

14-10-20

Implementation of a Linear queue

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#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define QUE_SIZE 5
int item, front = 0, rear = -1, q[5];

void insertrear()
{
    if (rear == QUE_SIZE - 1)
    {
        printf("Queue overflow\n");
        return;
    }
    rear = rear + 1;
    q[rear] = item;
}

int deletefront()
{
    if (front > rear)
    {
        front = 0;
        rear = -1;
        return -1;
    }
    return q[front++];
}

void display()
{
    int i;
    if (front > rear)
    {
        printf("Queue is empty\n");
        return;
    }
    printf("Contents of the queue are: \n");
    for (i = front; i <= rear; i++)
    {
        printf("%d\n", q[i]);
    }
}
```

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int main()
{
    int choice;
    for(;;)
    {
        printf("\n1. Insertrear\n2. Deletefront\n3. Display\n4. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter the choice\n");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch(choice)
        {
            Case1 : printf("Enter the item to be inserted\n");
                    scanf("%d", &item);
                    Insertrear();
                    break;
            Case 2 : item = deletefront();
                    if (item == -1)
                        printf("Queue is empty\n");
                    else
                        printf("Item deleted : %d\n", item);
                    break;
            Case 3 : displayQ();
                    break;
            default : exit(0);
        }
    }
}

```

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