Верно ли, гло волборка из N(a, c²)? Da/Het <u>Незнаю</u> / Нет

Baueranue 🕝 U 🗗 = 10 He boerga. [> 3 mnotez dutte He Momet] Примеры Ho: 0 = 00 vs. Hi: 0 > 00 правосторонняя альтернатива $H_0: \theta = \theta_0$ vs. $H_1: \theta < \theta_0$ rebectopourus arotephatuba Къ: 0 = 00 vs. Hı: 0 ≠ 0ь двусторонняя альтернатива

Истинное в шопет не удова ни одной из шпотез

Πρωμεριπ 1)
$$P = \frac{1}{2}$$
 bce ade μετρ pachp.
 $H_2 : P - μορμιανομοε pachp.$
 $H_4 : P - εκεν. pachp.$

$$S_0 = \frac{1}{2} N(a, \sigma^2) \int a \epsilon R, \sigma > 0$$

$$P_1 = \{ E \times \rho(\lambda) \mid \lambda > 0 \}$$

$$2) \quad P = \{ N(e, \sigma^2) \mid \alpha \in \mathbb{R}, \sigma > 0 \}$$

Ho! a=0 vs. H1: a>0

Пусть $X = (X_1 - X_n) - b$ изборна из неизв. распр. $P \in \mathcal{P}$ Onp Rogunomecto $S \subset \mathcal{X}$ наз-се критерием для проверки H_0 vs. H_{ℓ_0} ecru npaburo orbepniencie Ho borragur cr. odpazoni Ho orbepraetus (=) X & S Rama budopka Частый гаетный слугай: $S = \{x \in X \mid T(x) > c\}$ Т(к) — статискита критерия с — критическое значение Ho otherwater $\langle = \rangle$ T(x) > c

Результать тестирования гинотез 1. X с S => Но отвергается, результат стояистически значим 2. X € S ⇒ Ho не отвергается, результат статистически не значим Замегание Нельза говорить Но принимается, ти отсутствие докъв несправедливости Ио не есть докъбо е́т справедливости

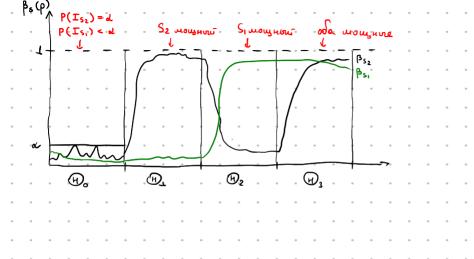
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	Pauros, you	ıku .							

Don-bo bunobnociu Cheabegniboet X & S

D - критерий для проверки Ho vs. Hi Ho + Ho - Ho ne orbepr. U Is Umen gonycrate ошибки Lyx bugob Ho orbepr Is U Oundra 1 poga: Ηο ο στο εργια $P(I_s) := \sup_{P \in P_s} P(X \in S)$ ne oduznas вероятность, Ошибка 2 рода : Но не отвергли, но она не верна hovero rak P(Is) := sup P(X \(\) S) Oδυντιο pemaerce zagara $\begin{cases} P(I_s) ≤ d \\ P(I_s) → min \end{cases}$ T.e. Is onacher => P(Is) orpanurubaem 2-уровено значиности притерия S, если do = P(Is) - реальный уровень значимости

Dre storo legém prymo momerocin

$$\beta_s(p) = P(X \in S)$$
 gas $P \in P_i$



Пример
$$X - b$$
озборка из одного элемента $Exp(0)$
Построить крит ур. знал. d для проверки
 $H_0: \theta = \theta_0$ vs. $H_1: \theta > \theta_0$

Заметим, $T = E_0 X = I/\theta$

=> чем больше в, тем меньше Х в среднем Λουμνιο δρατό κρατ. $S = \{x < c\}$ ige c moderen uz yor. P(Is) Ed $P(I_s) = P_{\theta_o}(x < c) = 1 - e^{-\theta_o c} \le d$ P(Is)

=> C < - 1/0, ln (1-d)

Μοιωμός
$$β_s(θ) = P(x < c) = 1 - e^{-θc}$$
 gas $θ > θ_o$

$$C = -\frac{1}{θ_o} log (1 - d)$$

$$β_s(θ) = 1 - e^{-θ_o} log (1 - d) = 1 - (1 - d)^{θ_o} upu θ > θ_o$$

$$S = \begin{cases} x < -\frac{1}{θ_o} log (1 - d) \end{cases}$$

$$β_s(θ) = 1 - e^{-θ_o} log (1 - d) \end{cases}$$

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$$β$$

Пусть
$$X = (X_1 - X_n) - bindopka из неизв. распр $P \in P$$$

Paccuearpubaeu \hat{O} – a.H.o. O c e.g. $G^2(O)$

 $\hat{\mathfrak{c}}$ – war. by, $\mathfrak{r}(\mathfrak{d})$









Torga
$$W(X) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \frac{\hat{\theta} - \theta_0}{\hat{\sigma}} \frac{d\theta_0}{\hat{\sigma}} N(0, 1)$$

$$Z_{4/2} = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \frac{\hat{\theta} - \theta_0}{\hat{\sigma}} > Z_{1-4/2}$$

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Προδερμω:
$$P(I_s) = P_{\theta_s}(W(x) > Z_{1-\frac{\kappa}{2}}) + P_{\theta_s}(W(x) < Z_{\frac{\kappa}{2}}) \xrightarrow{n \to \infty}$$

$$P(I_s) = P_{\theta_o}(W(x) > Z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}}) + P_{\theta_o}(W(x) < \frac{\alpha}{2})$$

$$1 - \Phi(Z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}}) + \Phi(Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}) = 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2}$$

$$P(I_s) = P_{\theta_s}(W(x) > Z_{1-\frac{\kappa}{2}}) + P_{\theta_s}(W(x) < Z_{1-\frac{\kappa}{2}})$$

$$1 - \Phi(Z_{1-\frac{\kappa}{2}}) + \Phi(Z_{\frac{\kappa}{2}}) = 1 - (Q_{1-\frac{\kappa}{2}})$$

$$1 - \Phi(z_{1-\frac{\omega}{2}}) + \Phi(z_{\frac{\omega}{2}}) = 1 - (1 - \omega_{2}) + \omega_{2} = \omega$$

Uzyrum momerocie
$$\beta_{s}(0) = P_{p}(N(x) > z)$$

$$\beta_{S}(\theta) = P_{\theta} \left(N(x) > Z_{1-\frac{\zeta}{2}} \right) + P_{\theta} \left(N(x) < Z_{\frac{\zeta}{2}} \right) = P_{\theta} \left(\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\hat{\theta} - \theta}{\hat{\sigma}} > Z_{1-\frac{\zeta}{2}} - \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \right) + P_{\theta} \left(\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{\hat{\theta} - \theta}{\hat{\sigma}} < Z_{\frac{\zeta}{2}} - \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \right) \approx \frac{\zeta_{1}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\theta - \theta_{0}}{\hat{\sigma}} \int_{0}^{\infty} \left(N(0, 1) \right) + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}} + \frac{\zeta_{2}}{\zeta_{2}}$$

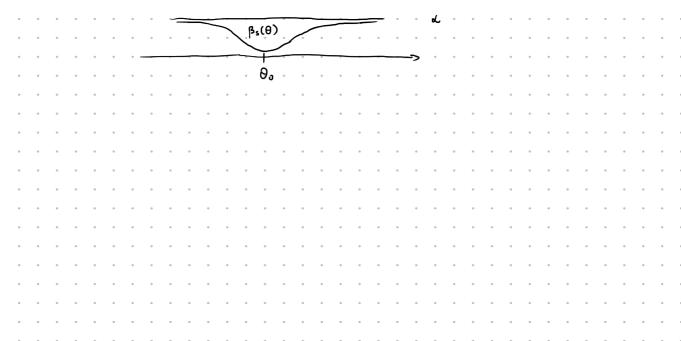
$$\approx 1 - \varphi \left(z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} + \omega \right)$$

 $\approx (- P(z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} + w(\theta))) + P(z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} - w(\theta))$

Ean
$$|W(\theta)| \rightarrow \infty$$
, to $\forall c \ \theta(c-W(\theta)) \rightarrow \{1 \Rightarrow \beta_s(\theta) \rightarrow 1 \}$

$$|W(\theta)| \text{ foreuse} \iff \left[n \text{ doreuse}\right]$$

$$|\theta| \text{ where other other of } \theta_0$$



$$\theta = \theta_0 \quad \text{vs.} \quad H_4: \theta > \theta_0$$

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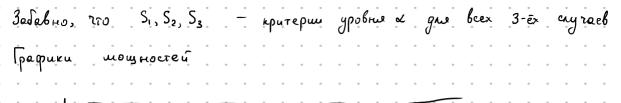
$$\theta = \theta_0 \quad \text{vs.} \quad H_4: \theta > \theta_0$$

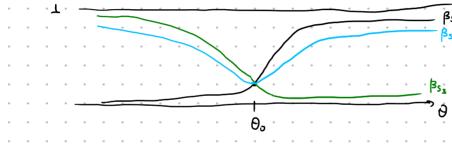
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Banezanus





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Bangranue 2)
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Если в односторонней альтернативе поставить нер-во:

 $H_o: \Theta \in \Theta_o$ vs $H_i: \Theta > \Theta_o$

то крит Вальда сохранит свой вид.

0
0

Po
$$\left(\int_{\Omega} \frac{|\hat{\theta} - \theta|}{\hat{\sigma}} \right) < Z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}}$$
 $\frac{d\theta}{\sigma}$ $1-\alpha$ $\frac{\alpha_{12}}{2}$ $\frac{\alpha_$

$$C = \left(\hat{\theta} = z_{1-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{\hat{r}}{\ln r}\right) \quad \text{yp. pob. } 1-2$$

4) Buecto
$$\hat{\sigma}$$
 можно рассматривать $r(\theta_o)$

Πρишер
$$X_{1-}$$
 X_{1-} $X_$

$$H_0: \theta = \theta_0$$
 vs. $H_1: \theta \neq \theta_0$

$$C = \left(\begin{array}{c} C - O \\ C \end{array} \right)$$

$$S = \left\{ \sqrt{\frac{|\hat{\mu} - \theta|}{\pi/2}} > Z_{1-d/2} \right\}$$

Критерий отношения правдоподобия

Пусть
$$X = (X_1 - X_n) - b$$
изборка из распр $P \in P$, иде

 $P = P_{\theta} \mid \theta \in \Theta \} - g$ омин, семейство

 $L_{x}(\theta) = \bigcap_{i=1}^{n} p_{\theta}(x_i) - g$ -ушя правдоподобия

Рассмотрим гастнога слугам, в тогности решающие задати

 $P(I_{s}) \leq \alpha$
 $P(I_{s}) \rightarrow min$

(1) Rpocture uno rezu

$$H_0: \theta = \Theta_0$$
 vs. $H_1: \theta = \Theta_1$

S = { N(x) > Gz } - kput. yp 3H. of

T.e. $\Theta_o = \{\Theta_o\}$ $\Theta_L = \{\Theta_L\}$

Paccuorpum $\Lambda(X) = \frac{L_X(\theta_i)}{L_X(\theta_0)}$ Лениа Неймана-Пирсона

Ecnu F Ca, T.T. Po (N(X) > Cx) = d, To kpurepuû

и имеет наибольшую шощность

β_s(P) ≥ β_R(P) ∀P € P,

 $\frac{L_{x}(\theta_{1})}{L_{x}(\theta_{2})} = f_{\theta_{1}\theta_{2}}(T(x)), \text{ ige } f_{\theta_{1}\theta_{2}}(t) \text{ bospactaet}$

 $H_o: \Theta = \Theta_o$ vs. $H_1: \Theta > \Theta_o$

$$\frac{L_{x}(\theta_{1})}{L_{x}(\theta_{2})} = \int_{\theta_{1}}^{\theta_{2}} \left(T(x)\right), \quad ige \quad \theta_{2}(t) \quad eog \quad \rhoactae7$$

$$L_{x}(\theta_{2})$$
 $\theta_{1}\theta_{2}(\theta_{2})$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{X}}(\theta_2)$$
 $\mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{X}}(\theta_2)$ $\mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{X}}(\theta_2)$

$$\mathcal{L}_{X}(Q_{2}) = \mathcal{L}_{X}(Q_{2})$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{X}(Q_{2}) = \mathcal{L}_{X}(Q_{2}) = \mathcal{L}_{X}(Q$$

rge C_{x} nogdupaerce uz yenobus $P_{O_0}(T(x) > C_{x}) = d$

$$H_{0}: \theta = \theta_{0} \quad \text{vs.} \quad H_{1}: \theta > \theta_{0}$$

$$Hautu \quad PHMK$$

$$\theta_{1} > \theta_{2} \quad \frac{L_{x}(\theta_{1})}{L_{x}(\theta_{2})} = \frac{\theta_{1}^{n} e^{-\theta_{1} \sum x_{i}}}{\theta_{2}^{n} e^{-\theta_{2} \sum x_{i}}} = \left(\frac{\theta_{1}}{\theta_{2}}\right)^{n} e^{\left(\theta_{2} - \theta_{1}\right) \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}}$$

$$\Rightarrow T(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_{i} \quad u \quad \text{othousewere your baser no } T(x)$$

$$\Rightarrow S = \left\{T(x) < C_{x}\right\}$$

 $T(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i \sim \Gamma(\theta, n) \Rightarrow C_{x} - \lambda \mu b \Omega \mu r. \Gamma(\theta_0, n)$

 $rge c_{\alpha}: P_{\theta_{0}}(T(x) < c_{\alpha}) = d$

Πρωμερ X_{1} $X_{n} \sim E_{xp}(\theta)$

$$C_{k}$$
 = sps. gamma (a=n, scale = $\frac{1}{0}$). ppf (k)
 $\beta_{s}(0)$ = sps. gamma (a=n, scale = $\frac{1}{0}$). cdf (C_{k})