();i++){</pre>
                     if(nums[i]<=nums[i-1]){</pre>
                         int temp=(nums[i-1]-nums[i])+1;
                         nums[i]+=temp;
                         count+=temp;
   11
                     }
   12
   13
                 return count;
   15
   17 };
Example 1:
  Input: nums = [1,1,1]
  Output: 3
  Explanation: You can do the following operations:
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Increment nums[2], so nums becomes [1,1,2].
 Increment nums[1], so nums becomes [1,2,2].
 Increment nums[2], so nums becomes [1,2,3].

Example 2.