

NIKHIL SINGH

Exploratory Data Analysis of a synthesised ANZ Transaction Data

MISSING VALUES:

Certain columns in the dataset have a lot of missing values

Number of missing values column wise

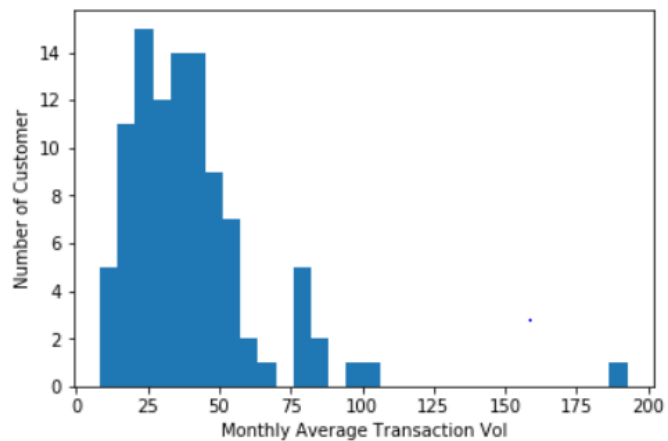
```
status          0
card_present_flag 4326
bpay_biller_code 11158
account         0
currency        0
long_lat        0
txn_description  0
merchant_id     4326
merchant_code    11160
first_name      0
balance         0
date            0
gender          0
age            0
merchant_suburb 4326
merchant_state  4326
extraction      0
amount          0
transaction_id   0
country         0
customer_id     0
merchant_long_lat 4326
movement        0
dom             0
weekday         0
dtype: int64
```

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRANSACTIONS:

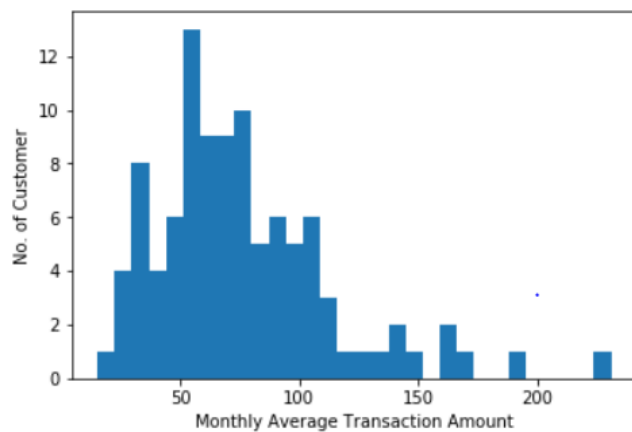
A maximum of 174 transactions were done on 28 September 2018.

The customer with the highest number of transaction has id CUS-2487424745(578 transactions)

MONTHLY AVERAGE TRANSACTION VOLUME



MONTHLY AVERAGE TRANSACTION AMOUNT



Month	Mean Balance	Mean Amount
August	10794	185
September	14730	182
October	18450	196

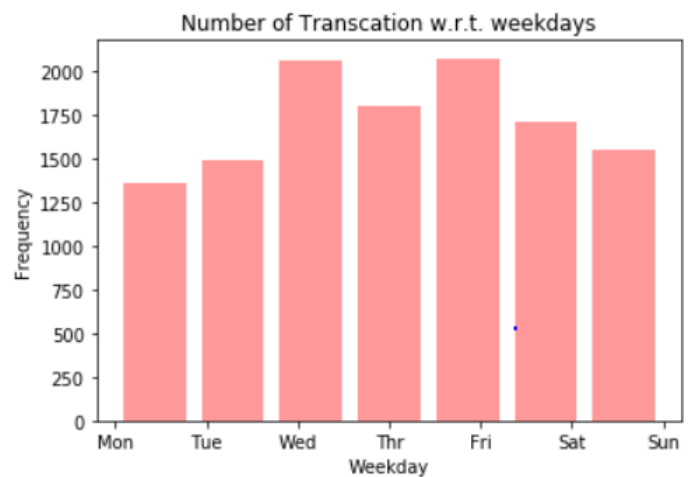
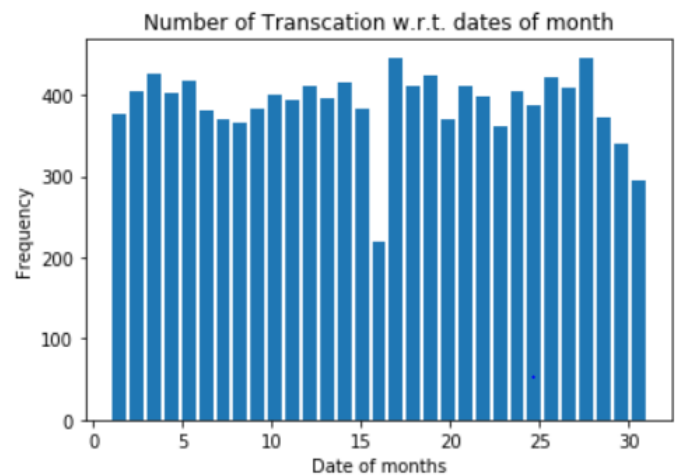
ANALYSIS BY DATE AND WEEKDAY

The number of transactions tend to reduce by the end of the month.

More number of transaction in mid-week as compared to the start and end of the week

Wednesday and Friday are the busiest day in the week.

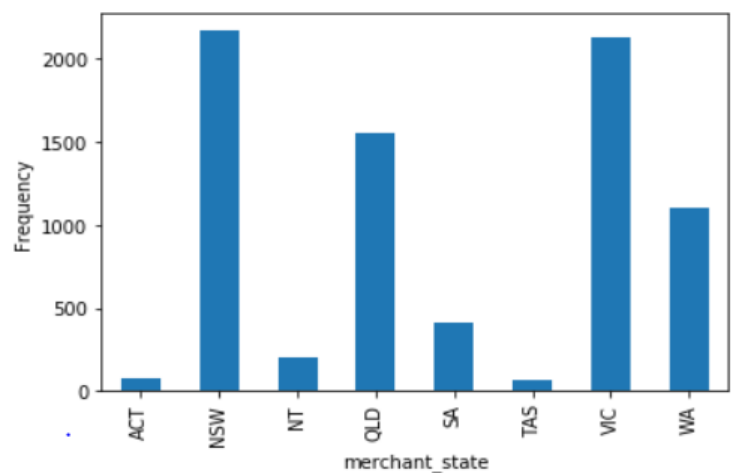
It can be observed that transactions follow a cyclic pattern over weekdays with Friday being the busiest day.



GEOGRAPHICAL CONCLUSIONS

As we can see that New South Wales and Victoria are the main business hotspot with the most number of transactions.

Northern, Southern Australia and Tasmania doesn't account for much of the business.



The amount of transactions follow a very positive skewed distribution for the transaction type 'SALE-POS' and 'POS' with a majority of the transactions lying between 0 to 60 Australian Dollars.

