

THE MILLENNIUM SCHOOL
CLASS XII- Session 2021-22
Assignment- I (PHYSICS)



The
Millennium
 School

Q1. Two-point charges, $Q_A = +8 \mu\text{C}$ and $Q_B = -5 \mu\text{C}$, are separated by a distance $r = 10 \text{ cm}$. What is the magnitude of the electric force? The constant $k = 8.988 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2\text{C}^{-2}$

$4 \times 10^{-9} \text{ N}$

Q2. Three charged particles are arranged in a line as shown in figure below. Charge $A = -5 \mu\text{C}$, charge $B = +10 \mu\text{C}$ and charge $C = -12 \mu\text{C}$. Calculate the net electrostatic force on particle B due to the other two charges.

550 N

Q3. Charges of magnitude $100 \mu\text{C}$ each are located in vacuum at the corners A, B and C of an equilateral triangle measuring 4 meters on each side. If the charge at A and C are positive and the charge B negative, what is the magnitude and direction of the total force on the charge at C?

5.625 N

Q4. The negative point charges of unit magnitude and a positive point charge q are placed along the straight line. At what position and for what value of q will the system be in equilibrium? Check whether it is stable, unstable or neutral equilibrium.

$q = 1/4$ in magnitude of either charge.

Q5. Consider a system of three charges $q/3$, $q/3$ and $-2q/3$ placed at points A, B and C respectively as shown in the figure. Take O to be the centre of the circle of radius R and angle $CAB = 60^\circ$

Calc. the magnitude of the force between the charges at C and B

Q6. Two positive point charge are placed at the distance a apart have sum Q . What values of the charges, coulomb force between them is maximum?

Q7. A simple pendulum consists of a small sphere of mass and positive charge q is suspended by the string of length L . The pendulum is placed in the electric field of strength E directed vertically downwards. Calculate tension in the string & its time period.

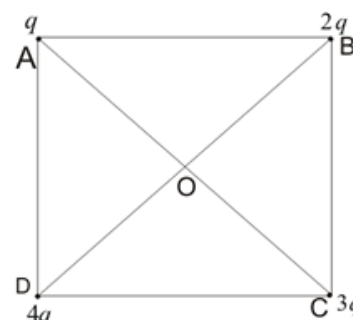
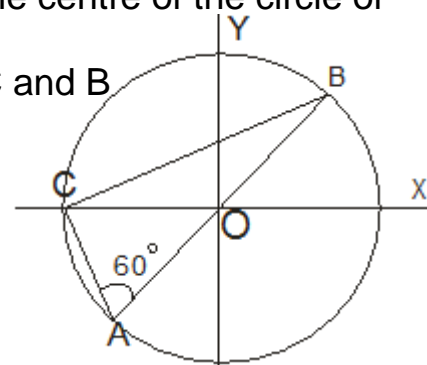
Q8. Two point charges q_1 and q_2 are located with points having position vectors $\vec{r}_1 \rightarrow$ and $\vec{r}_2 \rightarrow$.

Find the position vector $\vec{r}_3 \rightarrow$ where the third charge q_3 should be placed so that force acting on each of the three charges would be equal to zero.

Find the amount of charge q_3

Q9. Four charges q , $2q$, $3q$, $4q$ are placed at corners A, B, C and D of a square as shown below in the figure. Calculate the field at centre.

Q10. Twelve charges of charge q are situated at the corners of the 12 sided polygon of side a . What is the net force on the charge Q at the centre will be?



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Er. Yashpal Singh