ML LAB REPORT

1BM1&CS061

NIKHIL & S

WEEK 1:

I) FIND S ALGORITHM

THIS PYTHON 3 ENVIRONMENT COMES WITH MANY HELPFUL ANALYTICS LIBRARIES INS TALLED
IT IS DEFINED BY THE KAGGLE/PYTHON DOCKER IMAGE: HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/KAGGL
E/DOCKER-PYTHON

FOR EXAMPLE, HERE'S SEVERAL HELPFUL PACKAGES TO LOAD

IMPORT NUMPY AS NP # LINEAR ALGEBRA
IMPORT PANDAS AS PD # DATA PROCESSING, CSV FILE I/O (E.G. PD.READ_CSV)

INPUT DATA FILES ARE AVAILABLE IN THE READ-ONLY ".../INPUT/" DIRECTORY

FOR EXAMPLE, RUNNING THIS (BY CLICKING RUN OR PRESSING SHIFT+ENTER) WILL LIST ALL
FILES UNDER THE INPUT DIRECTORY

IMPORT OS

FOR DIRNAME, _, FILENAMES IN OS.WALK('/KAGGLE/INPUT'):

FOR FILENAME IN FILENAMES:

PRINT(OS.PATH.JOIN(DIRNAME, FILENAME))

YOU CAN WRITE UP TO 20GB TO THE CURRENT DIRECTORY (/KAGGLE/WORKING/) THAT GETS
PRESERVED AS OUTPUT WHEN YOU CREATE A VERSION USING "SAVE & RUN ALL" # YOU CAN ALSO
WRITE TEMPORARY FILES TO /KAGGLE/TEMP/, BUT THEY WON'T BE SA VED OUTSIDE OF THE
CURRENT SESSION

/KAGGLE/INPUT/DATASETCSV/DATA.CSV

```
data = pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/datasetcsv/data.csv")
print("The entered data is \n")
print(data, "\n")
d = np.array(data)[:,:-1]
print("\n The attributes are: \n",d)
target = np.array(data)[:,-1]
print("\n The target is: ",target)
def training(c,t):
    for i, val in enumerate(t):
        if val == "Yes":
            specific_hypothesis = c[i].copy()
            break
```

THE ENTERED DATA IS

WEATHER TEMPERATURE HUMIDITY GOES WARM MILD YES O SUNNY RAINY COLD MILD NO 1 2 **SUNNY** MODERATE NOMAL YES 3 **SUNNY** YES COLD HIGH

THE ATTRIBUTES ARE:
[['SUNNY' 'WARM' 'MILD']
['RAINY' 'COLD' 'MILD']
['SUNNY' 'MODERATE' 'NOMAL']
['SUNNY' 'COLD' 'HIGH']]

THE TARGET IS: ['YES' 'NO' 'YES' 'YES']

THE FINAL HYPOTHESIS IS: ['SUNNY' '?' '?']

WEEK 2:

II) CANDIDATE ELIMINATION ALGORITHM:

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FOR EXAMPLE, HERE'S SEVERAL HELPFUL PACKAGES TO LOAD

IMPORT NUMPY AS NP # LINEAR ALGEBRA
IMPORT PANDAS AS PD # DATA PROCESSING, CSV FILE I/O (E.G. PD.READ_CSV)

INPUT DATA FILES ARE AVAILABLE IN THE READ-ONLY "../INPUT/" DIRECTORY

FOR EXAMPLE, RUNNING THIS (BY CLICKING RUN OR PRESSING SHIFT+ENTER) WILL LIST ALL
FILES UNDER THE INPUT DIRECTORY

FOR DIRNAME, _, FILENAMES IN OS.WALK('/KAGGLE/INPUT'):

FOR FILENAME IN FILENAMES:

PRINT(OS.PATH.JOIN(DIRNAME, FILENAME))

YOU CAN WRITE UP TO 20GB TO THE CURRENT DIRECTORY (/KAGGLE/WORKING/) THAT GETS
PRESERVED AS OUTPUT WHEN YOU CREATE A VERSION USING "SAVE & RUN ALL" # YOU CAN ALSO
WRITE TEMPORARY FILES TO /KAGGLE/TEMP/, BUT THEY WON'T BE SA VED OUTSIDE OF THE
CURRENT SESSION

/KAGGLE/INPUT/CANDIDATECSV/CANDIDATE.CSV

DATA = PD.READ_CSV("/KAGGLE/INPUT/CANDIDATECSV/CANDIDATE.CSV")

PRINT("ENTERED DATA IS")

PRINT(DATA)

CONCEPTS = NP.ARRAY(DATA)[:,:-1]

PRINT("\N THE ATTRIBUTES ARE: \N",D)

TARGET = NP.ARRAY(DATA)[:,-1] PRINT("\N

THE TARGET IS: ",TARGET)

ENTERED DATA IS

	SKY	AIRTEMP	HUMIDITY	WIND	WATE	FORECAST	ENJOYSPORT
					R		
0	SUNNY	WARM	NORMAL	STRONG	WARM	SAME	YES
1	SUNNY	WARM	HBIH	STRONG	WARM	SAME	YES
2	RAINY	COLD	HIGH	STRONG	WARM	CHANGE	NO
3	SUNNY	WARM	HDIH	STRONG	COOL	CHANGE	YES

THE ATTRIBUTES ARE:

[['SUNNY' 'WARM' 'NORMAL' 'STRONG' 'WARM' 'SAME']

['SUNNY' 'WARM' 'HIGH' 'STRONG ' 'WARM' 'SAME']

['RAINY' 'COLD' 'HIGH' 'STRONG' 'WARM' 'CHANGE']

['SUNNY' 'WARM' 'HIGH' 'STRONG' 'COOL' 'CHANGE']]

THE TARGET IS: ['YES' 'YES' 'NO' 'YES']

```
#training function to implement candidate elimination algorithm
def learn(concepts, target):
 specific h = concepts[0].copy()
print("\ n Initialization of specific h and general h")
print(specific h)
general h = [["?" for i in range(len(specific h))] for i in
range(len(specific h))]
print(general_h)
 for i, h in enumerate(concepts):
     if target[i] == "yes":
         for x in range(len(specific h)):
             if h[x]!= specific h[x]:
                 specific_h[x] ='?'
                 general_\overline{h}[x][x] = '?'
             print(specific_h)
     print(specific h)
     if target[i] == "no":
         for x in range(len(specific h)):
```

```
if h[x]!= specific h[x]:
                 general h[x][x] = specific h[x]
             else:
                general h[x][x] = '?'
     print("\n Steps of Candidate Elimination Algorithm", i+1)
     print(specific h)
    print(general h)
 indices = [i for i, val in enumerate(general h) if val ==
['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
 for i in indices:
     general h.remove(['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'])
 return specific_h, general_h
s final, g final = learn(concepts, target)
#obtaining the final hypothesis
print("\nFinal Specific h:", s final, sep="\n")
print("\nFinal General_h:", g_final, sep="\n")
```

```
INITIALIZATION OF SPECIFIC_H AND GENERAL_H ['SUNNY' 'WARM' 'NORMAL' 'STRONG' 'WARM' 'SAME']
[['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?']
['SUNNY' 'WARM' 'NORMAL' 'STRONG' 'WARM' 'SAME']
```

STEPS OF CANDIDATE ELIMINATION ALGORITHM 1 ['SUNNY'

```
STEPS OF CANDIDATE ELIMINATION ALGORITHM 2

['SUNNY' 'WARM' '?' '?' 'WARM' 'SAME']

[['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?',

'?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?']
```

['SUNNY' 'WARM' '?' '?' 'WARM' 'SAME']

STEPS OF CANDIDATE ELIMINATION ALGORITHM 3 ['SUNNY' 'WARM' '?' '?' 'WARM' 'SAME']

```
[['SUNNY', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'WARM', '?', '?', '?', '?'],
['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '
?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', 'SAME']]
['SUNNY' 'WARM' '?' '?' 'WARM' 'SAME']
['SUNNY' 'WARM' '?' '?' '?' 'SAME']
['SUNNY' 'WARM' '?' '?' '?' '?']
['SUNNY' 'WARM' '?' '?' '?' '?']
 STEPS OF CANDIDATE ELIMINATION ALGORITHM 4
['SUNNY' 'WARM' '?' '?' '?' '?']
[['SUNNY', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'WARM', '?', '?', '?', '?'],
['?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '
?', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', '?', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
FINAL SPECIFIC H:
['SUNNY' 'WARM' '?' '?' '?' '?']
FINAL GENERAL H:
[['SUNNY', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'WARM', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
```

WEEK 3:

ID3 ALGORITHM:

```
IMPOR
T
       IMPORT CSV
HT AM
       DEF LOAD CSV(FILENAME):
          LINES=CSV.READER(OPEN(FILLENAME,"R"))
          DATASET = LIST(LINES)
          HEADERS = DATASET.POP(0)
          RETURN DATASET, HEADERS
       CLASS NODE:
          DEF _INIT_(SELF,ATTRIBUTE):
             SELF.ATTRIBUTE=ATTRIBUTE
             SELF.CHILDREN=[]
             SELF.ANSWER=""
       DEF SUBTABLES(DATA, COL, DELETE):
          DIC={}
          COLDATA=[ROW[COL] FOR ROW IN DATA]
```

```
ATTR=LLIST(SET(COLDATA))
   COUNTS=[O]*LEN(ATTR)
   R=LEN(DATA)
   C=LEN(DATA[O])
   FOR X IN RANGE(LEN(ATTR)):
      FOR Y IN RANGE(R):
         IF DATA[Y][COL]==ATTR[X]:
            COUNTS[X] += 1
   FOR X IN RANGE(LEN(ATTR)):
      DIC[ATTR[X]]=[[O FOR I IN RANGE(C)] FOR J IN
      RANGE(COUNTS[X])]
      P0S=0
      FOR Y IN RANGE(R):
         IF DATA[Y][COL] == ATTR[X]:
            IF DELETE:
            DEL DATA[Y][COL]
            DIC[ATTR[X]][POS]=DATA[Y]
            POS += 1
   RETURN ATTR, DIC
DEF ENTROPY(S):
   ATTR=LIST(SET(S))
   IF LEN(ATTR)==1:
      RETURN O
   COUNTS=[O,O]
   FOR I IN RANGE(2):
      COUNTS[I]=SUM([1 FOR X IN S IF
      ATTR[I]==X])/(LEN(S)*1.0)
   SUMS=0
   FOR CNT IN COUNTS:
      SUMS+=-1*CNT*MATH.LOG(CNT,2)
   RETURN SUMS
DEF COMPUTE_GAIN(DATA,COL):
   ATTR,DIC = SUBTABLES(DATA,COL,DELETE=FALSE)
   TOTAL_SIZE=LEN(DATA)
   ENTROPIES=[0]*LEN(ATTR)
   RATIO=[0]*LEN(ATTR)
   TOTAL_ENTROPY=ENTROPY([ROW[-1] FOR ROW IN DATA])
   FOR X IN RANGE(LEN(ATTR)):
      RATIO[X]=LEN(DIC[ATTR[X]])/(T
               OTAL SIZE*1.0)
```

ENTROPIES[X]=ENTROPY([ROW[-1] FOR ROW IN DIC[ATTR[X]]]) TOTAL_ENTROPY-=RATIO[X]*ENTROPIES[X] RETURN TOTAL_ENTROPY

DEF BUILLD_TREE(DATA,FEATURES):

LASTCOL=[ROW[-1] FOR ROW IN DATA]

IF(LEN(SET(LASTCOL)))==1:

NODE=NODE("")

NODE.ANSWER=LASTCOL[O]

RETURN NODE

N=LEN(DATA[O])-1

GAINS=[O]*N

FOR COL IN RANGE(N):

GAINS[COL]=COMPUTE_GAIN(DATA,COL)

SPLIT=GAINS.INDEX(MAX(GAINS))

NODE=NODE(FEATURES[SPLIT])

FEA = FEATURES[:SPLIT]+FEATURES[SPLIT+1:]

ATTR, DIC=SUBTABLES(DATA, SPLIT, DELETE=TRUE)

FOR X IN RANGE(LEN(ATTR)):

CHILD=BUILLD_TREE(DIC[ATTR[X]],FEA)

NODE.CHILDREN.APPEND((ATTR[X],CHILD))

RETURN NODE

DEF PRINT_TREE(NODE, LEVEL):

IF NODE.ANSWER!="":

PRINT(" "*LEVEL, NODE.ANSWER)

RETURN

PRINT(" "*LEVEL,NODE.ATTRIBUTE)
FOR VALUE,N IN NODE.CHILDREN:
PRINT(" "*(LEVEL+1),VALUE)
PRINT_TREE(N,LEVEL+2)

DEF CI_ASSIFY(NODE,X_TEST,FEATURES):
IF NODE.ANSWER!="":
PRINT(NODE.ANSWER)
RETURN

```
pos=features.index(node.attribute)
for value, n in node.children:
    if x_test[pos]==value:
        classify(n,x_test,features)

'''Main program''
dataset,features=load_csv("id3.csv")
node1=build_tree(dataset,features)

print("The decision tree for the dataset using ID3 algorithm is")
print_tree(node1,0)
testdata,features=load_csv("id3_test.csv")

for xtest in testdata:
    print("The test instance:",xtest)
    print("The label for test instance:")
classify(node1,xtest,features)
```

```
bmsce@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~/Documents/LAB - 3 - DECISION TREE$ python ml3.py
The decision tree for the dataset using ID3 algorithm is
     'Outlook')
        'overcast')
          'yes')
        sunny')
          'Humidity')
            'high')
            , 'no')
'normal')
           ', 'yes')
       'rain')
          'Wind')
            'strong')
             'no')
            (weak'
           ', 'yes')
('The test instance:', ['rain', 'cool', 'normal', 'strong'])
The label for test instance:
no
('The test instance:', ['sunny', 'mild', 'normal', 'strong'])
The label for test instance:
yes
```

WEEK 4:

IV) NAÏVE BAYES CLASSIFIER:

```
import pandas as pd
data = pd.read csv('PlayTennis.csv')
data.head()
Y = LIST(DATA['PLAYTENNIS'].VALUES)
X = DATA.ILOC[:,1:].VALUES
PRINT(F'TARGET VALUES: {Y}')
PRINT(F'FEATURES: \N(X)')
TARGET VALUES: ['NO', 'NO', 'YES', 'YES', 'YES', 'NO', 'YES', 'NO', 'YES', 'YES', 'YES', 'YES', 'YES', 'YES', 'NO']
FEATURES:
[['SUNNY' 'HOT' 'HIGH' 'WEAK']
 ['SUNNY' 'HOT' 'HIGH' 'STRONG']
 ['OVERCAST' 'HOT' 'HIGH' 'WEAK']
 ['RAIN' 'MILD' 'HIGH' 'WEAK']
 ['RAIN' 'COOL' 'NORMAL' 'WEAK']
 ['RAIN' 'COOL' 'NORMAL' 'STRONG'] ['OVERCAST'
 'COOL' 'NORMAL' 'STRONG'] ['SUNNY' 'MILD' 'HIGH'
 'WEAK'1
 ['SUNNY' 'COOL' 'NORMAL' 'WEAK']
 ['RAIN' 'MILD' 'NORMAL' 'WEAK']
 ['SUNNY' 'MILD' 'NORMAL' 'STRONG']
 ['OVERCAST' 'MILD' 'HIGH' 'STRONG']
 ['OVERCAST' 'HOT' 'NORMAL' 'WEAK']
 ['RAIN' 'MILD' 'HIGH' 'STRONG']]
y train = y[:8]
y_val = y[8:]
X train = X[:8]
X \text{ val} = X[8:]
print(f"Number of instances in training set: {len(X train)}")
print(f"Number of instances in testing set: {len(X val)}")
NUMBER OF INSTANCES IN TRAINING SET: 8
NUMBER OF INSTANCES IN TESTING SET: 6
class NaiveBayesClassifier:
     def init (self, X, y):
         self.X, self.y = X, y
         self.N = len(self.X)
```

```
SELF.DIM = LEN(SELF.X[0])
         SELF.ATTRS = [[] FOR _ IN RANGE(SELF.DIM)]
         SELF.OUTPUT_DOM = {}
         SELF.DATA = []
         FOR I IN RANGE(LEN(SELF.X)):
              FOR J IN RANGE(SELF.DIM):
                   IF NOT SELF.X[I][J] IN SELF.ATTRS[J]:
                        SELF.ATTRS[J].APPEND(SELF.X[I][J])
              IF NOT SELF.Y[I] IN SELF.OUTPUT_DOM.KEYS():
                   SELF.OUTPUT DOM[SELF.Y[I]] = 1
              ELSE:
                   SELF.OUTPUT_DOM[SELF.Y[I]] += 1
              SELF.DATA.APPEND([SELF.X[I], SELF.Y[I]])
         DEF CLASSIFY(SELF, ENTRY):
         SOLVE = NONE
         MAX ARG = -1
         FOR Y IN SELF.OUTPUT_DOM.KEYS():
              PROB = SELF.OUTPUT_DOM[Y]/SELF.N
              FOR I IN RANGE (SELF.DIM):
                   CASES = [X \text{ FOR } X \text{ IN } SELF.DATA \text{ IF } X[0][I] == ENTRY[I] \text{ AN}
\mathbf{D} X[1] == Y
                   N = LEN(CASES)
                   PROB *= N/SELF.N
              IF PROB > MAX_ARG:
                   MAX_ARG = PROB
                   SOLVE = Y
         RETURN SOLVE
NBC = NAIVEBAYESCLASSIFIER(X_TRAIN, Y_TRAIN)
TOTAL\_CASES = LEN(Y\_VAL)
GOOD = 0
BAD = 0
PREDICTIONS = []
FOR I IN RANGE(TOTAL_CASES): PREDICT =
    NBC.CLASSIFY(X_VAL[I])
    PREDICTIONS. APPEND (PREDICT)
    IF Y_VAL[I] == PREDICT:
```

GOOD += 1

ELSE:

BAD += 1

```
print('Predicted values:', predictions)
print('Actual values:', y_val)
print()
print('Total number of testing instances in the dataset:', total_cases)
print('Number of correct predictions:', good)
print('Number of wrong predictions:', bad)
print()
print('Accuracy of Bayes Classifier:', good/total cases)
```

PREDICTED VALUES: ['NO', 'YES', 'NO', 'YES', 'YES', 'NO']
ACTUAL VALUES: ['YES', 'YES', 'YES'

TOTAL NUMBER OF TESTING INSTANCES IN THE DATASET: 6 NUMBER OF CORRECT PREDICTIONS: 4 NUMBER OF WRONG PREDICTIONS: 2

ACCURACY OF BAYES CLASSIFIER: 0.666666666666666

WEEK 5:

V) BAYESIAN NETWORK:

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LINEAR ALGEBRA

IMPORT PANDAS AS PD

IMPORT PGMPY AS PGMPY FROM PGMPY.ESTIMATORS

IMPORT MAXIMUMLIKELIHOODESTIMATOR FROM PGMPY, MODELS

IMPORT BAYESIANMODEL FROM PGMPY.INFERENCE

IMPORT VARIABLEELIMINATION

IMPORT OS FOR DIRNAME, , FILENAMES IN OS.WALK('/KAGGLE/INPUT'):

FOR FILENAME IN FILENAMES: PRINT(OS.PATH.JOIN(DIRNAME, FILENAME)) # YOU CAN WRITE UP TO 20GB TO THE CURRENT DIRECTORY (/KAGGLE/WORKING/) THAT GETS PRESERVED AS OUTPUT WHEN YOU CREATE A VERSION USING "SAVE & RUN ALL" # YOU CAN ALSO WRITE TEMPORARY FILES TO /KAGGLE/TEMP/, BUT THEY WON'T BE SAVED OUTSIDE OF THE CURRENT SESSION

```
#read Cleveland Heart Disease data
heartDisease = pd.read_csv("/kaggle/input/bayesiannetwork/heart.csv")
heartDisease = heartDisease.replace('?',np.nan)
#display the data
print('Sample instances from the dataset are given below')
print(heartDisease.head())
```

```
#display the Attributes names and datatyes
print('\n Attributes and datatypes')
print (heartDisease.dtypes)
#Creat Model- Bayesian Network
model = BayesianModel([('age', 'heartdisease'), ('sex', 'heartdisease'), ('
exang','heartdisease'),('cp','heartdisease'),('heartdisease','restecg')
,('heartdisease','chol')])
#Learning CPDs using Maximum Likelihood Estimators
print('\n Learning CPD using Maximum likelihood estimators')
model.fit(heartDisease, estimator=MaximumLikelihoodEstimator)
# Inferencing with Bayesian Network
print('\n Inferencing with Bayesian Network:')
HeartDiseasetest infer = VariableElimination(model)
#computing the Probability of HeartDisease given restecg
print('\n 1.Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= restecg :1')
q1=HeartDiseasetest infer.query(variables=['heartdisease'],evidence={'r
estecg':1})
print(q1)
#computing the Probability of HeartDisease given cp
print('\n 2.Probability of HeartDisease given evidence= cp:2 ')
q2=HeartDiseasetest infer.query(variables=['heartdisease'],evidence={'c
print(q2)
```

SAMPLE INSTANCES FROM THE DATASET ARE GIVEN BELOW

	AGE	SEX	CP	TRESTBPS	CHOL	FBS	RESTECG	THALACH	EXANG	
	OLDPEAK SLOPE				\					
0	63	1	1	145	233	1	2	150	0	2.3
3										
1	67	1	4	160	286	0	2	108	1	1.5
2										
2	67	1	4	120	229	0	2	129	1	2.6
2										
3	37	1	3	130	250	0	0	187	0	3.5
3										
4	41	0	2	130	204	0	2	172	0	1.4
1										

	CAT	HALL	HEARTDISEASE
0	0	6	0
1	3	3	2
2	2	7	1
3	0	3	0
4	0	3	0

ATTRIBUTES AND DATATYPES

AGE	INT64
SEX	INT64
CP	INT64
TRESTBPS	INT64
CHOL	INT64
FBS	INT64
RESTECG	INT64
THALACH	INT64

EXANG	INT64
OLDPEAK	FLOAT64
SLOPE	INT64
CA	OBJECT
THAL	OBJECT
HEARTDISEASE	INT64

DTYPE: OBJECT

LEARNING CPD USING MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD ESTIMATORS

FINDING ELIMINATION ORDER:: 0%| | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] 0%| |

0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S]

ELIMINATING: AGE: 0%| | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] ELIMINATING: CHOL:

0%| | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] ELIMINATING: CP: 0%| | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] ELIMINATING: SEX:

0% | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] ELIMINATING:

EXANG: 100% | 5/5 [00:00<00:00, 189.65IT/S]

FINDING ELIMINATION ORDER:: 100% | 5/5 [00:00<00:00, 132.81IT/S] FINDING

ELIMINATION ORDER:: 0%| | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S]

0%| | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S]

ELIMINATING: AGE: 0% | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] ELIMINATING: CHOL:

0%| | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] ELIMINATING:

RESTECG: 0% | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] ELIMINATING: SEX:

0%| | 0/5 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] ELIMINATING:

EXANG: 100%| 5/5 [00:00<00:00, 230.00IT/S]

INFERENCING WITH BAYESIAN NETWORK:

1. PROBABILITY OF HEARTDISEASE GIVEN EVIDENCE= RESTECG:1

+	·
HEARTDISEASE	PHI(HEARTDISEASE)
+==============	+========+
HEARTDISEASE(0)	0.1012
HEARTDISEASE(1)	0.0000
+	'
HEARTDISEASE(2)	0.2392
+	0.2392
HEARTDISEASE(3)	0.2015
+	0.2013
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.4591
HEARTDISEASE(4)	0.4581
+	·

2. PROBABILITY OF HEARTDISEASE GIVEN EVIDENCE= CP:2

	L
HEARTDISEASE	PHI(HEARTDISEASE)
HEARTDISEASE(0)	0.3610
HEARTDISEASE(1)	0.2159
HEARTDISEASE(2)	0.1373
HEARTDISEASE(3)	0.1537
+ +	+
HEARTDISEASE(4)	0.1321

WEEK 6:

VI) INFERRING FROM BAYESIAN MODEL:

FROM PGMPY.MODELS IMPORT BAYESIANMODEL

FROM PGMPY.FACTORS.DISCRETE IMPORT TABULARCPD

```
cancer model = BayesianModel([('Pollution', 'Cancer'),
                               ('Smoker', 'Cancer'),
                               ('Cancer','Xray'),
('Cancer','Dyspnoea')])
print('Bayesian network nodes are:')
print("\t", cancer model.nodes())
print('Bayesian network edges are:')
print("\t", cancer model.edges())
cpd poll = TabularCPD(variable='Pollution', variable card=2, values=[[0.9
],[0.1]])
cpd smoke = TabularCPD(variable='Smoker', variable card=2, values=[[0.3],
cpd cancer = TabularCPD(variable='Cancer', variable card=2, values=[[0.03
,0.05,0.001,0.02],
                                                                     [0.97,
0.95, 0.999, 0.9811,
                        evidence=['Smoker', 'Pollution'],
                        evidence card=[2,2])
cpd xray = TabularCPD(variable='Xray', variable card=2, values=[[0.9, 0.2]
,[0.1,0.8]],
                      evidence=['Cancer'], evidence card=[2])
cpd dysp = TabularCPD(variable='Dyspnoea', variable card=2, values=[[0.65
,0.3],[0.35,0.7]],
                      evidence=['Cancer'], evidence card=[2])
```

FROM PGMPY.INFERENCE IMPORT VARIABLEELIMINATION

BAYESIAN NETWORK NODES ARE:

['POLLUTION', 'CANCER', 'SMOKER', 'XRAY', 'DYSPNOEA'] BAYESIAN NETWORK EDGES ARE:

[('POLLUTION', 'CANCER'), ('CANCER', 'XRAY'), ('CANCER', 'DYSPN OEA'), ('SMOKER', 'CANCER')]

```
cancer_model.add_cpds(cpd_poll,cpd_smoke,cpd_cancer,cpd_xray,cpd_dysp)
print('Model generated by adding cpts(cpds)')
print('Checking correctness of model:',end='')
print(cancer_model.check_model())
```

MODEL GENERATED BY ADDING CPTS(CPDS)
CHECKING CORRECTNESS OF MODEL:TRUE

PRINT('ALL LOCAL DEPENCIES ARE AS FOLLOWS')

ALL LOCAL DEPENCIES ARE AS FOLLOWS

-+

OUT[10]:

```
(POLLUTION ⊥ SMOKER)
(POLLUTION \perp DYSPNOEA, XRAY | CANCER) (POLLUTION \perp
XRAY \mid DYSPNOEA, CANCER) (POLLUTION \perp DYSPNOEA \mid
CANCER, XRAY) (POLLUTION \(\precedet\) DYSPNOEA, XRAY |
CANCER, SMOKER) (POLLUTION \(\preceq\) XRAY | DYSPNOEA,
CANCER, SMOKER) (POLLUTION \(\pm\) DYSPNOEA | CANCER,
XRAY, SMOKER) (SMOKER \perp POLLUTION)
(SMOKER \perp DYSPNOEA, XRAY \mid CANCER)
(SMOKER \(\preceq\) XRAY | DYSPNOEA, CANCER)
(SMOKER \(\perp \) DYSPNOEA, XRAY | POLLUTION, CANCER)
(SMOKER \(\pm\) DYSPNOEA | CANCER, XRAY)
(SMOKER \(\perp \) XRAY \(\perp \) DYSPNOEA, POLLUTION, CANCER)
(SMOKER \(\perp \) DYSPNOEA | POLLUTION, CANCER, XRAY)
(XRAY \( \text{ DYSPNOEA, POLLUTION, SMOKER | CANCER)}
(XRAY \( \text{POLLUTION}, \text{SMOKER} \) DYSPNOEA, CANCER)
(XRAY \( \text{ DYSPNOEA, SMOKER | POLLUTION, CANCER)}
(XRAY \( \text{ DYSPNOEA, POLLUTION } CANCER, SMOKER)
(XRAY \(\preceq\) SMOKER | DYSPNOEA, POLLUTION, CANCER)
(XRAY \( \text{POLLUTION} \) DYSPNOEA, CANCER, SMOKER)
(XRAY \( \text{DYSPNOEA} \) POLLUTION, CANCER, SMOKER)
(DYSPNOEA \(\perp\) POLLUTION, XRAY, SMOKER | CANCER)
(DYSPNOEA \(\preceq\) XRAY, SMOKER | POLLUTION, CANCER)
(DYSPNOEA \(\perp\) POLLUTION, SMOKER | CANCER, XRAY)
(DYSPNOEA \(\perp\) POLLUTION, XRAY | CANCER, SMOKER)
(DYSPNOEA \(\preceq\) SMOKER | POLLUTION, CANCER, XRAY)
(DYSPNOEA \(\preceq\) XRAY | POLLUTION, CANCER, SMOKER)
(DYSPNOE) & POLLUTION CEANCER, XRAY, SMOKER)
print(cancer model.get cpds('Pollution'))
print(cancer model.get cpds('Smoker'))
print(cancer model.get cpds('Cancer'))
print(cancer model.get cpds('Xray'))
print(cancer model.get cpds('Dyspnoea'))
DISPLAYING CPDS
+-----+-
| POLLUTION(0) | 0.9 |
+-----+
| POLLUTION(1) | 0.1 |
+-----+-
+------+
| SMOKER(0) | 0.3 |
| SMOKER(1) | 0.7 |
+-----------+
+------
```

```
| SMOKER | SMOKER(0) | SMOKER(1) | SMOKER(1)
| POLLUTION | POLLUTION(0) | POLLUTION(1) | POLLUTION(0) | POLLUTION(1)
| CANCER(0) | 0.03
                    | 0.05 | 0.001
                                            0.02
| CANCER(1) | 0.97
                   | 0.95
                                | 0.999
                                            | 0.98
| CANCER | CANCER(0) | CANCER(1) |
| XRAY(1) | 0.1 | 0.8
t------t
| CANCER | CANCER(0) | CANCER(1) |
 | DYSPNOEA(0) | 0.65
+-----+
| DYSPNOEA(1) | 0.35 | 0.7 |
+------+
cancer infer=VariableElimination(cancer model)
print('\n Inferencing with bayesian network')
print("\n Probability of Cancer given smoker")
q=cancer_infer.query(variables=['Cancer'],evidence={'Smoker':1})
print(q)
print("\n Probability of Cancer given smoker,pollution")
q=cancer_infer.query(variables=['Cancer'],evidence={'Smoker':1,'Polluti
on':1})
print(q)
```

```
FINDING ELIMINATION ORDER:: 0%| | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] 0%| |
0/3 [00:00<?, ?IT/S]

ELIMINATING: DYSPNOEA: 0%| | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?IT/S]

ELIMINATING: POLLUTION: 0%| | 0/3 [00:00<?, ?IT/S]

ELIMINATING: XRAY: 100%| | 3/3 [00:00<00:00, 359.52IT/S]

0%| | 0/2 [00:00<?, ?IT/S]

FINDING ELIMINATION ORDER:: 0%| | 0/2 [00:00<?, ?IT/S] 0%| |
```

0.0200 |

0%| | 0/2 [00:00<?, ?IT/S]

ELIMINATING: DYSPNOEA:

| CANCER(O) |

| CANCER(1) | 0.9800 |