

Entertainment Analysis

```
#importing Libraries
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
#importing files
```

```
ent_basic = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/NikhilM-632/ik-files/main/Entertainer%20-%20Basic%20Info.csv')
ent_break = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/NikhilM-632/ik-files/main/Entertainer%20-%20Breakthrough%20Info.csv')
ent_last = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/NikhilM-632/ik-files/main/Entertainer%20-%20Last%20work%20Info.csv')
```

```
ent_basic.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 70 entries, 0 to 69
```

```
Data columns (total 3 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Entertainer	70 non-null	object
1	Gender (traditional)	70 non-null	object
2	Birth Year	70 non-null	int64

```
dtypes: int64(1), object(2)
```

```
memory usage: 1.8+ KB
```

```
ent_basic.head()
```

	Entertainer	Gender (traditional)	Birth Year
0	Adele	F	1988
1	Angelina Jolie	F	1975
2	Aretha Franklin	F	1942
3	Bette Davis	F	1908
4	Betty White	F	1922

```
ent_break.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 70 entries, 0 to 69
```

```
Data columns (total 4 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count
---	-----	-----

```

0    Entertainer                                70 non-null
object
1    Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination  70 non-null
int64
2    Breakthrough Name                          70 non-null
object
3    Year of First Oscar/Grammy/Emmy              64 non-null
float64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 2.3+ KB

```

```
ent_break.head()
```

	Entertainer	Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination	\
0	Adele	2008	
1	Angelina Jolie	1999	
2	Aretha Franklin	1967	
3	Bette Davis	1934	
4	Betty White	1952	

	Breakthrough Name	Year of First
	Oscar/Grammy/Emmy	
0		19
		2009.0
1	Girl, Interrupted	
		1999.0
2	I Never Loved a Man (The Way I Love You)	
		1968.0
3	Of Human Bondage	
		1935.0
4	Life with Elilizabeth	
		1976.0

```
ent_last.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 70 entries, 0 to 69
```

```
Data columns (total 3 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
---	-----	-----	-----
0	Entertainer	70 non-null	object
1	Year of Last Major Work (arguable)	70 non-null	int64
2	Year of Death	30 non-null	float64

```
dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(1)
```

```
memory usage: 1.8+ KB
```

```
ent_last.head()
```

	Entertainer	Year of Last Major Work (arguable)	Year of Death
0	Adele	2016	NaN
1	Angelina Jolie	2016	NaN

2	Aretha Franklin	2014	NaN
3	Bette Davis	1989	1989.0
4	Betty White	2016	NaN

EDA - Entertainer Basic Data

```

# Count the occurrences of each gender
gender_distribution = ent_basic['Gender (traditional)'].value_counts()

# Plotting the bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))

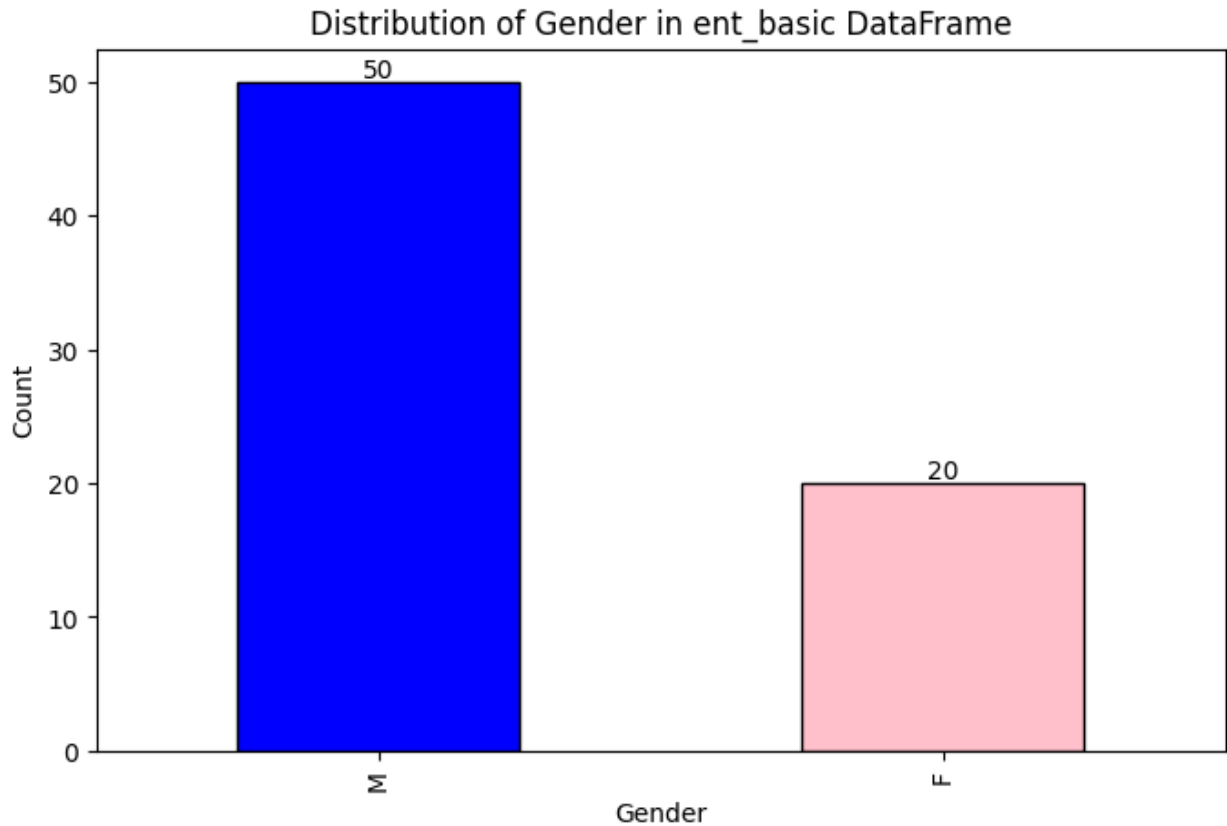
# Plotting the bars
bars = gender_distribution.plot(kind='bar', color=['blue', 'pink'],
                                edgecolor='black')

# Adding total count annotations on top of the bars
for bar in bars.patches:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width()/2, yval + 0.02, round(yval,
1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

# Adding labels and title
plt.xlabel('Gender')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Distribution of Gender in ent_basic DataFrame')

# Display the plot
plt.show()

```



```
# Count the occurrences of each gender
gender_distribution = ent_basic['Gender (traditional)'].value_counts()

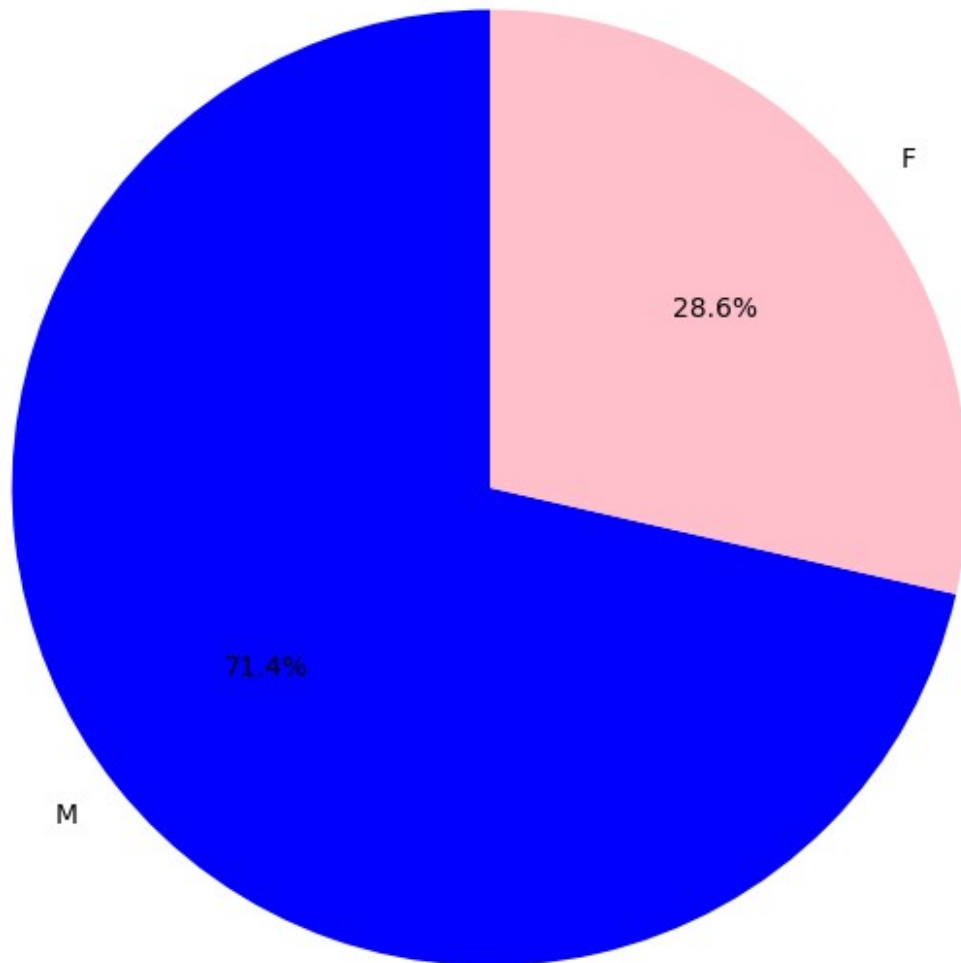
# Plotting the pie chart
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))

# Plotting the pie chart
plt.pie(gender_distribution, labels=gender_distribution.index,
autopct='%1.1f%%', colors=['blue', 'pink'], startangle=90)

# Adding title
plt.title('Distribution of Gender in ent_basic DataFrame')

# Display the plot
plt.show()
```

Distribution of Gender in ent_basic DataFrame



```
# Create bins of 10 years
bins = list(range(ent_basic['Birth Year'].min(), ent_basic['Birth Year'].max() + 11, 10))

# Create a new column 'Birth Year Bins' with the bins
ent_basic['Birth Year Bins'] = pd.cut(ent_basic['Birth Year'], bins,
right=False)

# Count the occurrences in each bin
birth_year_distribution = ent_basic['Birth Year Bins'].value_counts().sort_index()
```

```

# Plotting the bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

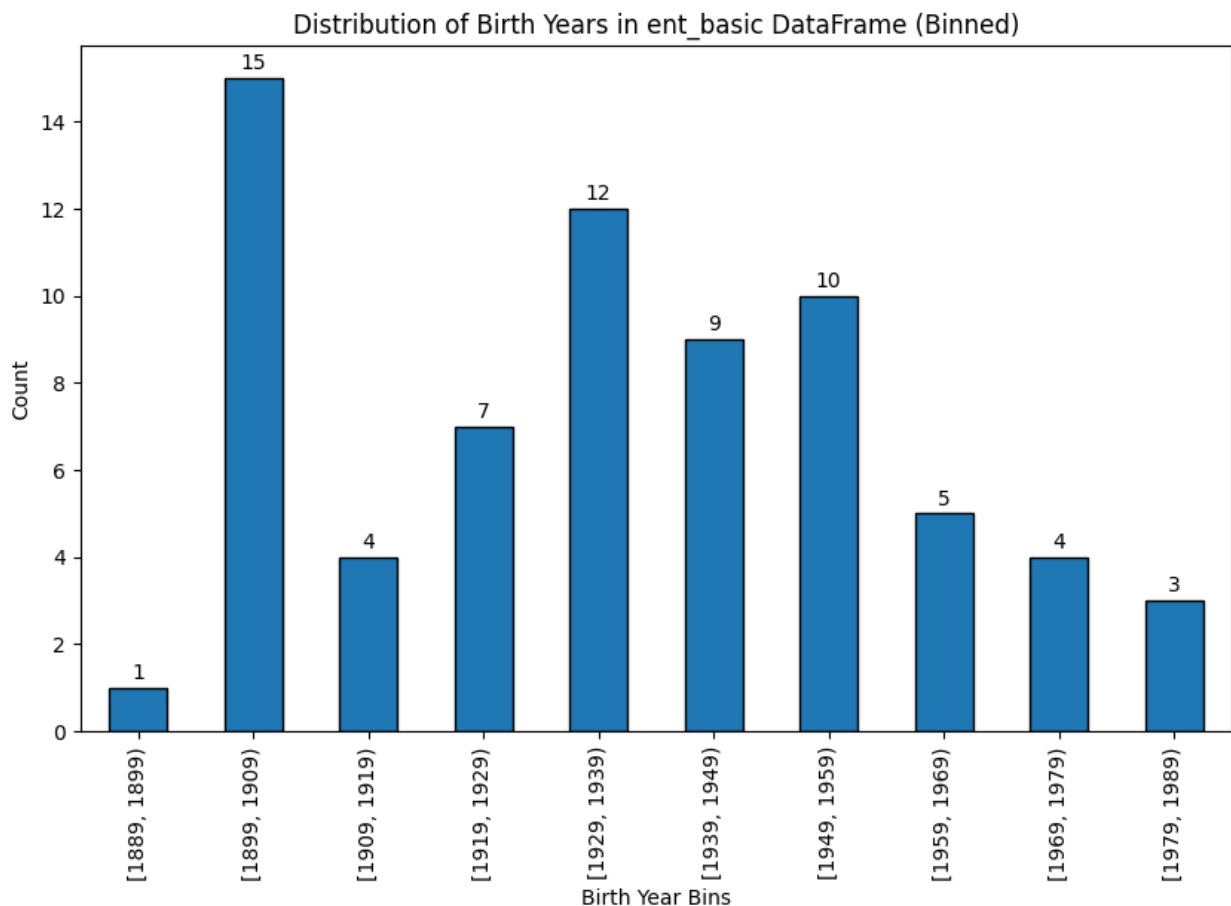
# Plotting the bars
bars = birth_year_distribution.plot(kind='bar', edgecolor='black')

# Adding total count annotations on top of the bars
for bar in bars.patches:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1,
round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

# Adding labels and title
plt.xlabel('Birth Year Bins')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Distribution of Birth Years in ent_basic DataFrame
(Binned)')

# Display the plot
plt.show()

```



```

# Create bins of 10 years
bins = list(range(ent_basic['Birth Year'].min(), ent_basic['Birth Year'].max() + 11, 10))

# Create a new column 'Birth Year Bins' with the bins
ent_basic['Birth Year Bins'] = pd.cut(ent_basic['Birth Year'], bins, right=False)

# Group by 'Birth Year Bins' and 'Gender (traditional)' and count occurrences
gender_distribution_by_bins = ent_basic.groupby(['Birth Year Bins', 'Gender (traditional)']).size().unstack().fillna(0)

# Plotting the bar chart with counts on top of the bars
plt.figure(figsize=(18, 9))

bar_width = 0.35
index = range(len(gender_distribution_by_bins.index))

# Plotting the bars for Male
bars1 = plt.bar(index, gender_distribution_by_bins['M'], bar_width, label='Male', edgecolor='black', color='blue')

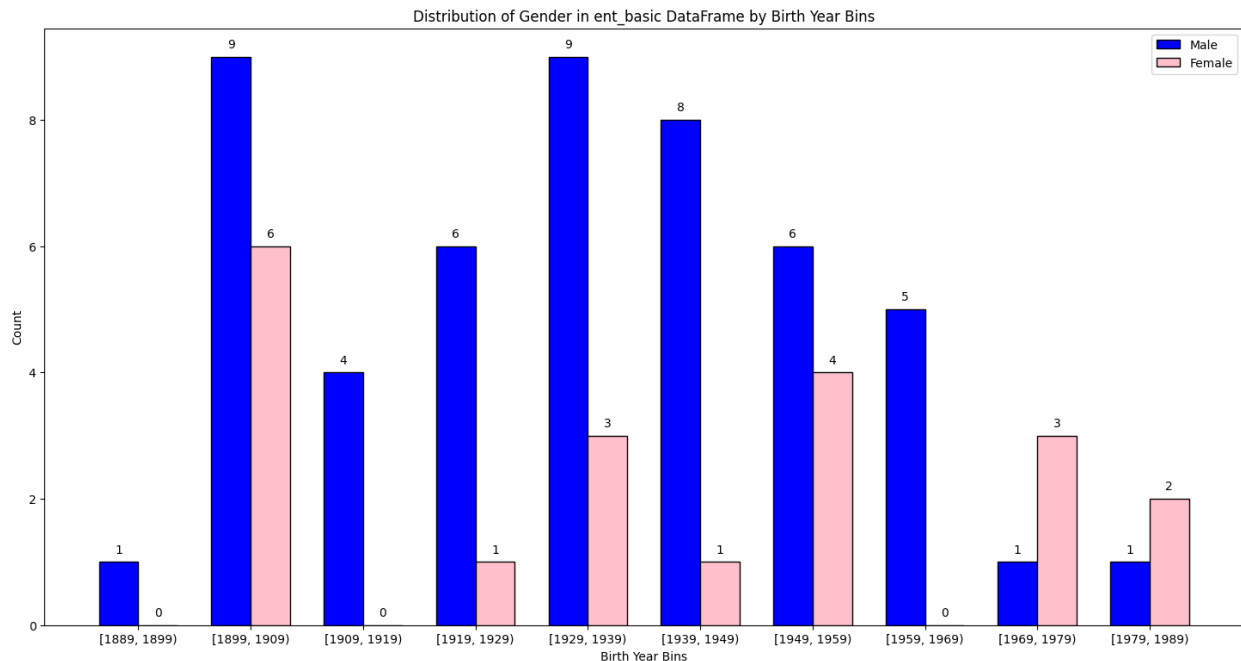
# Plotting the bars for Female
bars2 = plt.bar([i + bar_width for i in index], gender_distribution_by_bins['F'], bar_width, label='Female', edgecolor='black', color='pink')

# Adding labels and title
plt.xlabel('Birth Year Bins')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('Distribution of Gender in ent_basic DataFrame by Birth Year Bins')

# Adding counts on top of the bars
for bar in bars1 + bars2:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1, round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

# Display the plot
plt.xticks([i + bar_width/2 for i in index], gender_distribution_by_bins.index)
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```



```
# Merge the DataFrames on the 'Entertainer' column
ent_award = pd.merge(ent_basic, ent_break, on='Entertainer')

# Display the resulting DataFrame 'ent_award'
print(ent_award)
```

Bins \	Entertainer	Gender (traditional)	Birth Year	Birth Year
0	Adele	F	1988	[1979, 1989)
1	Angelina Jolie	F	1975	[1969, 1979)
2	Aretha Franklin	F	1942	[1939, 1949)
3	Bette Davis	F	1908	[1899, 1909)
4	Betty White	F	1922	[1919, 1929)
..
65	Tom Hanks	M	1956	[1949, 1959)
66	Tony Bennett	M	1926	[1919, 1929)
67	Wayne Newton	M	1942	[1939, 1949)
68	Will Smith	M	1968	[1959, 1969)

69	Willie Nelson	M	1933	[1929, 1939)
----	---------------	---	------	--------------

	Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination \
0	2008
1	1999
2	1967
3	1934
4	1952
..	...
65	1984
66	1951
67	1972
68	1990
69	1975

	Breakthrough Name	Year of First
Oscar/Grammy/Emmy		
0		19
2009.0		
1	Girl, Interrupted	
1999.0		
2	I Never Loved a Man (The Way I Love You)	
1968.0		
3	Of Human Bondage	
1935.0		
4	Life with Elilizabeth	
1976.0		
..	...	
...		
65	Splash	
1993.0		
66	Because of You	
1963.0		
67	Daddy, Don't You Walk So Fast	
NaN		
68	The Fresh Prince of Bel-Air	
1988.0		
69	Red Headed Stranger	
1976.0		

[70 rows x 7 columns]

```
# Convert 'Year of First Award' to numeric and calculate 'Nomination Age'
ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination'] =
pd.to_numeric(ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award
Nomination'], errors='coerce') # Convert to numeric
ent_award['Nomination Age'] = ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1
Hit/Award Nomination'] - ent_award['Birth Year']
```

```
# Display the resulting DataFrame 'ent_award'
print(ent_award)
```

Bins \	Entertainer	Gender (traditional)	Birth Year	Birth Year
0	Adele	F	1988	[1979, 1989)
1	Angelina Jolie	F	1975	[1969, 1979)
2	Aretha Franklin	F	1942	[1939, 1949)
3	Bette Davis	F	1908	[1899, 1909)
4	Betty White	F	1922	[1919, 1929)
..
65	Tom Hanks	M	1956	[1949, 1959)
66	Tony Bennett	M	1926	[1919, 1929)
67	Wayne Newton	M	1942	[1939, 1949)
68	Will Smith	M	1968	[1959, 1969)
69	Willie Nelson	M	1933	[1929, 1939)

	Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination \
0	2008
1	1999
2	1967
3	1934
4	1952
..	...
65	1984
66	1951
67	1972
68	1990
69	1975

	Breakthrough Name	Year of First
Oscar/Grammy/Emmy \		
0		19
2009.0		
1	Girl, Interrupted	
1999.0		
2	I Never Loved a Man (The Way I Love You)	
1968.0		
3	Of Human Bondage	

```

1935.0
4 Life with Elilzabeth
1976.0
.. ...
...
65 Splash
1993.0
66 Because of You
1963.0
67 Daddy, Don't You Walk So Fast
NaN
68 The Fresh Prince of Bel-Air
1988.0
69 Red Headed Stranger
1976.0

```

```

Nomination Age
0 20
1 24
2 25
3 26
4 30
.. ...
65 28
66 25
67 30
68 22
69 42

```

```
[70 rows x 8 columns]
```

```

# Convert 'Year of First Award' to numeric and calculate 'Award Age'
ent_award['Year of First Oscar/Grammy/Emmy'] =
pd.to_numeric(ent_award['Year of First Oscar/Grammy/Emmy'],
errors='coerce') # Convert to numeric
ent_award['Award Age'] = ent_award['Year of First Oscar/Grammy/Emmy']
- ent_award['Birth Year']

```

```

# Display the resulting DataFrame 'ent_award'
print(ent_award)

```

Bins \	Entertainer	Gender (traditional)	Birth Year	Birth Year
0	Adele	F	1988	[1979, 1989)
1	Angelina Jolie	F	1975	[1969, 1979)
2	Aretha Franklin	F	1942	[1939, 1949)
3	Bette Davis	F	1908	[1899, 1909)

4	Betty White	F	1922	[1919, 1929)
..
65	Tom Hanks	M	1956	[1949, 1959)
66	Tony Bennett	M	1926	[1919, 1929)
67	Wayne Newton	M	1942	[1939, 1949)
68	Will Smith	M	1968	[1959, 1969)
69	Willie Nelson	M	1933	[1929, 1939)

	Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination \
0	2008
1	1999
2	1967
3	1934
4	1952
..	...
65	1984
66	1951
67	1972
68	1990
69	1975

	Breakthrough Name	Year of First
Oscar/Grammy/Emmy \		
0		19
2009.0		
1	Girl, Interrupted	
1999.0		
2	I Never Loved a Man (The Way I Love You)	
1968.0		
3	Of Human Bondage	
1935.0		
4	Life with Elilzabeth	
1976.0		
..	...	
...		
65	Splash	
1993.0		
66	Because of You	
1963.0		
67	Daddy, Don't You Walk So Fast	
NaN		
68	The Fresh Prince of Bel-Air	

```
1988.0
69                                     Red Headed Stranger
1976.0
```

	Nomination Age	Award Age
0	20	21.0
1	24	24.0
2	25	26.0
3	26	27.0
4	30	54.0
..
65	28	37.0
66	25	37.0
67	30	NaN
68	22	20.0
69	42	43.0

```
[70 rows x 9 columns]
```

```
ent_award.head()
```

	Entertainer	Gender (traditional)	Birth Year	Birth Year Bins	\
0	Adele	F	1988	[1979, 1989)	
1	Angelina Jolie	F	1975	[1969, 1979)	
2	Aretha Franklin	F	1942	[1939, 1949)	
3	Bette Davis	F	1908	[1899, 1909)	
4	Betty White	F	1922	[1919, 1929)	

	Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination	\
0	2008	
1	1999	
2	1967	
3	1934	
4	1952	

	Breakthrough Name	Year of First
Oscar/Grammy/Emmy	\	
0		19
2009.0		
1	Girl, Interrupted	
1999.0		
2	I Never Loved a Man (The Way I Love You)	
1968.0		
3	Of Human Bondage	
1935.0		
4	Life with Elilzabeth	
1976.0		

	Nomination Age	Award Age
0	20	21.0

1	24	24.0
2	25	26.0
3	26	27.0
4	30	54.0

```
# Group by 'Gender (traditional)' and calculate average 'Nomination Age'
```

```
average_age_by_gender = ent_award.groupby('Gender (traditional)')  
['Nomination Age'].mean()
```

```
# Plotting the bar chart with average values on top
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
```

```
# Plotting the bars
```

```
bars = plt.bar(average_age_by_gender.index, average_age_by_gender,  
color=['pink', 'blue'], edgecolor='black')
```

```
# Adding labels and title
```

```
plt.xlabel('Gender')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Average Nomination Age')
```

```
plt.title('Average Nomination Age of Male and Female Entertainers')
```

```
# Adding values on top of the bars
```

```
for bar in bars:
```

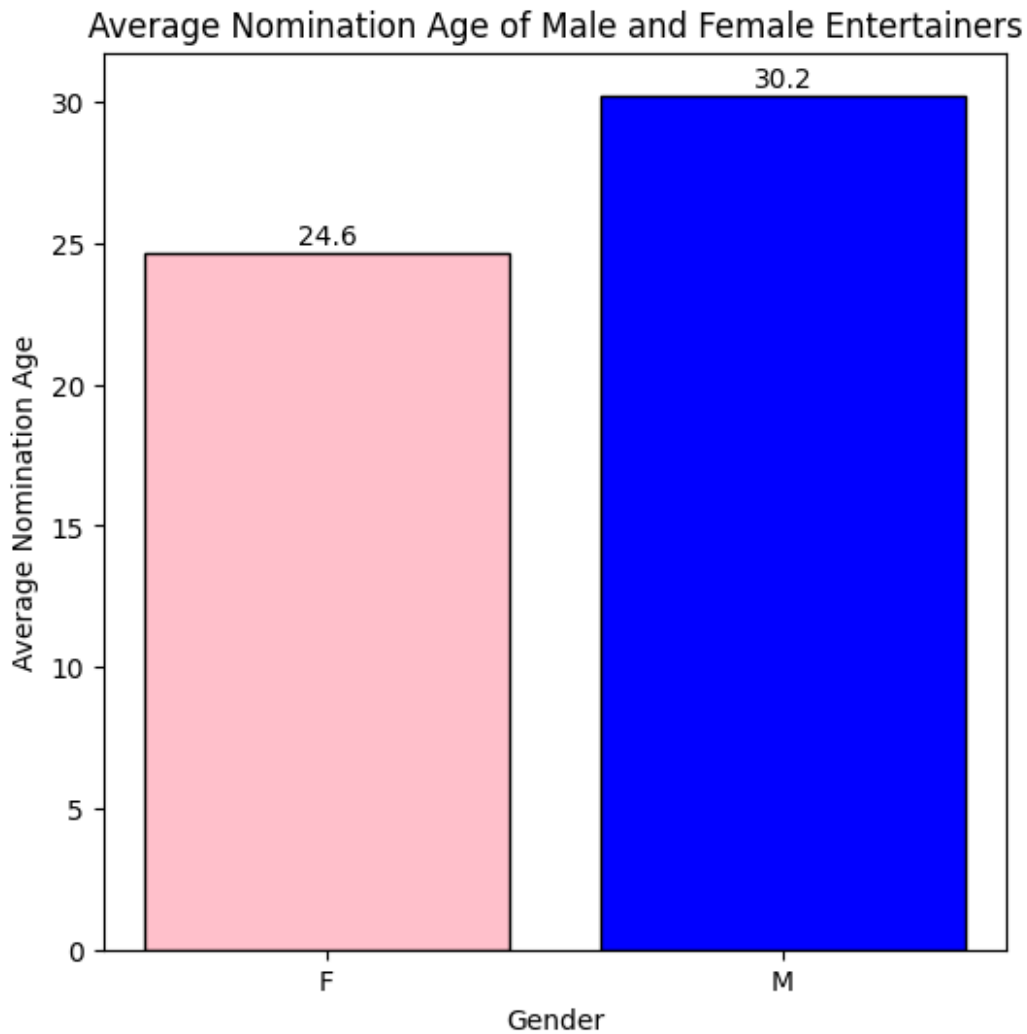
```
    yval = bar.get_height()
```

```
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1,
```

```
round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)
```

```
# Display the plot
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
# Group by 'Gender (traditional)' and calculate average 'Award Age'
average_age_by_gender = ent_award.groupby('Gender (traditional)')
['Award Age'].mean()

# Plotting the bar chart with average values on top
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))

# Plotting the bars
bars = plt.bar(average_age_by_gender.index, average_age_by_gender,
color=['pink', 'blue'], edgecolor='black')

# Adding labels and title
plt.xlabel('Gender')
plt.ylabel('Average Award Age')
plt.title('Average Award Age of Male and Female Entertainers')

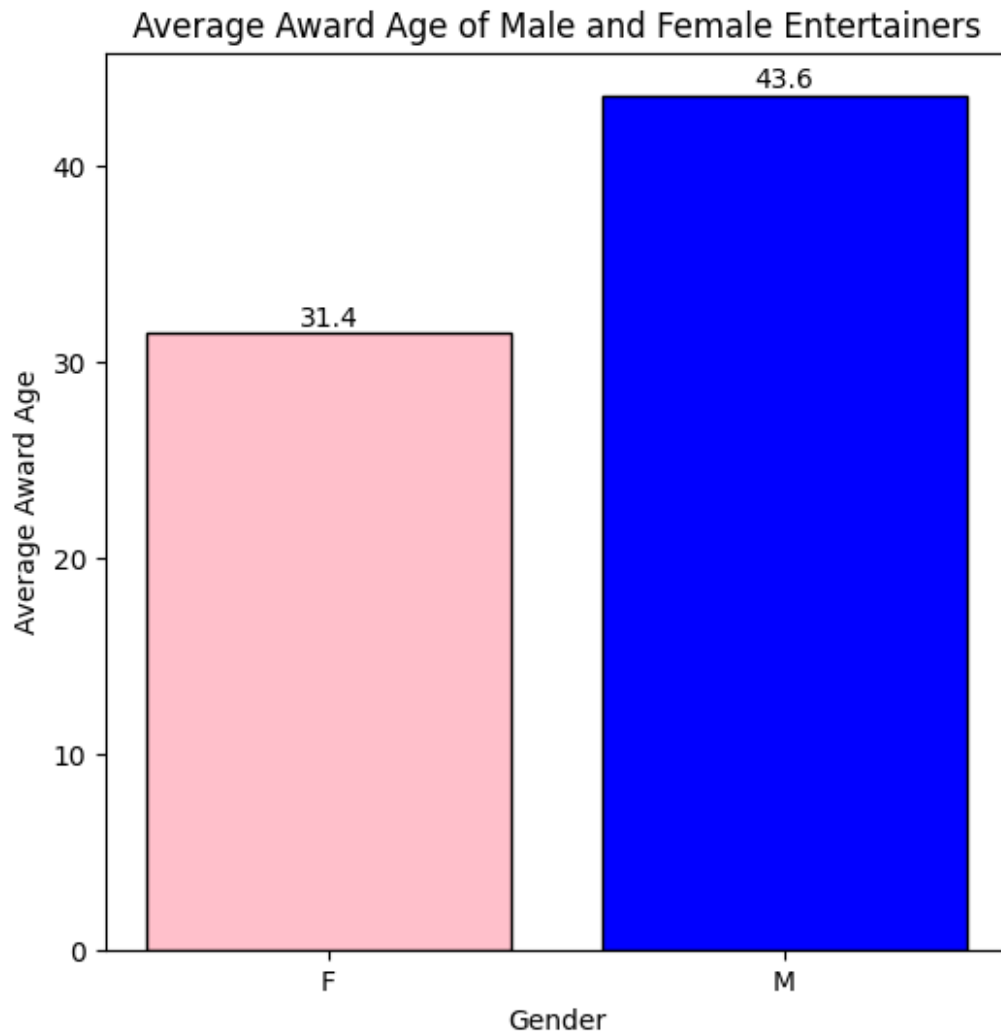
# Adding values on top of the bars
for bar in bars:
```

```

    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1,
round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

# Display the plot
plt.show()

```



```

# Calculate average ages
average_age = ent_award[['Nomination Age', 'Award Age']].mean()

# Plotting the multiple bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))

# Bar width
bar_width = 0.35

# Plotting the bars for 'Nomination Age'

```



```

bars1 = plt.bar([0], [average_age['Nomination Age']], bar_width,
label='Nomination Age', color='orange', edgecolor='black')

# Plotting the bars for 'Award Age'
bars2 = plt.bar([bar_width], [average_age['Award Age']], bar_width,
label='Award Age', color='red', edgecolor='black')

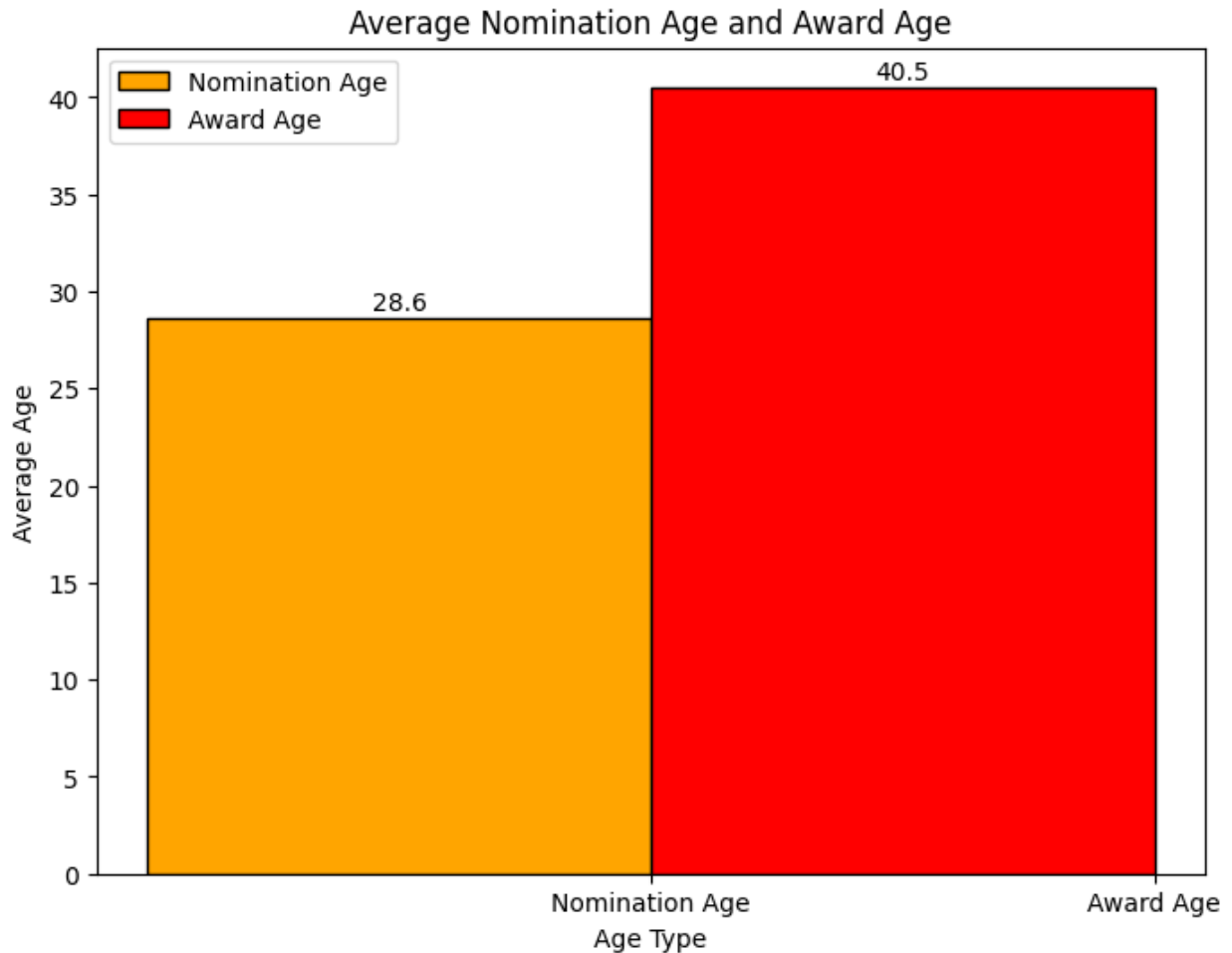
# Adding labels and title
plt.xlabel('Age Type')
plt.ylabel('Average Age')
plt.title('Average Nomination Age and Award Age')
plt.xticks([bar_width / 2, bar_width + bar_width / 2], ['Nomination
Age', 'Award Age'])

# Adding values on top of the bars for 'Nomination Age'
for bar in bars1:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1,
round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

# Adding values on top of the bars for 'Award Age'
for bar in bars2:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1,
round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

# Display the plot
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```



```
# Filter data for male entertainers
male_data = ent_award[ent_award['Gender (traditional)'] == 'M']

# Calculate average ages for male entertainers
average_age_male = male_data[['Nomination Age', 'Award Age']].mean()

# Plotting the bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))

# Bar width
bar_width = 0.35

# Plotting the bars for 'Nomination Age' and 'Award Age'
bars = plt.bar(range(len(average_age_male)), average_age_male,
               bar_width, edgecolor='black', color=['lightblue', 'blue'])

# Adding labels and title
plt.xlabel('Category')
plt.ylabel('Average Age')
plt.title('Average Nomination Age and Award Age for Male')
```

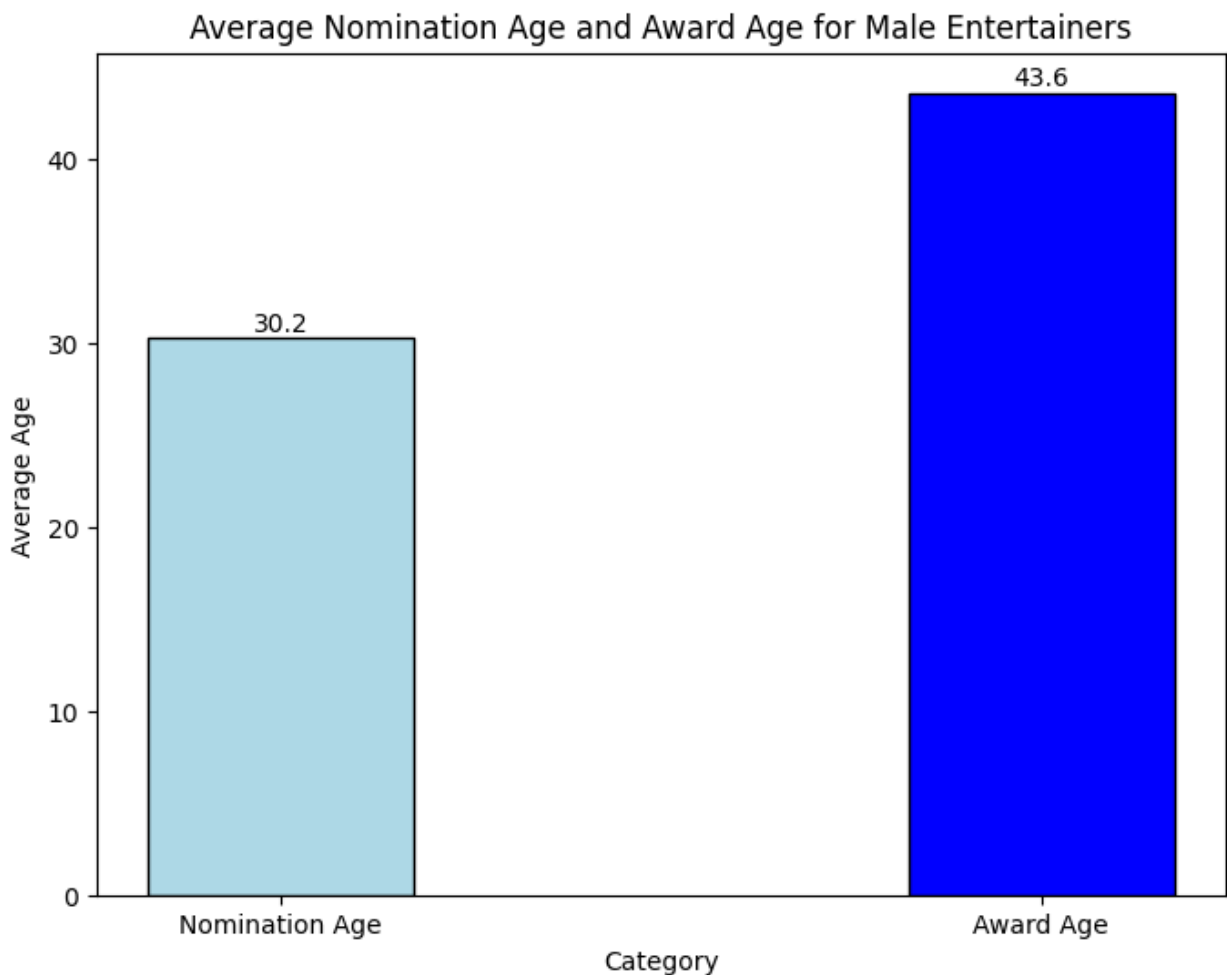
```

Entertainers')
plt.xticks(range(len(average_age_male)), ['Nomination Age', 'Award
Age'])

# Adding values on top of the bars
for bar in bars:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1,
round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

# Display the plot
plt.show()

```



```

# Filter data for female entertainers
female_data = ent_award[ent_award['Gender (traditional)'] == 'F']

# Calculate average ages for female entertainers
average_age_female = female_data[['Nomination Age', 'Award
Age']].mean()

```

```

# Plotting the bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))

# Bar width
bar_width = 0.35

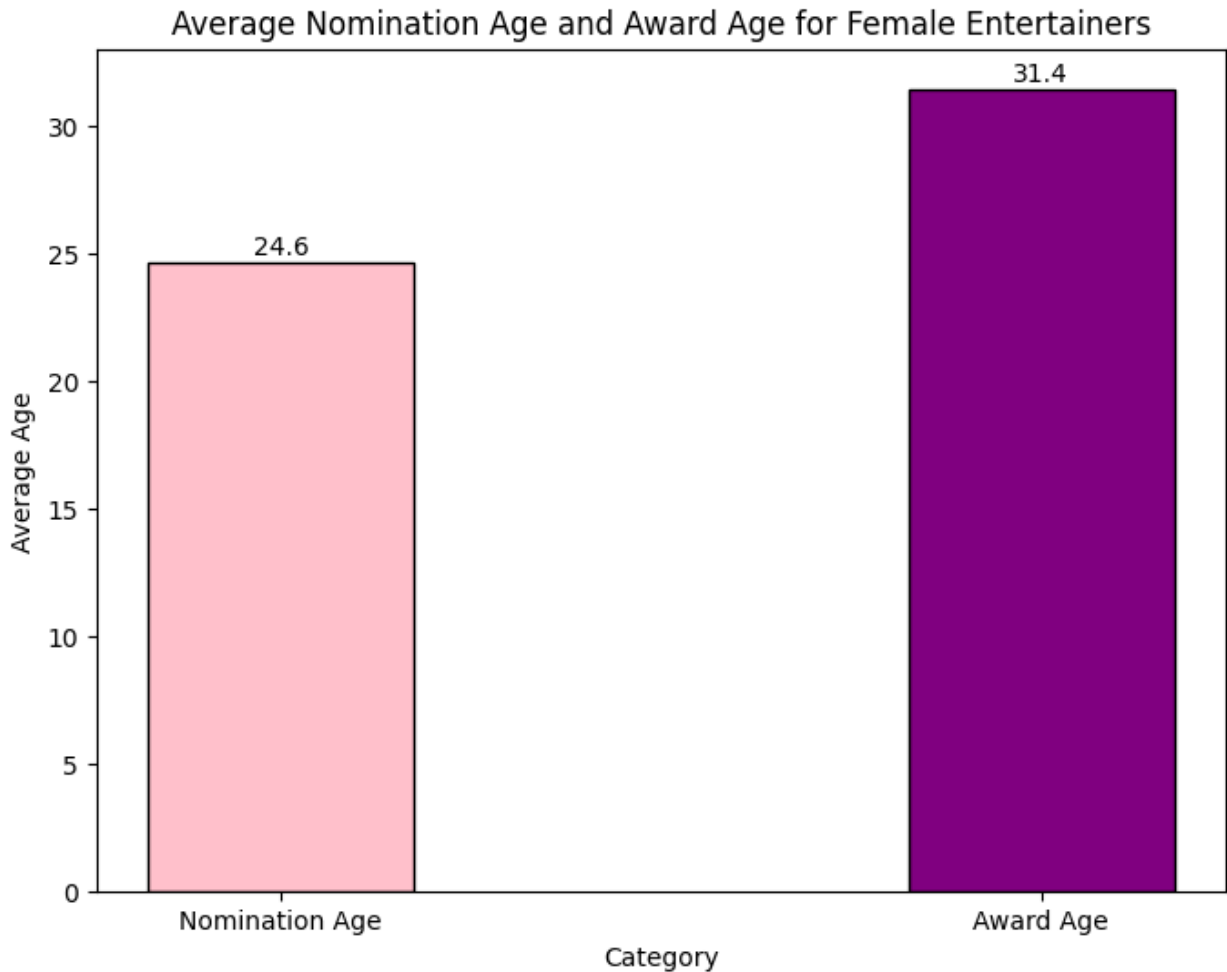
# Plotting the bars for 'Nomination Age' and 'Award Age'
bars = plt.bar(range(len(average_age_female)), average_age_female,
bar_width, edgecolor='black', color=['pink', 'purple'])

# Adding labels and title
plt.xlabel('Category')
plt.ylabel('Average Age')
plt.title('Average Nomination Age and Award Age for Female
Entertainers')
plt.xticks(range(len(average_age_female)), ['Nomination Age', 'Award
Age'])

# Adding values on top of the bars
for bar in bars:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1,
round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

# Display the plot
plt.show()

```



```
# Separate data by gender
male_data = ent_award[ent_award['Gender (traditional)'] == 'M']
female_data = ent_award[ent_award['Gender (traditional)'] == 'F']

# Calculate average ages for both genders
average_age_male = male_data[['Nomination Age', 'Award Age']].mean()
average_age_female = female_data[['Nomination Age', 'Award Age']].mean()

# Plotting the grouped bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))

# Bar width
bar_width = 0.35

# Plotting the bars for 'Nomination Age' and 'Award Age'
bars1 = plt.bar(range(len(average_age_male)), average_age_male,
                bar_width, label='Male', edgecolor='black', color=['blue', 'blue'])
bars2 = plt.bar([x + bar_width for x in range(len(average_age_female))], average_age_female, bar_width,
```

```

label='Female', edgecolor='black', color=['pink', 'pink'])

# Adding labels and title
plt.xlabel('Category')
plt.ylabel('Average Age')
plt.title('Average Nomination Age and Award Age by Gender')
plt.xticks([bar_width / 2, 3 * bar_width / 2], ['Nomination Age',
'Award Age'])

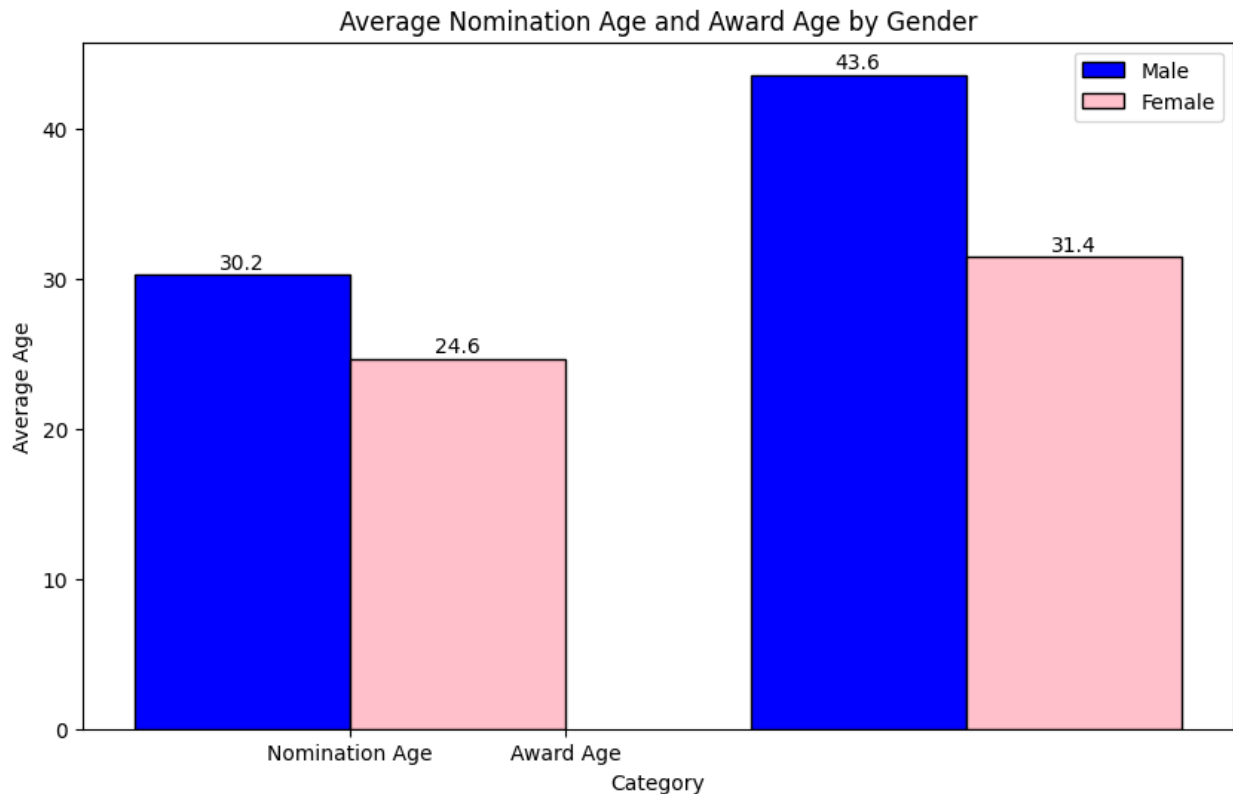
# Adding legend
plt.legend()

# Adding values on top of the bars for Male 'Nomination Age' and
'Award Age'
for bar in bars1:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1,
round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

# Adding values on top of the bars for Female 'Nomination Age' and
'Award Age'
for bar in bars2:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1,
round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

# Display the plot
plt.show()

```

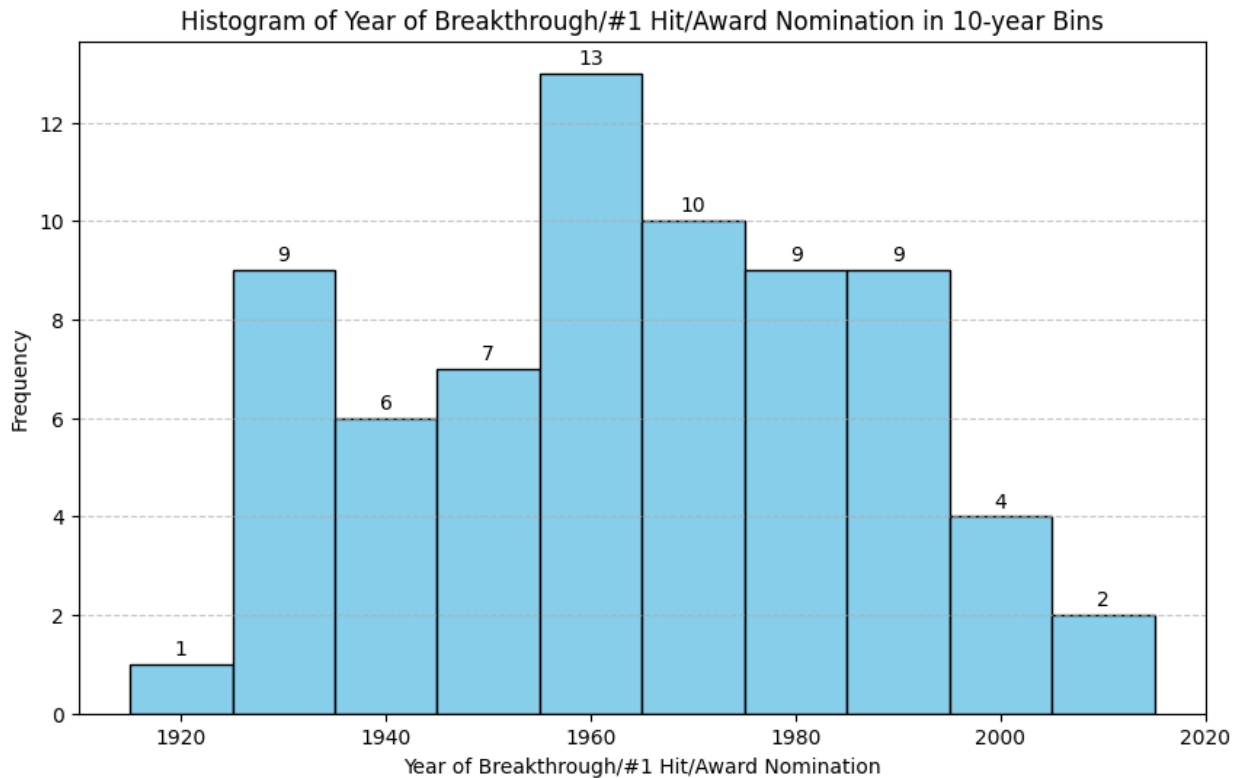


```
# Create bins of 10 years
bins = list(range(ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award
Nomination'].min(),
                  ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award
Nomination'].max() + 11, 10))

# Plotting the histogram
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
n, bins, patches = plt.hist(ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1
Hit/Award Nomination'], bins=bins, edgecolor='black', color='skyblue')
plt.xlabel('Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Histogram of Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination
in 10-year Bins')
plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)

# Adding values on top of the bars
for value, bin, patch in zip(n, bins, patches):
    plt.text(bin + 5, value + 0.1, int(value), ha='center',
va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

plt.show()
```



```
# Convert 'Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination' to numeric
ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination'] =
pd.to_numeric(ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award
Nomination'], errors='coerce')

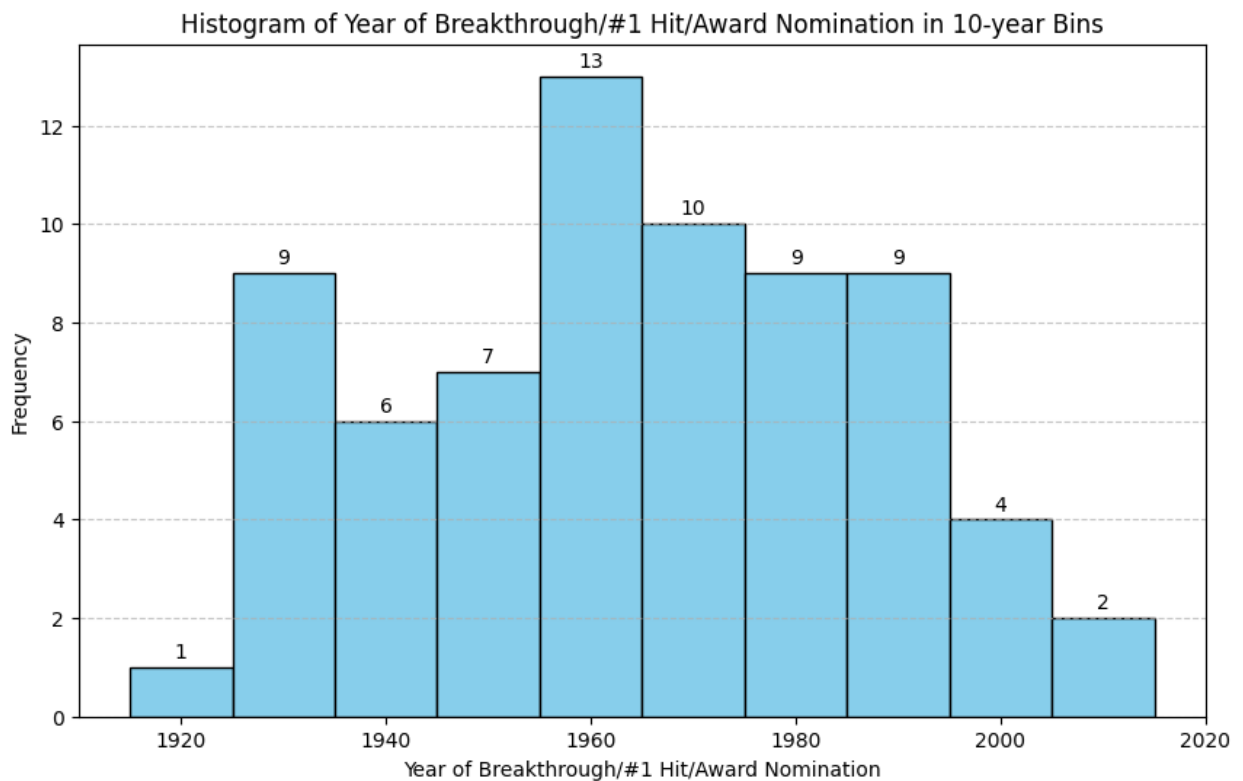
# Create bins of 10 years
bins = list(range(ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award
Nomination'].min(),
                  ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award
Nomination'].max() + 11, 10))

# Plotting the histogram
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
n, bins, patches = plt.hist(ent_award['Year of Breakthrough/#1
Hit/Award Nomination'], bins=bins, edgecolor='black', color='skyblue')
plt.xlabel('Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Histogram of Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination
in 10-year Bins')
plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)

# Adding values on top of the bars
for value, bin, patch in zip(n, bins, patches):
    plt.text(bin + 5, value + 0.1, int(value), ha='center',
va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)
```



```
plt.show()
```



```
# Merge the DataFrames on the 'Entertainer' column
ent_final = pd.merge(ent_award, ent_last, on='Entertainer')
```

```
# Display the resulting DataFrame 'ent_award'
print(ent_final)
```

Bins \	Entertainer	Gender (traditional)	Birth Year	Birth Year
0	Adele	F	1988	[1979, 1989)
1	Angelina Jolie	F	1975	[1969, 1979)
2	Aretha Franklin	F	1942	[1939, 1949)
3	Bette Davis	F	1908	[1899, 1909)
4	Betty White	F	1922	[1919, 1929)
..
65	Tom Hanks	M	1956	[1949, 1959)

66	Tony Bennett	M	1926	[1919, 1929)
67	Wayne Newton	M	1942	[1939, 1949)
68	Will Smith	M	1968	[1959, 1969)
69	Willie Nelson	M	1933	[1929, 1939)

	Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination \
0	2008
1	1999
2	1967
3	1934
4	1952
..	...
65	1984
66	1951
67	1972
68	1990
69	1975

	Breakthrough Name	Year of First
Oscar/Grammy/Emmy \		
0		19
2009.0		
1	Girl, Interrupted	
1999.0		
2	I Never Loved a Man (The Way I Love You)	
1968.0		
3	Of Human Bondage	
1935.0		
4	Life with Elilzabeth	
1976.0		
..	...	
...		
65	Splash	
1993.0		
66	Because of You	
1963.0		
67	Daddy, Don't You Walk So Fast	
NaN		
68	The Fresh Prince of Bel-Air	
1988.0		
69	Red Headed Stranger	
1976.0		

	Nomination Age	Award Age	Year of Last Major Work (arguable) \
0	20	21.0	2016

1	24	24.0	2016
2	25	26.0	2014
3	26	27.0	1989
4	30	54.0	2016
..
65	28	37.0	2016
66	25	37.0	2016
67	30	NaN	2016
68	22	20.0	2016
69	42	43.0	2016

Year of Death	
0	NaN
1	NaN
2	NaN
3	1989.0
4	NaN
..	...
65	NaN
66	NaN
67	NaN
68	NaN
69	NaN

[70 rows x 11 columns]

```
# Convert relevant columns to numeric
numeric_columns = ['Year of Death', 'Birth Year']
ent_final[numeric_columns] =
ent_final[numeric_columns].apply(pd.to_numeric, errors='coerce')

# Create a new column 'Entertainer Age'
ent_final['Entertainer Age'] = ent_final['Year of Death'] -
ent_final['Birth Year']

# Display the resulting dataframe with the new column
print(ent_final)
```

Bins \	Entertainer	Gender (traditional)	Birth Year	Birth Year
0	Adele	F	1988	[1979, 1989)
1	Angelina Jolie	F	1975	[1969, 1979)
2	Aretha Franklin	F	1942	[1939, 1949)
3	Bette Davis	F	1908	[1899, 1909)
4	Betty White	F	1922	[1919, 1929)
..

65	Tom Hanks	M	1956	[1949, 1959)
66	Tony Bennett	M	1926	[1919, 1929)
67	Wayne Newton	M	1942	[1939, 1949)
68	Will Smith	M	1968	[1959, 1969)
69	Willie Nelson	M	1933	[1929, 1939)

	Year of Breakthrough/#1 Hit/Award Nomination \
0	2008
1	1999
2	1967
3	1934
4	1952
..	...
65	1984
66	1951
67	1972
68	1990
69	1975

	Breakthrough Name	Year of First
Oscar/Grammy/Emmy \		
0		19
2009.0		
1	Girl, Interrupted	
1999.0		
2	I Never Loved a Man (The Way I Love You)	
1968.0		
3	Of Human Bondage	
1935.0		
4	Life with Elilzabeth	
1976.0		
..	...	
...		
65	Splash	
1993.0		
66	Because of You	
1963.0		
67	Daddy, Don't You Walk So Fast	
NaN		
68	The Fresh Prince of Bel-Air	
1988.0		
69	Red Headed Stranger	
1976.0		

	Nomination	Age	Award	Age	Year of Last Major Work (arguable)	\
0		20		21.0		2016
1		24		24.0		2016
2		25		26.0		2014
3		26		27.0		1989
4		30		54.0		2016
..	
65		28		37.0		2016
66		25		37.0		2016
67		30		NaN		2016
68		22		20.0		2016
69		42		43.0		2016

	Year of Death	Entertainer	Age
0		NaN	NaN
1		NaN	NaN
2		NaN	NaN
3	1989.0		81.0
4		NaN	NaN
..	
65		NaN	NaN
66		NaN	NaN
67		NaN	NaN
68		NaN	NaN
69		NaN	NaN

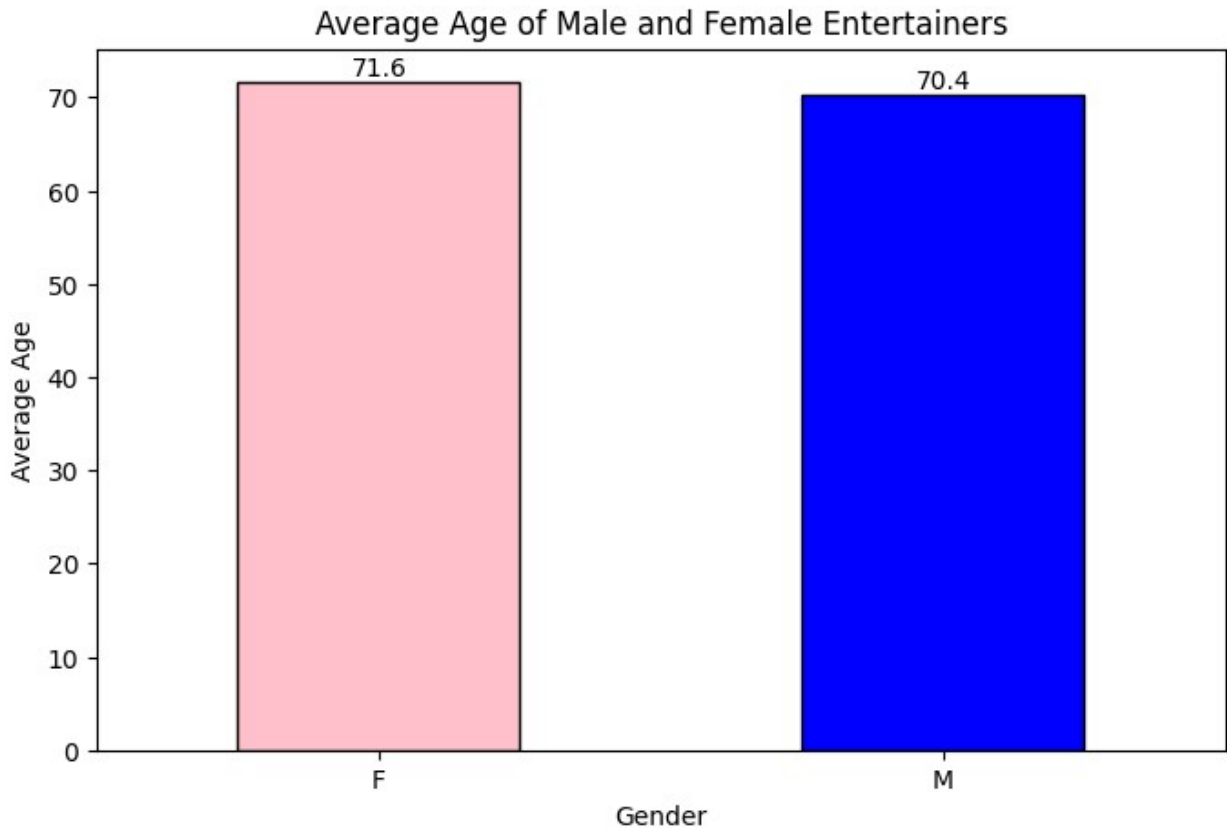
[70 rows x 12 columns]

```
# Group by 'Gender (traditional)' and calculate the average age
average_age_by_gender = ent_final.groupby('Gender (traditional)')
['Entertainer Age'].mean()

# Plotting the bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
bars = average_age_by_gender.plot(kind='bar', color=['pink', 'blue'],
edgecolor='black')

# Adding values on top of the bars
for bar in bars.patches:
    yval = bar.get_height()
    plt.text(bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2, yval + 0.1,
round(yval, 1), ha='center', va='bottom', color='black', fontsize=10)

plt.xlabel('Gender')
plt.ylabel('Average Age')
plt.title('Average Age of Male and Female Entertainers')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.show()
```



```
# Group by 'Gender (traditional)' and calculate the average age and
average_age_and_award_by_gender = ent_final.groupby('Gender
(traditional)')[['Entertainer Age', 'Award Age']].mean()

# Plotting the grouped bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
bar_width = 0.35
index = range(len(average_age_and_award_by_gender.index))

# Plotting the bars for average age
bars1 = plt.bar(index, average_age_and_award_by_gender['Entertainer
Age'], bar_width, label='Average Age', edgecolor='black',
color='orange')

# Plotting the bars for average award age
bars2 = plt.bar([i + bar_width for i in index],
average_age_and_award_by_gender['Award Age'], bar_width,
label='Average Award Age', edgecolor='black', color='green')

# Adding labels and title
plt.xlabel('Gender')
plt.ylabel('Average Age')
```

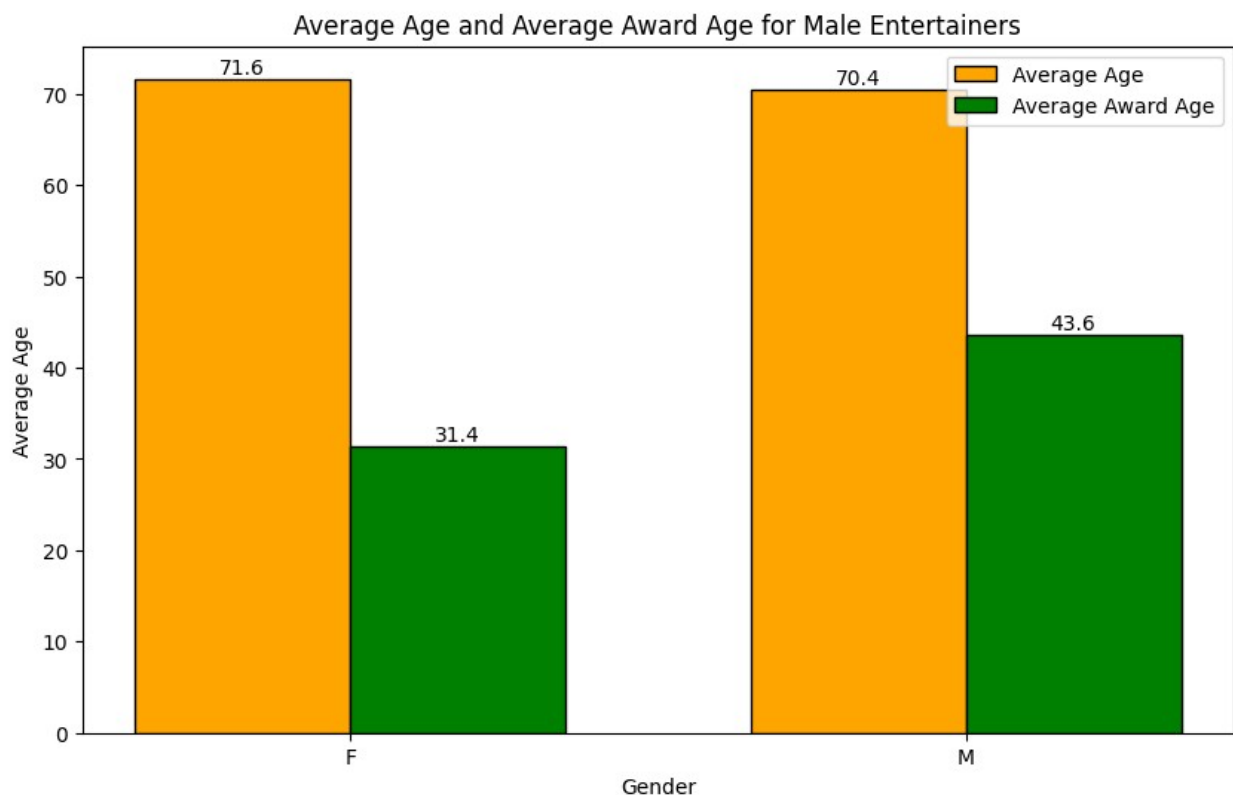
```

plt.title('Average Age and Average Award Age for Male Entertainers')
plt.xticks([i + bar_width / 2 for i in index],
average_age_and_award_by_gender.index)
plt.legend()

# Adding values on top of the bars
for bar1, bar2 in zip(bars1, bars2):
    plt.text(bar1.get_x() + bar1.get_width() / 2, bar1.get_height() +
0.1, round(bar1.get_height(), 1), ha='center', va='bottom',
color='black', fontsize=10)
    plt.text(bar2.get_x() + bar2.get_width() / 2, bar2.get_height() +
0.1, round(bar2.get_height(), 1), ha='center', va='bottom',
color='black', fontsize=10)

plt.show()

```



```

#Export the final dataframe
ent_final.to_csv('Entertainer_Final.csv', index=False)

```