## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 4\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 12

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which of the following properties is associated with a queue?

Answer

First In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a non-empty queue?

Answer

Status: Skipped Marks: 0/1

3. What will the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
   #include <stdlib.h>
   typedef struct {
      int* arr;
      int front;
      int rear;
      int size;
   } Queue;
   Queue* createQueue() {
      Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
      queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
  queue->front = 0;
      queue->rear = -1;
      queue->size = 0;
      return queue;
   int main() {
      Queue* queue = createQueue();
      printf("%d", queue->size);
      return 0;
   }
   Answer
   Status: Skipped
```

4. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

Answer

**Enqueue and Dequeue** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

Marks: 0/1

5. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

## Answer

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

**Answer** 

Status: Skipped Marks: 0/1

7. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

**Answer** 

Stack

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

8. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

Answer

Load Balancing

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

9. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
  int* arr;
  int front;
  int rear;
  int size;
```

```
} Queue;
Queue* createQueue() {
  Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
  queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
  queue->front = -1;
  queue->rear = -1;
  queue->size = 0;
  return queue;
int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
  return (queue->size == 0);
int main() {
Queue* queue = createQueue();
  printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
  return 0;
}
Answer
Compilation Error
Status: Wrong
                                                                 Marks: 0/1
```

10. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. Which operations are performed when deleting an element from an array-based queue?

Answer

Dequeue

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

**Answer** 

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. What is the functionality of the following piece of code?

```
public void function(Object item)
{
   Node temp=new Node(item,trail);
   if(isEmpty())
   {
      head.setNext(temp);
      temp.setNext(trail);
   }
   else
   {
      Node cur=head.getNext();
      while(cur.getNext()!=trail)
      {
            cur=cur.getNext();
      }
      cur.setNext(temp);
   }
   size++;
}
```

Status: Skipped Marks: 0/1

14. What are the applications of dequeue?

Answer

All the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?

```
InsertFront(10);
InsertFront(20);
InsertRear(30);
DeleteFront();
InsertRear(40);
InsertRear(10);
DeleteRear();
InsertRear(15);
display();
```

**Answer** 

10 30 40 15

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list implementation of a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into the EMPTY queue?

Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX\_SIZE, gets full when

Answer

Rear = MAX SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A", "B", "C" and "D" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time

Answer

**ABCD** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

Answer

FRONT is null

#include <stdio.h>

Status: Correct Marks 11/1

20. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#define MAX_SIZE 5
    typedef struct {
      int arr[MAX_SIZE];
      int front:
      int rear:
     int size;
    } Queue;
    void enqueue(Queue* queue, int data) {
      if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
        return;
      }
      queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
      queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
      queue->size++;
if (queue->size == 0) {
return -1
    int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
```

```
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int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
queue->front = (queue->front)
      queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
queue->size--;
return data:
       return data;
    int main() {
       Queue queue;
       queue.front = 0;
       queue.rear = -1;
       queue.size = 0;
       enqueue(&queue, 1);
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                                                      241901013
enqueue(&queue, 2);
printf("%d " dec
       printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
       printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
       enqueue(&queue, 4);
       enqueue(&queue, 5);
       printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
       printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
       return 0;
    }
    Answer
                                                                            Marks: 0/1
    Status: Skipped
```

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