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Population Growth Modeling

Sub-Subject: Calculus

Topic: Population Growth Modeling

Given the differential equation,  $\left(\frac{dP(t)}{dt} = kP(t)\right)$ , the solution  $P(t) = b e^{kt} - a$ , and a specific solution  $P(14) = 7,600,000$ , determine the number of years it will take for the population to reach 14,700,000 people.

Step 1: Initial Condition Calculation

Given:

$$P(t) = 5.3 \times 10^6 \cdot e^{0.027(t - 1974)}$$

The initial population  $P(14)$  is given by:

$$P(14) = 7,600,000$$

Since:

$$P(t) = 5.3 \times 10^6 \cdot e^{0.027(t - 1974)}$$

Therefore:

$$5.3 \times 10^6 \cdot e^{0.027(14 - 1974)} = 7,600,000$$

**Supporting Statement:** The initial population  $P(14)$  is set as the base to find other specific values derived from the growth model.

Explanation:

The expression  $5.3 \times 10^6 \cdot e^{0.027(t-1974)}$  models the population growth; substituting  $t = 14$  allows solving for parameters using the given initial conditions.

Step 2: Solving for Population at a Future Time

Given  $P(t) = 14,700,000$ , the equation:

$$14,700,000 = 5.3 \times 10^6 \cdot e^{0.027(t-1974)}$$

Rearranging the equation to isolate  $e^{0.027(t-1974)}$ :

$$e^{0.027(t-1974)} = \frac{14,700,000}{5.3 \times 10^6}$$

Simplify the ratio:

$$e^{0.027(t-1974)} = \frac{14.7}{5.3} = 2.77358$$

**Supporting Statement:** This step rearranges the exponential equation for solving the unknown future time.

Explanation:

Isolating the exponential term allows setting the equation in a form that opens it to applying logarithmic transformations.

Step 3: Applying Logarithms to Solve for  $t$

Applying the natural logarithm to both sides:

$$\ln(e^{0.027(t-1974)}) = \ln(2.77358)$$

Utilize the property  $\ln(e^x) = x$ :

$$0.027(t-1974) = \ln(2.77358)$$

Solving for  $t$ :

$$0.027(t-1974) = 1.0202$$

$$t-1974 = \frac{1.0202}{0.027}$$

$$t - 1974 = 37.785$$

$$t = 1974 + 37.785$$

$$t \approx 2011.785$$

**Supporting Statement:** Application of log arithmetic isolates the variable  $t$  and thereby solves for it numerically.

**Explanation:**

By taking natural logarithms, the exponent is isolated and shifted to finding  $t$  by simplifying the transformed linear equation.

**Final Solution:**

The population will reach 14,700,000 approximately in the year  $2011.785$ , which translates to around late 2011 or early 2012.

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