Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 7_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which situation causes clustering in linear probing?

Answer

All the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. In the division method of hashing, the hash function is typically written as:

Answer

h(k) = k % m

Status: Correct

Marks : 1/1

3. Which of the following statements is TRUE regarding the folding method? Answer It divides the key into parts and adds them. Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 4. In linear probing, if a collision occurs at index i, what is the next index checked? Answer (i + 1) % table_size Status: Correct Marks 5. What is the primary disadvantage of linear probing? Answer Clustering Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 6. What does a deleted slot in linear probing typically contain? Answer A special "deleted" marker Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. In C, how do you calculate the mid-square hash index for a key k, assuming we extract two middle digits and the table size is 100?

Answer

((k*k) / 100) % 100

Status: Correct Marks: 1/2

8. Which C statement is correct for finding the next index in linear probing?

Answer

index = (index + 1) % size;

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. What is the output of the mid-square method for a key k = 123 if the hash table size is 10 and you extract the middle two digits of k * k?

Answer

4 V B)

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. Which folding method divides the key into equal parts, reverses some of them, and then adds all parts?

Answer

Folding reversal method

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. Which of the following values of 'm' is recommended for the division method in hashing?

Answer

A prime number

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. In division method, if key = 125 and m = 13, what is the hash index?

Answer

8

Status: Correct Marks : 1/1 13. What happens if we do not use modular arithmetic in linear probing? Answer Index goes out of bounds Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 14. Which of these hashing methods may result in more uniform distribution with small keys? Answer Mid-Square Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 15. Which of the following best describes linear probing in hashing? Answer Resolving collisions by linearly searching for the next free slot Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 16. Which data structure is primarily used in linear probing? **Answer** Array Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 17. What is the worst-case time complexity for inserting an element in a hash table with linear probing? Answer O(n)

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. In the folding method, what is the primary reason for reversing alternate parts before addition?

Answer

To reduce the chance of collisions caused by similar digit patterns

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. What would be the result of folding 123456 into three parts and summing: (12 + 34 + 56)?

Answer

112

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

20. What is the initial position for a key k in a linear probing hash table?

Answer

k % table_size

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

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