

Web performance and quality report



https://mehtaindia.com/

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Summary











SIMULATED VISITOR:



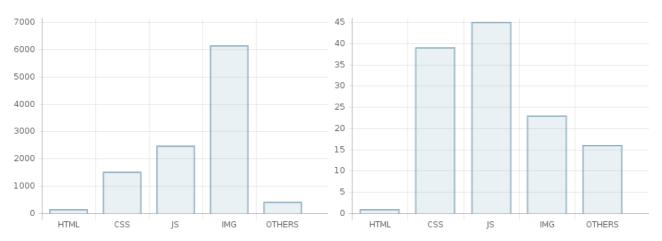


Chrome Chennai 2.0/1.0Mbps (Latency: 50 ms)



Weight by resources type

Requests by resources type



Detected technologies



Tips and best practices

Accessibility

Well done, these best practices are respected

100/100

▼ No empty element detected

#2569

Some tags, such as , , <button> , <legend> , <caption> , <figcaption> and <quote> elements are not allowed to be empty. Empty tag make it difficult for some screen readers to understand the page.

Either add aria-hidden attribute to the empty element or remove it from your page entirely.

Exampl

100/100

<noscript> tag detected

#72

This page uses <code>noscript</code> tag. It allows to display a message when JavaScript is disabled by the user.

100/100

▼ This page defines a lang

#2334

Perfect. Your page defines a lang attribute that will allow screen readers to correctly understand your website.

100/100

✓ No 'refresh' <meta> tag

#2395

It is not recommended to automatically force a page refresh. This behavior disturbs users who are not able to control it.

This page does not use meta refresh tag. This is a best practice.

100/100

✓ No empty "src" attribute detected

#2410

The "src" attributes link the current page to other resources. There is no justification for using them with empty values.

All your src attributes precise a target. That's a best practice.

100/100

You specify a consistent label on your links

#2423

A link is more attractive if the text describes what is behind it. You can also take the opportunity to use keywords in these texts, to improve your page's SEO.

Describe the link in your <a> tag, rather than indicating the link itself. Example: My description

The content of your <a> tags are different from the link itself. That's a best practice.

✓ All labels refer to an element

#2523

The for attribute associates the label to another element of the page and help screen readers to better interpret your content.

Label and for attribute

A label describes an element (a text to fill, a checkbox, etc.). When a user clicks on a label associated with a radio button, the option will be directly selected, improving the user experience.

How to use a label?

Associate the label to an element of the page by indicating the ID of the element. Example:

<form action="/action">
 <label for="myld">
 <input type="radio" name="myOptions" id="myld" value="1" >



Your Optimization Priorities

0/100

2 critical dependencies detected

#2531

The failure of a third-party content provider could bring an overall breakdown of your website.

Single Point Of Failure

A Frontend Single Point Of Failure (SPOF) is a critical dependency on a third-party content, that may block the entire display of your page in case of failure of the content provider.

As an example, if your web page uses a blocking script hosted by Google's servers, then your page is reliant on any failure from this script.

How to avoid SPOF?

As far as possible, exclude any of these dependencies, even from renowned providers. If you have to use a third-party content, ensure that you chose an asynchronous integration and that you have a fallback in case of problem.

We are checking if the tested web page depends (in a critical way) on some of most widespread external resources (googleapis, typekit,...). That are known as Frontend SPOF (Single Point Of Failure) cases.

The following resources represent a SPOF for this page:

- //fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Dosis%3A300%2C[...]C600i%2C700%2C800&ver=1.0.0
- fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Roboto%3A100%2C1[...]900italic&ver=5.6.2

0/100

Defer parsing of JavaScript

#2353

JavaScript can significantly slow down a page display, especially if it is necessary to download an external script.

 $\label{lem:continuous} \mbox{Defer the use of JavaScript as much as possible to provide a faster start for the page display.}$

How can I fix this?

First of all, distinguish what portions of your JS is critical and must be loaded as soon as possible, and put them in a specific external file. Keep this file as streamlined as possible, and defer the parsing or execution of all other JS files.

Use one of the methods below to defer parsing for external JavaScript files:

- use the async attribute;
- use the defer attribute;
- $\bullet \;\;$ append the script to the DOM in JavaScript during the onload event;
- make sure your scripts are placed at the bottom of the page (ideally at the end of the body).

The WP Rocket Wordpress plugin has a "Load JavaScript deferred" option, feel free to try it!

730.1KiB of JavaScript is parsed during initial page load. Defer parsing JavaScript to reduce blocking of page rendering.

- mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]2.22 (277.8KiB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]2.22 (105.6KiB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]=1.4 (101.1KiB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].5.1 (80.9KiB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]er=1 (50.8KiB)mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]er=1 (38.4KiB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]er=1 (18.4KiB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]er=1 (17.0KiB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]er=1 (9.0KiB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].3.2 (7.9KiB)
- and 6 others



Reduce resources response time

#2337

The server response time has to be as fast as possible.

The server response time explained

This time corresponds to the period between when the server receives the request and when the network returns the response. This response time can be reduced because of slow application logic, slow database queries, slow routing, frameworks, libraries, resource CPU starvation, or memory starvation.

How can I fix this?

Identify the cause of the slowdown and make sure the server response time is as short as possible. According to Google, a response time under 200ms is acceptable.

The server's response time takes too long with the following resources:

- https://mehtaindia.com/ (waiting 1,00 seconds)
- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-admin/admin-ajax.php (waiting 2,00 seconds)

Well done, these best practices are respected

100/100

✓ No Mutation Events detected in your scripts

#2575

To capture DOM events, do not use Mutation Events. Alternatives exist.

Good concept, bad implementation

When developing complex JavaScript applications, you may need to know when the DOM node tree has changed. Introduced in 2000 in the DOM, Level 2 specification to provide a solution to this need, Mutations Events are browser-initiated events that let you know when a DOM node is added, removed, or deleted.

Mutation Events, however, present major performance problems. First, they are synchronous, i.e. they prevent other events in the queue from being fired (if those events are used to update the UI, this will cause some lag). Second, they are implemented as browser events, thus traverse the DOM tree from the targeted HTML element to the parent element which listens for the event, clogging the JavaScript thread along the way.

Mutation Events have been deprecated in 2016 in the DOM, Level 3 specification.

Mutation Observers to the rescue

If you need to watch for changes being made to the DOM tree, you should use the MutationObserver interface (DOM4 Living Standard). Mutation Observers are asynchronous, processed in batches, and observe specific or all changes to a node. They are more efficient in terms of CPU usage than browser events and therefore cause fewer to no UI freeze.

Learn how to use Mutation Observers (Mozilla Developer Network).



✓ You are using persistent connections

#2355

In HTTP/1.1, each resource is downloaded over a dedicated connection (TCP). Some headers can indicate to the browser that it can reuse the same connection multiple times, which improves performance.

The HTTP Keep-Alive headers

The Connection and Keep-Alive HTTTP headers inform the browser how it can keep a TCP connection (enabled by default with HTTP 1.1) open and reuse it for future requests.

For these persistent connections to be enabled, the Connection header must be set to keep-alive. The Keep-Alive header must indicate the minimum time during which the connection must remain open and the maximum number of requests to answer to. For example:

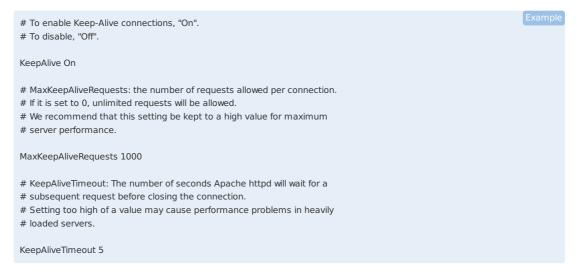
Connection: Keep-Alive
Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=1000

indicates to the browser that the connection must remain open for at least 5 seconds and answer, at most, 1000 requests.

Non an Apache server, you can enable both headers from your.htaccess file, defining the connection as keep-alive.

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
Header set Connection keep-alive
</ifModule>

If you have access to the Apache configuration, you can more precisely define the different values (note: you will have to restart the web server).



▼ You specify a character set in the response HTTP Header

#2356

Specify the character set used in the Content-Type HTTP header allows the browser to parse immediately the page.

When the browser receives bytes from your server, it needs to identify the collection of letters and symbols that were used in writing the text that was converted into these bytes, and the encoding used for this conversion, in order to reverse it. If no information of this kind has been transmitted, the browser will try to find recognizable patterns within the bytes to determine the encoding itself, and eventually try some common charsets, which will take time, delaying further processing of the page.

How to specify a charset in the Content-Type header?

In the following explanation, we will consider UTF-8 as the targeted character set but please remember that the character set declared in your Content-Type HTTP Header must reflect the character set used to encode the file, which may not be UTF-8.

On **Apache 2.2+**, the configuration of UTF-8 as a default character set for your text/plain and text/html files involves the AddDefaultCharset directive:

AddDefaultCharset utf-8

For other types of files, you'll need the AddCharset directive:

AddCharset utf-8 .js .css ...

On **nginx**, you'll need to make sure that the ngx_http_charset_module is loaded, then use the charset_directive.

charset utf-8;

Here too, it is possible to refine the scope so that other types of files than text/html are delivered in utf-8, using the directive charset_types:

charset_types text/html text/css application/javascript

Example

100/100

✓ You do not use CSS @import

#2370

Using CSS @import allows to add external stylesheet. In fact, browsers cannot download them at the same time, this may add a delay to the rendering of the page. It is better to use the link tag. See more information.

100/100

▼ You do not use a useless "http-equiv" <meta> tag

#2405

HTTP headers are more efficient than the http-equiv meta tags.

The <meta http-equiv=""/> tags

The http-equiv meta tags provide the web browser with information similar to HTTP headers. For example, defining the meta <meta http-equiv="content-type"/> is the same as sending the HTTP Content-Type header.

There are two disadvantages in using http-equiv meta tags:

- Going through the meta requires to interpret the beginning of the HTML page, which is slower than going through the HTTP headers in terms of performance
- If the HTTP header is already present, the meta is ignored

In which cases are the <meta http-equiv=""/> useful?

Only one case can justify the presence of these meta tags: if you don't have access to the configuration of your server, and that is to say to the HTTP headers.

However, we recommend that you use a configurable server so that you can establish the most efficient site possible.

This page does not contain a http-equiv meta tag. That's a best practice.



▼ This page uses an appropriate number of DOM elements

#2416

The number of DOM elements influences the complexity of the webpage and DOM access in JavaScript.

A well-designed webpage can offer rich content while maintaining a reasonable number of DOM elements. Read more about this here.

We recommend creating pages that contain less than 1000 DOM elements.

There are 797 DOM elements on this page.

100/100

▼ You don't execute the same script several times

#2445

A library or an external script is usually intended to be called once per page. However, the use of widgets can lead to several useless executions.

Duplicate scripts

It is common to see scripts used multiple times on the same page. The most common cause is the integration of social network widgets. It can be useful to find them several times on the page. That is not a bad practice. However, you should be careful that those scripts don't slow down your page.

What happens when a script is included 2 times in the code? How many times is it loaded? Parsed? Executed?

Most modern web browsers download only once a script included 2 times. An exception persists: Firefox, which will load the resource as many times as mentioned if no effective caching policy is configured.

Apart from this exception, performance issues come during the parsing and execution of the scripts. Indeed, if a script is placed three times in the code, it will be parsed and executed 3 times, on all browsers.

Do not hesitate to read this article on that topic.

How to fix it?

There is a solution to use a script several times without parsing and executing more than once. You need to write some JavaScript code that checks if the script is present. If the script is already included, it just uses it, otherwise it injects it and uses it

Consider the following example with the Facebook widget, described in the article. Whenever you want to integrate this functionality into your page, it is necessary to include the following code:

```
(function(d, s, id){
  var js, fjs = d.getElementsByTagName(s)[0];
  if (d.getElementById(id)) {return;}
  js = d.createElement(s); js.id = id;
  js.src = "//connect.facebook.net/en_US/sdk.js";
  fjs.parentNode.insertBefore(js, fjs);
}(document, 'script', 'facebook-jssdk'));
```

The bold line checks the presence of the script in the document. So the script is included, parsed and executed only during the first call in the page. Other calls will fall in the case of the bold line, and therefore will just use the script that is already included and executed.

100/100

▼ The page doesn't use client-side redirection

#2539

No client-side redirection (window-location, meta refresh...) has been triggered to display the page. Client-side redirections are to be avoided in any way possible.



▼ Your scripts seem to be injected efficiently

#2550

The script injection through the document.write instruction delays the rendering of your page and/or the interactivity for the user.

Do you need to inject a script?

document.write is sometimes used to inject a script. That is a bad practice. Example:

```
document.write('<script src="" + src + "" type="text/javascript"><\/script>');
```

As described in this article, you should prefer the "createElement-insertBefore" pattern:

```
var sNew = document.createElement("script");
sNew.async = true;
sNew.src = "http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.5.1/jquery.min.js";
var s0 = document.getElementsByTagName('script')[0];
s0.parentNode.insertBefore(sNew, s0);

Example

Example

Solution

Solution

Example

Solution

Solution
```

On this page, no document.write injects a script.

Your Optimization Priorities

34/100

Do not use too long inline scripts

#70

Any script with a significant size should let the browser cached them in order to reduce loading time/improve performance of your returning visitor.

Inline scripts / cache policy

"inline" scripts allow to integrate easily small portions of scripts directly in the HTML code. Example:

By doing so, you avoid making a request to the server to retrieve the resource. So inline scripts represent a performance gain if you want to integrate small scripts.

However, once a script has a fairly substantial size, we advise you to outsource it and perform a request to retrieve it. So you will benefit from the cache mechanism.

What should I do?

Outsource your scripts with more than 1500 characters in one or more separate files.

You should group the following scripts in one or more distinct files:

- window_wpemojiSettings = {"baseUrl":"https:\/\s.w.org\/images\/core\/emoji\/13.0.1\/72x72\/\","ext":",png","svgUrl":"https:\/\s.w.org\/images\/core\...
- function setREVStartSize(e) {
 //window.requestAnimationFrame(function() {
 window.RSIW = window.RSIW===undefined ? window.innerWidth : win...

Well done, these best practices are respected

100/100

▼ The 'Vary: Accept-Encoding' header is defined

#2352

The Vary: Accept-Encoding header allows to cache two versions of the resource on proxies: one compressed, and one uncompressed. So, the clients who cannot properly decompress the files are able to access your page via a proxy, using the uncompressed version. The other users will get the compressed version.

#2429

You specify resource cache expiry headers

Cache headers (Cache-Control , ETag , formerly Expires) are essential for an effective cache policy, and will greatly impact the loading time of your pages during future visits.

The Cache-Control header

Each resource can define its caching rules via the Cache-Control HTTP header. The max-age property defines the duration of the caching (in seconds), and can be accompanied by instructions for caching resources on proxy servers, located between the browser and the server issuing the resource.

The following header indicates that the response can be cached on proxy servers and on the browser (public, as opposed to private where only the browser is allowed to do the caching) for two hours:

Cache-Control: private, max-age=7300

Exampl

If some of your resources do not need to be cached, you can also indicate this explicitly:

Cache-Control: no-store

Example

The **Expires** header

Expires is the earliest HTTP header for managing resource caching, and will help you manage the cache for browsers that do not support **Cache-Control**.

When using the Expires header, you can define an expiry date for each resource: as long as the date has not expired, the browser will either store or use the resource stored in the cache.

The expiry date of the resources is set using the **Expires** HTTP header:

Expires: Thu, 25 Dec 2014 20:00:00 GMT

Exampl

You can specify a long expiry date for static resources (maximum 1 year), and a shorter expiry date for resources that may change (minimum 48 hours).

Reassessment of resources when the cache expires

If no cache policy is set for a resource or the duration of its caching is exceeded, the browser makes a new request to download a required resource.

To prevent the browser from downloading a resource that has not been modified since it was cached, use the ETag HTTP header. Each version of a resource can be associated with a validation token. When a resource's cache expires, the browser will ask the server again for the resource, passing this token with the If-None-Match HTTP header containing the token value. The server will compare its version of the token with the one provided. If the resource has not been modified, the server will allow the browser to renew the caching of the resource without downloading the resource again, via an 304 "Not Modified" HTTP response.

Deliberate cache invalidation

When releasing a new version of your site, remember to rename static resources that have been modified (versioning), in order to force browsers to download these new versions, instead of using cached resources, to prevent users from finding themselves in an unstable version of your page. For example:

maressource.min.20140101.js

Exampl

To learn more about HTTP caching, please see Google's recommendations.

Congratulations! Your resources are cached.



#2437

▼ The cache duration is greater than 48 hours

Defining several days of cache retention for your static resources will reduce the load on your server.

The Expires header explained

Some of your resources use the Expires HTTP header to get an effective caching policy—this is a best practice. However, you should consider improving its configuration to make the most of the caching mechanisms. Here is an example of the Expires HTTP header:

Expires: Thu, 25 Dec 2014 20:00:00 GMT



When you **deploy a new version of your website, remember to rename static resources** that have been modified. If you do not change their names, your users will keep resources corresponding to the old versions stored in their caches, and they may find themselves on an unstable version of your page. For example:

myresource.min.20140101.js

Example

Read the Yahoo! guidelines on this subject.

Recommended Expires header setting

We recommend setting the Expires HTTP header, so the date is between 2 days and 1 year.

Your resources are cached at least 2 days.

Well done, these best practices are respected

100/100

✓ No frameset, frame and noframes tags detected

#80

These tags are obsolete, due to several issues related to the navigation consistency, SEO or browsers' bookmark features for example.

None of these tags is detected on this page.

The use of the iframe tag is prefered.

100/100

✓ No Java applets detected

#82

Java applets are considered obsolete in 2015. HTML5 is powerful and more widely supported. Using Java applets can lead to compatibility issues and may send negative signals to your users (e.g. the browser indicating that content was blocked because it could be dangerous).

Congratulations, this page doesn't contain Java applets.

100/100

✓ Do not use
bgsound> tag

#89

No bgsound tag detected. This is a good practice: this element is not a HTML standard. See more information.

Use the audio tag to deliver audio content on your page.

```
<audio src="my-audio-file.ogg" autoplay>
Your browser doesn't support the audio element.
</audio>
```

100/100

✓ You do not use links to Word documents

#99

.doc and .docx documents do not guarantee compatibility with all major operating systems. It's recommended to use PDF documents.

This page contains only standard links.

100/100

✓ No deprecated attributes are detected in the <body> tag

#2382

Some layout attributes are deprecated in HTML 5: alink / background / bgcolor / link / text / vlink

Congratulations, this page doesn't use deprecated attributes in the body tag.

Prefer using CSS instructions instead.

✓ No BOM (Byte Order Mark) detected

#2424

Some parsers are not able to interpret a page with a BOM in it.

What is the BOM?

The BOM is a hidden character located at the beginning of the page, aiming at helping to determine what encoding the page uses. But the best practices of the web prompt the use of the HTTP Content-Type header to define the encoding used by the page. The BOM has no reason to be in this context.

Apart from the fact that this type of indicator is useless on the web, it can lead to a certain number of issues. This is the case for example of the W3C validation that is going to try to interpret the first character which corresponds to the BOM. Then, the document will not be valid.

No resource uses a BOM.

100/100

✓ Your characters are encoded in UTF-8

#2454

Your content is readable by the largest number of web users.

Encoding of characters

The encoding of characters indicates to the web browser how to interpret the bytes of the web page in order to convert them in readable characters by the user. Lots of encodings exist so that all the characters specific to each language are represented. Be aware that the supported groups of encoding are different from an engine to another one. If you ever use an encoding too specific, a lot of web users won't be able to accurately interpret the page.

Why choosing the UTF-8?

The UTF-8 is known for being an encoding supported by almost every web user, and taking into account a large range of characters. Its universality is then particularly well suited to the web environment.

100/100

▼ No Flash resource detected

#2488

Flash is considered obsolete in 2015. HTML5 is more powerful and more widely supported. Using Flash can lead to compatibility issues and may send negative signals to your users (eg the browser warning that content was blocked because it could be dangerous).

Moreover, Google shows directly in its mobile search results that the page may not work on the user's device.

Congratulations, this page doesn't contain Flash resources.

100/100

Silverlight plugin is not used

#2493

Silverlight plugin is considered obsolete in 2015. HTML5 is more powerful and more widely supported. Using Silverlight plugin can lead to compatibility issues and may send negative signals to your users (e.g. the browser indicating that content was blocked because it could be dangerous).

Congratulations, this page doesn't use Silverlight plugin.



▼ The EOT font format is well declared

#2494

Make sure that the EOT format will be well used for your visitors using Internet Explorer <= 8.

Use the EOT format for Internet Explorer <= 8

The web browsers (Firefox, Chrome, Safari, Internet Explorer, Opera ...) do not support the same font formats. Your goal is to use the lightest possible format for each platform. When you use a font, you can specify several formats, via the @font-face CSS instruction: so the browser will use the first supported format.

This is true for all browsers except Internet Explorer <= 8, that misinterpret the @font-face instruction: it will use only the first format declared. And the lighter font format for this kind of browser is the EOT format.

How to use EOT format only for IE <= 8?

Only Internet Explorer supports the EOT format. So declare it in the first position in the <code>@font-face</code> 's <code>src</code> property: Internet Explorer will be able to understand that it must use the EOT format, and other browsers, that do not support EOT, will use another format.

All fonts with EOT format are placed in the first position in the @font-face instruction.

100/100

Your font formats are well used

#2496

Be sure to deliver the most suitable font format for each platform.

Declaring several font formats

The web browsers (Firefox, Chrome, Safari, Internet Explorer, Opera ...) do not support all the same font formats. Your goal is to use the lightest possible format for each platform. When you use a font, you can specify several formats, via the @font-face CSS instruction: so the browser will use the first compatible format that it supports.

How to declare your font formats?

Check if your formats are well ordered in the <a>@font-face 's <a>src property. Here's the order to respect for your webfont formats: EOT, WOFF2, WOFF, TTF, and SVG.

All fonts are well ordered in the <code>@font-face</code> instructions.



Your Optimization Priorities

0/100

Some resources are too heavy

#2421

This page contains a file with a size greater than 1MB:

• mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/20[...]14h17m28s894.png (1.6MB)

Too heavy files should not be loaded on a web page. Be sure you need this resource to load the page. You should probably consider some of the following actions:

- the file uses a PNG format. You should try to convert it to a JPEG file
- resize the images to fit the display size
- compress the resource
- load the resource asynchronously

0/100

Enable compression

#2384

Compressing resources with gzip or deflate can reduce the number of bytes sent over the network.

Enable compression for the following resources to reduce their transfer size by 3.0MiB (77% reduction).

- Compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].2.1 could save 557.5KiB (72% reduction).
- Compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]2.22 could save 237.7KiB (74% reduction).
- Compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].6.2 could save 184.5KiB (87% reduction).
- Compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].9.2 could save 178.8KiB (89% reduction).
- Compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].1.0 could save 134.6KiB (88% reduction).
- Compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].6.2 could save 129.4KiB (85% reduction).
- Compressing https://mehtaindia.com/ could save 111.6KiB (84% reduction).
- Compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].6.2 could save 111.5KiB (77% reduction).
- Compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].3.6 could save 101.2KiB (74% reduction).
- Compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]9.14 could save 91.2KiB (85% reduction).
- and 62 others

This page is delivered by an Apache server. Check if it uses the mod_deflate module.



Reduce the page weight (10.7MB)

#2443

The page weight is too high, slowing down its display, especially on low-speed connections. This can lead to frustration for users paying for data (see whatdoesmysitecost.com).

Evaluate the Weight of my Web Page

According to HTTPArchive, in July 2019, the average weight of a web page is 1,95MB.

How to reduce the weight of my page?

You can report to our "Data amount" category to discover the possible optimizations in your case. Images are often involved.

Moreover, make sure to build your web pages to load data that is essential to the user experience (rendering optimization of the critical path).

For other content (social networking plugins, advertising, content at the bottom of the page ...), it is better to delay the loading (asynchronous, lazy-loading ...), so they don't override priority contents.

We have established the weight distribution of the page by resource type:

Images: 57,53% of total weight
JavaScript: 23,07% of total weight
CSS: 14,26% of total weight
Font: 3,84% of total weight
Texts: 1,27% of total weight
JSON: 0,03% of total weight

Here is the weight of the 10 heaviest resources over the network, and that are necessary to load the page:

- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/20[...]14h17m28s894.png (1.6MB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/wp[...]lus.js?ver=9.2.1 (793kB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/20[...]lide-New-1-3.jpg (763kB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/20[...]lide-New-7-1.jpg (696kB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/20[...]lide-New-4-2.jpg (660kB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/20[...]lvent-Benner.jpg (529kB)
 mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/20[...]lide-New-3-2.jpg (482kB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/20[...]lide-New-2-2.jpg (460kB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/20[...]V-RTR-Benner.jpg (456kB)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/re[...]in.js?ver=6.2.22 (327kB)

The other tips

0/100

Optimize your images with WordPress

#2431

Properly formatting and compressing images can save many bytes of data.

Optimize the following images to reduce their size by 271.8KiB (7% reduction).

- Losslessly compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].jpg could save 54.3KiB (8% reduction).
- Losslessly compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].jpg could save 51.8KiB (8% reduction).
- Losslessly compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].jpg could save 33.0KiB (7% reduction).
 Losslessly compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].jpg could save 31.9KiB (5% reduction).
- Losslessly compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].jpg could save 29.8KiB (7% reduction).
- Losslessly compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].jpg could save 28.2KiB (7% reduction).
- Losslessly compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].jpg could save 27.3KiB (7% reduction).
- Losslessly compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].png could save 14.4KiB (22% reduction).
- Losslessly compressing mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].png could save 1.1KiB (19% reduction).

Images may contain data unnecessary for their use on the web. This data can increase their size significantly. Some tools automatically remove this unnecessary data without loss of quality and thus reduce your image sizes.

W You can consider for example EWWW Image Optimizer or Imagify.

#2436

16 images are resized on browser side

If your images are larger than their display area, the browser will download unnecessary data (and perform unsupervised resizing).

Avoid resizing images on the browser side

Resizing images on the browser side to reduce their rendering size is not recommended.

When the browser needs to display an image on your page, it does everything it can to adapt it to its rendering surface. If the image is too large, it will reduce it.

Provide images adapted to the display dimensions to prevents unnecessary data from being sent over the network, which reduces page loading time.

And because embedded browser algorithms are not as good as those of image manipulation tools, you will get a more satisfying visual result by resizing your images upfront, rather than letting the browser do it.

Serve Responsive Images

Several methods exist, to serve images adapted to the browser regardless of screen resolution or device pixel density. We recommend reading the following resources:

- "Responsive images" on the Mozilla Developer Network
- Picturefill, to start using the <picture> element in browsers that do not support it
- RICG, group of developers working on responsive images

Don't resize the following images:

- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]00x300.png (resized 2 times)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]ew-2-2.jpg (displayed size: 1366x391)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]Benner.jpg (resized 2 times)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]00x300.png (resized 3 times)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]00x300.png (resized 2 times)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]ew-3-2.jpg (displayed size: 1366x391)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]00x300.png (resized 2 times)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]ew-1-3.jpg (resized 2 times)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]00x300.png (resized 2 times)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]Benner.jpg (displayed size: 1366x396)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]ew-4-2.jpg (displayed size: 1366x391)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]00x300.png (resized 2 times)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]00x300.png (resized 2 times)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]00x300.png (resized 3 times)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]ew-7-1.jpg (displayed size: 1366x391)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/u[...]00x300.png (resized 3 times)



■ The PNG format is not the most suitable for 1 of your images

#2461

The choice of the right format for an image allows to reduce its weight.

The PNG format

The PNG image format is intended to the images requiring the transparency, or else to the small images having little details and colours.

Prefer the JPEG format...

The main problem of PNG format is to not support quality loss. Indeed, a format such as JPEG offers to "downgrade" the quality of the image without being perceived by the user. Doing so, you can reduce the quality of the image of about 25% whithout the user realizes it.

An image with an consequent weight will be therefore better compressed by using the JPEG format.

...or the PNG-8 format

In the case where your image necessarly requires using the transparency mecanism, not borne by the JPEG format, you should convert your "standard" PNG image, into PNG-8. This format, based upon a 256 color palette maximum allows to decrease the weight of the image whithout significantly affecting its overall quality. Tools such as pngquant or else tinypng will suport you in this procedure.

At last, if the quality given by the PNG-8 format is not appropriate for your image, you can get information on the possible advanced technics to get this behaviour without having an image in PNG format. For example, it is possible to halve your image in 2 JPEG images, one including the transparency data and the other one including the data related to the colours, and to gather the image on the customer's side with a CANVAS element.

For further information, please visit this article about image compression.

It seems that the JPEG format is the most suitable for the following images:

• mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/20[...]14h17m28s894.png (1.6MB)

0/100

Minify JavaScript

#2388

Compacting JavaScript code can save many bytes of data and speed up downloading, parsing, and execution time.

Minify JavaScript for the following resources to reduce their size by 330.8KiB (24% reduction).

- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].2.1 could save 247.8KiB (33% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].6.2 could save 59.4KiB (42% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]er=1 could save 4.9KiB (42% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]2.22 could save 4.5KiB (4% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]=3.5 could save 3.5KiB (15% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].3.2 could save 3.5KiB (25% reduction).
 Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]12.1 could save 2.6KiB (13% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]er=1 could save 2.0KiB (34% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].6.2 could save 1.5KiB (24% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]2.22 could save 1.3KiB (1% reduction).

There are many tools to minify JavaScript files. You can try YUI Compressor or JSMin, recommended by Google.

W Several great plugins are also available for WordPress to handle the minify. You can consider especially the popular WP Rocket or W3 Total Cache plugins.



10 images (1.1MB) are loaded too early

#2446

Load images above the fold line first, that means all the images that are visible without any scroll of the page by the visitor.

Webpage and images

Images commonly represent more than 60% of the total weight of webpages. By loading initially the only images that are visible without page scrolling, you'll reduce bandwidth consumption as for your server and your visitors. If an image has to display after any visitor's action (as scrolling), then you'd better load it on demand, when necessary (lazyloading).

How to set up lazyloading?

You can get information concerning the features and plugins proposed by your page's frameworks/CMS. You should find some easy-to-set solutions.

If you have to implement lazy-loading yourself, the simplest way may be to activate the native feature introduced by Chrome in 2019: on all targeted images, add loading="lazy". The feature is implemented by recent browsers or will be in the near future. In the meantime: on browsers that don't support native lazy-load, the attribute will have no effect.

Example

Native lazy-loading, however, is the solution that offers the least control, and is sometimes far too eager, loading images that do not require to be loaded so soon (read more).

Some Javascript libraries could help you implement lazyloading with more granularity.

With WordPress, you could install one of these extensions dedicated to images lazyloading.

On this page, 10 images can be lazyloaded.

- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/8-300x300.png
- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/12/Konica-3202-300x300.png
- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/circle-map-1.png
- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/3-300x300.png
- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/2-300x300.png
 https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/1-300x300.png
- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/4-300x300.png
- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/5-300x300.png
- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/Slider-3-300x300.png
- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/6-300x300.png

If the early loading of some of these images is justified, although they are not immediately visible, you can add the attribute <code>loading="eager"</code> to them, which clearly specifies this behavior.

Example

60/100

Minify CSS

#2387

Compacting CSS code can save many bytes of data and speed up download and parse times.

Minify CSS for the following resources to reduce their size by 56.2KiB (17% reduction).

- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].6.2 could save 33.4KiB (16% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].6.2 could save 10.5KiB (22% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]2.22 could save 9.2KiB (16% reduction).
- Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...].8.7 could save 1.8KiB (29% reduction).
 Minifying mehtaindia.com/wp-[...]=3.5 could save 1.3KiB (20% reduction).

There are many tools to minify CSS files. You can try YUI Compressor or cssmin.js, recommended by Google.

Several great plugins are also available for WordPress to handle the minify. You can consider especially the popular
 WP Rocket or W3 Total Cache plugins.

Minify HTML

#2364

Compacting HTML code, including any inline JavaScript and CSS contained in it, can save many bytes of data and speed up download and parse times.

Minify HTML for the following resources to reduce their size by 8.9KiB (7% reduction).

• Minifying https://mehtaindia.com/ could save 8.9KiB (7% reduction).

W Several great plugins are also available for WordPress to handle the minify. You can consider especially the popular WP Rocket or W3 Total Cache plugins.

Did you know?

#2415

1 domain sends 78 bytes of cookies

HTTP cookies are used to track a user to costumize the page according to their profile. They are sent as a HTTP header from the web server to the browser. Then, each time the browser accesses to the server, it sends a request containing the cookie received at the first response. See more information.

Here, 1 domain sends 78 bytes of cookies:

Domain name: mehtaindia

• PHPSESSID: 78 bytes distributed on 3 request(s)

Well done, these best practices are respected

100/100

All your resources are served from a consistent URL

#2325

Resources with identical content should be served from the same URL to avoid duplicate downloads and additional requests.

Different URLs for the same resource

If you use different URLs to serve identical content, browsers have to request this content from the server several times, and your page will trigger unnecessary requests for data. If the same URL is used, the browser will only send one request and will use the response wherever the resource is requested. You should also use the same URL to reference the same content on several pages to benefit from the cache mechanism.

How to fix this?

Serve each resource from a unique URL. If you have to request the same resource several times, the same URL should be used to retrieve it every time.



2 static resources contain 52 bytes of cookies

#2414

You send some unnecessary data on the network through cookies on static resources.

Cookies and static resources

Cookies are used to customize the content of a page depending on the user profile. There is no need to send this kind of information when requesting resources that deliver always the same content (static resources).

The requests to images, JavaScript or CSS resources do not need to use cookies.

How to fix the issue?

Do not use cookies on static resources requests. However, some domain names require the sending of cookies on all resources. In that case, you can create another domain name that will deliver your static resources. Example: static.mydomain.com

You should stop serving the following resources with cookies:

- mehtaindia.com/wp-conten[...]lcon.png (26 bytes of cookies)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-conten[...]ader.gif (26 bytes of cookies)

100/100

▼ This page does not send cookies > 100kB

#2450

Keep the size of cookies as low as possible to minimize the impact on the loading time.

HTTP cookies are used to track a user to customize the page according to their profile. They are sent as an HTTP header from the web server to the browser. Then, each time the browser accesses to the server, it sends a request containing the cookie received at the first response. See more information.

100/100

▼ This page does not send too many cookies

#2453

Keep the size of cookies as low as possible to minimize the impact on the loading time.

HTTP cookies are used to track a user to customize the page according to their profile. They are sent as an HTTP header from the web server to the browser. Then, each time the browser accesses to the server, it sends a request containing the cookie received at the first response. See more information.

Here are listed the 78 bytes of cookies used on this page:

• PHPSESSID: 78 bytes distributed on 3 request(s) (domain name: mehtaindia)

100/100

2 image(s) use the GIF format properly

#2465

Choosing a suitable format can dramatically reduce the weight of an image.

The GIF format

The GIF format is suitable for small animated images (< 100kb). If you do not use animation, the PNG and JPEG formats will be more suitable and lighter, once optimized. Replace each animated content with an ">video> element containing an MPEG-4/H.264 ">video>"

```
<video loop="loop" poster="video_poster.jpg">
<source src="video.mp4" type="video/mp4">
</video>
```

Exemple

The GIF images of this page have not a negative impact.

▼ Redirects are lightweight

#2486

An HTTP redirect's content is not used by web browsers. So, it provides an unnecessary weight that should be as small as possible.

Redirects on the web

Redirects can be temporary (302 HTTP code) or permanent (301).

This mechanism is for example used for secondary domains (.net to .com), the language detection mechanisms, etc.

How to fix the issue?

First, ensure that the redirect is unavoidable. In this case, it is necessary to reduce or completely remove the contents of the server responses for redirects.

A redirect should be < 1kB.

There isn't too heavy redirect.

100/100

▼ HTTP error responses are lightweight

#2487

The content of a HTTP error response is not used by web browsers. So, it provides an unnecessary weight that should be as small as possible.

Responses in error on the web

The resources that can be reached by the browser return a HTTP code between 400 and 599.

How to fix the issue?

First, you have to avoid requesting resources that return an error. Moreover, reduce or completely remove the contents of the server error responses.

A response error should be < 10kB.

There is no heavy resource in error.

100/100

▼ The favicon is lightweight

#2490

The favicon must be as lightweight as possible.

The favicon on the web

This small image allows you to display a logo on the browser tabs for instance.

How to fix the issue?

A favicon should be < 10kB.

The favicon (https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/favicon.png) isn't too heavy (3kB).



Your Optimization Priorities

6/100

Group 38 JavaScript files

#2418

Each HTTP request affects the performance of your webpage (e.g., roundtrip time and bandwidth usage).

For example, it is better to request a unique 50 kB file instead of requesting 10 files that are 5 kB in size.

How should I distribute scripts?

Distribute your scripts by integrating them directly into your HTML or grouping them in files. We recommend using the latter method to take advantage of caching mechanisms.

You should consider grouping the following resources:

- mehtaindia.com/wp-includes/js/jquery/jq[...]y.min.js?ver=3.5.1
- mehtaindia.com/wp-includes/js/jquery/jq[...]e.min.js?ver=3.3.2
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion[...]opper.min.js?ver=1
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion[...]strap.min.js?ver=1
- and 34 others

25/100

Group 29 CSS files

#2419

Each HTTP request affects the performance of your webpage (e.g., roundtrip time and bandwidth usage).

For example, it is better to request a unique 50 kB file instead of requesting 10 files that are 5 kB in size.

How should I distribute styles?

Distribute your styles by integrating them directly into your HTML or grouping them in files. We recommend using the latter method to take advantage of caching mechanisms.

You should consider grouping the following resources:

- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/wooco[...]tyle.css?ver=3.1.0
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/conta[...]yles.css?ver=5.3.2
- mehtaindia.com/wp-includes/css/dist/blo[...].min.css?ver=5.6.2
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/albio[...].min.css?ver=5.6.2
- and 25 others

Did you know?

#2543

Resources distribution by domain

This page loads data from 4 domains. This best practice retrieves the following metrics for each of these domains:

- Loading Time (Cumulative): total time spent to load all the resources
- Server Time (Cumulative): total time spent to retrieve the responses from the server (TCP connection + wait for first byte)
- Weight: data amount loaded
- Number of requests

Here is the list of all the domains used by the page:

Domain	Time (ms)	Server Time (ms)	Weight (kB)	Requests
mehtaindia.com	252782	38849	10510	110
fonts.gstatic.com	8349	2199	159	9
fonts.googleapis.com	699	589	5	4
use.fontawesome.com	1308	894	5	1

Well done, these best practices are respected



✓ No redirect detected

#2339

The redirects trigger avoidable roundtrips on the network and increase the page loading time.

HTTP redirects

The HTTP redirects inform the browser that the desired content is accessible from a different URL. They trigger a new HTTP request to retrieve the target resource and return an HTTP code between 300 and 399. See the specifications of HTTP redirects.

How to solve the issue?

Allow the user to directly access your content without redirects, or determine and improve what causes these excessive loading times on your redirects. See recommendations from Google.

This page does not use redirects before accessing the right content.

100/100

Only reachable resources are requested

#2344

You should avoid requesting unreachable resources.

All of the page's resources are reachable.

These errors can affect content on and behaviors of your website and cause unnecessary network traffic, which affects the loading time of your page.

100/100

✓ You do not use too much "prefetch" on the links

#2403

No resource is prefetched on this page.

You should limit the number of prefetched requests to avoid network congestion. Identify your users' behavior to prefetch the most requested resources.

Note that some browsers automatically block the number of prefetched resources. For instance, Internet Explorer 11 limits this mechanism to 10 requests.



You use CSS sprites

#2442

Combining images into CSS sprites reduces the number of files the browser has to download and accelerates the loading

CSS sprites explained

A CSS sprite is a single file in which several smaller images are grouped and positioned one beside the other. You can display each small image in your page by applying CSS styles, and a single request is necessary to recover all the images. Use this method only for small images, such as icons, so the CSS sprite is not too heavy.

Example

Here is a CSS sprite example :









The page also applies the styles associated with the sprite:

```
background-image: url(img/sprite.png);
  background-repeat: no-repeat;
  display: block;
.sprite-browsers-firefox {
  width: 31px;
  height: 28px;
  background-position: -74px 0;
}
```

Then you have just to define the right class in your HTML file, and the icon appears:

```
<span class="sprite sprite-browsers-firefox"></span>
```

How should I create CSS sprites?

Their creation can be complex, so we recommend using tools that easily generate them for you. Here are a few sprite generators:

- https://draeton.github.io/stitches/
- http://spritegen.website-performance.org/

100/100

None of your images uses only one color

#2466

One request to an image composed of a unique color unnecessarily increases the data amount transmitted on the network.

Fetching an image composed of a single color is useless. CSS styles can achieve the same result in a more efficient way.

For instance, to draw a simple circle, you can use the following code:

```
#myElement {
background:#ff0000;
border-radius:50%;
width:160px;
height:160px;
```

All the images of this page are composed of several colors.

Your Optimization Priorities

0/100 #2515

7 CSS properties are overridden by shorthands

CSS has some pitfalls that can cause side effects on your styles.

Override CSS properties

When a property is used 2 times within a CSS rule, the second one overrides the first.

CSS provides some shorthand properties, that can lead to some mistakes. For instance, the "border" property is applied to all borders of an element, avoiding the use of all "border-top", "border-right", "border-left" and "border-bottom" properties.

For instance:

```
.myClass {
    border-color:red;
    border:5px solid; // border will take again the default color
}
```

"border-color" is overridden by the "border" shorthand property.

Avoid side effects

The use of shorthand properties is risky, because it comes with an implicit override. If the resulting style on your page is the desired one, you should delete the overridden property (it will also reduce the file size).

The following files include a property overridden by a shorthand property:

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]/style.css?ver=5.6.2

• .cart-table table thead tr th: "border-bottom" resets "border-bottom-width" property set earlier (line 9179, col 1)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/cool-tim[...]ntal.min.css?ver=3.5

- .cool-timeline-horizonta[...]-design-7 .ctl-main-story-date:after : "background" resets "background-color" property set earlier (line 1, col 11394)
- .cool-timeline-horizonta[...]-design-7 .ctl-main-story-date:after : "background" resets "background-color" property set earlier (line 1, col 11394)
- .cool-timeline-horizonta[...]-design-7 .ctl-main-story-date:after : "background" resets "background-color" property set earlier (line 1, col 11394)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/elemento[...]d.min.css?ver=2.9.14

- .swiper-button-next: "background" resets "background-size" property set earlier (line 2, col 84598)
- swiper-button-prev: "background" resets "background-size" property set earlier (line 2, col 84598)
- .swiper-lazy-preloader:after: "background" resets "background-size" property set earlier (line 2, col 95862)

0/100 #2556

43 CSS selectors are duplicated

Using several times the same selector for several declarative blocks within a single CSS file can affect the readability and maintainability of the code. It is also an optimization opportunity: by grouping these elements within a single rule, you will reduce the file size and optimize the rendering times.

The CSS Object Model (CSSOM)

The CSS rules allow to select elements from the HTML code in order to apply styling properties.

In order to do that, the browser constructs its own model of the CSS markup it has fetched: the CSS Object Model. This transformation takes several steps: reading the file, converting the strings of text into browser tokens, transforming these tokens into objects with properties and rules and organizing the elements in a tree-like model. These operations will take place more quickly if the CSS code is written in a simple and non-redundant way.

How to improve the CSS rules?

For maintenance as well as performance, you have to reduce the number of rules contained into your CSS files and group rules whenever it's possible. For instance, the following rules:

myClass {



```
margin: 0;
}
...
.myClass{
border: 1px solid black;
}
```

Should be merged into a single one:

```
.myClass {
    margin: 0;
    border: 1px solid black;
}
```

If the duplication is the result of a legacy process or is justified for maintenance reasons, you can consider using a CSS minification tool able to do automatically this improvement.

You can save 2524 characters. The following files define the same selector in different rules:

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]/style.css?ver=5.6.2

```
• .blog-details .blog-details-content h3 (2 times)
```

- screen-reader-text (2 times)
- .gallery-caption (2 times)
- .blog-sidebar .widget (2 times)
- .woocommerce-error, .woocommerce-info, .woocommerce-message (2 times)
- .shop-sidebar .widget h3 (2 times)
- .shop-sidebar .widget_to[...] .product_list_widget li::last-child (2 times)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/revslide[...]s/rs6.css?ver=6.2.22

- rs-module-wrap (2 times)
- rs-carousel-wrap (2 times)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/cool-tim[...]ntal.min.css?ver=3.5

- .cool-timeline-horizonta[...]l.slick-slider .slick-list li:before (2 times)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal .wrp-desgin-4 ul.slick-slider (2 times)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/elemento[...]nd.min.css?ver=2.9.2

- .elementor-flip-box_layer_title (2 times)
- .elementor-headline-anim[...]I .elementor-headline-dynamic-letter (2 times)

mehta india.com/wp-content/uploads/elemento[...]l.css?ver=1596522923

- .elementor-widget-wc-arc[...]ts ul.products li.product .price del (2 times)
- .elementor-widget-woocom[...]ts ul.products li.product .price del (2 times)
- .elementor-widget-woocom[...]ts ul.products li.product .price del (2 times)
- .elementor-widget-wc-pro[...]ts ul.products li.product .price del (2 times)
- .elementor-widget-woocom[...]ts ul.products li.product .price del (2 times)
- .elementor-widget-woocom[...]ts ul.products li.product .price del (2 times)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/html5-vi[...]er-style.css?ver=1.4

- .plyr:-ms-fullscreen.plyr--vimeo .plyr__video-wrapper (2 times)
- @media (min-width:1024px[...].plyr:-ms-fullscreen .plyr_captions (2 times)
- .plyr:-ms-fullscreen (2 times)
- .plyr:-webkit-full-screen video (2 times)
- .plyr:-ms-fullscreen video (2 times)
- .plyr:-webkit-full-screen .plyr_video-wrapper (2 times)
- .plyr:-ms-fullscreen .plyr__video-wrapper (2 times)
- .plyr:-webkit-full-screen.plyr--vimeo .plyr__video-wrapper (2 times)
- and 8 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/elemento[...]d.min.css?ver=2.9.14

• .elementor-slideshow_footer (2 times)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]er.min.css?ver=5.6.2

• .odometer.odometer-auto-[...]me, .odometer.odometer-theme-default (2 times)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]onsive.css?ver=5.6.2

- @media only screen and ([...]ax-width: 767px) .woocommerce-topbar (2 times)
- @media only screen and ([...]-topbar .woocommerce-topbar-ordering (2 times)



- @media only screen and (max-width: 767px) .cart-totals (2 times)
- @media only screen and (max-width: 767px) .order-details (2 times)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]/style.css?ver=3.1.0

- .wc-block-components-checkout-form (2 times)
- wc-block-components-review-list-item meta (2 times)

0/100 #2516

230 CSS selectors are too complex

Using simple CSS selectors improves your code's readability and performance.

CSS rules

The CSS rules allow to select elements from the HTML code, and to apply layout properties.

They use selectors (identifiers, classes, tag names, etc.) for selecting the HTML elements. A well-structured page allows writing simple CSS rules, quickly readable and efficient.

How to improve it?

Simplify your selectors as much as possible. Do not hesitate to introduce new classes in your code to avoid complex selectors.

For instance, the following selector:

```
body td .myClass2 span .myClass3 {}

Should be replaced by:

#myld .myClass3 {}

Example
```

The following files define too complex CSS selectors:

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]/style.css?ver=5.6.2

- .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li .dropdown-menu li ...
- .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li .dropdown-menu li ...
- .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li .dropdown-menu li ...
- sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li .dropdown-menu li ...
- ... sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li .dropdown-menu li ...
- .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li ...
- .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li .dropdown-menu li ...
 .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li .dropdown-menu li ...
- and 43 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]anmenu.css?ver=5.6.2

- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li li li li a
- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li li li li li a

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 9)

- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-5 .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-s...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-6 .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-s...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-list li.slick-...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-3 .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-li...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-4 .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-li...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-3 .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-li...
 .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-4 .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-li...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick...
- and 4 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/cool-tim[...]ntal.min.css?ver=3.5

- .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-5 .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-li...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-6 .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-li...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-5 .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-li...
 .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-6 .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-li...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-list li.slick-...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-list li.slick-...
- .cool-timeline-horizontal .clt_caru_slider ul.slick-slider .slick-list li.slick-...



- .cool-timeline-horizontal.dark-timeline .clt caru slider ul.slick-slider .slick-...
- and 17 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]onsive.css?ver=5.6.2

- .products-details-tab .tab_content .tabs_item .products-details-tab-content .pro...
- .products-details-tab .tab_content .tabs_item .products-details-tab-content .pro...
- .products-details-tab .tab_content .tabs_item .products-details-tab-content .pro...
- $\bullet \quad .products\text{-}details\text{-}tab_content_tabs_item_products\text{-}details\text{-}tab\text{-}content_pro...} \\$
- .products-details-tab .tab_content .tabs_item .products-details-tab-content .pro...

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 4)

- .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li ...
- .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li .dropdown-menu li ...
- .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li ...
- .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li .dropdown-menu li ...
- .sparsity-nav .navbar .navbar-nav .nav-item .dropdown-menu li ...
- and 124 others

The other tips

0/100

The !important declaration is used 465 times

#2517

If you abuse of this declaration, you should consider a review of your CSS code. We tolerate 10 occurrences of the !important declaration before penalizing your score.

Here are the !important detected:

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 6)

• .woocommerce-product-gallery {opacity: 1 !important} (line 1, col 31)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]anmenu.css?ver=5.6.2

- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li li a {text-shadow: none !imp... (line 99, col 2)
- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li a.mean-expand {padding: 12px... (line 133, col 2)
- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li a.mean-expand {border: none ... (line 141, col 2)
- .mean-remove {display: none !important} (line 168, col 2)

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 8)

- .btn-primary:hover {background-color: #dd3333 !important} (line 55, col 2)
- .go-top::before {background-color: #dd3333 !important} (line 58, col 2)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]up.min.css?ver=5.6.2

- .mfp-wrap {outline: none !important} (line 1, col 193)
- .mfp-hide {display: none !important} (line 1, col 1157)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]el.min.css?ver=5.6.2

• .owl-carousel .owl-nav button.owl-next, .owl-carousel .owl-n... (line 6, col 1398)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]select.css?ver=5.6.2

- .nice-select {text-align: left !important} (line 20, col 3)
- .nice-select.wide .list {left: 0 !important} (line 76, col 7)
- .nice-select.wide .list {right: 0 !important} (line 77, col 7)
- .nice-select .list:hover .option:not(:hover) {background-col... (line 116, col 7)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]mmerce.css?ver=4.4.1

- .screen-reader-text {position: absolute!important} (line 1, col 1180)
- .screen-reader-text {word-wrap: normal!important} (line 1, col 1218)



- .woocommerce a.remove {color: red!important} (line 1, col 2243)
- .woocommerce a.remove:hover {color: #fff!important} (line 1, col 2337)
- .woocommerce form .form-row .required {border: 0!important} (line 1, col 28739)
- .woocommerce-no-js form.woocommerce-form-coupon, .woocommerc... (line 1, col 36668)
- .woocommerce-no-js .showcoupon, .woocommerce-no-js .woocomme... (line 1, col 36824)
- .woocommerce-error li, .woocommerce-info li, .woocommerce-me... (line 1, col 37706)
- and 3 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]/style.css?ver=5.6.2

- button {outline: 0 !important} (line 67, col 3)
- .btn {opacity: 1 !important} (line 217, col 3)
- .btn-primary:hover, .btn-primary:focus {color: #ffffff !impo... (line 232, col 3)
- .btn-primary:hover, .btn-primary:focus {-webkit-box-shadow: ... (line 233, col 3)
- .btn-primary:hover, .btn-primary:focus {box-shadow: unset !i... (line 234, col 11)
- .sparsity-nav .navbar .others-options .btn-primary:hover {co... (line 714, col 3)
- .navbar-area.is-sticky, .navbar-area.navbar-bg {background: ... (line 771, col 3)
- .navbar-area.is-sticky .sparsity-nav .navbar .others-options... (line 825, col 3)
- and 123 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/cool-tim[...]ttyPhoto.css?ver=3.5

- .pp_gallery .pp_arrow_previous, .pp_gallery .pp_arrow_next {... (line 141, col 59)
- #pp_full_res {line-height: 1!important} (line 147, col 14)
- div.light_rounded .pp_gallery a.pp_arrow_previous, div.light... (line 157, col 377)
- .pp_pic_holder {left: 50% !important} (line 173, col 21)
- .pp_pic_holder {width: 400px !important} (line 173, col 43)
- .pp_pic_holder {margin-left: -200px !important} (line 173, col 69)
- div.pp_default .pp_content_container .pp_right {padding-righ... (line 174, col 53)
- .pp_content, #pp_full_res img {width: 100%!important} (line 175, col 36)
- and 9 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/cool-tim[...]ntal.min.css?ver=3.5

- .cool-timeline .stopanimation {animation-fill-mode: none!imp... (line 1, col 437)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal .ctl_slideshow ul li {margin: 0!im... (line 1, col 681)
- .ht-design-6 h2.content-title-simple a {color: rgba(255,255,... (line 1, col 2364)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-4 span.custom_story_lbl,... (line 1, col 2524)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.dark-timeline .wrp-desgin-4 ul.sli... (line 1, col 2654)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.light-timeline .wrp-desgin-4 ul.sl... (line 1, col 2785)
- .ht-dates-design-6.slick-current .ctl-tooltips {display: blo... (line 1, col 4050)
- .ht-design-5 .clt_carousel_slider ul.ctl_h_nav:before, .ht-d... (line 1, col 4534)
- and 18 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-includes/css/dist/block-[...]le.min.css?ver=5.6.2

- .wp-block-button.no-border-radius, .wp-block-button_link.no... (line 1, col 938)
- .wp-block-column {flex-basis: 100%!important} (line 1, col 2951)
- .wp-block-column:not(:only-child) {flex-basis: calc(50% 1e... (line 1, col 3059)
- .wp-block-media-text.is-stacked-on-mobile {-ms-grid-columns:... (line 11, col 503)
- .wp-block-media-text.is-stacked-on-mobile {grid-template-col... (line 11, col 535)
 .wp-block-separator.is-style-dots {background: none!importan... (line 11, col 7146)
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/html5-vi[...]er-style.css?ver=1.4
 - .plyr:-webkit-full-screen {border-radius: 0!important} (line 1, col 18172)
 - .plyr:-ms-fullscreen {border-radius: 0!important} (line 1, col 18267)
 - .plyr:fullscreen {border-radius: 0!important} (line 1, col 18358)
 - .plyr:-webkit-full-screen {border-radius: 0!important} (line 1, col 19929)
 - .plyr:-moz-full-screen {border-radius: 0!important} (line 1, col 20567)
 - .plyr:-ms-fullscreen {border-radius: 0!important} (line 1, col 21182)
 - .plyr--fullscreen-fallback {border-radius: 0!important} (line 1, col 21789)
 - .plyr--no-transition {transition: none!important} (line 1, col 24614)
 - and 6 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]screen.css?ver=4.4.1

- .woocommerce table.shop_table_responsive tr td, .woocommerce... (line 1, col 623)
- .woocommerce table.shop_table_responsive tr td.order-actions... (line 1, col 777)
- .woocommerce ul.products[class*=columns-] li.product:nth-chi... (line 1, col 2348)
 .single-product .twentythirteen .panel {padding-left: 20px!i... (line 1, col 6702)
- .single-product .twentythirteen .panel {padding-right: 20px!... (line 1, col 6730)

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 7)

- .recentcomments a {display: inline !important} (line 1, col 19)
- .recentcomments a {padding: 0 !important} (line 1, col 45)



• .recentcomments a {margin: 0 !important} (line 1, col 66)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]layout.css?ver=4.4.1

- .twentyfourteen .tfwc .product .entry-summary {padding: 0!im... (line 1, col 15852)
- .twentyfourteen .tfwc .product .entry-summary {margin: 0 0 1... (line 1, col 15872)
- .single-product .twentyfifteen .entry-summary {padding: 0!im... (line 1, col 16882)

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 9)

- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-5 .clt_ca... (line 2, col 2996)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-5 .clt_ca... (line 2, col 3243)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-5 .clt_ca... (line 2, col 3467)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-5 .clt_ca... (line 2, col 3703)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-5 .clt_ca... (line 2, col 3950)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.dark-timeline.ht-design-5 .clt_car... (line 2, col 4126)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.dark-timeline.ht-design-5 .clt_car... (line 2, col 4369)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.dark-timeline.ht-design-5 .clt car... (line 2, col 4586)
- and 3 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/elemento[...]nd.min.css?ver=2.9.2

- .elementor-facebook-widget.fb_iframe_widget, .elementor-face... (line 2, col 154735)
- .elementor-widget-facebook-comments iframe {width: 100%!impo... (line 2, col 154914)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/elemento[...]d.min.css?ver=2.9.14

- .elementor-widget-icon-box .elementor-icon-box-icon {margin-... (line 2, col 52907)
- .elementor-widget-icon-box .elementor-icon-box-icon {margin-... (line 2, col 52934)
- .elementor-widget-image-box .elementor-image-box-img {margin... (line 2, col 60644)
- .elementor-widget-image-box .elementor-image-box-img {margin... (line 2, col 60671)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]te.min.css?ver=5.6.2

- .flipInX {-webkit-backface-visibility: visible!important} (line 11, col 30111)
- .flipInX {backface-visibility: visible!important} (line 11, col 30180)
- .flipInY {-webkit-backface-visibility: visible!important} (line 11, col 31590)
- .flipInY {backface-visibility: visible!important} (line 11, col 31659)
- .flipOutX {-webkit-backface-visibility: visible!important} (line 11, col 32401)
- .flipOutX {backface-visibility: visible!important} (line 11, col 32495)
- .flipOutY {-webkit-backface-visibility: visible!important} (line 11, col 33237)
 .flipOutY {backface-visibility: visible!important} (line 11, col 33331)
- and 4 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/revslide[...]s/rs6.css?ver=6.2.22

- .rs-p-wp-fix {display: none !important} (line 15, col 16)
- .rs-p-wp-fix {margin: 0 !important} (line 15, col 42)
- .rs-p-wp-fix {height: 0px !important} (line 15, col 64)
- rs-modal {position: fixed !important} (line 46, col 12)
 rs-modal {z-index: 9999999 !important} (line 46, col 40)
- rs-modal {pointer-events: none !important} (line 46, col 69)
- rs-module-wrap.rs-modal {max-height: 100% !important} (line 51, col 41)
- rs-module-wrap.rs-modal {overflow: auto !important} (line 51, col 70)
- and 84 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/newslett[...]/style.css?ver=6.8.7

• .tnp-comments input[type=checkbox] {width: auto!important} (line 309, col 5)

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 0)

- img.wp-smiley, img.emoji {display: inline !important} (line 4, col 2)
- img.wp-smiley, img.emoji {border: none !important} (line 5, col 2)
- img.wp-smiley, img.emoji {box-shadow: none !important} (line 6, col 2)
- img.wp-smiley, img.emoji {height: 1em !important} (line 7, col 2)
 img.wp-smiley, img.emoji {width: 1em !important} (line 8, col 2)
- img.wp-smiley, img.emoji {margin: 0 .07em !important} (line 9, col 2)
- img.wp-smiley, img.emoji {vertical-align: -0.1em !important} (line 10, col 2)
- img.wp-smiley, img.emoji {background: none !important} (line 11, col 2)
- img.wp-smiley, img.emoji {padding: 0 !important} (line 12, col 2)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]onsive.css?ver=5.6.2

- .feedback-item .client-info img {display: inline-block !impo... (line 416, col 5)
- blockquote, .blockquote {padding: 20px!important} (line 656, col 5)
- .comments-area .comments-title {font-size: 20px!important} (line 662, col 5)
- .comments-area .comments-title {margin-bottom: 20px!importa... (line 663, col 5)



- .page-title-content.text-left {text-align: center !important... (line 778, col 5)
- .widget-area .tagcloud a {font-size: 12px !important} (line 825, col 5)
- .cart-buttons .text-right {text-align: center !important} (line 1146, col 5)
- .feedback-item .client-info img {display: inline-block !impo... (line 1647, col 5)
- and 4 others

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 4)

- .wp-block-file .wp-block-file_button, .sparsity-nav .navbar... (line 6, col 336)
- .sticky .post-content .entry-meta li a:hover, .is-style-outl... (line 10, col 196)
- .btn-primary:hover, .btn-primary:focus, .navbar-area.is-stic... (line 30, col 212)
- #comments .comment-metadata a {color: #1c1b17 !important} (line 38, col 41)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]/style.css?ver=3.1.0

- .wc-block-suspense-placeholder {background-color: #e2e4e7!im... (line 1, col 596)
- .wc-block-suspense-placeholder {border-color: #e2e4e7!import... (line 1, col 631)
- .wc-block-suspense-placeholder {color: #e2e4e7!important} (line 1, col 662)
- .wc-block-grid_product-add-to-cart a, .wc-block-grid_produ... (line 1, col 1921)
- .wc-block-components-product-add-to-cart--placeholder .wc-bl... (line 1, col 9298)
- .wc-block-components-product-add-to-cart--placeholder .wc-bl... (line 1, col 9333)
- .wc-block-components-product-add-to-cart--placeholder .wc-bl... (line 1, col 9364)
- .wp-block-button.wc-block-components-product-button .wc-bloc... (line 1, col 10560)
- and 80 others

Separate the CSS styles from the HTML tags

#2383

Separating HTML tags and CSS directives improves code readability and promotes factorization.

How to define CSS styles

CSS styles are used to format the page. You can use one of three main methods to define them:

- declare styles in a specific CSS file;
- declare "inline" styles (<style> tag in your HTML template);
- declare styles with the "style" attribute of a HTML tag.

How can I improve my page?

We recommend grouping your CSS styles in <style> tags or in separate files. That way, the HTML is only responsible for providing the structure of the page, and its layout is outsourced. The <style> attribute should only be generated by some JavaScript code (e.g., if you need to know the screen size).

This page uses 6 style attribute(s):

<div class="webinar-video-image" style="background-image: url(https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/vlcsnap-2020-11-23-14h17m28s894.png)">

font-family: Arial;

- <div style="opacity:0" class="cool-timeline-horizontal white-timeline timeline-stories ht-design-6" id="ctl-horizontal-slider-6062f610e95b0" data-rtl="false" date-slider="ctl-h-slider-6062f610e95b0" data-nav="nav-slider-6062f610e95b0" data-items="4" data-start-on="0" data-autoplay="true" data-autoplay="true" data-autoplay-speed="3000">
-
-
-
- <call-us

style="position: fixed; left: 20px; bottom: 20px;

z-index: 99999;

- --call-us-form-header-background:#3e4095;
- --call-us-main-button-background:#0596d4;
- --call-us-client-text-color:#dd383c;
- --call-us-agent-text-color:#3e4095;
- --call-us-form-height:47.5vh;"

id="wp-live-chat-by-3CX"

channel-url="wss://chatserver001.3cx.net:443"

files...



1 CSS property is duplicated

#2527

Using several times the same property within a same CSS rule can affect the readability of the CSS. It is also an optimization opportunity: by removing duplicated properties, you will reduce the file size.

CSS properties

The CSS properties allow to apply a style to a set of elements. It is unnecessary to define 2 times the same property with the same value in a same rule.

How to improve it?

Remove one occurrence of the duplicated property. For example, the following properties:

```
.myClass {
margin: 10px;
...
margin: 10px;
}
```

Should be replaced by:

```
.myClass {
 margin: 10px;
}
```

The following files define the same property several times (with the same value) in a single rule:

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocommerce/as[...]oocommerce.css?ver=4.4.1

• .woocommerce #reviews #comments ol.commentlist li {border: 0} (line 1, col 18223)

Did you know?

#71

No HTML code is commented

Comments allow you to detail a portion of code and help you navigate more efficiently in the DOM. However, make sure no sensitive information is exposed in your comments.

Well done, none of your comments contains HTML code.

#2512

102 CSS properties are overridden

Generally, it is unnecessary to define 2 times the same property within the same rule: the second one overrides the first. This may affect the readability of CSS code. Eliminate unnecessarily overridden properties also reduce the file size.

How to improve it?

 $\label{lem:constraints} \mbox{Remove one occurrence of the duplicated property. For example, the following properties:}$

```
.myClass {
margin: 20px;
...
margin: 10px;
}
```

Should be replaced by:

```
.myClass {
 margin: 10px;
}
```

The following files define the same property several times in a single rule. Note that CSS fallbacks can justify a duplicated property.

Make sure that the following properties are duplicated on purpose:

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]anmenu.css?ver=5.6.2

- .mean-container a.meanmenu-reveal {font-size: 1px} (line 37, col 2)
- .mean-container .mean-na[...] {background: rgba(255,255,255,0.1)} (line 126, col 2)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]up.min.css?ver=5.6.2

• .mfp-zoom {cursor: zoom-in} (line 1, col 939)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]el.min.css?ver=5.6.2

• .owl-carousel.owl-grab {cursor: grab} (line 6, col 1765)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/elemento[...]nd.min.css?ver=2.9.2

- .elementor-posts-contain[...]tion: filter .3s,-webkit-filter .3s} (line 2, col 9670)
- .elementor-posts .elemen[...]perty: background,border,box-shadow} (line 2, col 10605)
- .elementor-posts .elemen[...]order,box-shadow,-webkit-box-shadow} (line 2, col 10654)
- .elementor-posts_hover-[...], width 1s cubic-bezier(0,.25,.07,1)} (line 2, col 18110)
- .elementor-posts_hover-[...]ier(0,.25,.07,1),-webkit-filter .3s} (line 2, col 18203)
- .elementor-portfolio-ite[...]nsition-property: transform,opacity} (line 2, col 20023)
- .elementor-portfolio-ite[...]transform,opacity,-webkit-transform} (line 2, col 20061)
- .elementor-flip-box--eff[...]ansform .7s,opacity .35s,width .1ms} (line 2, col 35346)
- and 31 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]mmerce.css?ver=4.4.1

- .woocommerce span.onsale {font-size: .857em} (line 1, col 10483)
- .woocommerce nav.woocomm[...]agination ul li span {padding: .5em} (line 1, col 12829)
- .woocommerce .woocommerc[...]s--phone::before {line-height: 1.75} (line 1, col 32271)
- .woocommerce .woocommerc[...]s--email::before {line-height: 1.75} (line 1, col 32606)
- .woocommerce .widget_lay[...]ul li a::before {margin-right: .5em} (line 1, col 34374)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/elemento[...]d.min.css?ver=2.9.14

- .elementor-ken-burns {tr[...]operty: transform,-webkit-transform} (line 2, col 11573)
- .elementor-element .elem[...]3s,border-radius .3s,box-shadow .3s} (line 2, col 38414)
- .elementor-element .elem[...]r-radius .3s,-webkit-box-shadow .3s} (line 2, col 38484)
- .elementor-widget .eleme[...]r-icon-list-item:after {right: -8px} (line 2, col 53973)
- .swiper-wrapper {transit[...]operty: transform,-webkit-transform} (line 2, col 83372)
- .swiper-container-autohe[...]ansition-property: transform,height} (line 2, col 84264)
- .swiper-container-autohe[...] transform,height,-webkit-transform} (line 2, col 84301)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]/style.css?ver=5.6.2

- .home-slides.owl-theme .[...]4s ease, -webkit-transform .4s ease} (line 1645, col 3)
- .home-slides.owl-theme .[...]4s ease, -webkit-transform .4s ease} (line 1658, col 3)
- .home-slides.owl-theme .[...]4s ease, -webkit-transform .4s ease} (line 1689, col 3)
- .home-slides.owl-theme .[...]4s ease, -webkit-transform .4s ease} (line 1702, col 3)
- #comments .no-comments, [...]ing-moderation {font-size: 0.875rem} (line 7226, col 3)
- .products_details div.pr[...] input.button.alt {font-weight: 600} (line 8793, col 3)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/revslide[...]s/rs6.css?ver=6.2.22

- .debugtimeline {display: none} (line 70, col 2)
- .tp-video-play-button {background: rgba(0,0,0,0.3)} (line 693, col 2)
- .tp-video-play-button {z-index: 4} (line 711, col 2)
- .rev-burger {-webkit-tap-highlight-color: transparent} (line 859, col 3)
- .rev-scroll-btn > * {color: #ffffff} (line 968, col 2)
- .rev-control-btn {background-color: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.50)} (line 1037, col 2)
- .tp-bullet {background: rgba(255,255,255,0.3)} (line 1383, col 80)
- .tparrows {background: rgba(0,0,0,0.5)} (line 1390, col 51)
- rs-loader.spinner10 .rs-[...]r-inner span {display: inline-block} (line 1458, col 4060)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/newslett[...]/style.css?ver=6.8.7

• .tnp-subscription input[[...]ription select {line-height: normal} (line 51, col 5)

mehtaindia.com/wp-includes/css/dist/block-[...]le.min.css?ver=5.6.2

• :root .has-link-color a [...] var(--wp--style--color--link,#00e)} (line 11, col 21677)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/html5-vi[...]er-style.css?ver=1.4

• .plyr--full-ui input[typ[...]ill-lower {background: currentColor} (line 1, col 9392)

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 5)

• .ctl-bullets-container {height: 70vh} (line 9, col 17)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]/style.css?ver=3.1.0

- .wc-block-link-button {text-decoration: underline} (line 1, col 303)
- wc-block-components-button:not(.is-link) {color: #fff} (line 1, col 19618)
- .wc-block-components-button:not(.is-link) {font-weight: 700} (line 1, col 19649)
- .wc-block-components-button:not(.is-link) {line-height: 1} (line 1, col 19703)
- .wc-block-components-but[...]ot(.is-link) {text-decoration: none} (line 1, col 19749)
- .wc-block-components-but[...]not(.is-link) {text-transform: none} (line 1, col 19770)
- .wc-block-components-but[...]onents-button_spinner {width: 100%} (line 1, col 20361)
- .wc-block-components-but[...]nents-button_spinner {height: 100%} (line 1, col 20372)
- and 20 others

#2513 **611 selectors are superfluous**

It's often inefficient to bring too much preciseness in CSS selectors. For example, in the following rule:

```
body div .myClass {}
```

The body element provides no details to select the desired tags. So you should prefer the following selector:

```
div .myClass {}
```

In the same way, you do not need to specify a selector if you specify a behind.

Here are listed the elements considered as potentially redundant: ul li , ol li , table tr , table tr , body .

The following files declar some useless selectors:

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]anmenu.css?ver=5.6.2

- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li (line 66, col 1)
- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li a i (line 72, col 1)
- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li a (line 76, col 1)
- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li a.active (line 88, col 1)
- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li li a (line 92, col 1)
- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li.mean-last a (line 105, col 1)
- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li li li a (line 109, col 1)
- .mean-container .mean-nav ul li li li li a (line 114, col 1)
- and 3 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]layout.css?ver=4.4.1

- .woocommerce #content div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li (line 1, col 4679)
- .woocommerce div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li (line 1, col 4679)
- .woocommerce-page #content div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li (line 1, col 4679)
- .woocommerce-page div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li (line 1, col 4679)
- .woocommerce ul.products li.product (line 1, col 6221)
- .woocommerce-page ul.products li.product (line 1, col 6221)
- woocommerce ul.products li.first (line 1, col 6388)
- .woocommerce-page ul.products li.first (line 1, col 6388)
- and 42 others

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 9)

- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-7 ul.slick-slider li a (line 2, col 5105)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-7 ul.slick-slider li:nth-chil... (line 2, col 5218)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-7 ul.slick-slider li .ctl-mai... (line 2, col 5347)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.white-timeline.ht-design-7 ul.slick-slider li:nth-chil... (line 2, col 5521)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/elemento[...]nd.min.css?ver=2.9.2

- .elementor ul li.elementor-portfolio__filter (line 2, col 21534)
- .woocommerce div.product.elementor form.cart table.variations tr (line 2, col 76991)
- .woocommerce div.product.elementor form.cart table.variations tr:not(:last-child... (line 2, col 77109)
- .woocommerce div.product.elementor ul.tabs li (line 2, col 90771)
- .woocommerce div.product.elementor ul.tabs li a (line 2, col 90827)
- woocommerce div.product.elementor ul.tabs li:after (line 2, col 90908)
- .woocommerce div.product.elementor ul.tabs li:before (line 2, col 90908)
- elementor-element.elementor-products-grid ul.products li.product (line 2, col 100574)

and 9 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/uploads/elemento[...]l.css?ver=1596522923

elementor-widget-wc-archive-products elementor-wc-products ul.products li.produ... (line 10, col 2350)
 elementor-widget-wc-archive-products elementor-wc-products ul.products li.produ... (line 10, col 2481)
 elementor-widget-wc-archive-products elementor-wc-products ul.products li.produ... (line 10, col 2613)
 elementor-widget-wc-archive-products elementor-wc-products ul.products li.produ... (line 10, col 2613)
 elementor-widget-wc-archive-products elementor-wc-products ul.products li.produ... (line 10, col 2897)
 elementor-widget-wc-archive-products elementor-wc-products ul.products li.produ... (line 10, col 3051)
 elementor-widget-wc-archive-products elementor-wc-products ul.products li.produ... (line 10, col 3160)
 elementor-widget-wc-archive-products elementor-wc-products ul.products li.produ... (line 10, col 3277)

• and 58 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]mmerce.css?ver=4.4.1

- body:not(.search-results) .twentysixteen .entry-summary (line 1, col 62331)
- .woocommerce div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li (line 1, col 6476)
- .woocommerce div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li a (line 1, col 6683)
- .woocommerce div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li a:hover (line 1, col 6826)
- .woocommerce div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li.active (line 1, col 6923)
- .woocommerce div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li.active a (line 1, col 7035)
- .woocommerce div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li.active::before (line 1, col 7132)
- .woocommerce div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li.active::after (line 1, col 7227)
- and 143 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/elemento[...]d.min.css?ver=2.9.14

- .elementor-slick-slider ul.slick-dots li (line 2, col 81095)
- .elementor-slick-slider ul.slick-dots li button (line 2, col 81232)
- .elementor-slick-slider ul.slick-dots li button:focus (line 2, col 81433)
- .elementor-slick-slider ul.slick-dots li button:hover (line 2, col 81433)
- .elementor-slick-slider ul.slick-dots li button:focus:before (line 2, col 81554)
- .elementor-slick-slider ul.slick-dots li button:hover:before (line 2, col 81554)
- .elementor-slick-slider ul.slick-dots li button:before (line 2, col 81686)
- .elementor-slick-slider ul.slick-dots li.slick-active button:before (line 2, col 81971)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]/style.css?ver=5.6.2

- .section-title ul li (line 203, col 1)
- .section-title ol li (line 203, col 1)
- .sparsity-responsive-nav .sparsity-responsive-menu.mean-container .mean-nav ul I... (line 1071, col 3)
- .sparsity-responsive-nav .sparsity-responsive-menu.mean-container .mean-nav ul l... (line 1074, col 3)
- sparsity-responsive-nav .sparsity-responsive-menu.mean-container .mean-nav ul I... (line 1077, col 3)
- .sparsity-responsive-nav .sparsity-responsive-menu.mean-container .mean-nav ul I... (line 1080, col 3)
 .sparsity-responsive-nav .sparsity-responsive-menu.mean-container .mean-nav ul I... (line 1083, col 3)
- .sparsity-responsive-nav .sparsity-responsive-menu.mean-container .mean-nav ul l... (line 1086, col 3)
- and 172 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/cool-tim[...]ttyPhoto.css?ver=3.5

- div.pp_default .pp_gallery ul li a (line 15, col 1)
- div.pp_default .pp_gallery ul li a:hover (line 153, col 1)
- div.pp_default .pp_gallery ul li.selected a (line 153, col 1)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/cool-tim[...]ntal.min.css?ver=3.5

- .cool-timeline-horizontal .ctl_slideshow ul li (line 1, col 634)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-7 ul.slick-slider li (line 1, col 10579)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-7 ul.slick-slider li:after (line 1, col 10650)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-7 ul.slick-slider li:before (line 1, col 10650)
 .cool-timeline-horizontal.ht-design-7 ul.slick-slider li a (line 1, col 10800)
- .ctl-popup-content ul li:not(.slick-slide) (line 1, col 12990)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal .content-details of li (line 1, col 13810)
- .cool-timeline-horizontal .content-details ul li (line 1, col 13810)
- and 3 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/newslett[...]/style.css?ver=6.8.7

- .tnp-subscription select option (line 62, col 1)
- .tnp-profile form select option (line 126, col 1)
- .tnp-widget select option (line 187, col 1)

mehtaindia.com/wp-includes/css/dist/block-[...]le.min.css?ver=5.6.2

• .wp-block-calendar table th (line 1, col 2086)

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]screen.css?ver=4.4.1



- .woocommerce table.shop_table_responsive tr (line 1, col 403)
- .woocommerce-page table.shop_table_responsive tr (line 1, col 403)
- .woocommerce table.shop_table_responsive tr td (line 1, col 510)
- .woocommerce table.shop_table_responsive tr td (line 1, col 510)
- .woocommerce-page table.shop_table_responsive tr td (line 1, col 510)
- .woocommerce-page table.shop_table_responsive tr td (line 1, col 510)
- .woocommerce table.shop_table_responsive tr td.order-actions (line 1, col 650)
- .woocommerce table.shop_table_responsive tr td.order-actions (line 1, col 650)
- and 28 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/as[...]onsive.css?ver=5.6.2

- table th (line 51, col 3)
- .projects-details-info ul li span (line 569, col 3)
- .page-title-content ul li (line 774, col 3)
- .widget-area .widget recent comments ul li (line 809, col 3)
- .widget-area .widget_recent_entries ul li (line 812, col 3)
- .widget-area .widget_archive ul li (line 815, col 3)
- .widget-area .widget_categories ul li (line 818, col 3)
- .widget-area .widget_meta ul li (line 821, col 3)
- and 18 others

https://mehtaindia.com/ (inline 4)

- .coming-soon-area .coming-soon-content .social ul li a:hover (line 4, col 9)
- .blog-sidebar .widget ul li::before (line 4, col 9)
- .shop-sidebar .widget ul li::before (line 4, col 9)
- .single-products .products-content ul li::before (line 4, col 9)
- .products_details div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li.active (line 4, col 9)
- .products_details div.product .woocommerce-tabs ul.tabs li.active a:hover (line 4, col 9)
- .woocommerce .woocommerce-MyAccount-navigation ul li.is-active a (line 4, col 9)
- .woocommerce .woocommerce-MyAccount-navigation ul li.is-active a (line 4, col 9)
- and 29 others

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocomme[...]/style.css?ver=3.1.0

- .wc-block-components-product-category-list ul li (line 1, col 11844)
- .wc-block-components-product-category-list ul li:after (line 1, col 11924)
- .wc-block-components-product-category-list ul li:last-child:after (line 1, col 11992)
- .wc-block-components-product-tag-list ul li (line 1, col 17546)
- .wc-block-components-product-tag-list ul li:after (line 1, col 17621)
- .wc-block-components-product-tag-list ul li:last-child:after (line 1, col 17684)
- table.wc-block-cart-items th (line 1, col 102323)



#2520

1 34% of the colors are used only once

The analysed page uses 701 different color codes within your own CSS files, and 236 of them are used only once (some might be very close to others, eg #FF0000 and #FE0000).

We recommend you to try to harmonize the colors of your website to simplify your CSS, but also to avoid inconsistencies in your UI.

The following colors are used only once:



Well done, these best practices are respected

100/100

You provide a favicon

#2379

Well done, you defined a favicon on this page.

Favicon is a small image providing an icon to a website. It's located in the root of your server and the browser will always request it. It is better not to respond with a 404 HTTP code (not found).

Moreover, this file will be asked on every requested web page, so make it cacheable: the client will request it only once. See more information.



▼ You do not gzip/deflate PNG images

#2398

Compression has a cost, on the server and the client browser. You should enable it only if it is effective.

PNG and compression

PNG images does not support gzip compression. It is useless to perform compression operations on server side, and decompression on client side for this kind of files.

This page does not compress images. This is a best practice.

100/100

▼ The extensions of your resources are consistent

#2448

The extension of a resource allows to identify easily its content type. You have no reason to indicate a different extension of the actual content type of the resource.

For instance, the file resource.js must use a Content-Type HTTP header equal to application/javascript. You can check the Content-Type HTTP header value using a debugger tool (e.g.: DevTools on Chrome).

100/100

All resources define their content type

#2449

Each resource should define its content type in order to facilitate their interpretation by web browsers.

You have no reason to hide the type of a resource.

We advise you to set the "Content-Type" HTTP header on every resources of the page.

100/100

✓ IDs within your HTML code are unique

#2491

Using the same ID on several elements can have side effects, especially during JavaScript executions or when applying CSS rules.

IDs explained

Each element of a web page can be identified thanks to the id attribute:

```
<span id="mySpan1"></span>
```

These IDs allow you to manipulate your elements with CSS or JavaScript instructions.

How to properly use IDs?

You must ensure identifiers are not duplicated within the page. If you want to share a property or a behavior between multiple items, you have to use the class attribute, which is dedicated to this purpose:

```
<span class="mySpans"></span><span class="mySpans"></span><</p>
```



0/100

Add <h1> title in your content

#78

We recommend putting page keywords in at least the h1 and h2 tags. Search engines use the h1, h2, and h3 tags for SEO purposes.

This page contains:

- 24 <h2> element(s)
- 2 <h3> element(s)

0/100

You should define a 'description' meta tag

#84

The page should define a unique description.

groceries and general home and garden items. Region 1

Description in search engines

The description of the page may be directly displayed in search engine results pages (SERP):

Amazon.com: Online Shopping for Electronics, Apparel, Computers ...
https://www.amazon.com/ ▼ Traduire cette page
Online retailer of books, movies, music and games along with electronics, toys, apparel, sports, tools

It allows you to control at best the entry preview in search engines, and to improve the click rate to your page. Learn more.

How to define a page's description?

Use <meta name="description" content="page description"> and place it in the <head> tag.

This page uses WordPress, which does not handle of the description natively. You should use a plugin for adding it.

No <meta> $\frac{\text{description}}{\text{description}}$ has been found on this page. Please provide a <meta> $\frac{\text{description}}{\text{description}}$.

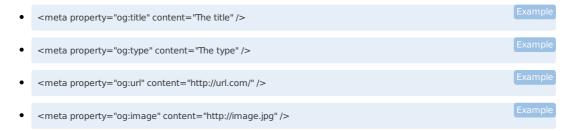
0/100 #2399

Your site doesn't use Open Graph properties

You can help social networks understand information related to the page by using Open Graph properties.

The Open Graph properties explained

Several properties allow social networks to learn more about the page's content. We recommend using at least the required properties:



This information is used to improve links between your page and various social networks, including Facebook. Read more about Open Graph here.

This page does not provide information to social networks.

Did you know?

#2457

This page contains 64 links

Two kind of links exist:

- Internal links that refer to pages with the same domain name;
- External links that point to other websites (must be relevant and point towards quality content).

If you reference many links, you can ask the SEO crawlers to consider only some of them, by adding the rel=nofollow attribute to the irrelevant ones (e.g., advertisements).

Here is the distribution of 64 links present in the page:

- 63 internal links (98,44%)
- 1 "follow" external link (1,56%)
- No "nofollow" external link (0,00%)

Well done, these best practices are respected

100/100

▼ Your tags use an alt attribute

#60

Moreover, the alt attribute is also an important criterion for SEO. Indeed, search engines crawlers cannot parse graphic contents. That is why they use the alternative text to return consistent results, like in Google images.

Exampl

The alt attribute is used in several cases unrelated to SEO:

- When a screen reader is in use for accessibility purposes;
- While image is loading, particularly for slow connections;
- When the image file is not found.

You have 23 img tags and they all have the alt attribute.

If you cannot think of a suitable description for an image, set the text to an empty string "". Make an effort to ensure that as many images as possible on the page include a relevant alternative. Read the W3C recommendations here.

100/100

▼ This page uses only standard image formats

#81

The images that use a non-standard format may not be indexed by search engines.

Only these image formats are considered standard on the web: jpeg, jpg, png, gif, svg, ico, webp. You should consider an alternative to any other format.

Moreover, remember to treat the text around your images: some search engines analyze approximately the 10 words preceding and following the image in order to add a context to the image.

100/100

▼ This page specifies a <title> tag

#83

The page should define a unique title (using a <title> tag).

Use of titles by search engines

Once properly configured, the page title can be displayed in the search engine results page:

Amazon.com: Online Shopping for Electronics, Apparel, Computers ...
https://www.amazon.com/ ▼ Traduire cettle page
Online retailer of books, movies, music and games along with electronics, toys, apparel, sports, tools, groceries and general home and garden items. Region 1 ...

Using a suitable title is a major criterion for SEO. It allows you to control at best what is displayed in search results pages and determine the keywords you want your site pops out.

How to define the title of a web page?



The title of the page is specified into the <title> tag, which must be placed into the <head> tag, at the beginning of the code.

This page defines the title trough the title tag.

Here is the page's title:

Mehta India

100/100

✓ You do not use query strings in the URL

#90

This URL does not contain any parameter.

A URL should be as readable as possible. For instance, http://example.com?userld=332&group=MyGroup is less readable than http://example.com/mygroup/me.

100/100

The words are well separated in this URL

#2345

You should prefer the use of dashes in the URL.

URL and SEO

The words in the URL are among the many factors impacting the SEO: if you search the words web performance in a search engine, one criterion used by Google will be to check if the URL contains the words performance and web.

But for Google, underscores are not word separators: If your URL contains web_performance it will not help to highlight the page on the query web performance (web_performance is regarded as a unique word).

This behavior is however not common to all search engines. For example, Bing does not differentiate dashes and underscores.

Please note that Google does not penalize you for using an underscore in the URL.

How to resolve the issue?

We recommend using - instead of _ on your new web pages.

This is more complex fix the issue on existing web pages, such as the one analyzed here, because you can't just rename the URL (you will lose all your SEO efforts). It is then necessary to set up a permanent redirect (HTTP code 301) retaining the old URL, that forwards to the new URL. Beware: many redirects on your site can also affect the visibility of your web pages. So do not use redirects if the number of relevant pages remains limited.

This URL respects the tip.

100/100

▼ Your <title> tag is an appropriate length

#2444

This page defines one title which contains less than 75 characters (see more information):

Mehta India

The longer your title is, the more your chances are to see the search engines to truncate it or even to select another one from your page content.

100/100

#2467



✓ None of your titles are empty

<h1> , <h2> and <h3> tags should contain keywords related to the content.

The titles included on this page provide content.

100/100

✓ robots.txt file is well defined

#2503

Indicate to web crawlers which URLs should be explored on your website.

The robots.txt file

Place your robots.txt file in the root of the website. It will be interpreted by the robots in charge of your SEO. It delivers instructions to specify the pages to explore by robots, like Google bot.

Note that these directives are indicative only. A lambda robot will not be blocked by the restrictions specified by the file.

We detected a robots.txt file on this website.

100/100

▼ The page handles the www redirect

#2507

Redirect https://mehtaindia.com/ to https://www.mehtaindia.com/ in order to avoid duplicate content.

What is the difference?

Adding the "www" in front of a web address is a convention, that remains completely optional.

Some users are accustomed to access a website by adding www, and others do not. We advise you to deliver your content for these two addresses.

To avoid duplicate content issues with search engines, it is necessary to use a redirect (permanent) to point one of the addresses to the other.

You perform a 301 redirect from $\begin{array}{c|c} \textbf{https://mehtaindia.com/} & \textbf{to} & \textbf{https://www.mehtaindia.com/} \end{array}.$

You can configure a redirect thanks to your Apache server. Here is an example :

RewriteEngine On

Example

RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^mywebsite.com RewriteRule (.*) https://www.mywebsite.com\$1 [R=301,L]

The page is reachable both with and without "www" before the URL.



0/100

The Content Security Policy is missing

Protect your website from cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks by setting up a restrictive Content-Security-Policy.

XSS attacks explained

XSS attacks are a type of attack in which malicious data is maliciously added to websites. The number of vulnerabilities allowing these attacks is quite large, which is why it is as useful to prevent them as to limit their harmful effects.

You can protect your pages against these attacks and their effects by restricting execution to code portions either legitimized by the domain to which they belong or by a unique integrity token. The code that does not match this security policy will not be executed and the user will be informed.

You can learn more about XSS attacks on the Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP) Website.

Configure a "Content-Security-Policy" (CSP) HTTP header

Set up a "Content-Security-Policy" (CSP) HTTP header to prevent or limit the damage caused by an XSS attack. To specify a security policy configure your server so the response of the first resource contains the "Content-Security-Policy" HTTP header.

Here's an example:

Content-Security-Policy: script-src 'self' https://apis.google.com

Example

In this case, only scripts coming from the current host or https://apis.google.com will be executed.

Read more about the CSP HTTP header by consulting the CSP directives specification.

Please, be careful, if the header is misconfigured, some of your content, scripts, or styles may be blocked. That could cause unwanted side effects. Moreover, the restrictions apply to all pages of the website. We recommend you test the different pages of your website before deploying this header in your production environment.

CSP can be configured with your Apache server. Make sure that the mod_headers module is enabled. Then, you can specify your content security policy (in your .htaccess file, for example). Here is an example:

<iffModule mod_headers.c>
Header set Content-Security-Policy "script-src 'self' https://www.google.com"
</iffModule>

Examp

This example allows scripts from the same origin (same scheme, host and port) and google.com.

No Content Security Policy on this page: it is more easily exposed to XSS attacks.

This page is exposed to "clickjacking" type attacks

#2481

Keep malicious people from integrating your pages into their websites.

Clickjacking explained

This kind of attack happens when your page gets integrated with a malicious website via <frame> or <iframe> tags. By doing this, attackers can persuade users that they are on your own page when they are not. The unsuspecting user may enter personal information that is visible on and thus vulnerable to the malicious website.

To avoid this, always indicate which domains have permission to integrate your pages.

How to prevent clickjacking?

There are two main ways to prevent that behavior.

1/ Configure a "X-Frame-Options" HTTP header. Configure your server so the main resource response includes the "X-Frame-Options" HTTP header.

Three values may be defined:

- DENY to prevent any frame or iframe from integrating the page;
- SAMEORIGIN to authorize only frames from the same domain name;
- ALLOW-FROM uri to indicate the domains allowed to integrate a page into frame (however is not compatible with some browsers)

2/ Define an explicit frame-ancestors directive into a Content-Security-Policy HTTP Header. "frame-ancestors" directive is a newer, hence supported by fewer browsers, approach that will allow your website to authorize multiple domains instead of only the current origin. Setting this directive to 'none' is similar to X-Frame-Options: DENY.

Which approach to choose? If you only have the current domain to allow, do set up the two security features, for better compatibility with older browsers. If you want to allow multiple domains, you should only implement the frame-ancestors security policy.

The "X-Frame-Options" HTTP header can be configured with your Apache server. Make sure that the mod_headers module is enabled. Then, you can specify the header (in your .htaccess file, for example). Here is an example:

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
Header always set X-FRAME-OPTIONS "DENY"

Examp

Neither the "X-Frame-Options" HTTP header nor the "frame-ancestors" security police are configured on this page; you are more likely to be exposed to clickjacking.



Disable the auto detection of resource type

#2484

Protect yourself from malicious exploitation via MIME sniffing.

MIME-Type sniffing explained

Internet Explorer and Chrome browsers have a feature called "MIME-Type sniffing" that automatically detects a web resource's type. This means, for example, that a resource identified as an image can be read as a script if its content is a script.

This property allows a malicious person to send a file to your website to inject malicious code. We advise you to disable the MIME-Type sniffing to limit such activity.

Chrome has been working on a feature called <u>Site Isolation</u> which provides extensive mitigation against exploitation of these types of vulnerabilities. Site Isolation is more effective when MIME types are correct.

How to prevent MIME-Type sniffing

Configure a "X-Content-Type-Options" HTTP header. Add the "X-Content-Type-Options" HTTP header in the responses of each resource, associated to the "nosniff" value. It allows you to guard against such misinterpretations of your resources.

The "X-Content-Type-Options" HTTP header can be configured with your Apache server. Make sure that the mod_headers module is enabled. Then, you can specify the header (in your .htaccess file, for example). Here is an example:

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
Header always set X-Content-Type-Options "nosniff"
</ifModule>

Example

On this page, you should configure the following resources, that risk being misinterpreted:

Resources from "mehtaindia"

- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocommerce/pa[...]dors-style.css?ver=3.1.0
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/contact-form-7[...]css/styles.css?ver=5.3.2
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocommerce/pa[...]uild/style.css?ver=3.1.0
- mehtaindia.com/wp-includes/css/dist/block-librar[...]/style.min.css?ver=5.6.2
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/albion-toolkit[...]wesome.min.css?ver=5.6.2
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/html5-video-pl[...]player-style.css?ver=1.4
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/revslider/publ[...]s/css/rs6.css?ver=6.2.22
 mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocommerce/as[...]rce-layout.css?ver=4.4.1
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/woocommerce/as[...]occommerce.css?ver=4.4.1
- https://mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/style.css?ver=5.6.2
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/assets/c[...]tstrap.min.css?ver=5.6.2
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/assets/c[...]nimate.min.css?ver=5.6.2
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/assets/c[...]wesome.min.css?ver=5.6.2
- mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/assets/c[...]-popup.min.css?ver=5.6.2
 mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion/assets/c[...]ometer.min.css?ver=5.6.2
- and 64 others

Resources hosted by a third-party

It appears these files are hosted by a third-party, so they may not be within your control. However, you should consider any alternative to these resources to improve your page performance.

• https://use.fontawesome.com/releases/v5.7.2/css/v4-shims.css?ver=5.6.2

Did you know?

#2567

SSL Certificate

Your SSL certificate will expire on 06/25/2021. Update your certificate before that date.

What happens if my certificate expires?

Letting a certificate expire can have consequences for end users who will then see many error or alert messages while browsing the site, warning them of possible frauds, identity thefts or traffic interceptions. These alerts can have a very negative impact on the user's perception of the visited domain.



#2464

1 Your server should be able to communicate with HTTP while it uses a HTTPS connection

Take precautionary measures against attacks like "man in the middle" by making sure to only communicate in HTTPS with the server.

The HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Header

When you communicate with a server through a secure connection, every sent request towards this server should use the HTTPS protocol. The HTTP HSTS header allows to indicate to the browser that all the requests sent to the domain concerned must be done via HTTPS. If the URL is presented under "http://...", the web browser is automatically going to replace it by "https://...".

However, we advise you to not set this header unless your entire website serves its resources in HTTPS.

NSTS can be configured with your Apache server. Make sure that the mod_headers module is enabled. Then, you can specify your HSTS (in your .htaccess file, for example). Here is an example:

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
Header always set Strict-Transport-Security "max-age=63072000; includeSubDomains"

No HSTS header has been detected on this page.

#2474 14 resources on this page are for public use

By default, the browser accepts to perform AJAX requests, or to retrieve web fonts, only on the same domain name of the page. So a font provided by toto.com can only be used by the pages of toto.com. This prevents misuse of your resources by any site.

Some resources are public, and explicitly want to be available to everyone (eg Google Fonts). In this case, the HTTP header Access-Control-Allow-Origin can be used with the value "*". You should, however, use this property if your resource has aimed to be used by the greatest number. Otherwise, we recommend that you keep the default, or set a specific domain name in the "Access-Control-Allow-Origin" HTTP header.

You should be aware of the following resources, that use a Access-Control-Allow-Origin: * HTTP header. Make sure they are actually intended to be used by pages from all domain names:

It appears these files are hosted by a third-party, so they may not be within your control. However, you should consider any alternative to these resources to improve your page performance.

- fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Dosis%3A300%2C40[...]0i%2C700%2C800&ver=1.0.0
- fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Roboto%3A100%2C1[...]00%2C900italic&ver=5.6.2
- https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Montserrat
- fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Open+Sans:400,30[...]italic,700,700italic,800
- https://use.fontawesome.com/releases/v5.7.2/css/v4-shims.css?ver=5.6.2
- https://fonts.gstatic.com/s/dosis/v19/HhyaU5sn9vOmLzloC_U.woff2
- https://fonts.gstatic.com/s/opensans/v18/mem8YaGs126MiZpBA-UFVZ0b.woff2
- https://fonts.gstatic.com/s/roboto/v20/KFOICnqEu92Fr1MmWUIfBBc4.woff2
- https://fonts.gstatic.com/s/roboto/v20/KFOlCnqEu92Fr1MmEU9fBBc4.woff2
 https://fonts.gstatic.com/s/opensans/v18/mem5YaGs126MiZpBA-UN7rgOUuhp.woff2
- https://fonts.gstatic.com/s/opensans/v18/mem5YaGs126MiZpBA-UNirkOUuhp.woff2
- https://fonts.gstatic.com/s/opensans/v18/mem5yaGs126MiZpBA-UNIrkUUunp.woff2
 https://fonts.gstatic.com/s/opensans/v18/memnYaGs126MiZpBA-UFUKXGUdhrlqM.woff2
- https://fonts.gstatic.com/s/opensans/v18/mem6YaGs126MiZpBA-UFUK0Zdc0.woff2
- https://fonts.gstatic.com/s/montserrat/v15/JTUSjIg1_i6t8kCHKm459Wlhyw.woff2

#2526

Do target="_blank" links introduce a security leak on this page?

Using the <a href="mailto:target="ma

It allows the targeted page to manipulate the window.opener.location property, and thus to perform a redirect within the parent tab. When the user gets back to the parent tab, he can be facing a malicious website (phishing, etc.).

Even without being malicious, a website opened via a target="_blank" link can degrade the performance of the site that opened it, because most browsers share the same thread between source and target websites.

We recommend you to add the rel=noreferrer attribute when using a target = _blank to an external website. This will block access to "window.opener".

If your website allows users to publish contributive content (eg comments, customer reviews, etc.), be sure to automate the addition of this protection. Otherwise, a user could easily exploit this breach.



The following links may be exposed to this vulnerability:

- <i class="flaticon-facebook-letter-logo"></i>
- <i class="flaticon-twitter"></i>
- <i class="flaticon-instagram-logo"></i>
- <i class="flaticon-youtube-play-button"></i>

#2528 1 1 cookie may be corrupted on the client side

A cookie must be manipulated on the server side. It is not recommended to use it on the browser.

HTTP cookies

HTTP cookies are set by the server to the web browser via the Set-Cookie HTTP header. Then, the browser transmits the cookies to the server during the following requests by using the Cookie HTTP header.

You should ensure that the cookie cannot be exploited on the client side.

The HttpOnly directive

By adding the HttpOnly instruction in the Set-Cookie HTTP header, the server informs the browser that it is not allowed to manipulate the cookie. The client side can only get and return the cookie sent by the server: the cookie only transit on the HTTP protocol but can not be updated via JavaScript for example.

The Set-Cookie HTTP header can be configured with your Apache server. Make sure that the mod_headers module is enabled. Then, you can specify the header (in your .htaccess file, for example). Here is an example:

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
only for Apache > 2.2.4:
Header edit Set-Cookie ^(.*)\$ \$1;HttpOnly;Secure

lower versions:
Header set Set-Cookie HttpOnly;Secure

Some HTTP cookies could be exploited during a XSS attack. You should consider adding the HttpOnly directive for additional security:

https://mehtaindia.com/wp-admin/admin-ajax.php

• Set-Cookie: PHPSESSID=udco8gfn3v75v20nmv3319sa2h; path=/; samesite=None; secure



#2553

1 Do all third-party resources deliver the right content?

If this page loads resources from third parties, you should ensure their integrity.

SubResource Integrity (SRI)

Use SRI to ensure that a third-party resource has not been tampered. Add the integrity attribute to <script and clink tags loading this kind of resource. Example:

<script src="https://exemple.com/exemple-framework.js"
integrity="sha384-oqVuAfXRKap7fdgcCY5uykM6+R9GqQ8K/uxy9rx7HNQIGYI1kPzQho1wx4JwY8wC"
crossorigin="anonymous">
</script>

Example

The integrity attribute value is equal to the base64-encoded hash (SHA) of the resource. The browser compares this hash with the downloaded content in order to determine if the resource matches the expected content.

You can create the SHA thanks to several tool. In command line, you can use openssl. You can also test some online tools, as srihash.org or report-uri.io. Learn more about SubResource Integrity.

Well done, these best practices are respected

100/100

▼ This page only uses secure content

#2397

This page was transmitted over the HTTPS protocol, and all resources are fetched using the HTTPS protocol. So there is no Mixed Content vulnerability.

100/100

The secure version is used systematically

#2509

Users using the HTTP version of the page must be redirected to the secure version.

HTTPs redirect

Even if a page is secure, visitors may still use the HTTP version (via an external link, or because they have bookmarked the HTTP version of the page, for example). Always set up a redirection so that users accessing the page using the HTTP protocol are redirected to a secure version.

Nan Apache server can be configured to rewrite HTTP URLs.

Your users are automatically redirected to the secure version of the page.



✓ All cookies are secure

#2521

A cookie sent from the server to a web browser via the HTTPS protocol should only transits on a secure connection (except for some specific cases).

HTTP cookies

HTTP cookies are set by the server to the web browser via the Set-Cookie HTTP header. Then, the browser transmits the cookies to the server for the next requests by using the Cookie HTTP header. When the server uses a secure connection (HTTPS), the cookie probably contains some sensitive data: you have to guarantee that the cookie cannot be exploited on an insecure connection.

The Secure directive

By adding the Secure instruction in the Set-Cookie HTTP header, the server informs the browser that it is allowed to transmit the cookie over secure connection only.

Caution: Ensure that the HTTP to HTTPS redirect is activated on your website. Otherwise, the Secure cookie may not be sent on HTTP request.

The Set-Cookie HTTP header can be configured with your Apache server. Make sure that the mod_headers module is enabled. Then, you can specify the header (in your .htaccess file, for example). Here is an example:



Shared infrastructure cookies

With some hosting providers, especially on shared infrastructures, cookies may be set without any control on your part. The information they contain is usually not sensitive. You can check this and ignore this warning if that applies to you.



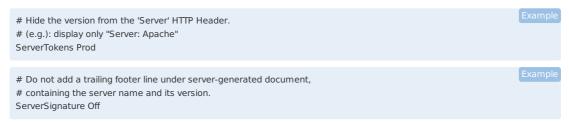
0/100

#74

[] You should not expose your Apache server version

The Server HTTP header in your server responses indicates your apache version: Apache/2.4.39. It will be more difficult for a hacker to attack your website if he does not know the version you use. Think to change this value.

For instance, if you are on a Linux server, edit your /etc/apache2/conf.d/security file. You will have to change the ServerSignature and the ServerTokens values, as shown bellow:



However, keep in mind that the best way to protect your system from attacks is to regularly update your Apache server.

Well done, these best practices are respected

100/100

▼ Fonts are loaded early

#2360

Internet Explorer will block the rendering of the page until the font has loaded. If <script> tag is placed before the font, the page will not display anything as long as script and fonts are not downloaded.

Well done, your fonts are loaded before your scripts.

0/100

Do not expose your PHP version

#2573

Hide your version of PHP to limit your exposure to attacks and increase your server's security.

Dareboost has detected PHP 7.2.33 .

Why hide the PHP version?

Knowing the version of PHP used on a server helps an attacker to target security holes and exploit vulnerabilities.

How to hide the PHP version

To hide your PHP version, you need to find your php.ini configuration file and locate the keyword expose_php to set its value to off .

```
# php.ini
# expose_php = off
```

Once the php.ini file modified, you will need to restart your web server.

60/100

Avoid DOM manipulation inside loops with jQuery

#2299

Working directly with the DOM has a cost. If you have to add elements to a node, you should prefer to append them once rather than one by one.

This page contains 1 DOM manipulation method(s) inside loop(s):

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/plugins/eleme[...]r.min.js?ver=5.3.6

• for(var o=0;o<n;o+=1){var l=s(e.createElement("div")).addClass(i.slideClass+" "+i.slideBlankClass);a.append(l)}

0/100

Avoid excessive specificity on jQuery selectors

#2302

You are using too specifics jQuery selectors. It could impact performance: see more information. Here is an example of a good use of the library:

\$(".data table.firstClass td.secondClass");

// Better: Drop the middle if possible

\$(".data td.secondClass");

We found some too specifics selectors on your website:

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion[...]s/js/main.js?ver=1

- \$('.tab ul.tabs li a')
- \$('.tab ul.tabs li a')

mehtaindia.com/wp-content/themes/albion[...].meanmenu.js?ver=1

- jQuery(".mean-nav ul ul")
- jQuery(".mean-nav ul ul")
- jQuery(".mean-nav ul ul")
- jQuery(".mean-nav ul li")

Did you know?

#2303

1 Additional information about your jQuery performance

jQuery is the most used JavaScript library. Upgrade your website performance respecting the jQuery best practices. We recommend that you learn the basics of the jQuery performance, reading the following link: http://learn.jquery.com/performance/.