

[1426 Find N Unique Integers Sum up to Zero \(link\)](#)

Description

Given an integer n , return **any** array containing n **unique** integers such that they add up to 0.

Example 1:

Input: $n = 5$

Output: $[-7, -1, 1, 3, 4]$

Explanation: These arrays also are accepted $[-5, -1, 1, 2, 3]$, $[-3, -1, 2, -2, 4]$.

Example 2:

Input: $n = 3$

Output: $[-1, 0, 1]$

Example 3:

Input: $n = 1$

Output: $[0]$

Constraints:

- $1 \leq n \leq 1000$

(scroll down for solution)

Solution

Language: *cpp*

Status: Accepted

```
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> sumZero(int n) {
        vector<int> result;

        for (int i = 1; i <= n/2; ++i) {
            result.push_back(i);
            result.push_back(-i);
        }

        if (n % 2 == 1) {
            result.push_back(0);
        }

        return result;
    }
};
```