

## CRC

```
public class CRC {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String data = "11010011101100";  
        String key = "1011";  
        String crc = generateCRC(data, key);  
        System.out.println("CRC Code: " + crc);  
        System.out.println("Transmitted Frame: " + data + crc);  
    }  
  
    public static String generateCRC(String data, String key) {  
        int keyLen = key.length();  
        String appendedData = data + "0".repeat(keyLen - 1);  
        char[] dataArr = appendedData.toCharArray();  
        char[] keyArr = key.toCharArray();  
  
        for (int i = 0; i <= appendedData.length() - keyLen; i++) {  
            if (dataArr[i] == '1') {  
                for (int j = 0; j < keyLen; j++) {  
                    dataArr[i + j] = (dataArr[i + j] == keyArr[j]) ? '0' : '1';  
                }  
            }  
        }  
  
        return new String(dataArr).substring(dataArr.length - (keyLen - 1));  
    }  
}
```

## **STOPWAIT AQR**

```
public class StopWaitARQ {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String[] frames = { "Frame1", "Frame2", "Frame3" };  
        boolean ack;  
        for (String frame : frames) {  
            System.out.println("Sending: " + frame);  
            ack = true; // Simulate ACK received  
            if (ack) {  
                System.out.println("ACK received for " + frame);  
            } else {  
                System.out.println("Resending " + frame);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

### **SocketProgrming\_client**

```
import java.net.*;
```

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
public class SocketProgramming_Client {  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {  
        Socket socket = new Socket("127.0.0.1", 5000);  
        DataOutputStream out = new DataOutputStream(socket.getOutputStream());  
        out.writeUTF("Hello Server");  
        out.flush();  
        out.close();  
        socket.close();  
    }  
}
```

### **Server**

```
import java.net.*;
```

```
import java.io.*;
```

```
public class SocketProgramming_Server {  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {  
        ServerSocket server = new ServerSocket(5000);  
        System.out.println("Server is waiting for client...");  
        Socket socket = server.accept();  
        DataInputStream in = new DataInputStream(socket.getInputStream());  
        System.out.println("Client says: " + in.readUTF());  
        in.close();  
        socket.close();  
    }  
}
```

```

        server.close();
    }
}

TCP Day Time Client

import java.net.*;
import java.io.*;

public class TCPDayTimeClient {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {

        Socket socket = new Socket("127.0.0.1", 8000);

        BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(socket.getInputStream()));

        System.out.println(in.readLine());

        in.close();

        socket.close();

    }
}

```

```

TCP Day Time Sever

import java.net.*;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Date;

public class TCPDayTimeServer {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {

        ServerSocket server = new ServerSocket(8000);

        System.out.println("TCP Daytime Server waiting...");

        Socket socket = server.accept();

        PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(socket.getOutputStream(), true);

        out.println("Server Date & Time: " + new Date().toString());

        out.close();

        socket.close();
    }
}

```

```
        server.close();
    }
}
```

### **UDP Day Time Client**

```
import java.net.*;

public class UDPDayTimeClient {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        DatagramSocket client = new DatagramSocket();

        InetAddress serverIP = InetAddress.getByName("localhost");

        byte[] request = "Send Date".getBytes();

        DatagramPacket packet = new DatagramPacket(request, request.length, serverIP, 9999);

        client.send(packet);

        byte[] responseBuf = new byte[1024];

        DatagramPacket response = new DatagramPacket(responseBuf, responseBuf.length);

        client.receive(response);

        System.out.println("Current Date & Time: " + new String(response.getData(), 0,
            response.getLength()));

        client.close();

    }

}
```

### **UDP Day Time Server**

```
import java.net.*;
import java.util.Date;

public class UDPDayTimeServer {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        DatagramSocket server = new DatagramSocket(9999);

        byte[] buffer = new byte[1024];
```

```

while (true) {
    DatagramPacket request = new DatagramPacket(buffer, buffer.length);
    server.receive(request);
    String date = new Date().toString();
    byte[] responseData = date.getBytes();
    DatagramPacket response = new DatagramPacket(responseData,
        responseData.length,
        request.getAddress(), request.getPort());
    server.send(response);
}
}
}

```

Command	Description / Purpose	Example Command (Windows)	Example Command (Linux)
<b>ping</b>	Tests connectivity between the local host and a remote host using ICMP packets. It checks if a destination is reachable.	ping www.google.com	ping www.google.com
<b>ipconfig</b>	Displays basic IP configuration details like IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.	ipconfig	—
<b>ipconfig /all</b>	Displays detailed IP configuration including MAC address, DHCP, and DNS information.	ipconfig /all	—
<b>ifconfig</b>	Displays or configures network interfaces (used in Linux or older systems).	—	ifconfig -a
<b>tracert / tracert</b>	Displays the route packets take from source to destination, showing each hop (network path).	tracert www.google.com	tracert www.google.com
<b>netstat</b>	Displays active network connections, listening ports, and protocol statistics. Helps monitor network activity.	netstat -ano	netstat -tunlp

Command	Description / Purpose	Example Command (Windows)	Example Command (Linux)
<b>nslookup</b>	Queries the DNS server to resolve domain names to IP addresses (or vice versa).	nslookup www.google.com	nslookup www.google.com

## ping

### Description:

Used to test connectivity between your computer (local host) and another device or website on a network. It sends ICMP packets and shows whether the destination is reachable and how long it takes.

### Example:

```
ping www.google.com
```

---

## ipconfig

### Description:

Displays the basic IP configuration details of your computer, such as IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.

### Example:

```
ipconfig
```

---

## ipconfig /all

### Description:

Shows detailed network configuration information including MAC address, DNS servers, DHCP status, and more.

### Example:

```
ipconfig /all
```

---

## tracert

### Description:

Displays the route (path) packets take from your computer to a destination host, showing each hop along the way. It helps identify where network delays occur.

### Example:

```
tracert www.google.com
```

---

## **netstat**

### **Description:**

Shows active network connections, listening ports, and protocol statistics. Useful for monitoring network activity and troubleshooting connections.

### **Example:**

```
netstat -ano
```

---

## **nslookup**

### **Description:**

Used to query DNS servers and find the IP address associated with a domain name (or vice versa). Helps check if DNS resolution is working properly.

### **Example:**

```
nslookup www.google.com
```

---

## **getmac**

### **Description:**

Displays the physical (MAC) address of your network adapters. Useful for identifying your system's unique hardware address.

### **Example:**

```
getmac
```