KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN (DELHI REGION) COMPUTER SCIENCE (083) CLASS XII MARKING SCHEME SET 2

MM: 70 TIME: 3Hrs.

General Instructions

- The question paper is divided into 4 sections -A, B, C and D
- Section A, consists of 14 questions (1-14). Each question carries 1 marks.
- Section B, consists of 16 questions (15-30). Each question carries 2 marks.
- Section C, consists of 4 questions (31-34). Each question carries 3 marks.
- Section D, consists of 3 questions (35-37). Each question carries 4marks.
- Internal choices have been given for question numbers 21, 34 and 35.

	SECTION A				
Q1.	What will be the output of the following Python code? R=(23,34,57,80) R.pop(57) print(R) (a) (23,34,80) (b) Error (c) (23,34,57,80) (d) (57)	1			
Ans.	(b) Error				
Q2.	The readlines() method returns a str (b) a list of lines (c) a list of single characters (d) a list of integers				
Ans.	(b) a list of lines				
Q3.	The variable declared inside a function is called a global variable.(True/False)	1			
Ans.	False				
Q4.	is a network device that forwards data from one network to another.	1			
Ans.	Router is a network device that forwards data from one network to another.				
Q5.	Suggest a switching technique in which the information is transferred using Store and Forward mechanism.				
Ans.					
Q6.	Write one advantages of using an optical Fiber cable over a Twisted Pair cable to connect two service stations, which are 230m away from each other.				
Ans.	Advantages of using an optical Fiber: i. Faster speed than ethernet. ii. Lower attenuation (Any One Advantage)				
Q7.	Write any one difference between LAN and WAN.				
Ans.					
Q8	Define any of the following one term: Web server or Web Hosting	1			
Ans.					
Q9.	Define URL ?	1			
Ans.	URL				

	A URL (Uniform Resource Locator) is a unique identifier used to locate a resource on the Internet. It is						
	also referred to as a web address. URLs consist of multiple parts including a protocol and domain						
	name – that tell a web browser how and where to retrieve a resource						
Q10.	provides a connection –oriented reliable service for sending messages.						
Ans.	TCP						
Q11.	Which command in MySQL is used to delete a database?						
Ans.	drop database						
Q12.							
(Application / software. Tell him the SQL command to show pre-existing databases.						
Ans.	show databases;						
Q13.	A table "Customer" in a database has 20 columns and 50 records. What is the degree and	1					
	Cardinality of this table?						
Ans.	Degree: 20 and Cardinality: 50						
Q14.	Give one point of difference between primary key and foreign key.	1					
Ans.	A primary key is used to assure the value in the particular column is unique. The foreign key provides						
	the link between the two tables.						
Q15.	What will be the output of following Python Code:	2					
	if 6<9 or 7:						
	print("Hello"*3)						
	print("Welcome*3")						
	else:						
	print("Welcome"*1)						
Ans.	HelloHello	1					
	Welcome*3	1					
Q16.	What will be the output of following Python Code:	2					
	t,r=8,4						
	for n in range(15,55,15):						
	t-=n						
	$r^*=n$						
	else:						
	print(t, "&", r)						
	print(n,"*")						
Ans.	-82 & 81000	1					
	45 *	1					
Q17.	Consider the following code and find the correct output from the given options:	2					
	num1=[5,12,58,41,11]						
	print(num1.index(41))						
	print(num1[3])	1					
Ans.	$\frac{3}{41}$	1 1					
010	What will be the goods of the following and a?	1					
Q18.	What will be the result of the following code?	2					
	d={"H":6,"P":5,"R":4}						
	d.update({"Total":4})						
	print(d) d.pop("P")						
	print(d)						
Ans.	{'H': 6, 'P': 5, 'R': 4, 'Total': 4}	1					
Alis.	{H: 6, F: 5, K: 4, Total: 4} {'H': 6, 'R': 4, 'Total': 4}	1					
Q19.	What is the result of this code?	2					
Q19.	def display(a):						
	print(2**a)						
	print(2**a) print(a*2)						
	display(5)						
Ans.							
1 1110.		1 *					

	10	1
Q20.	Find and write the output of the following python code:	2
	def check(m,k=70):	
	m=m-k	
	k=m*k	
	print(m,"@",k)	
	return(90)	
	g=40	
	p=10	
	g=check(g,p)	
	print(g,"\$",p)	
Ans.	30 @ 300	1
	90 \$ 10	1
Q21.	Write a function in python to count the number of lines in a text file 'notes.TXT' which is starting with an alphabet 'R'.	2
	OR	
	Write a method/function PRINTWORDS() in python to read lines from a text file notes.TXT, and display those words, which are less than 6 characters.	
Ans.	def COUNT ():	1/2
	file=open('NOTES.TXT','r') lines = file.readlines()	1/2
	count=0	
	for w in lines:	1/2
	if $w[0] == "R"$ or $w[0] == "r"$:	
	count=count+1	1/2
	print("Total lines ",count)	
	file.close()	
	OR	1/2
	def PRINTWORDS():	
	c=0	1/2
	file=open('NOTES.TXT','r')	
	line = file.read()	1/2
	<pre>word = line.split()</pre>	
	for w in word:	1/2
	if len(w)<6:	
	print(w)	
	file.close()	
Q22.	Karan has written following program to copy notes.txt file data into file kahani.txt. Help Karan to	2
	complete fill in the blank.	
	# Program to copy Story.txt file into new file Kahni.txt	
	file1=open("notes.txt","r")	
	file2=open("kahani.txt","w")	
	data=# to read data from notes.txt	
	# to write data in kahani.txt	
	file1.close()	
	file2.close()	
	print("File copied")	
Ans.	file1.read()	1
	file2.write(data)	1
Q23.	Suppose the content of "check.txt" is :-	2
	What will be the output of the following Python code?	

	One best book is equal to hundred good friends, but one good friend is equal to a library."					
f1=open("check.txt",'r') print(f1 toll() and="#")						
<pre>print(f1.tell(),end="#") f1.coel*(5.0)</pre>						
	f1.seek(5,0)					
	data=f1.read(10)					
	print(data)					
	d=f1.read(5)					
	print(d) f1.close()					
Ans.	0#est book i	1				
7 1115.	s equ	1				
Q24.	Nidhi is trying to write an object $t1 = (45,67,89,34,49)$ on a binary file "test.dat". Consider the	2				
Q	following code written by her.					
	import pickle					
	t1 = (45,67,89,34,49)					
	myfile = open("test.dat",'wb')					
	pickle #Statement 1					
	myfile.close()					
Ans.	dump(obj1, myfile)	1				
	One mark for function and one mark for argments.	1				
Q25.	What is the difference between hub and switch? Which is more preferable in a large network of	2				
	computers and why?					
Ans.	Hub forwards the message to every node connected and create a huge traffic in the network hence					
	reduces efficiency whereas a Switch is also called intelligent hub since it redirects the received					
	information/ packet to the intended node(s). In a large network a switch is preferred to reduce the					
	unwanted traffic in the network which may also reduce the bandwidth and cause network congestion.					
	(1 Mark For Each Correct Answer)					
Q26.	Explain any one switching technique.	2				
Ans.	Circuit switching is referred to as the technology of data transfer that utilizes sending messages from one					
	point to another. This involves sending messages from the receiver to the sender and back simultaneously.					
	A physical connection gets established during this process along with the receiver a					
	dedicated circuit is always present to handle data transmissions, through which data is sent.					
	OR					
	Packet switching can be used as an alternative to circuit switching. In the packet-switched networks,					
	data is sent in discrete units that have variable length.					
	(1 mark for each correct point)					
Q27.	Give two advantages and two disadvantages of bus topology.	2				
Ans.	Two advantages and two disadvantages of bus topology:					
	Advantages:					
	• It requires less cable length than a star topology.					
	• It is easy to implement and can be extended up to a certain limit.					
	Disadvantages:					
	• If there is a fault or break in the main cable, the entire network shuts down.					
	• Fault isolation is difficult to detect if the entire network shuts down					
020	(1 mark each for 2 advantages and disadvantages)	2				
Q28.	Expand the following terms:	2				
A	HTTP,FTP,SMTP and XML Hymen Toyst Transfer Protectal File Transfer Protectal Simple Mail Transfer Protectal and Extensible					
Ans.	Hyper Text Transfer Protocol , File Transfer Protocol, Simple Mail Transfer Protocol and Extensible					
	Markup Language (½ mark for Each answer)					
Q29.	Differentiate between Candidate Key and Alternate Key.	2				
Q43.	Differentiate between Candidate Key and Attendate Key.	1 4				

Ans.	Candidate key: A column or a set of columns can be called as candidate key if they identify each row					
	of a table uniquely Alternate key: There can be more than one keys which can identify each row of					
	the table uniquely. One of them is defined as primary key and rest of them is called alternate keys of					
	the table.					
	(1 mark for both each definition)					
Q30.						
Q 50.	INSERT INTO, SELECT, CREATE, UPDATE, DELETE, ALTER					
Ans.						
Alls.						
O21	DML:INSERT INTO,SELECT,UPDATE, DELETE					
Q31.	What possible outputs(s) are expected to be displayed on screen at the time of execution of the program	3				
	from the following code? Also specify the maximum values that can be assigned to each of the variables FROM and TO.					
	variables FROM and TO.					
	import random					
	import random					
	TR=[4,5,7,8,9,10];					
	FROM=random.randint(1,3)					
	TO=random.randint(2,4)					
	for N in range(FROM,TO+1):					
	print (TR[N],end="@")					
	(i) 5@7@8@9@ (ii) 5@7@8@9 (iii) 4@5@7@8@ (iv) 7@8@9@10@					
Ans.	(i) 5@7@8@9@ Maximum value FROM,TO is 3,4					
	(1 mark for correct option ,1 mark for both maximum values)					
Q32.	Rahul student of class 11 is writing a program to create a CSV file "student.csv" which will contain	3				
	student-number, student-name and Fees for some entries. He has written the following code. As a					
	programmer, help him to successfully execute the given task.					
	import #line-1					
	#Function to add / write single student records					
	def addstudent(record):					
	file1=open('student.csv','a')					
	csvobj=csv(file1) #line-2					
	csvobj(record) #line-3					
	file1.close()					
	#Function to read student records					
	def readstudent():					
	file1=open('student.csv','') #line-4					
	csvobj=csv(file1) #line-5					
	for rec in csvobj:					
	if int(rec[2])>15000:					
	print(rec)					
	file1.close()					
	#main-coding					
	rec1=[101,'Rekha',1500]					
	rec2=[102,'Nitin',3500]					
	rec3=[103,'Mohit',3000]					
	addstudent(rec1)					
	addstudent(rec2)					
	addstudent(rec3)					
	readstudent() #line-6					
	1. Name the module he should import in Line 1.					
	a) import csv b) import CSV c) import csv module d) import Csv					
	2. Fill in the blank in Line 2 to create CSV object for writing.					
	a) writer b) writerow c) writerows d) write					
	a, which of whitelows a, white					

3. Fill in the blank in Line 3 to write record / data of one student in CSV file.					
a) vymitam b) vymitamavy a) vymitamavy d) vymitalina					
a) writer b) writerow c) writerows d) writeline					
4. Fill in the blank in Line 4 with file open mode for reading data from CSV file					
a) "r" b) "a" c) "w" d) "rb"					
5. Fill in the blank in Line 5 to read data from CSV file.					
a) reader b) read c) readlines d) readline					
6 Write the output Rahul will obtain while executing line 6					
a) (102, 'Nitin', 3500)					
b) [102,'Nitin',3500]					
c) [103,'Mohit',3000]					
d) (103,'Mohit',3000)	1./				
Ans. 1. a) import csv	1/2				
2. a) writer	1/2				
3. b) writerow	1/2				
4. a) "r"	1/2				
5. a) reader	1/2				
6. b) [102,'sham',20000]	1/2				
Q33. Explain push() and pop() operations of STACK in python. Give one example.	3				
Ans. PUSH Operation	1				
Push operation refers to inserting an element in the stack. Since there's only one position at which the	ie				
new element can be inserted—Top of the stack, the new element is inserted at the top of the stack.					
POP Operation					
Pop operation refers to the removal of an element. Again, since we only have access to the element a					
the top of the stack, there's only one element that we can remove. We just remove the top of the stack					
Example	1				
Q34. Charu's tutor has given instructions to write a table in MySQL as given below. Help her to get the	3				
solution.					
Name of the relation should be Library					
• Column name with data type as :					
➤ MId ,integer value and set constraint as Primary Key					
➤ MemberName, which can hold at least 20 characters					
➤ MemberAddress which can hold at least 15 variable characters					
➤ MemberShip, which can hold decimal value in the format (4,2)					
OR					
Nandita is trying to connect Python with MySQL for her project. Help her to write the python					
statement on the following:-					
(i) Name the library, which should be imported to connect MySQL with Python.					
(ii) Name the function, used to run SQL query in Python.					
(iii) Write Python statement of connect function having the arguments values as:					
Host name :192.168.11.111					
User: root					
Password: Admin					
Database : MYPROJECT					
Ans. create table employee(MId int PRIMARY KEY, MemberName char(20), MemberAddress varchar(20)	20), 3				
MemberShip decimal(2,4));	,,				
OR					
(i) import mysql.connector	1				
(ii) execute ()	1				
(iii)mysql.connector.connect(host="192.168.11.111",user="root",passwd="Admin",dat	1				
abase="MYPROJECT")					
Q35. Nakul has a list containing 6 integers. You need to help him create a program with two user defined	4				
functions to perform the following operations based on this list.					
Tunctions to perform the following operations based on this list.					

• Traverse the content of the list and push those numbers into a stack which are divisible by both 2 and 4. • Pop and display the content of the stack. For example: If the sample Content of the list is as follows: L=[45,60,8,90,15,20] Sample Output of the code should be: 20 90 8 60 OR Write a function in python, Push(Package) and Pop(Package) to add details of customer contain information (Custid, Cname and Price) in the form of tuple in Package and delete a Package from a List of Package Description, considering them to act as push and pop operations of the Stack data structure. 1/2 Ans. 1/2 def PUSH(Arr, value): s=[] $\frac{1}{2}$ for x in range(0, len(Arr)): if Arr[x]%2 and Arr[x]%4==0: 1/2 s.append(Arr[x])if len(s)==0: $\frac{1}{2}$ print("Empty Stack") else: 1/2 print(s) def popStack(st): 1 if len(st)==0: # If stack is empty print("Underflow") else: print("Element deleted is",st.pop()) $\frac{1}{2}$ OR def Push(Package): 1/2 Custid=int(input("Enter Id of Customer: ")) Cname=input("Enter Name of Customer") 1/2 Price= int(input("Enter Price of an Customer")) T=(Custid, Cname, Price) 1/2 Package.append(T) def Pop(Package): 1/2 if (Package==[]): print("Stack empty") $\frac{1}{2}$ else: print ("Deleted element:",Package.pop()) 1 A Car showroom is maintaining car details using MYSQL to store the data. As a database expert, Q36. 4 Nikhil has decided following specifications of database: 1. Name of the database: showroom 2. Name of the table: cardetails 3. The attribute of cardetails table are as follows: Ccode: Integer, Cname: characters of size 15 Manufacturer:character of size 20 Colour: character of size 10 Capacity: integer Chatges: integer Ccode Cname Manufacturer Colour **Capacity** Charges 201 Renault Yellow 1000 Triber

	208	Innova	Toyota	Silver	8	3000	
	212	Duster	Renault	Red	6	2500	
	217		Suzuki	Grey	7	2300	
Ans.	Write the ans (a) Write Justif (b) What (c) Whic (d) Write (a) Ccode (b) Degre Cardi (c) desc of (d) create TMP Institut Management between thes You as a netw (i) to (iv). Shortest dista Admin Block	Ertiga swers of the quest the names of many your answer. It is the degree and had command to cree: Unique and name to each the command to cree: Unique and name to each the command to cree is unality-4 cardetails the database shown to be is planning to so the courses all the blocks and the work expert have	Suzuki tions (a) to (d) be ost appropriate condicted cardinality of the display the structure database card out null coom test up its centre in ong with an Adminumber of compute to answer the quarious locations in the Block	ased on the table, Columns, which can the above table? Eture of above given details. In Orisha with four hission block in separates to be installed aeries raised by the	Target as be considered as a table. specialised blocarate buildings. In these blocks	2300 given below: S Primary KEY. ks for Medicine, The physical distances are given below.	1 1/2 1/2 1 1 4
	Managemer Law Block	ck 2 nt Block 1 lock	Block ck	40 125 35 ations are as follow	s:		
	(i). Suggest to efficient conficient confici	nectivity. by drawing the beg server with all the device to be stalled within the most suitable very building outable Cable	est cable layout the other blocks. installed in each building.	If the main server of these buildings for efficiently connection of these servers of these buildings.	f this institution rk connectivity of	of the	

