# **Assignment Day 8 | 2nd December 2020**

#### **Question 1**

A Barua number is a number which consists of only zeroes and ones and has only one 1.

Barua number will start with 1. Given numbers, find out the multiplication of the numbers.

Note: The input may contain one decimal number and all other Barua numbers. (Assume that each number is very large and total number of values give is also very large)

Input 1: 100 10 12 1000

Output 1: 12000000

Input 2: 100 121 10000000000000000

Input 3: 10 100 1000

Output 3: 1000000

#### c-code:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n, count=0; cin>>n;
    long long int a[n];
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
        cin>>a[i];
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        while(a[i]%10==0)
        {
        count++;
        a[i]/=10;
```

```
}

long long int prod=1;

for(int i=0; i<n; i++)

    prod*=a[i];

cout<<prod;

for(int i=1; i<=count; i++)

    cout<<0;
}</pre>
```

#### **Question 2**

Implement push, pop and find the minimum element in a stack in O(1) time complexity.

### **C-code:**

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stack>
class Stack
  // main stack to store elements
  std::stack<int> s;
  // variable to store minimum element
  int min;
public:
  // Inserts a given element on top of the stack
  void push(int x)
    if (s.empty()) {
       s.push(x);
       min = x;
    else if (x > min) {
       s.push(x);
    }
```

```
else {
      s.push(2 * x - min);
      min = x;
    }
  }
  // Removes top element from the stack and returns it
  void pop()
  {
    if (s.empty()) {
      std::cout << "Stack underflow!!" << '\n';
    }
    int top = s.top();
    if (top < min)
      min = 2 * min - top;
    s.pop();
  }
  // Returns the minimum element from the stack in constant time
  int minimum()
    return min;
  }
};
int main()
{
  Stack s;
  s.push(6);
  std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';
  s.push(7);
  std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';
  s.push(5);
  std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';
  s.push(3);
  std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';
  s.pop();
  std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';
  s.pop();
  std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';
  return 0;
```

}

## **Output:**

```
[] G Run
                                                                            Output
                                                                                                                                                Clear
n.cpp
                                                                         ▲ /tmp/ZzcEF1584D.o
    s.push(6);
    std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';</pre>
                                                                           6
                                                                           5
                                                                           3
    s.push(7);
                                                                           5
    std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';</pre>
    std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';</pre>
    s.push(3);
    std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';</pre>
    s.pop();
    std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';</pre>
    s.pop();
    std::cout << s.minimum() << '\n';</pre>
    return 0;
```