



# PIZZA Sales

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Delicious pizza for Everyone!





# Hello !

In this project, I used SQL queries creatively to address pizza sales-related inquiries, offering unique insights into customer behaviors and operational strategies.

# Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
1  -- Retrieve the total number of orders placed--  
2 • select count(order_id) as total_orders from orders;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	total_orders
▶	21350

# Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
1  -- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales--  
2 • select  
3   round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price),2)  
4   as total_revenue  
5   from order_details  
6   join  
7   pizzas on pizzas.pizza_id=order_details.pizza_id;
```

total_revenue
817860.05

# Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
1  -- Identify the highest-priced pizza--  
2 • select pizza_types.name,pizzas.price  
3   from pizza_types  
4   join pizzas on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id  
5   order by pizzas.price desc  
6   limit 1;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  Export: Wrap Cell Content: Fetch rows:

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

# Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
3    -- Identify the most common pizza size ordered--  
4 •  select pizzas.size,count(order_details.order_details_id) as order_count  
5    from pizzas  
6    join order_details  
7    on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id  
8    group by pizzas.size  
9    order by order_count desc;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: \_\_\_\_\_ | Export: Wrap Cell Content:

size	order_count
L	18526
M	15385
S	14137
XL	544
XXL	28

# List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
1  -- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities--  
2 • select pizza_types.name,sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity  
3   from pizza_types  
4   join pizzas  
5   on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id  
6   join order_details  
7   on order_details.pizza_id= pizzas.pizza_id  
8   group by pizza_types.name  
9   order by quantity desc  
10  limit 5;  
11
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	Fetch rows:	
	name	quantity				
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453				
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432				
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422				
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418				
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371				

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
1  -- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered--  
2 • select pizza_types.category,  
3   sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity  
4   from pizza_types join pizzas  
5   on pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id  
6   join order_details  
7   on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id  
8   group by pizza_types.category  
9   order by quantity desc;
```

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Result Grid | Filter Rows: \_\_\_\_\_ | Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	category	quantity
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050

# Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
1  -- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day--  
2 • select hour(order_time) as hour , count(order_id) as order_count  
3   from orders  
4   group by hour(order_time);
```

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Result Grid | Filter Rows:  Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	hour	order_count
▶	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336

# Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
6    -- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas--  
7 • select category,count(name) from pizza_types  
8   group by category;
```

category	count(name)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9

# Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
10  -- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day--  
11 • select round(avg(quantity),0) as avg_pizza_order_per_day from  
12 (select orders.order_date,sum(order_details.quantity) as quantity  
13 from orders join order_details  
14 on orders.order_id=order_details.order_id  
15 group by orders.order_date) as order_quantity;  
16
```

Result Grid	
avg_pizza_order_per_day	
▶ 138	

Filter Rows:  Export:  Wrap Cell Content:

Result Grid Form Editor

# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
1  -- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue--  
2 • select pizza_types.name,  
3   sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue  
4   from pizza_types join pizzas  
5   on pizzas.pizza_type_id=pizza_types.pizza_type_id  
6   join order_details  
7   on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id  
8   group by pizza_types.name  
9   order by revenue desc  
10  limit 3;
```

Result Grid		
	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

# Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
12      -- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue--  
13  •  select pizza_types.category,  
14      round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) / (select  
15          round(sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price),2) as total_sales  
16      from order_details join pizzas  
17          on pizzas.pizza_id=order_details.pizza_id)*100,2) as revenue  
18      from pizza_types  
19      join pizzas on  
20          pizza_types.pizza_type_id=pizzas.pizza_type_id  
21      join order_details on  
22          order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id  
23      group by pizza_types.category  
24      order by revenue desc;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: \_\_\_\_\_ | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

category	revenue
Classic	26.91
Supreme	25.46
Chicken	23.96
Veggie	23.68

# Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
26      -- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time--  
27 •   select order_date,  
28     sum(revenue) over (order by order_date) as cum_revenue  
29   from  
30   (select orders.order_date,  
31     sum(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) as revenue  
32   from order_details join pizzas  
33   on order_details.pizza_id=pizzas.pizza_id  
34   join orders on  
35   orders.order_id=order_details.order_id  
36   group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows:  Export: Wrap Cell Content:

	order_date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55

# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
39      -- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category--
40 •   SELECT name, revenue
41 ⊖ FROM (
42     SELECT category, name, revenue,
43         RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC) AS rn
44 ⊖ FROM (
45     SELECT pt.category, pt.name,
46         SUM(od.quantity * p.price) AS revenue
47     FROM pizza_types pt
48     JOIN pizzas p ON pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
49     JOIN order_details od ON p.pizza_id = od.pizza_id
50     GROUP BY pt.category, pt.name
51   ) AS a
52 ) AS b
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: \_\_\_\_\_ | Export: | Wrap Cell Content:

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25

# THANK You!

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