Fall Semester 2021-2022

Microprocessor and Interfacing

Lab Report

Digital Assignment-3

Experiment No: 4 Task No: 3

Course Code: CSE2006

Slot: L7+L8

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EXPERIMENT 4:

Programs to find Factorial of a number

Aim:

1. Write an Assembly Language Programme (ALP) to find the factorial of a number 6.

2. Write an Assembly Language Programme (ALP) to find the factorial of a number 7.

Factorial of a number

Algorithm:

1) Move the value of whose factorial to be found in to the Accumulator.

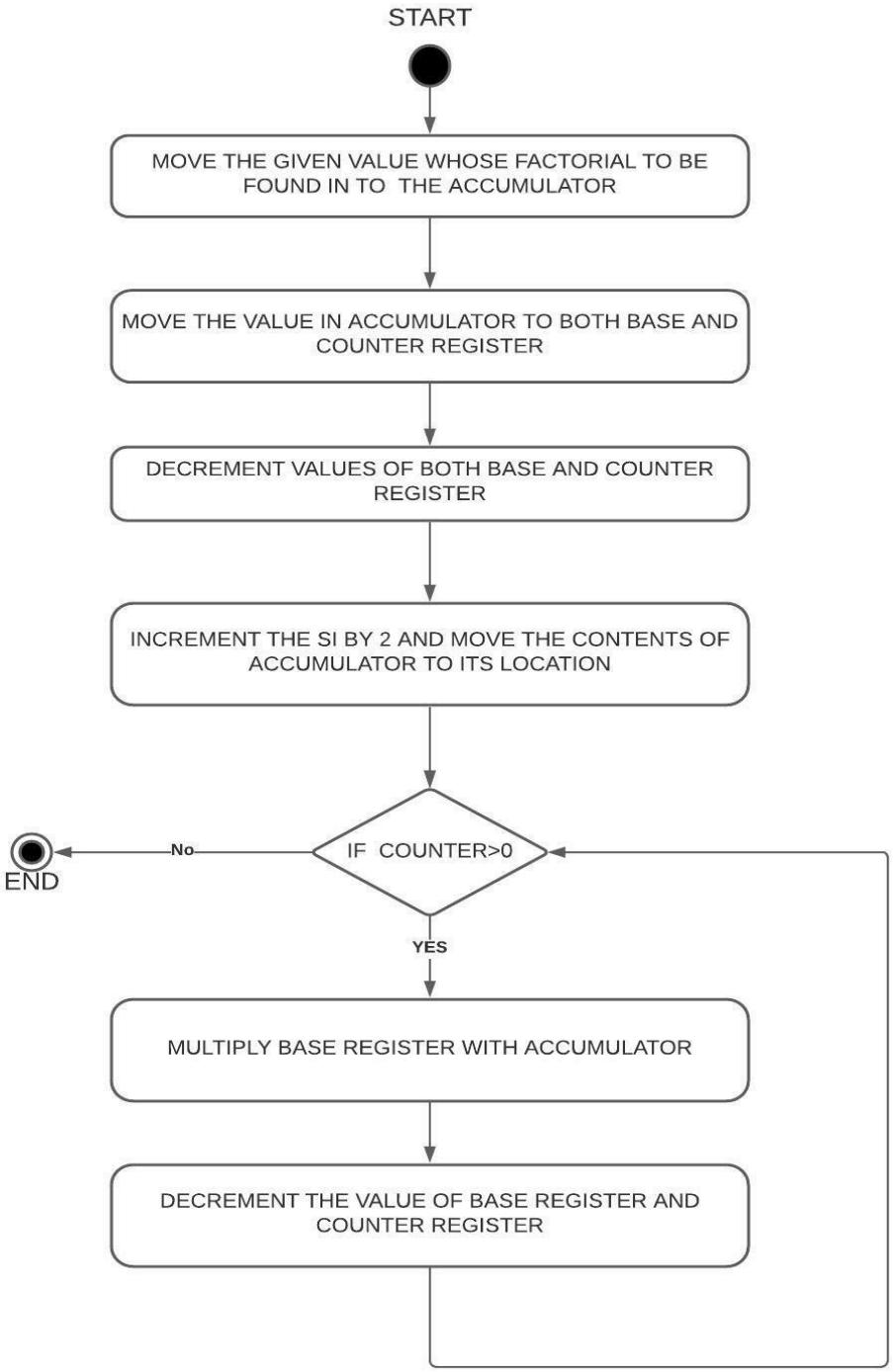
2) Move the value in Accumulator to both Base Register and Counter Register.

3) Decrement both Base Register and Counter Register
4) Multiply the Base Register to Accumulator and decrement the Base Register inside a loop

5) Loop is repeated and Base register is multiplied to Accumulator till the counter becomes 0.

6)The Factorial of the Given value is stored in Accumulator.

FLOW CHART


START
MOVE THE GIVEN VALUE WHOSE FACTORIAL TO BE FOUND IN TO THE ACCUMULATOR
MOVE THE VALUE IN ACCUMULATOR TO BOTH BASE AND COUNTER REGISTER
DECREMENT VALUES OF BOTH BASE AND COUNTER REGISTER
INCREMENT THE SI BY 2 AND MOVE THE CONTENTS OF ACCUMULATOR TO ITS LOCATION
IF COUNTER>0
No
END
YES
MULTIPLY BASE REGISTER WITH ACCUMULATOR
DECREMENT THE VALUE OF BASE REGISTER AND COUNTER REGISTER

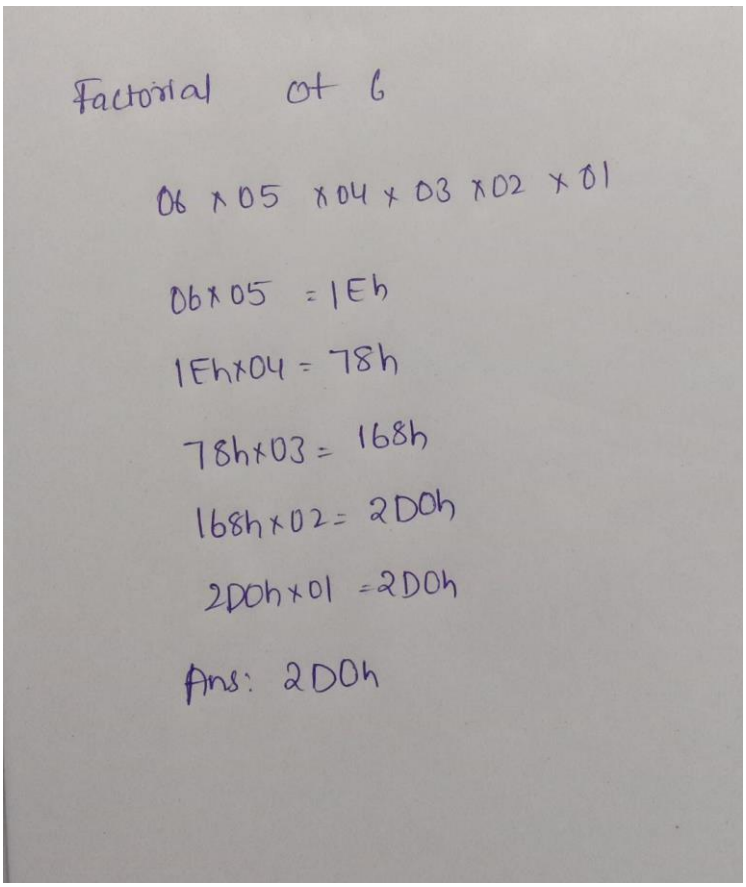
1. Write an Assembly Language Programme (ALP) to find the factorial of a number 6.

Design and Calculations:

Here we input the value ‘6’ in to the accumulator and Move the value from Accumulator to Base Register and Counter Register and Decrement the value of both Base and Counter registers and run a loop and Multiply the Base register . And decrement the Base Register and loop is repeated until the counter becomes 0

Calculations:

6*5*4*3*2*1=2D0[Hex] (720[Dec])



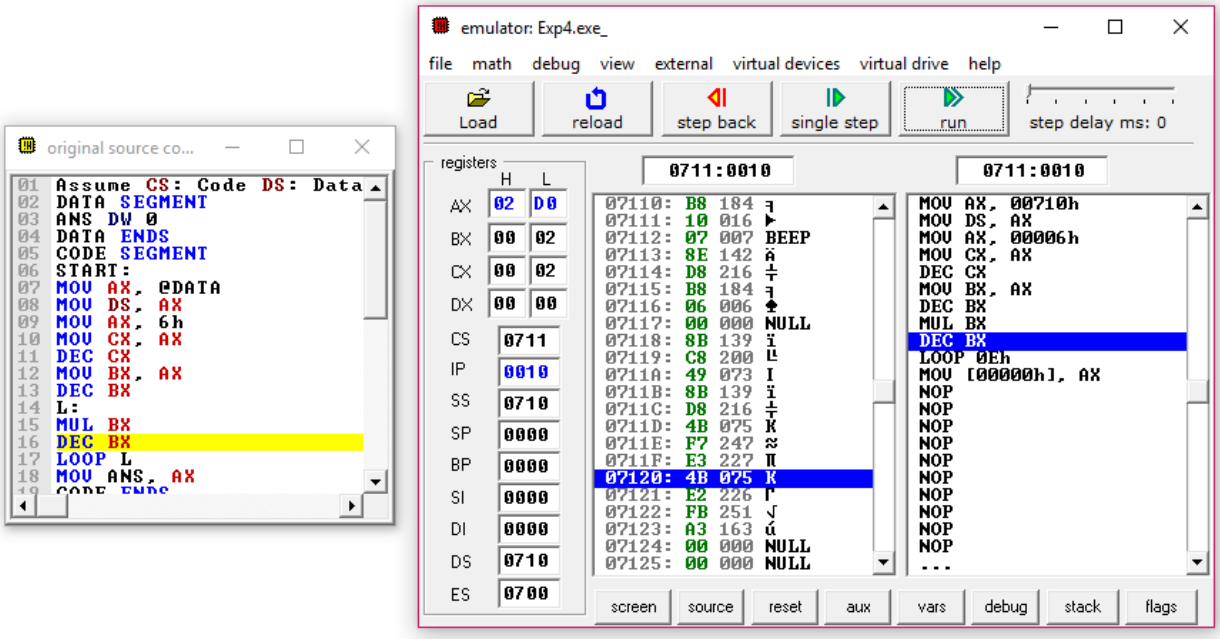
Program Code:

```
Assume CS: Code DS: Data
DATA SEGMENT
    ANS DW 0
    DATA ENDS
CODE SEGMENT
    START:
    MOV AX, @DATA
    MOV DS, AX
    MOV AX, 6h
    MOV CX, AX
    DEC CX
    MOV BX, AX
    DEC BX
    L:
    MUL BX
    DEC BX
    LOOP L
    MOV ANS, AX
    CODE ENDS
```

END START

```
01 Assume CS: Code DS: Data
02 DATA SEGMENT
03      ANS DW 0
04      DATA ENDS
05 CODE SEGMENT
06      START:
07      MOV AX, @DATA
08      MOV DS, AX
09      MOV AX, 6h
10      MOV CX, AX
11      DEC CX
12      MOV BX, AX
13      DEC BX
14      L:
15      MUL BX
16      DEC BX
17      LOOP L
18      MOV ANS, AX
19      CODE ENDS
20 END START
21
```

Output:



Result and Inference:

-The Factorial of 6 (720[dec]-> 2D0[hex]) 2D0 is stored in Accumulator .

-Both Base and Counter Registers becomes 0.

2. Write an Assembly Language Programme (ALP) to find the factorial of a number 7.

Design and Calculations:

Here we input the value ‘7’ in to the accumulator and Move the value from Accumulator to Base Register and Counter Register and Decrement the value of both Base and Counter registers and run a loop and Multiply the Base register . And decrement the Base Register and loop is repeated until the counter becomes 0

Calculations:

7*6*5*4*3*2*1=13B0[Hex] (5040[Dec])

Factorial of 7

07 x 06 x 05 x 04 x 03 x 02 x 01

17h x 06h = 2Ah

2Ah x 05h = D2h

D2h x 04h = 0348h

0348h x 03h = 09D8h

09D8h x 02h = 13B0h

13B0h x 01h = 13B0h

Ans: 13B0h

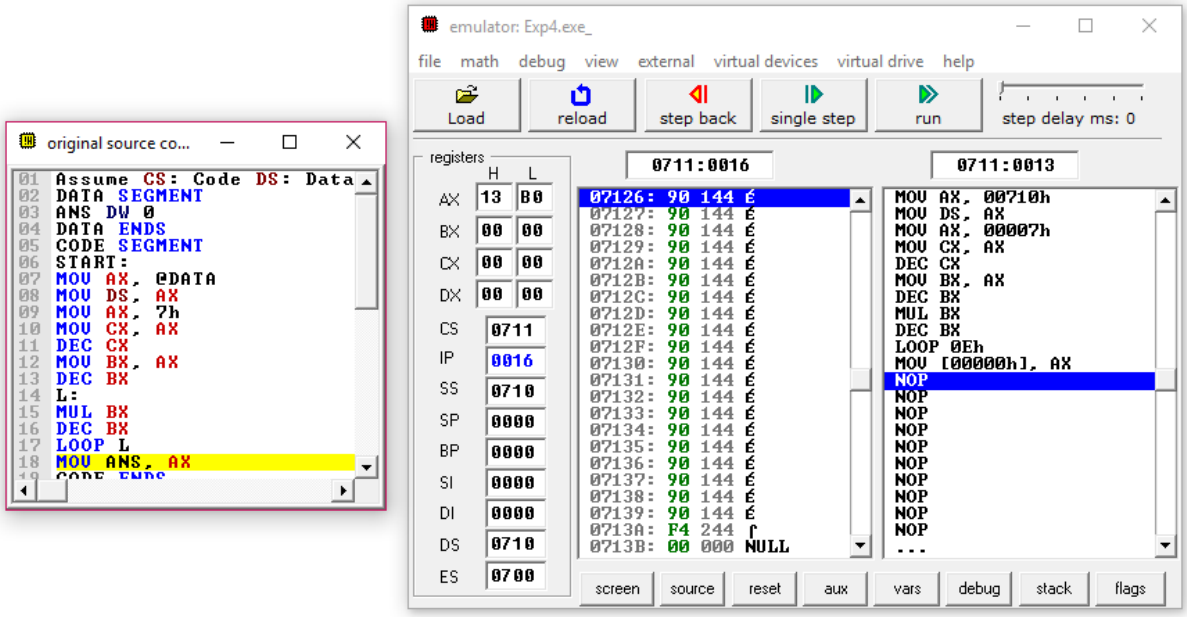
Program Code:

```
Assume CS: Code DS: Data
DATA SEGMENT
    ANS DW 0
    DATA ENDS
CODE SEGMENT
    START:
    MOV AX, @DATA
    MOV DS, AX
    MOV AX, 7h
    MOV CX, AX
    DEC CX
    MOV BX, AX
    DEC BX
    L:
    MUL BX
    DEC BX
    LOOP L
    MOV ANS, AX
    CODE ENDS
```

END START

```
01 Assume CS: Code DS: Data
02 DATA SEGMENT
03     ANS DW 0
04     DATA ENDS
05 CODE SEGMENT
06     START:
07     MOV AX, @DATA
08     MOV DS, AX
09     MOV AX, 7h
10     MOV CX, AX
11     DEC CX
12     MOV BX, AX
13     DEC BX
14     L:
15     MUL BX
16     DEC BX
17     LOOP L
18     MOV ANS, AX
19     CODE ENDS
20 END START
21
```

OUTPUT:



Result and Inference:

-The Factorial of 7 (5040[dec]-> 13B0[hex]) 13B0 is stored in Accumulator .

-Both Base and Counter Registers becomes 0.