INFORMATION SECURITY MANAGEMENT (CSE3052)

DIGITAL ASSIGNMENT-1

VIGNESH CP

19BCE0432

EXPERIMENT-1

TITLE:

Connecting to Vlans.

AIM:

To Connect two different VLANS using switches.

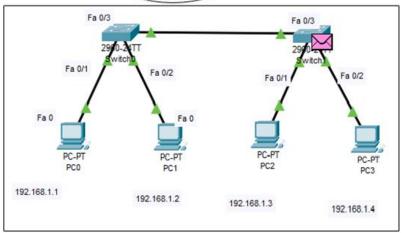
PROCEDURE:

- 1) Enable routing on the switch with the **ip routing** command. Even if IP routing was previously enabled, this step ensures that it is activated.
- 2) Make note of the VLANs that you want to route between. In this example, you want to route traffic between VLANs 2, 3 and 10.
- 3) Determine the IP addresses you want to assign to the VLAN interface on the switch. For the switch to be able to route between the VLANs, the VLAN interfaces must be configured with an IP address. When the switch receives a packet destined for another subnet/VLAN, the switch looks at the routing table in order to determine where to forward the packet. The packet is then passed to the VLAN interface of the destination. It is in turn sent to the port where the end device is attached.
- 4) Configure the default route for the switch.
- 5) Configure your end devices to use the respective Catalyst 3550 VLAN interface as their default gateway. For example, devices in VLAN 2 should use the interface VLAN 2 IP address as its default gateway. Refer to the appropriate client configuration guide for more information on how to designate the default gateway.

SCREEN SHOT:

TOPOLOGY



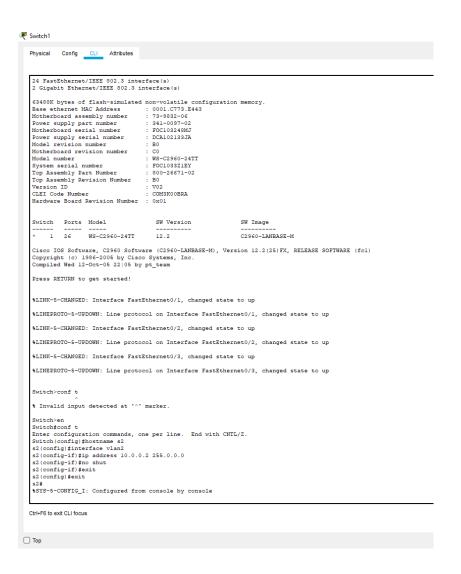


CLI COMMAND's

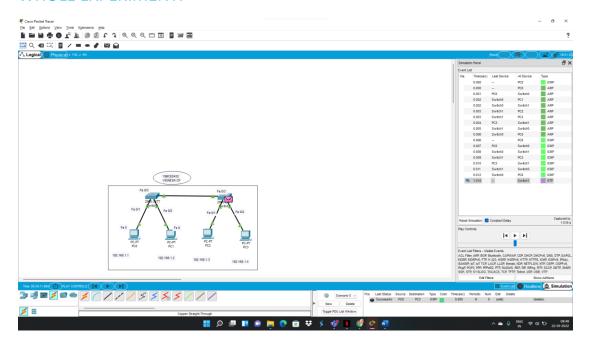
```
₹ Switch0
    Physical Config CLI Attributes
     63488K bytes of flash-simulated non-volatile configuration memory.
Base ethernet MAC Address : 000A.41D7.66EC
Motherboard assembly number : 73-9832-06
Power supply part number : 341-0097-02
     Motherboard assembly number
Power supply part number
Motherboard serial number
Power supply serial number
Model revision number
Motherboard revision number
                                                          FOC103248MJ
DCA102133JA
                                                          WS-C2960-24TT
      Model number
     Model number
System serial number
Top Assembly Part Number
Top Assembly Revision Number
Version ID
CLEI Code Number
Hardware Board Revision Number
                                                         WS-C2960-24TI
FOC1033Z1EY
800-26671-02
B0
V02
COM3K00BRA
0x01
      Switch Ports Model
                                                           SW Version
                                                                                                SW Image
           1 26 WS-C2960-24TT
                                                          12.2
                                                                                                C2960-LANBASE-M
     Cisco IOS Software, C2960 Software (C2960-LANBASE-M), Version 12.2(25)FX, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1) Copyright (c) 1986-2005 by Cisco Systems, Inc. Compiled Wed 12-Oct-05 22:05 by pt_team
      Press RETURN to get started!
      %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
      %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
      %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to up
      %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/2, changed state to up
      %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/3, changed state to up
      %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/3, changed state to up
      Switch>en
     Switchenen
Switchfoonf t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch(config)#interface vlanl
Switch(config)#interface vlanl
sl(config)#interface vlanl
sl(configififip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0
sl(config-if)#in oshut
     %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Vlanl, changed state to up
      sl(config-if)#exit
      sl(config) #exit
      sl#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus

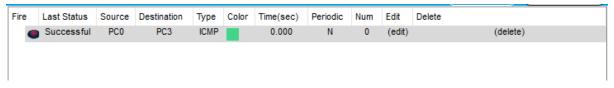
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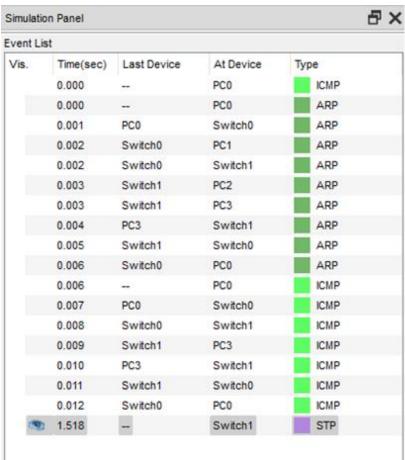


WHOLE EXPERIMENT:



RESULTS:





CONCLUSION:

After completing the config in this lab we will get to know that VLANs allow network administrators to automatically limit access to a specified group of users by dividing workstations into different isolated LAN segments. When users move their workstations, administrators don't need to reconfigure the network or change VLAN groups.

EXPERIMENT-2

TITLE:

Connecting two different LANS using a router and switches

AIM:

To connect two different LANS using a router and switches configuration.

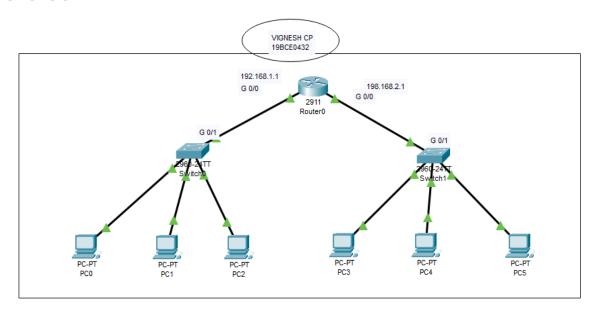
PROCEDURE:

Two Cisco 3200 routers are connected back-to-back using a DCE/DTE Cable. There are many ways to connect two routers back-to-back.

- 1: Connect through Ethernet ports: use a crossover cable to directly connect the routers together through two Ethernet ports.
- 2: Connect through serial ports: use a DCE/DTE cable to connect the serial ports.
- 3: Connect through auxiliary user interface (AUI) ports: connect two routers through AUX (AUI speed up to 115.2 k bps).
- 4: Connect through Network Modules

SCREENSHOTS:

TOPOLOGY



CLI COMMAND's



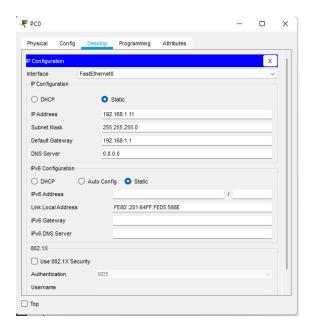
Physical Config CLI Attributes

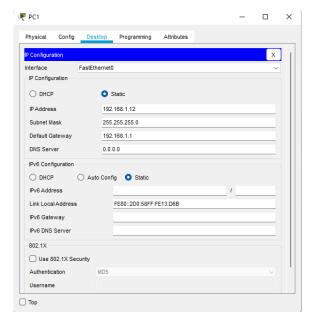
```
This product contains cryptographic features and is subject to United
States and local country laws governing import, export, transfer and
use. Delivery of Cisco cryptographic products does not imply
third-party authority to import, export, distribute or use encryption.
Importers, exporters, distributors and users are responsible for compliance with U.S. and local country laws. By using this product you
agree to comply with applicable laws and regulations. If you are unable
to comply with U.S. and local laws, return this product immediately.
A summary of U.S. laws governing Cisco cryptographic products may be found at:
http://www.cisco.com/wwl/export/crypto/tool/stqrg.html
If you require further assistance please contact us by sending email to
export@cisco.com.
Cisco CISCO2911/K9 (revision 1.0) with 491520K/32768K bytes of memory.
Processor board ID FTX152400KS
3 Gigabit Ethernet interfaces
DRAM configuration is 64 bits wide with parity disabled.
255K bytes of non-volatile configuration memory.
249856K bytes of ATA System CompactFlash 0 (Read/Write)
         --- System Configuration Dialog ---
Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]: n
Press RETURN to get started!
Router>en
Router#conf
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z. Router(config) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if) #no shut
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0, changed state to up
LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0, changed state to up
Router(config-if) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/1
Router(config-if)#ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if) #no shut
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
Router(config-if) #exit
Router(config) #exit
Router#
SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

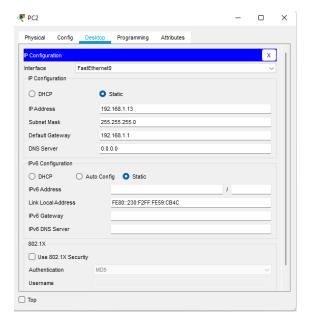
Ctrl+F6 to exit CLI focus

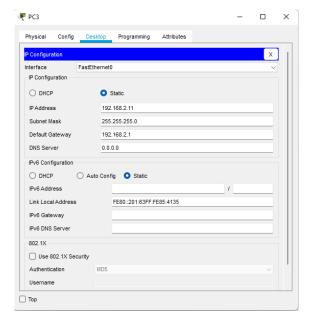
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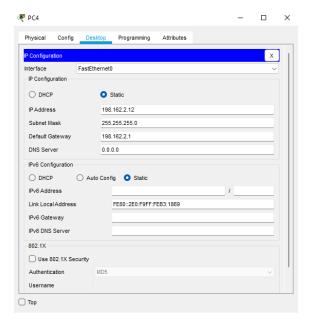
IP CONFIGURATIONS:

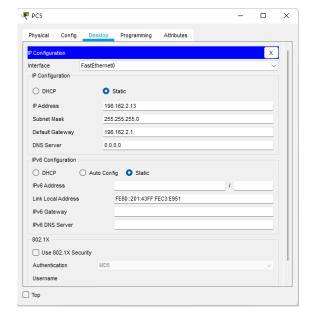




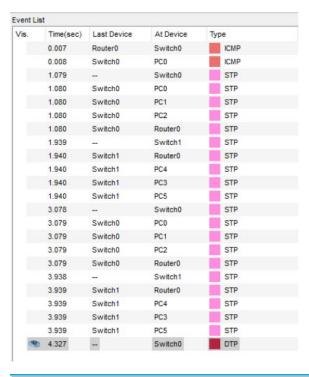








RESULTS:





CONCLUSION:

To create two LANs and connect them with Cisco routers and switches. Basic commands for Cisco devices are demonstrated in this lab. Upon completing the Lab, students should know how to create a small office wide network.