CheggSolutions - Thegdp

Sub-Subject: Chemistry | Topic: Acid-Base Equilibrium

Given and Introduction Step:

Given:

- Hydroxide concentration (\([OH^-]\)) = \(9.14 \times $10^{-8} M$ \)

This problem involves calculating the (pH) of a solution given its hydroxide ion concentration. The relationship between the (OH^-) concentration and the (pH) can be derived using the ion product of water ((K w)).

Step 1: Calculating the hydrogen ion concentration \([H^+]\) using \(K_w\)

First, use the ion-product constant for water at 25° C, which is \(K_w = 1.0 \times 10^{-14}\), to calculate \([H^+]\):

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\[ K_w = [H^+][OH^-] \]
Substituting the known values:
\[ 1.0 \times 10^{-14} = [H^+] \times 9.14 \times 10^{-8} \]
\[ [H^+] = \frac{1.0 \times 10^{-14}}{9.14 \times 10^{-8}} \]
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Explanation: This step uses the ion-product constant of water to relate the concentrations of \([H^+]\) and \([OH^-]\).

Step 2: Performing the Calculation

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Now, calculate: \[ [H^+] = \frac{1.0 \times 10^{-14}{9.14 \times 10^{-8}} \] \[ [H^+] = 1.094 \times 10^{-7} M \]
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Explanation: Performing the division provides the hydrogen ion concentration necessary to find the \(pH\).

Step 3: Calculating the pH

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Now, use the hydrogen ion concentration to find the \phantom{\pmathcal{h}}{pH} = -\log [H^+] \proof [H^+] \proof [H^+] = 1.094 \times 10^{-7}\proof [H^+] \proof [H^+]
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 $\label{lem:explanation:phi} \textbf{Explanation: The $$(pH\)$ is calculated using the negative logarithm of the hydrogen ion concentration.}$

Step 4: Performing the Logarithmic Calculation

Now, perform the logarithmic calculation: $[pH = -\log (1.094 \times 10^{-7})]$ Using a calculator, $[pH \Rightarrow (-6.961)]$ $[pH \Rightarrow 6.961]$

Explanation: Taking the logarithm and then the negative of that value provides the \(pH\) of the solution.

Final Solution:

The pH of the solution is approximately \(6.961\).

Explanation: The pH value has been calculated using the hydrogen ion concentration derived from the given hydroxide ion concentration.

Supporting Statement: The pH of a solution with a hydroxide ion concentration of \(9.14 \times 10^{-8} M\) is approximately \(6.961\), calculated using well-established principles of aqueous equilibrium.