## ПМ-1801, Осипов Никита;

## 3.1.10a-L;

## Частные виды квадратурных формул Гаусса-Кристоффеля;

```
\begin{split} &\text{L[n_]} \coloneqq \frac{\text{D}\big[ \left( x^2 - 1 \right)^n, \, \{x, \, n\} \big]}{2^n * n \, !}; \\ &\text{gaussQuad[f_, n_]} \coloneqq \text{Module}\big[ \{x \text{lst} = \{\}, \, y, \, \text{alst} = \{\}, \\ &\text{xi, Ai, polynL, a = -1, b = 1, s = } \{\}, \, \text{ylocal, q, I}\}, \\ &\text{polynL = L[n]; (*Полином Лежандра = } \omega(x) *) \\ &\text{y = #[1, 2] \& /@ Solve[polynL == 0, x]; (*Корни полинома Лежандра*)} \\ &\text{xi = } \frac{1}{2} * \left( a + b \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( b - a \right) * \text{ylocal;} \\ &\text{(*Формула нахождения xi через корни полинома Лежандра*)} \\ &\text{AppendTo[xlst, N[xi /. ylocal <math>\Rightarrow \#] \& /@ y; (*Узлы*)} \\ &\text{alst} = \frac{2}{\left( 1 - \#^2 \right) * \left( D[polynL, x] /. \, x \Rightarrow \# \right)^2} \& /@ \, \text{xlst; (*Beca*)}} \\ &\text{I = $\sum_{k=1}^n alst[k] * (f /. \, x \Rightarrow xlst[k]);} \\ &\text{{PrependTo[xlst, "Узлы"], PrependTo[alst, "Beca"], I}} \Big] \end{split}
```

$$Out[260]=$$
  $f=x^2;$   $n=5;$   $0.0538469$   $0.478629$   $0.538469$   $0.478629$   $0.538469$   $0.478629$   $0.538469$   $0.478629$   $0.90618$   $0.236927$   $0.90618$   $0.236927$ 

$$Out[259]=$$
  $f = Sin[x]; n = 5;$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.568889$   $0.0.56889$   $0.0.56889$   $0.0.56899$   $0.0.56899$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5689$   $0.0.5688$ 

Out[261]= 
$$f = \sqrt{1-x^2}$$
;  $n = 5$ ;  $n$