

# Лабораторная работа

## №10

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СТУДЕНТ: САХНО

ГРУППА: НФИБД-02-23

# Цель

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Приобрести практические навыки по конфигурированию SMTP-сервера в части настройки аутентификации.

# Задания

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Настроить Dovecot для работы с LMTP.

Настроить аутентификацию посредством SASL на SMTP-сервере.

Настроить работу SMTP-сервера поверх TLS.

Скорректировать скрипт для Vagrant, фиксирующий действия расширенной настройки SMTP-сервера во внутреннем окружении виртуальной машины server.

```
figuration /etc/postfix
Feb 12 12:00:06 vbox postfix/postfix-script[4546]: stopping the Postfix mail system
Feb 12 12:00:06 vbox postfix/master[4382]: terminating on signal 15
Feb 12 12:00:07 vbox postfix/postfix-script[4624]: starting the Postfix mail system
Feb 12 12:00:07 vbox postfix/master[4626]: daemon started -- version 3.5.25, configuration /etc/postfix
Feb 12 12:00:36 vbox dovecot[4680]: master: Dovecot v2.3.16 (7e2e900cla) starting up for imap, pop3
Feb 12 13:02:37 vbox dovecot[1090]: master: Dovecot v2.3.16 (7e2e900cla) starting up for imap, pop3
```

# Задание №1

---

no 5.6.1

dovecot.conf

t values are shown for each setting, it's not required to uncomment  
These are exceptions to this though: No sections (e.g. namespace {})  
gin settings are added by default, they're listed only as examples.  
are also just examples with the real defaults being based on configure  
s. The paths listed here are for configure --prefix=/usr  
onfdir=/etc --localstatedir=/var

ols we want to be serving.

ls = imap pop3 lmtp submission  
s = imap pop3 lmtp

a separated list of IPs or hosts where to listen in for connections

# Задание №1

---

GNU nano 5.6.1

10-master.conf

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
service submission-login {
```

```
    inet_listener submission {
```

```
        #port = 587
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
service lmtp {
```

```
    unix_listener /var/spool/postfix/private/dovecot-lmtp {
```

```
        group = postfix
```

```
        user = postfix
```

```
        mode = 0600
```

```
    }
```

# Задание №1

---

root@server:/etc/dovecot/

10-auth.conf

ables here, eg. "%Lu" would lowercase the username,  
%in if it was given, or "%n-AT-%d" would change the  
translation is done after auth\_username\_translation ch  
= "%Ln"

# Задание №1

---

```
[root@vbox ~]# systemctl restart postfix
[root@vbox ~]# systemctl restart dovecot
[root@vbox ~]# echo .| mail -s "LMTP test" nvsakhno@nvsakhno.net
```

## Задание №1

GNU nano 5.6.1

10-master.conf

```
service auth {
    # auth_socket_path points to this userdb socket by default. It's typically
    # used by dovecot-lda, dovecadm, possibly imap process, etc. Users that have
    # full permissions to this socket are able to get a list of all usernames and
    # get the results of everyone's userdb lookups.
    #
    # The default 0666 mode allows anyone to connect to the socket, but the
    # userdb lookups will succeed only if the userdb returns an "uid" field that
    # matches the caller process's UID. Also if caller's uid or gid matches the
    # socket's uid or gid the lookup succeeds. Anything else causes a failure.
    #
    # To give the caller full permissions to lookup all users, set the mode to
    # something else than 0666 and Dovecot lets the kernel enforce the
    # permissions (e.g. 0777 allows everyone full permissions).
```

# Задание №2

---

```
bt@vbox ~]# postconf -e 'smtpd_recipient_reject_unknown_recipient_domain, permit_mynetworks, reject_non_fqdn_recipient, reject_unauth_destination, reject_unverified_recipient, permit'
tconf: fatal: -e, -X, or -# accepts no multi-line arguments
bt@vbox ~]# postconf -e 'mynetworks = 127.0.0.1/8
bt@vbox ~]#
```

## Задание №2

---

```
# =====
smtp      inet  n      -      n      -      -      smtpd
#smtp      inet  n      -      n      -      1      postscreen
#smtpd     pass  -      -      n      -      -      smtpd
#dnsblog   unix  -      -      n      -      0      dnsblog
#tlsproxy   unix  -      -      n      -      0      tlsproxy
#submission inet n      -      n      -      -      smtpd
#       -o syslog_name=postfix/submission
#       -o smtpd_tls_security_level=encrypt
#       -o smtpd_sasl_auth_enable=yes
#       -o smtpd_tls_auth_only=yes
#       -o smtpd_reject_unlisted_recipient=no
#       -o smtpd_client_restrictions=$mua_client_restrictions
#       -o smtpd_helo_restrictions=$mua_helo_restrictions
#       -o smtpd_sender_restrictions=$mua_sender_restrictions
#       -o smtpd_recipient_restrictions==reject_non_fqdn_recipient,reject_unknown_recipient_domain,permit_sasl_authenticated,reject
#       -o smtpd_relay_restrictions=permit_sasl_authenticated,reject
#       -o milter_macro_daemon_name=ORIGINATING
#smtps     inet  n      -      n      -      -      smtpd
#       -o smtpd_tls_certificate_file=/etc/pki/tls/certs/ssl_smtpd.pem
#       -o smtpd_tls_key_file=/etc/pki/tls/private/ssl_smtpd.key
```

# Задание №2

---

```
[root@vbox ~]# printf 'nvsakhno\x00nvsakhno\x00qv  
bnZzYWtobm8AbnZzYWtobm8AcXdlUlKxMjM0IQ==  
[root@vbox ~]# printf 'nvsakhno\x00nvsakhno\x00qv  
bnZzYWtobm8AbnZzYWtobm8AcXdlUlKxMjM0IQ==  
[root@vbox ~]# printf 'nvsakhno\x00nvsakhno\x00qv  
bnZzYWtobm8AbnZzYWtobm8AcXdlUlKxMjM0IQ==  
[root@vbox ~]# █
```

## Задание №2

---

```
:/certs/dovecot.pem /etc/pki/tls/certs  
:/private/dovecot.pem /etc/pki/tls/private  
tls_cert_file=/etc/pki/tls/certs/dovecot.pem'  
tls_key_file=/etc/pki/tls/private/dovecot.pem'  
tls_session_cache_database = btree:/var/lib/postfix/sm  
  
tls_security_level = may'  
tls_security_level = may'
```

## Задание №2

---

```
# (yes) (yes) (no) (never) (100)
# =====
smtp      inet  n      -      n      -      -      smtpd
#smtp      inet  n      -      n      -      1      postscreen
#smtpd     pass  -      -      n      -      -      smtpd
#dnsblog   unix  -      -      n      -      0      dnsblog
#tlsproxy   unix  -      -      n      -      0      tlsproxy
submission inet n      -      n      -      -      smtpd
# -o syslog_name=postfix/submission
# -o smtpd_tls_security_level=encrypt
# -o smtpd_sasl_auth_enable=yes
# -o smtpd_tls_auth_only=yes
# -o smtpd_reject_unlisted_recipient=no
# -o smtpd_client_restrictions=$mua_client_restrictions
# -o smtpd_helo_restrictions=$mua_helo_restrictions
# -o smtpd_sender_restrictions=$mua_sender_restrictions
# -o smtpd_recipient_restrictions=reject_non_fqdn_recipient,reject_unknown_recipient_domain,permit_sasl_authenticated,reject
# -o smtpd_relay_restrictions=permit_sasl_authenticated,reject
# -o milter_macro_daemon_name=ORIGINATING
```

# Задание №2

---

```
[root@server.dmbetcheva.net postrix]# firewalt-cmd --get-services
RH-Satellite-6 RH-Satellite-6-capsule afp amanda-client amanda-k5-client amqp amqps apcupsd audit ausweisapp2 bacula bacula-client bb bgp bitcoin bitcoin-rpc bitcoin-testnet bitcoin-testnet-rpc bittorrent-lsd ceph ceph-mon cfengine checkmk-agent cockpit collectd condor-collector cratedb ctdb dhcp dhcpcv6 dhcpcv6-client distcc dns dns-over-tls docker-registry docker-swarm dropbox-lansync elasticsearch etcd-client etcd-server finger foreman foreman-proxy freeipa-4 freeipa-ldap freeipa-ldaps freeipa-replication freeipa-trust ftp galera ganglia-client ganglia-master git gpgsql grafana gre high-availability http http3 https ident imap imaps ipfs ipp ipp-client ipsec irc ircs iscsi-target isns jellyfin jenkins kadmin kdeconnect kerberos kibana klogin kpasswd kprop kshell kube-api kube-apiserver kube-control-plane kube-control-plane-secure kube-controller-manager kube-controller-manager-secure kube-nodeport-services kube-scheduler kube-scheduler-secure kube-worker kubelet kubelet-readonly kubelet-worker ldap ldaps libvirt libvirt-tls lightning-network llmnr llmnr-tcp llmnr-udp manage sieve matrix mdns memcache minidlna mongodb mosh mountd mqtt mqtt-tls ms-wbt mssql murmur mysql nbd netbios-ns netdata-dashboards nfs nfs3 nmea-0183 nrpe ntp nut openvpn ovirt-imageio ovirt-storageconsole ovirt-vmconsole plex pmcd pmproxy pmwebapi pmwebapis pop3 pop3s postgresql privoxy prometheus prometheus-node-exporter proxy-dhcp ps3netsrv ptp pulseaudio puppetmaster quassel radius rdp redis redis-sentinel rpc-bind rquotad rsh rsyncd rtsp salt-master samba samba-client samba-dc sane sip sips slp smtp smtp-submission smtpts snmp snmptls snmptls-trap snmptrap spiderOak-lansync spotify-sync squid ssdp ssh ssh-custom steam-streaming svdrp svn syncthing syncthing-gui synergy syslog syslog-tls telnet tentacle tftp tile38 tinc tor-socks transmission-client upnp-client vdsm vnc-server wbem-http wbem-https wireguard ws-discovery ws-discovery-client ws-discovery-tcp ws-discovery-udp wsman wsmans xdmcp xmpp-bosh xmpp-client xmpp-local xmpp-server zabbix-agent zabbix-server zerotier
```

# Задание №2

---

---

```
80AB28FA5D7F0000:error:10080002:BIO routines:BIO_lookup_ex:system lib:crypto/bio/bio_addr.c:738:Name or service not known  
connect:errno=0
```

## Задание №2



root@server:/vagrant/provision/server

```
GNU nano 5.6.1                                     mail.sh
#!/bin/bash

echo "Provisioning script $0"

echo "Install needed packages"
dnf -y install postfix
dnf -y install dovecot
dnf -y install telnet

echo "Copy configuration files"
cp -R /vagrant/provision/server/mail/etc/* /etc
```

# Задание №2

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# Контрольные вопросы

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Приведите пример задания формата аутентификации пользователя в Dovecot в форме логина с указанием домена.

`auth_username_format = %Lu%d`

Какие функции выполняет почтовый Relay-сервер?

обеспечивает приём сообщения, временное хранение (часто не больше нескольких минут в случае мгновенных сообщений, до недели в случае электронной почты), пересылку сообщения узлу-получателю (или следующему релею)

Какие угрозы безопасности могут возникнуть в случае настройки почтового сервера как Relay-сервера?

спам, перехват и изменение электронных сообщений.

## Вывод:

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В процессе выполнения данной лабораторной работы я приобрел практические навыки по конфигурированию SMTP-сервера в части настройки аутентификации.