

Student Guide: GitOps with Argo CD and Helm

1. Purpose of This Lab

This lab provides **hands-on, end-to-end understanding of GitOps** using:

- Kubernetes (via Docker Desktop)
- Argo CD for Continuous Delivery
- Helm as a templating mechanism

By completing this lab, students will **experience GitOps behavior directly**, rather than just reading about it.

Flux CD is intentionally excluded to keep the learning focused and clear.

2. What You Will Learn

At the end of this lab, you will be able to:

- Understand the GitOps workflow and philosophy
 - Deploy applications using Argo CD (not kubectl)
 - Use Helm charts with Argo CD
 - Observe auto-sync, prune, and self-healing behavior
 - Understand why Git is the single source of truth
 - Troubleshoot common GitOps mistakes
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3. GitOps Concept (Very Important)

GitOps = Git is the Source of Truth

- Desired state is defined in Git
- Argo CD continuously watches Git
- Kubernetes is reconciled to match Git
- Manual changes are detected and reverted

If Git and the cluster disagree, **Git always wins**.

4. Lab Architecture

```
GitHub Repository
└─ Helm Chart (values.yaml + templates)
    ↓
    Argo CD
    ↓
    Kubernetes (Docker Desktop)
```

5. Prerequisites

Before starting:

- Docker Desktop installed and running
 - Kubernetes enabled in Docker Desktop
 - kubectl configured
 - GitHub account
 - Git and GitHub CLI authenticated
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6. Repository Structure Used in This Lab

```
gitops-demo/
├─ helm/
│   └─ nginx/
│       ├── Chart.yaml
│       ├── values.yaml
│       └─ templates/
│           └─ deployment.yaml
├─ argo-app.yaml
└─ README.md
```

7. Step 1: Install Argo CD

```
kubectl create namespace argocd
kubectl apply -n argocd \
  -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/argoproj/argo-
cd/stable/manifests/install.yaml
```

Expose Argo CD UI:

```
kubectl port-forward svc/argocd-server -n argocd 8081:443
```

Access UI:

`https://localhost:8081`

Get admin password:

```
kubectl -n argocd get secret argocd-initial-admin-secret \
-o jsonpath="{.data.password}" | base64 --decode
```

8. Step 2: Create GitHub Repository

- Create a GitHub repository named `gitops-demo`
- Push the local project files to GitHub

This repository becomes the **single source of truth**.

9. Step 3: Create Argo CD Application (GitOps Way)

Create `argo-app.yaml`:

```
apiVersion: argoproj.io/v1alpha1
kind: Application
metadata:
  name: nginx-demo
  namespace: argocd
spec:
  project: default
  source:
    repoURL: https://github.com/<YOUR_GITHUB_USERNAME>/gitops-demo
    targetRevision: HEAD
    path: helm/nginx
  destination:
    server: https://kubernetes.default.svc
    namespace: default
  syncPolicy:
    automated:
      prune: true
      selfHeal: true
```

Apply it:

```
kubectl apply -f argo-app.yaml
```

The Argo CD UI **does not show Edit buttons** because the app is Git-managed.

10. Step 4: Helm Chart Creation

Create chart:

```
helm create helm/nginx
```

Important Cleanup (Corrected Step)

Helm creates many optional templates. For this lab, we **remove unused ones**:

```
rm -rf
helm/nginx/templates/{tests,service.yaml,serviceaccount.yaml,ingress.yaml,htt
proute.yaml,hpa.yaml,NOTES.txt}
```

Only keep:

```
helm/nginx/templates/
└─ deployment.yaml
```

11. Step 5: Helm Deployment Template

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: {{ .Release.Name }}
spec:
  replicas: {{ .Values.replicaCount }}
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: {{ .Release.Name }}
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: {{ .Release.Name }}
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: nginx
          image: "{{ .Values.image.repository }}:{{ .Values.image.tag }}"
          ports:
            - containerPort: 80
```

12. Step 6: Helm Values File

```
replicaCount: 3

image:
  repository: nginx
  tag: "1.25"
```

13. Step 7: Validate Helm Locally (Important)

```
helm template nginx helm/nginx
```

This must render YAML without errors **before** using Argo CD.

14. Step 8: Commit and Push to Git

```
git add .
git commit -m "Helm-based GitOps deployment"
git push
```

Step 15: Clean Reload – Commands

1 Delete the Argo CD Application (with resources)

Option A: Using kubectl (GitOps-safe)

```
kubectl delete application nginx-demo -n argocd
```

Verify all resources are removed:

```
kubectl get deploy -n default
```

Expected:

```
No resources found
```

If any legacy deployment still exists (rare case):

```
kubectl delete deploy nginx -n default
```

2 Recreate the Application from `argo-app.yaml`

Ensure `argo-app.yaml` points to Helm:

```
path: helm/nginx
```

Recreate the application:

```
kubectl apply -f argo-app.yaml
```

3 Verify Reconciliation

```
kubectl get applications -n argocd
kubectl get deploy -n default
kubectl get pods -n default
```

Expected:

```
nginx-demo    3/3    Running
```

16. Step 10: Observe GitOps in Action

Auto Sync

- App becomes `Synced` automatically

Self-Healing (Pod Level)

```
kubectl delete pod <pod-name>
```

- Pod is recreated automatically
- Argo CD UI shows live transition

Self-Healing (Config Level)

```
kubectl scale deploy nginx-demo --replicas=1
```

- Argo CD detects drift
 - Automatically reverts to Git value
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17. Key Troubleshooting Lessons (From This Lab)

1. Helm vs helm CLI

- `helm list` may show nothing
- Argo CD runs Helm internally

2. Deployment Name Change

- Helm uses application name (`nginx-demo`)

- Do not look for old `nginx` deployment

3. UI Edit Button Missing

- Expected for Git-managed apps
- Changes must be done in Git

4. Prune Required During Migration

- Required once when changing source type
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18. Final Takeaways

- Git controls deployments
- Argo CD continuously reconciles state
- Helm provides flexibility via `values.yaml`
- Manual cluster changes never survive

GitOps is not a tool — it is an operating model.

19. Completion Checklist

- Argo CD installed
 - GitHub repository created
 - Helm-based deployment
 - Auto-sync verified
 - Self-healing observed
 - Git as source of truth confirmed
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