

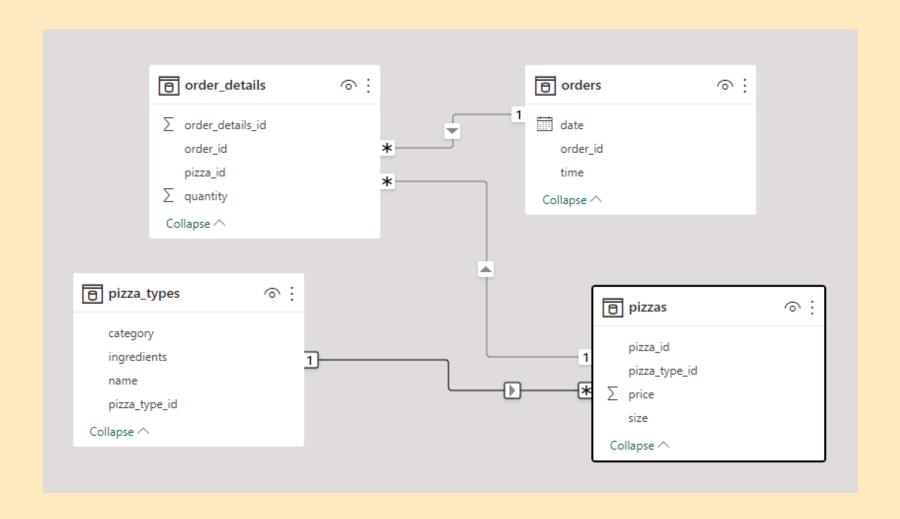
# PIZZA SALES SQL PROJECT

#### HELLO

My name is Nikita Jangam.

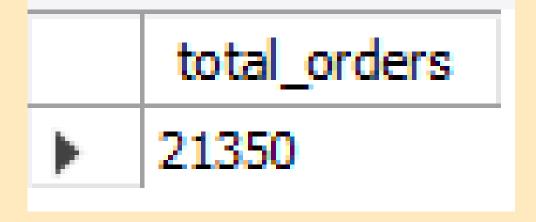
In this project I have utilized the SQL queries to solve the questions that are related to the pizza sales.

#### **Data**



### Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

select count(order\_id) as total\_orders from orders;



### Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

**SELECT** 

ROUND(SUM(order\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price),

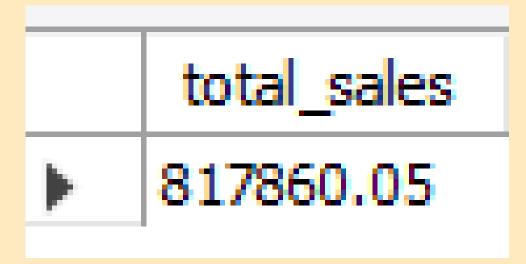
2) AS total\_sales

**FROM** 

order\_details

JOIN

pizzas ON pizzas.pizza\_id = order\_details.pizza\_id;



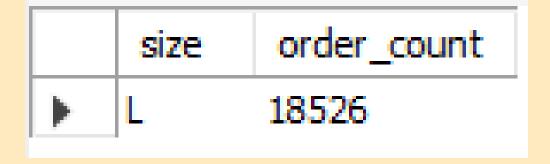
#### Identify the highest-priced pizza.

select

pizzas.price,pizza\_types.name
from pizzas join pizza\_types
on pizzas.pizza\_type\_id = pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id
order by price desc limit 1;

	price	name
<b>&gt;</b>	35.95	The Greek Pizza

### Identify the most common pizza size ordered.



# List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

select pizza\_types.name,sum(order\_details.quantity) as quantities

from pizzas join pizza\_types
on pizzas.pizza\_type\_id = pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id
join order\_details

on order\_details.pizza\_id = pizzas.pizza\_id group by pizza\_types.name order by quantities desc limit 5;

	name	quantities
<b>&gt;</b>	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

select

pizza\_types.category,sum(order\_details.quantity) as quantities

from order\_details join pizzas
on order\_details.pizza\_id = pizzas.pizza\_id
join pizza\_types

on pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id = pizzas.pizza\_type\_id group by pizza\_types.category order by quantities asc;

	category	quantities
•	Chicken	11050
	Veggie	11649
	Supreme	11987
	Classic	14888

# Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

select hour(order\_time) as hour,count(order\_id) as order\_count from orders group by hour(order\_time);

	hour	order_count
<b>&gt;</b>	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1

#### Join relevant tables to find the categorywise distribution of pizzas.

select category,count(pizza\_type\_id) from pizza\_types group by category;

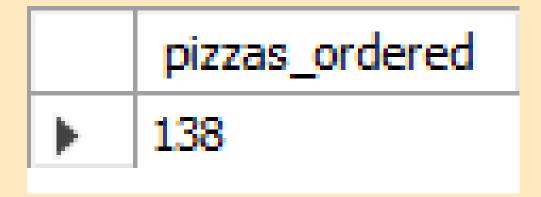
category	count(pizza_type_id)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9
	Chicken Classic Supreme

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
select round(avg(order_quantity),0) as pizzas_ordered from
```

(select orders.order\_date,sum(order\_details.quantity)
as order\_quantity

from orders join order\_details on orders.order\_id = order\_details.order\_id group by orders.order\_date) as quantities;



### Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

select

	revenue	name
•	43434.25	The Thai Chicken Pizza
	42768	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza
	41409.5	The California Chicken Pizza

### Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
select
pizza_types.category,round(sum(order_details.quantity
                    * pizzas.price)/
                        (select
round(sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),2) as
                      total_sales
             from order_details join pizzas
   on pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id)*100,2)
                      as revenue
              from pizzas join pizza_types
  on pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
                   join order_details
       on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
            group by pizza_types.category
                order by revenue desc;
```

	category	revenue
•	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68

# Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

select order\_date,

sum(revenue) over(order by order\_date) as cum\_revenue from (select orders.order\_date, sum(order\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price) as revenue from order\_details join pizzas on order\_details.pizza\_id = pizzas.pizza\_id join orders on orders.order\_id = order\_details.order\_id group by order\_date) as sales;

	order_date	cum_revenue
<b>&gt;</b>	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.300000000003
	2015-01-14	32358.700000000004
	2015-01-15	34343.50000000001
	2015-01-16	36937.65000000001
	2015-01-17	39001.75000000001
	2015-01-18	40978.600000000006
	2015-01-19	43365.75000000001
	2015-01-20	45763.65000000001

# Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

select name, revenue
from
(select category, name, revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue
desc) as rn
from
(select
pizza\_types.category, pizza\_types.name,
cum(order, details quantity \* pizzas price) as revenue

sum(order\_details.quantity \* pizzas.price) as revenue
from order\_details join pizzas
on order\_details.pizza\_id = pizzas.pizza\_id
join pizza\_types
on pizza\_types.pizza\_type\_id = pizzas.pizza\_type\_id
group by pizza\_types.category,pizza\_types.name) as a)
as b

where rn <=3;

	name	revenue
<b>)</b>	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000000065
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5

