

# Lending Club Casestudy

Sadasivuni Nikhita (Group  
Facilitator)

# Objectives

## Project Brief

We analyze the historical loan data of a large online loan marketplace specializing in lending various kind of loans to urban customers.

## Problem statement

We analyze the historical loan data of a large online loan marketplace specializing in lending various kind of loans to urban customers.

## Data Cleaning and correction

Identify and correct quality issues ,  
Interpret the correct meaning of variables (Columns)

## Data Analysis

*Univariate &  
Segmented  
univariate  
analysis,  
BiVariate  
Analysis*

# Step 1

## Imported Required Libraries

- Pandas : To work with dataset
- Numpy : To work with math library
- Matplotlib: to plot some variables
- Seaborn: Graph library that use matplotlib

Step 2

# Loaded Datasets

*'Loan.csv' was loaded into a google colabs to perform analysis*

Step 3

# Data Cleaning

# Data Cleaning

- Drop all the up blank columns
- Identify the columns with more than 50% Null values , remove them
- Find unique values and filter these columns
- Delete all the columns with just 1 (Unique) value as they would not add any value in analysis.
- Identify duplicate or very close Columns.

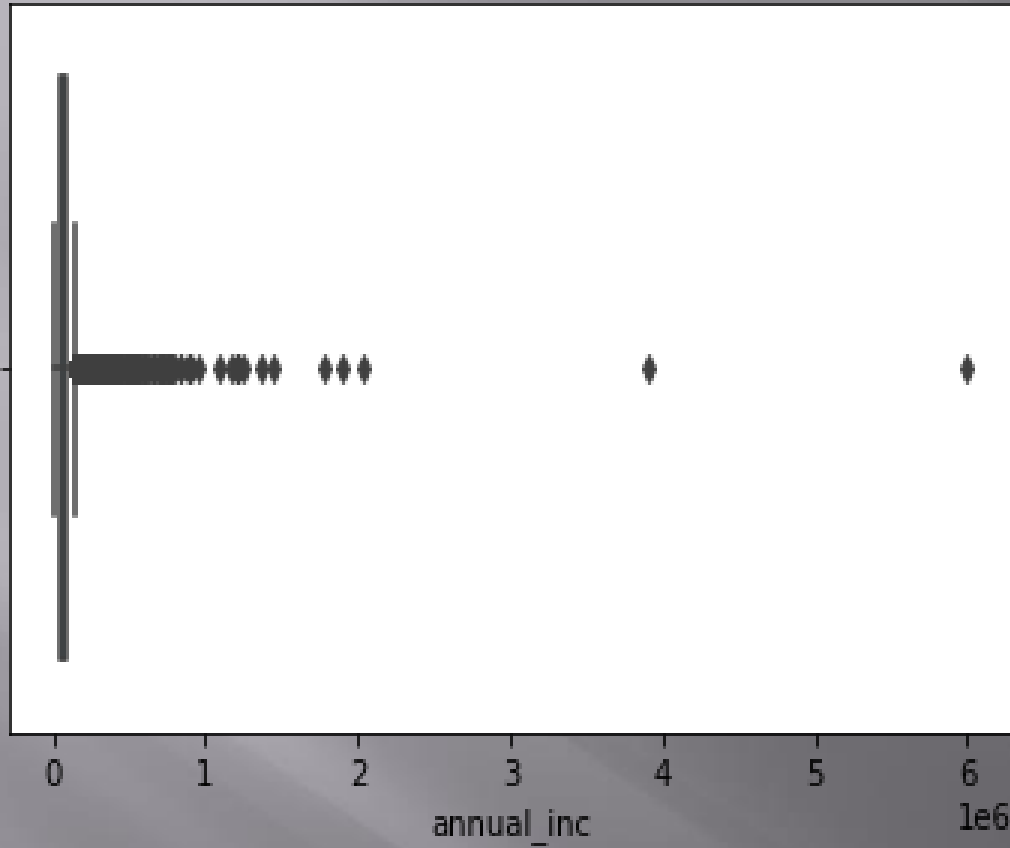
# Data Correction

- Removing strings/characters from emp\_length
- changing 'NONE' entry in 'home\_ownership' with 'OTHER'
- Replacing Blank employer name value with Unknown
- Replacing NAN value with 0 bankruptcies
- Removing non number characters from revol\_util columns and change to int type

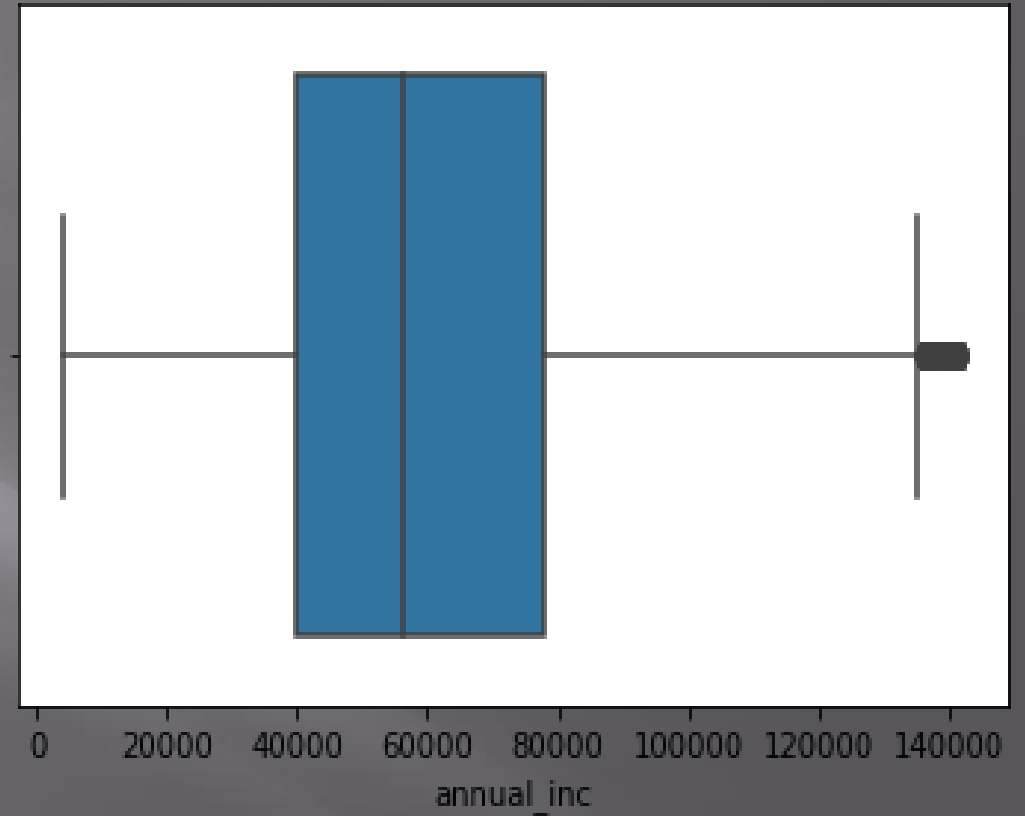
Step 3

# **Univariate Analysis**



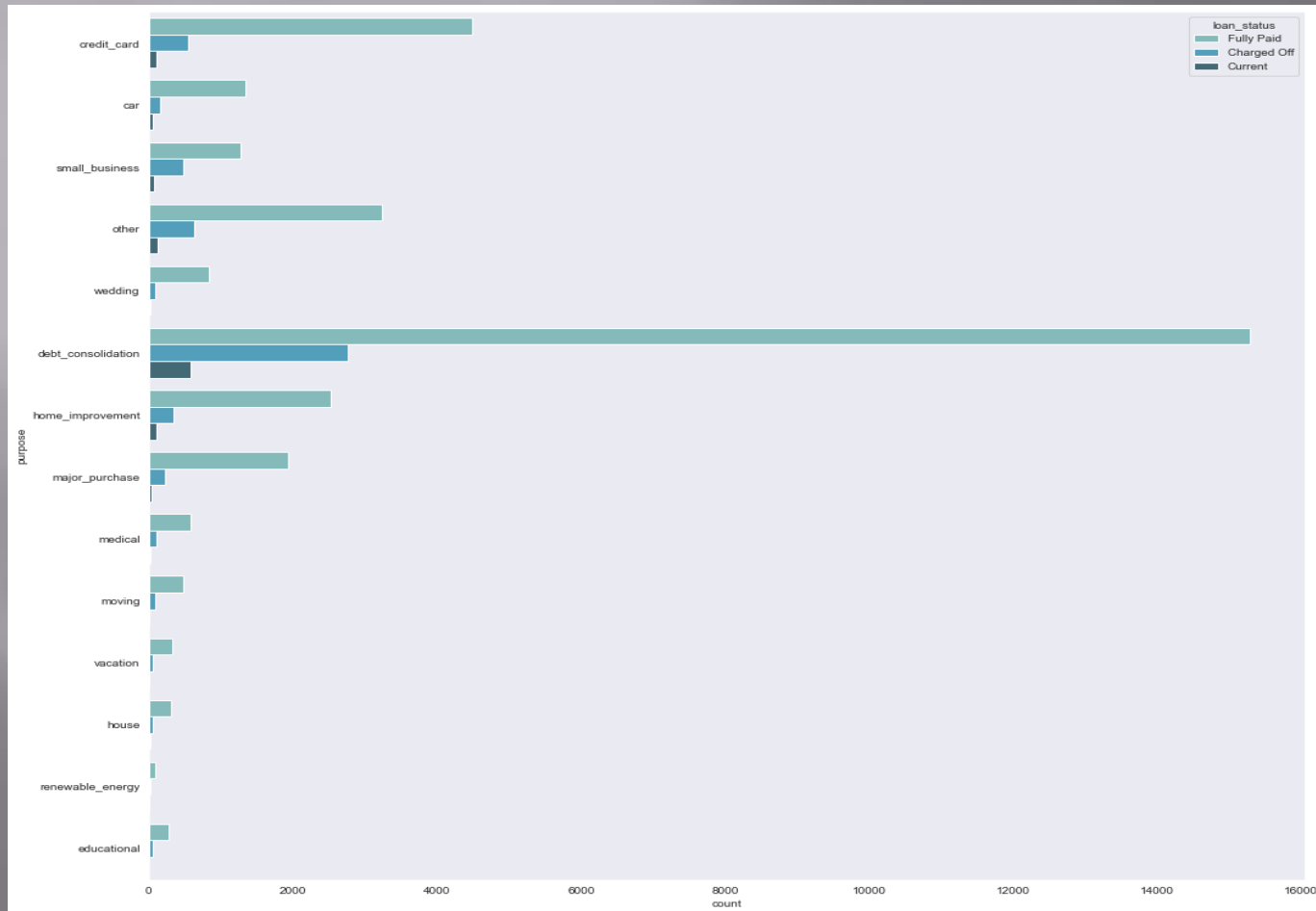


Analysis of annual\_inc using boxplot identified outliers



Removed outliers considering threshold as 0.95

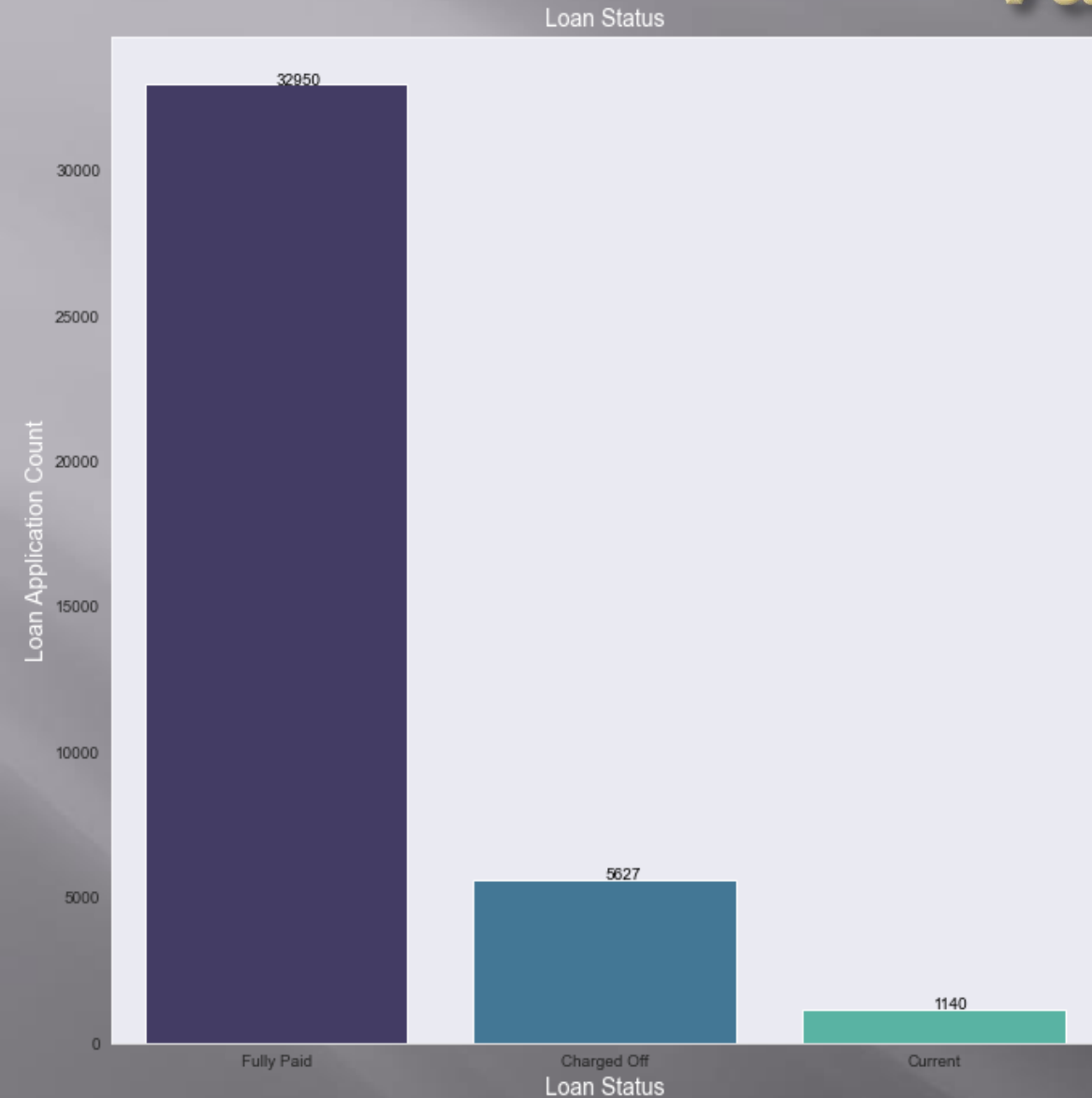
# Unordered Categorical Variables



## Purpose Of Loan with Loan Status

We can see from the countplot that debt consolidation loans are fully paid and charged off higher compared to other loan purposes and education loan has least charged off and renewable energy is lowest paid fully loans.

# Categorical Variables

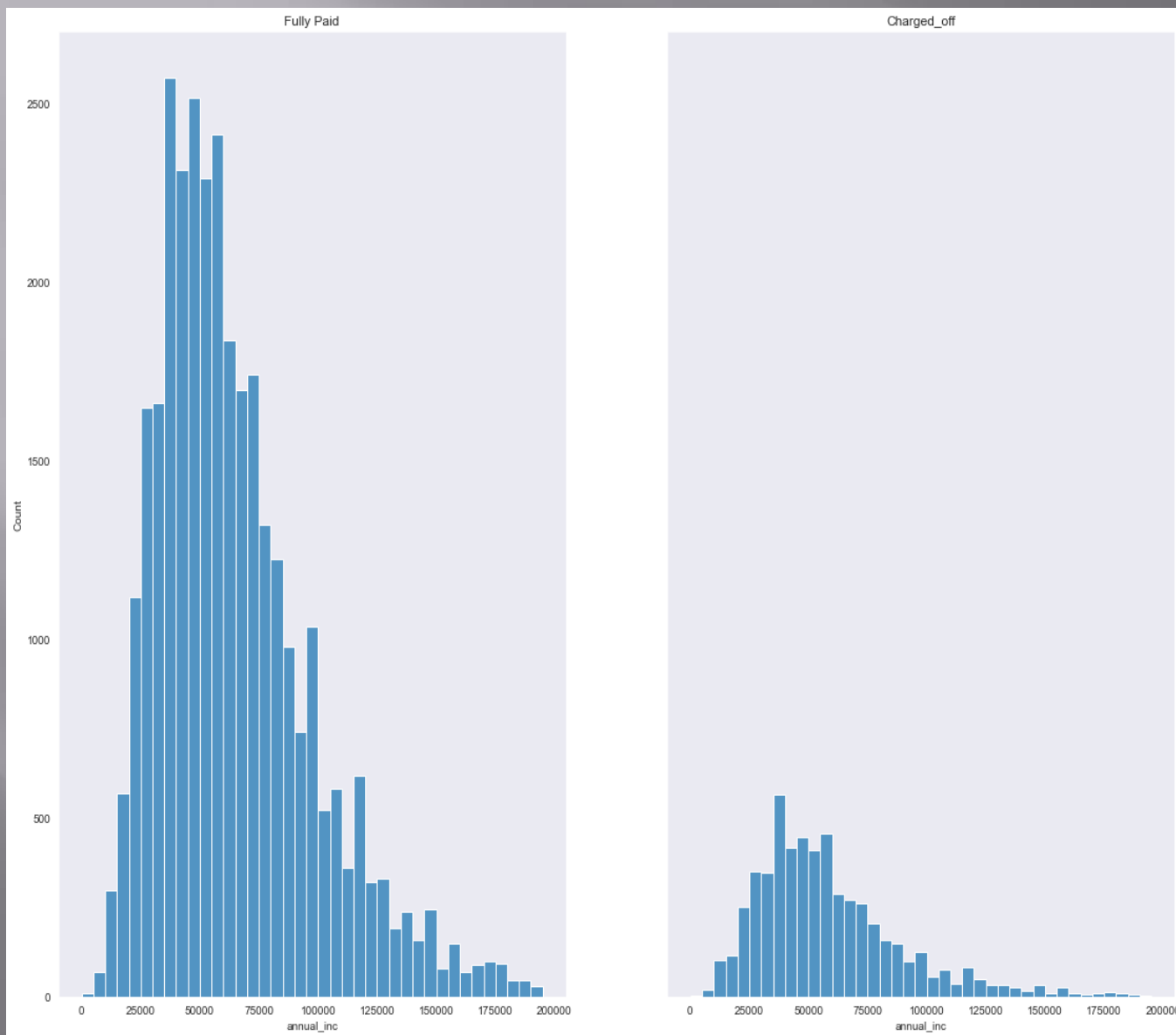


## Loan Status with countplot

From the given Data, there are 32950 customers have fully Paid the loans on the other side 5627 customers have been charged off.

Step 3

# **Segmented Univariate Analysis**

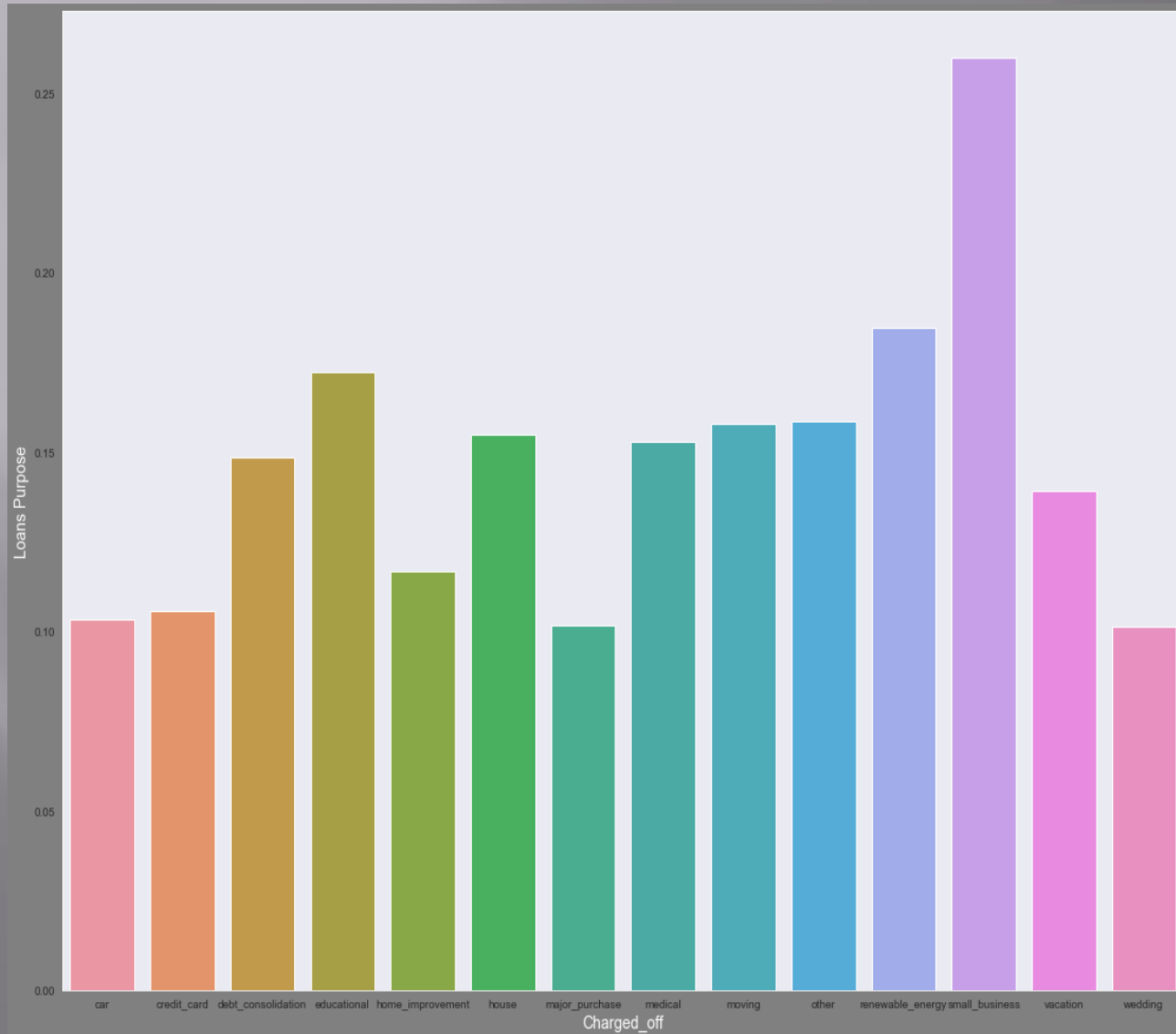


By the histplots we analyse that customers with annual income range between 25000 to 125000 fully paid the loan

Step 4

# **Bivariate Analysis**

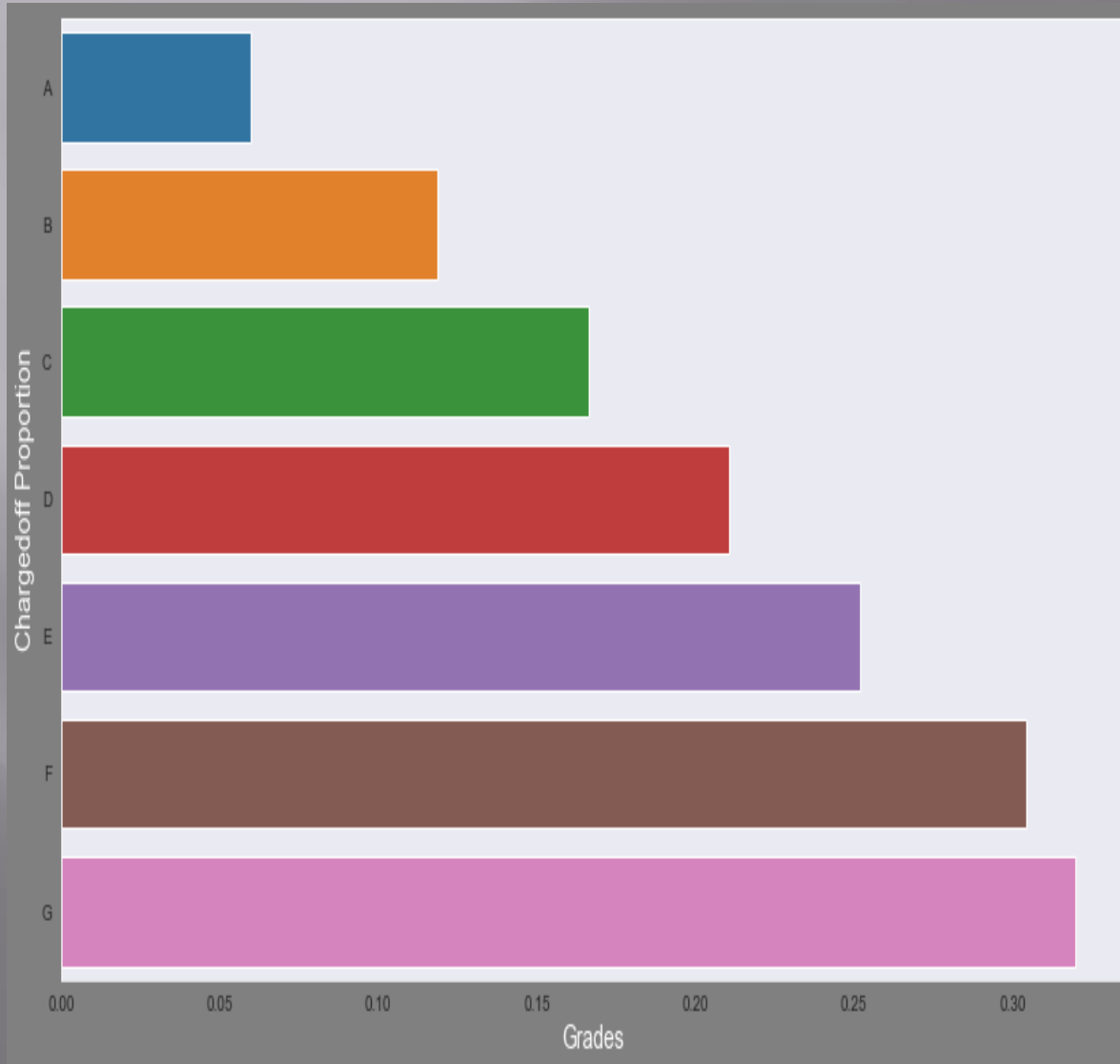
# Bivariate Analysis



## Analysis on purpose vs chargedoff\_portion

- Small Business applicants have high chances of getting charged off.
- renewable\_energy where charged off proportion is better as compare to other categories.

# BiVariate Analysis

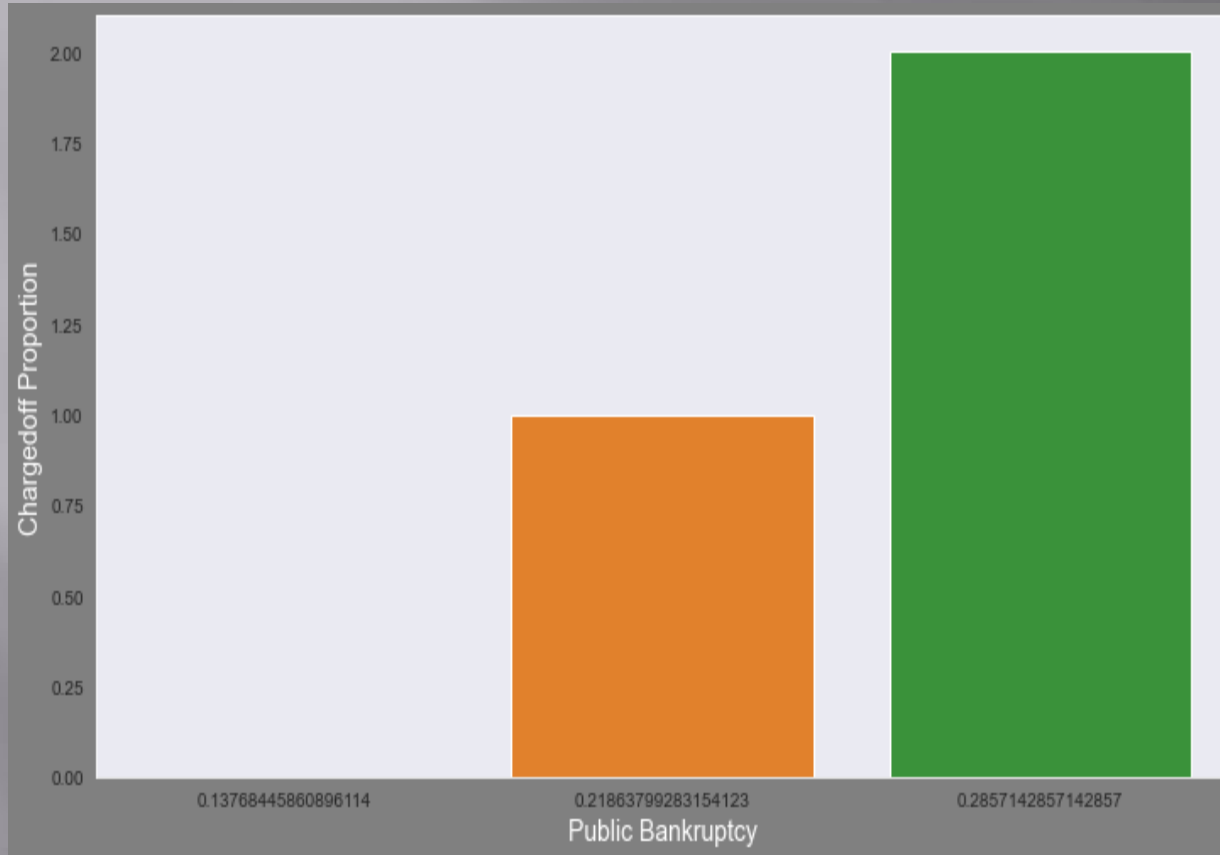


## Analysis on grade vs Chargedoff\_portion

- Grade "A" has very less chances of charged off.
- Grade "F" and "G" have very high chances of charged off.
- Chances of charged off is increasing with grade moving from "A" towards "G"



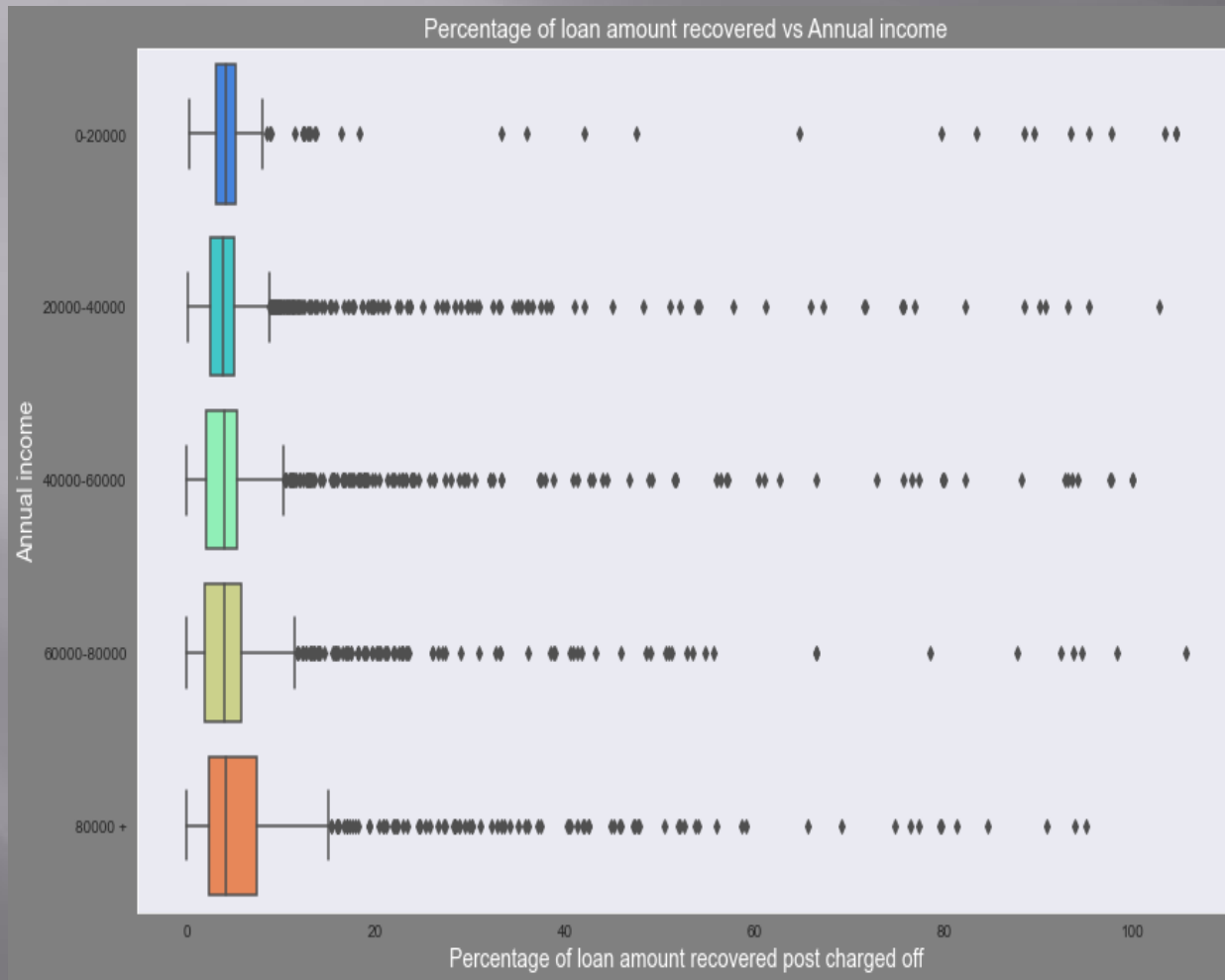
# Bivariate Analysis



Analysis on `pub_rec_bankruptcies` vs `Chargedoff_Proportion`

- Those who already have `pub_rec_bankruptcies` value 1, have charged off proportion higher than who have no `pub_rec_bankruptcies`.
- `pub_rec_bankruptcies` count 2 has even higher charged off proportion but those numbers are not significant

# Bivariate Analysis



## Bivariate Analysis on Recoveries vs Annual income

- Higher percentage of loan amount is recovered when annual income is high.
- Plot shows no significant variation but there is slight increase in recovery percentage with increase in annual income.