# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 7\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 16

Section 1: MCQ

1. Which folding method divides the key into equal parts, reverses some of them, and then adds all parts?

Answer

Folding boundary method

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

2. Which of the following best describes linear probing in hashing?

Answer

Resolving collisions by linearly searching for the next free slot

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

24	3. What does a deleted slot in linear probing typically contain?  **Answer** A special "deleted" marker  **Status: Correct**	2A1901013 Marks: 1/1				
	4. In the division method of hashing, the hash function is typica as:	lly written				
24	Answer h(k) = k % m Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1				
	5. What happens if we do not use modular arithmetic in linear probing?					
	Answer					
	Index goes out of bounds	A4				
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1				
24	6. In division method, if key = 125 and m = 13, what is the hash  **Answer** 8	index?				
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1				
	7. Which data structure is primarily used in linear probing?  **Answer**					
	Array	A4 1 1 / 1				
001	Status: Correct	Marks: 1/1				
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8. What is the output of the mid-square method for a key k = 123 if the hash table size is 10 and you extract the middle two digits of k \* k?

Answer

5

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

9. Which of the following statements is TRUE regarding the folding method?

## **Answer**

It divides the key into parts and adds them.

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. In the folding method, what is the primary reason for reversing alternate parts before addition?

#### Answer

To reduce the chance of collisions caused by similar digit patterns

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. In C, how do you calculate the mid-square hash index for a key k, assuming we extract two middle digits and the table size is 100?

### Answer

((k \* k) / 10) % 100

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

12. Which of these hashing methods may result in more uniform distribution with small keys?

Answer

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Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

13. What is the initial position for a key k in a linear probing hash table?

#### Answer

k % table\_size

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. What is the worst-case time complexity for inserting an element in a hash table with linear probing?

### Answer

O(n)

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

15. In linear probing, if a collision occurs at index i, what is the next index checked?

### Answer

(i+1) % table\_size

Status: Correct Marks: 17

16. What is the primary disadvantage of linear probing?

#### Answer

Clustering

Status: Correct Marks : 1/1

17. Which situation causes clustering in linear probing?

All the mentioned options

Status : Correct Marks : 1/1

18. What would be the result of folding 123456 into three parts and summing: (12 + 34 + 56)?

Answer

102

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

19. Which of the following values of 'm' is recommended for the division method in hashing?

Answer

A prime number

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. Which C statement is correct for finding the next index in linear probing?

Answer

index = (index + 1) % size;

Status: Correct Marks : 1/1