1) what do you mean by an array.

sol.

An array is a collection of elements of the same type placed in contiguous memory locations that can be individually referenced by using an index to a unique identifier.

2) How to create an array.

sol.

nt myNumbers[] = {25, 50, 75, 100}; We have now created a variable that holds an array of four integers.

3) Can we change the size of an array at run time.

sol.

You can't change the size of the array after it's constructed.

4) Can you declare an array without assiging the size of an array.

sol.

Yes. We can declare an array without size but before using it needs to be initialized.

5) What is the default value of array.

sol.

Initializing an Array Without Assigning Value.

6) What is the a 1D array with an example.

sol.

A One-Dimensional Array is the simplest form of an Array in which the elements are stored linearly and can be accessed individually by specifying the index value of each element stored in the array.

7) Write a program on a 2D array.

Sol.