

Лабораторная работа №10

СТУДЕНТ: САХНО

ГРУППА: НФИБД-02-23

Цель

Приобрести практические навыки по конфигурированию SMTP-сервера в части настройки аутентификации.

Задания

Настроить Dovecot для работы с LMTP.

Настроить аутентификацию посредством SASL на SMTP-сервере.

Настроить работу SMTP-сервера поверх TLS.

Скорректировать скрипт для Vagrant, фиксирующий действия расширенной настройки SMTP-сервера во внутреннем окружении виртуальной машины server.

```
figuration /etc/postfix
Feb 12 12:00:06 vbox postfix/postfix-script[4546]: stopping the Postfix mail system
Feb 12 12:00:06 vbox postfix/master[4382]: terminating on signal 15
Feb 12 12:00:07 vbox postfix/postfix-script[4624]: starting the Postfix mail system
Feb 12 12:00:07 vbox postfix/master[4626]: daemon started -- version 3.5.25, configuration /etc/postfix
Feb 12 12:00:36 vbox dovecot[4680]: master: Dovecot v2.3.16 (7e2e900c1a) starting up for imap, pop3
Feb 12 13:02:37 vbox dovecot[1090]: master: Dovecot v2.3.16 (7e2e900c1a) starting up for imap, pop3
```

Задание №1

```
root@server:/etc/dovecot
```

```
no 5.6.1
```

```
dovecot.conf
```

```
t values are shown for each setting, it's not required to uncomment
```

```
These are exceptions to this though: No sections (e.g. namespace {})
```

```
gin settings are added by default, they're listed only as examples.
```

```
are also just examples with the real defaults being based on configure
```

```
s. The paths listed here are for configure --prefix=/usr
```

```
onfdir=/etc --localstatedir=/var
```

```
ols we want to be serving.
```

```
ls = imap pop3 lmtp submission
```

```
s = imap pop3 lmtp
```

```
a separated list of IPs or hosts where to listen in for connections
```

Задание №1

GNU nano 5.6.1

10-master.conf

```
}  
}  
  
service submission-login {  
  inet_listener submission {  
    #port = 587  
  }  
}  
  
service lmtp {  
  unix_listener /var/spool/postfix/private/dovecot-lmtp {  
    group = postfix  
    user = postfix  
    mode = 0600  
  }  
}
```

Задание №1

```
root@server:/etc/dovecot/
```

```
10-auth.conf
```

```
ables here, eg. %Lu would lowercase the username,  
ain if it was given, or "%n-AT-%d" would change th  
slation is done after auth_username_translation ch  
t = %Ln
```

Задание №1

```
[root@vbox ~]# systemctl restart postfix  
[root@vbox ~]# systemctl restart dovecot  
[root@vbox ~]# echo . | mail -s "LMTP test" nvsakhno@nvsakhno.net
```

Задание №1


```
service auth {  
  # auth_socket_path points to this userdb socket by default. It's typically  
  # used by dovecot-lda, doveadm, possibly imap process, etc. Users that have  
  # full permissions to this socket are able to get a list of all usernames and  
  # get the results of everyone's userdb lookups.  
  #  
  # The default 0666 mode allows anyone to connect to the socket, but the  
  # userdb lookups will succeed only if the userdb returns an "uid" field that  
  # matches the caller process's UID. Also if caller's uid or gid matches the  
  # socket's uid or gid the lookup succeeds. Anything else causes a failure.  
  #  
  # To give the caller full permissions to lookup all users, set the mode to  
  # something else than 0666 and Dovecot lets the kernel enforce the  
  # permissions (e.g. 0777 allows everyone full permissions).
```

Задание №2

```
ot@vbox ~]# postconf -e 'smtpd_recipient_restrictions=reject_unknown_recipient_domain, permit_mynetworks, reject_non_fqdn_recipient, reject_unauth_destination, reject_unverified_recipient, permit'
postconf: fatal: -e, -X, or -# accepts no multi-argument
ot@vbox ~]# postconf -e 'mynetworks = 127.0.0.0/8'
ot@vbox ~]#
```

Задание №2

```
# =====
smtp      inet  n       -       n       -       -       smtpd
#smtp     inet  n       -       n       -       1       postscreen
#smtpd    pass  -       -       n       -       -       smtpd
#dnsblog  unix  -       -       n       -       0       dnsblog
#tlsproxy unix  -       -       n       -       0       tlsproxy
#submission inet n       -       n       -       -       smtpd
#  -o syslog_name=postfix/submission
#  -o smtpd_tls_security_level=encrypt
#  -o smtpd_sasl_auth_enable=yes
#  -o smtpd_tls_auth_only=yes
#  -o smtpd_reject_unlisted_recipient=no
#  -o smtpd_client_restrictions=$mua_client_restrictions
#  -o smtpd_helo_restrictions=$mua_helo_restrictions
#  -o smtpd_sender_restrictions=$mua_sender_restrictions
#  -o smtpd_recipient_restrictions==reject_non_fqdn_recipient,reject_unknown_recipient_domain,permit_sasl_authenticated,reject
#  -o smtpd_relay_restrictions=permit_sasl_authenticated,reject
#  -o milter_macro_daemon_name=ORIGINATING
#smtps    inet  n       -       n       -       -       smtpd
#  -o syslog_name=postfix/smtps
```

Задание №2

```
[root@vbox ~]# printf 'nvsakhno\x00nvsakhno\x00qvb  
bnZzYWtobm8AbnZzYWtobm8AcXd\lU\kxMjM0IQ==  
[root@vbox ~]# printf 'nvsakhno\x00nvsakhno\x00qvb  
bnZzYWtobm8AbnZzYWtobm8AcXd\lU\kxMjM0IQ==  
[root@vbox ~]# printf 'nvsakhno\x00nvsakhno\x00qvb  
bnZzYWtobm8AbnZzYWtobm8AcXd\lU\kxMjM0IQ==  
[root@vbox ~]#
```

Задание №2

```
/certs/dovecot.pem /etc/pki/tls/certs  
/private/dovecot.pem /etc/pki/tls/private  
tls_cert_file=/etc/pki/tls/certs/dovecot.pem'  
tls_key_file=/etc/pki/tls/private/dovecot.pem'  
tls_session_cache_database = btree:/var/lib/postfix/sm  
  
tls_security_level = may'  
tls_security_level = may'
```

Задание №2

```
#
# (yes) (yes) (no) (never) (100)
# =====
smtp      inet  n       -       n       -       -       smtpd
#smtp     inet  n       -       n       -       1       postscreen
#smtpd    pass  -       -       n       -       -       smtpd
#dnsblog  unix  -       -       n       -       0       dnsblog
#tlsproxy unix  -       -       n       -       0       tlsproxy
submission inet n       -       n       -       -       smtpd
#  -o syslog_name=postfix/submission
#  -o smtpd_tls_security_level=encrypt
#  -o smtpd_sasl_auth_enable=yes
#  -o smtpd_tls_auth_only=yes
#  -o smtpd_reject_unlisted_recipient=no
#  -o smtpd_client_restrictions=$mua_client_restrictions
#  -o smtpd_helo_restrictions=$mua_helo_restrictions
#  -o smtpd_sender_restrictions=$mua_sender_restrictions
#  -o smtpd_recipient_restrictions==reject_non_fqdn_recipient,reject_unknown_recipient_domain,permit_sasl_authenticated,r>
#  -o smtpd_relay_restrictions=permit_sasl_authenticated,reject
#  -o milter_macro_daemon_name=ORIGINATING
```


Задание №2

```
[root@server.dmbetichneva.net postfix]# firewall-cmd --get-services
RH-Satellite-6 RH-Satellite-6-capsule afp amanda-client amanda-k5-client amqp amqps apcupsd audit ausweisapp2 bacula bacula-client bb bgp bitcoin bitcoin-rpc bitcoin-testnet bitcoin-testnet-rpc bittorrent-lsd ceph ceph-mon cfengine checkmk-agent cockpit collectd condor-collector cratedb ctdb dhcp dhcpv6 dhcpv6-client distcc dns dns-over-tls docker-registry docker-swarm dropbox-lansync elasticsearch etcd-client etcd-server finger foreman foreman-proxy freeipa-4 freeipa-ldap freeipa-ldaps freeipa-replication freeipa-trust ftp galera ganglia-client ganglia-master git gpssd grafana gre high-availability http http3 https ident imap imaps ipfs ipp ipp-client ipsec irc ircs iscsi-target isns jellyfin jenkins kadmin kdeconnect kerberos kibana klogin kpasswd kprop kshell kube-api kube-apiserver kube-control-plane kube-control-plane-secure kube-controller-manager kube-controller-manager-secure kube-nodeport-services kube-scheduler kube-scheduler-secure kube-worker kubelet kubelet-readonly kubelet-worker ldap ldaps libvirt libvirt-tls lightning-network llmnr llmnr-tcp llmnr-udp manage-sieve matrix mdns memcache minidlna mongodb mosh mounstd mqtt mqtt-tls ms-wbt mssql murmur mysql nbd netbios-ns netdata-dashboard nfs nfs3 nmea-0183 nrpe ntp nut openvpn ovirt-imageio ovirt-storageconsole ovirt-vmconsole plex pmcd pmproxy pmwebapi pmwebapis pop3 pop3s postgresql privoxy prometheus prometheus-node-exporter proxy-dhcp ps3netsrv ptp pulseaudio puppetmaster quassel radius rdp redis redis-sentinel rpc-bind rquotad rsh rsyncd rtsp salt-master samba samba-client samba-dc sane sip sips slp smtp smtp-submission smtps snmp snmptls snmptls-trap snmptrap spideroak-lansync spotify-sync squid ssdp ssh ssh-custom steam-streaming svdrp svn syncthing syncthing-gui synergy syslog syslog-tls telnet tentacle tftp tile38 tinc tor-socks transmission-client upnp-client vdsms vnc-server wbem-http wbem-https wireguard ws-discovery ws-discovery-client ws-discovery-tcp ws-discovery-udp wsman wsmans xdmcp xmpp-bosh xmpp-client xmpp-local xmpp-server zabbix-agent zabbix-server zerotier
```

Задание №2

```
80AB28FA5D7F0000:error:10080002: BIO routines: BIO_lookup_ex:system lib:crypto/bio/bio_addr.c:738:Name or service not known  
connect:errno=0
```

Задание №2



```
root@server:/vagrant/provision/server

GNU nano 5.6.1 mail.sh
#!/bin/bash

echo "Provisioning script $0"

echo "Install needed packages"
dnf -y install postfix
dnf -y install dovecot
dnf -y install telnet

echo "Copy configuration files"
cp -R /vagrant/provision/server/mail/etc/* /etc
```

Задание №2

Контрольные вопросы

Приведите пример задания формата аутентификации пользователя в Dovecot в форме логина с указанием домена.

`auth_username_format = %Lu%d`

Какие функции выполняет почтовый Relay-сервер?

обеспечивает приём сообщения, временное хранение (часто не больше нескольких минут в случае мгновенных сообщений, до недели в случае электронной почты), пересылку сообщения узлу-получателю (или следующему релею)

Какие угрозы безопасности могут возникнуть в случае настройки почтового сервера как Relay-сервера?

спам, перехват и изменение электронных сообщений.

Вывод:

В процессе выполнения данной лабораторной работы я приобрел практические навыки по конфигурированию SMTP-сервера в части настройки аутентификации.