Some commonly used Linux commands and description

- 1. Command to create File and Directory
 - ➤ For File : cat > file_name
 - ➤ For Directory: mkdir directory_name (can specify path)
- 2. Command to display the contents of Files and Directory
 - For File: cat file_name
 - > For Directory: ls directory_name
 - For Directory: ls -1 directory_name (display contents with details)
- 3. Command to change Directory
 - cd directory_name => Change directory to mentioned directory
 - cd / => Change directory to root directory
 - > cd .. => Change directory to parent directory or come out of directory.
- 4. Command to get the name of current working Directory
 - > pwd: display the name of current working directory
- 5. Command to copy and rename the File and Directory
 - > cp source_file destination_file => copy a file
 - > mv source_file destination_file => Rename the file
 - > mv source_file directory_name => Copy file to mentioned directory
- 6. Command to delete File and Directory
 - > For File rm file name
 - > For Directory rmdir directory_name
- 7. Command to get details of users
 - > who => displays list of current logged in users.
 - \triangleright who am i => displays details of current logged in user.
 - ➤ whoami => displays the name of current logged in user.
 - > users => displays only names of current logged in users.
 - > tty => displays current terminal information.
 - ➤ hostname => displays hostname of machine.
- 8. Command to related to user logins
 - > passwd user_name : Change the password
 - > useradd user name : Add new user in the Linux
 - groupadd group_name : Add new user group
 - > su user_name : switch to new user.

- 9. Command related to processes and command
 - > ps => To show current running processes
 - ➤ kill => To kill a process
 - ➤ history =>To show all commands executed previously
- 10. Command to display help related to command
 - > man command_name => Get help about command
 - ➤ For Directory rmdir directory_name

Vi editor commands

- 11. Command for file operations
 - ➤ vi file_name =>opens file if file exists otherwise create and open file with specified name.
 - > Press i to go into insert mode when file is open
 - Esc:w => To save file(ESC stands for Escape key)
 - ➤ Esc:q => To close file and go to command prompt.
 - > Esc:wq =>Save file and exit.
 - > Esc:yy => copy (This command wok in escape mode.)
 - ➤ Esc:p => paste (This command work in escape mode.)
 - > Esc:dd =>delete current line
 - > Esc: setnu => for showing line numbersin file

Commands for Compilation and Execution of C and C++

- 12. Command to compilation and execution
 - > gcc try.c => Compiles try.c file and create a.out file after compilation
 - > gcc -C try.c => Compiles try.c file and create a.out file after compilation
 - > gcc -C try.c => Compiles try.c file and create a.out file after compilation
 - gcc -std=C99 try.c => Compiles try.c file with C99 version and create a.out file after compilation
 - ➤ ./a.out => to run the compiled program
 - > gcc -o try try.c => Complies try.c file and create output file as try
 - ./output_file_name => Runs the program(output_file_name must be same as specified after -o in above command)
 - > g++ try.cpp => Complies .cpp file and create a.out file after compilation
 - \triangleright g++ -o try try.cpp => Complies try.cpp file and create output file as try
 - /output_file_name => Runs the program(output_file_name must be same as specified after -o in above command)