Eternity: Numbers

Author Name Nikitha Jayant Bangera

Concordia University
A project report presented for the course
SOEN 6481
Software Requirements Specifications

Under the guidance of Professor Pankaj Kamthan

Acknowledgements

I would like to express my sincere thanks to Professor Pankaj Kamthan for his advice and encouragement throughout the First deliverable of the Eternity: Numbers project, as well as to my Technical Lab Assistant for his guidance throughout the first phase of the project.

Abstract

The document tries to put some light on the understanding of an irrational number, The Champernowne Constant. A brief description of the constant and some of its applications are included in the report. A research and interview on the constant was conducted with a resource who is familiar with Champernowne constant. My interviewee tried to answer most common questions about the constant in a questionnaire that also describes some applications of Champernowne constant. Based on the understanding of Champernowne Constant, a calculator application is to be built, that uses this constant to perform certain operations. This document also gives the basic design details on how the product would look like, what operations is it capable of, its algorithm and use cases.

Contents

1	Introduction	1
	1.1 Champernowne's Constant Definition	. 1
	1.2 Champernowne Constant as an Infinite series	
	1.3 Continued Fraction Expansion	
2	Interview	3
	2.1 Brief introduction about the Interviewee	. 3
	2.2 Interview Questions on Champernowne Constant	
	2.3 Analysis of the Interview	
3	User model: Persona Template	5
4	Problem Domain Model	7
	4.1 UML Class Diagram	. 7
5	Use Case Model	9
	5.1 UML Use Case Diagram	. 9
	5.2 UML Activity Diagram	
	5.3 Normal Scenario of Use case model	
6	User stories and Traceability Matrix	13
	6.1 User stories and Acceptance Test cases	. 13
	6.2 Backward Traceability Matrix	

List of Figures

1.1	The first 161 quotients of the Champernowne constant	2
4.1	UML Class Diagram of Eternity: Numbers	8
5.1	UC001 - UML Use Case diagram of Eternity: Numbers	10
5.2	UML Activity diagram of Eternity: Numbers	11
5.3	UML Sequence diagram of Eternity: Numbers	12

List of Tables

6.1	Table of User stories and Acceptance Test cases	18
6.2	Table for Backward Traceability Matrix	18

Introduction

1.1 Champernowne's Constant Definition

Champernowne Constant is a real number whose decimal digits are obtained by concatenating the decimal expansions of the successive positive integers:

$$C_{10} = 0.12345678910111213141516...$$

It is named after economist and mathematician David G. Champernowne, who published it as an undergraduate in 1933.

1.2 Champernowne Constant as an Infinite series

The Champernowne constants can be expressed exactly as infinite series:

$$C_m = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{\left(\sum_{k=1}^{n} \lceil \log_{10b}(k+1) \rceil\right)}$$

where $\lceil x \rceil = \text{ceiling}(\mathbf{x})$, $10_b^x = b^x$ in base 10, $log_{10b}(x) = log_{b10}(x)$ and b is the base of the constant.

1.3 Continued Fraction Expansion

The Continued Fraction Expansion (CFE) of the Champernowne constant turns out to be a set large numbers with various spikes. Kurt Mahler showed that the constant is transcendental; therefore, its continued fraction does not terminate and is aperiodic (because it is not an irreducible quadratic). The terms in the continued fraction expansion exhibit very erratic behaviour, with extremely large terms appearing between many small ones. The CFE begins with 0; 8, 9, 1, 149083, 1, 1, 1, 4, 1, 1, 1, 3, 4, 1, 1, 1, 15, and the coefficient in position 18 has 166 digits. The large number at position 18 has 166 digits, and the next very large number at position 40 of the continued fraction has 2504 digits. The fact that there are such large numbers as terms of the continued fraction expansion is equivalent to saying that the convergents obtained by stopping before these large numbers provide an exceptionally good approximation of the Champernowne constant.

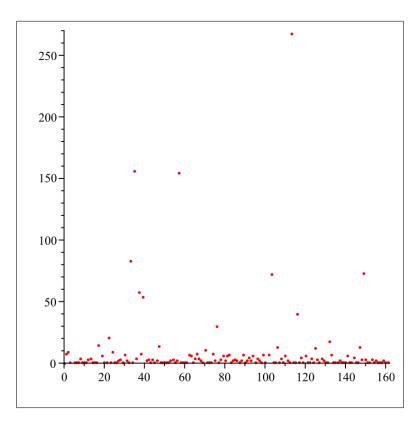


Figure 1.1: The first 161 quotients of the Champernowne constant.

Interview

2.1 Brief introduction about the Interviewee

Name: Megha Kamath

Qualification: Masters in Mathematics

Reason behind opting the interviewee: My Interviewee is pursuing Masters in Mathematics and it was obvious for me to work with her to better understand about the Champernowne constant and its applications.

2.2 Interview Questions on Champernowne Constant

- 1. Could you mention some areas where Champernowne constant can be applied? The Champernowne constant has seemingly random numbers which are clearly well determined. This property could be useful in functional programming contexts where one would need explicit randomness which is entirely deterministic. For example, the C2 (Base 2) value of the Champernowne constant can be used as a binary random number to trigger true or false conditions randomly.
- 2. Could you mention the properties of the Champernowne constant?
 - (a) The constant given by 0.123456789101112 . . . is normal in base ten.
 - (b) The constant is transcendental.
 - (c) The constant also has a peculiar continued fraction expansion. It namely contains exceptionally large terms throughout the expansion.
- 3. Is Champernowne constant a Liouville number?
 - No. Champernowne constant and Liouville numbers are both transcendental but Champernowne constant is irrational and Liouville numbers are almost rational and can be approximated quite closely by sequences of rational numbers than any algebraic irrational numbers.
- 4. Is Champernowne constant as useful as π constant? The Champernowne constant is quite useful. But Pi is a constant which is there almost everywhere in mathematics.
- 5. Does it appear in any sort of geometric solutions like π does?

 The Champernowne constant cannot be represented as a finite number due to which there have been no reported utilization in geometry.
- 6. How often do you use the Champernowne constant?

 As a student of pure mathematics I do not use the Champernowne constant quite often.

- 7. Has the Champernowne constant ever been used in any major proofs? No.
- 8. Can it be expressed in terms of e, π or both? No.
- 9. What works of Alan Turing and David Champernowne made use of the Champernowne constant?

Notably, There were two major works of Alan Turing and David Champernowne, the TuroChamp and Round the house Chess. But the Champernowne constant is not mentioned to have been in any of these machines.

- 10. Of all the base versions of Champernowne constants which particular Champernowne sequence has been vastly used?

 Base 2 (C_2) and Base 10 (C_{10}).
- 11. Who and How was Champernowne constant proved Transcendental?

 The Champernowne constant was shown to be transcendental by Kurt Mahler in 1937.
- 12. What are the alternatives available for Champernowne constant? *None.*
- 13. Is Champernowne constant used in Turochamp or Round the house Chess? if Yes, how does it fit into the algorithms of these games?

 No.
- 14. Do you think of any problem where Champernowne Constant would be a perfect fit to be used?

I can actually think of 2, One being a Random Binary digit generator where Champernowne Constant of Base 2 would be a perfect fit and Two, Given a sequence of numbers (to base 10), How to calculate the position of any random number. I think Champernowne constant fits well into these scenarios.

2.3 Analysis of the Interview

The Interviewee had moderate knowledge about the Champernowne constant. She was able to explain the basic characteristics of the constant with logical examples (mentioned in the response to the interview questions). The practical applications of the constant have been limited and the interviewee was able to explain one particular area where the constant (its base 2 value) is widely used to generate the randomized binary numbers.

User model: Persona Template

Private Information

- Name: Megha Kamath
- Qualification: Currently pursuing Masters in Mathematics
- University: Mangalore University, Karnataka, India
- Megha lives in Karnataka, India with her parents.
- She loves to read fictional novels and also cooking is her favourite pass-time.



Use of Number, relation to Number

Based on the conversation with interviewee -

- The Champernowne constant has seemingly random numbers which are clearly well determined. This property could be useful in functional programming contexts where one would need explicit randomness which is entirely deterministic.
- Base 2 of the Champernowne constant is in functional programming as a Random Binary Digit Generator.

Description of work or daily life

- Megha is in her First Year of Masters in Mathematics. Her specialization is Pure Mathematics.
- She has moderate knowledge about the Champernowne Constant.
- She does not use the Champernowne constant quite often as her specialization is Pure Mathematics.

Other uses or relations to the Number

- As per Megha's research, the Champernowne constant was never used in major proofs.
- Due to the constant's inefficient nature, the constant is mostly avoided in mathematical calculations.

Influencers that surround the persona and that may influence choices

- Professors
- \bullet Friends
- Classmates

Problem Domain Model

4.1 UML Class Diagram

Figure 4.1 shows the Class diagram of the Eternity: Numbers system which shows the different concepts, properties of each concepts and the relationship between the concepts

- Interface: Calculator.java: Interface class that defines the calculate method signature for which is implemented by the classes that perform operations on the Eternity: Numbers.
- Class: EventProcessor.java: Is the main class of the calculator. It is the starting point of the product, Eternity: Numbers and it does the following operations:
 - Allows user to pick a constant to perform calculations,
 - Invokes the relevant calculator class to process user requests and
 - Display the processed/calculated result to user.
- Class: Eulers Calculator.java: This class performs key operations on Euler's constant. Since our focus is more on the Champernowne constant. This class is designed to request user to choose Champernowne constant from the startup menu.
- Class: GaussianCalculator.java: This class performs key operations on Gaussian Integral constant. Since our focus is more on the Champernowne constant. This class is designed to request user to choose Champernowne constant from the startup menu.
- Class: GelfondCalculator.java: This class performs key operations on Gelfond's constant. Since our focus is more on the Champernowne constant. This class is designed to request user to choose Champernowne constant from the startup menu.
- Class: GoldenRatioCalculator.java: This class performs key operations on Golden Ratio. Since our focus is more on the Champernowne constant. This class is designed to request user to choose Champernowne constant from the startup menu.
- Class: Liouville Calculator.java: This class performs key operations on Liouville constant. Since our focus is more on the Champernowne constant. This class is designed to request user to choose Champernowne constant from the startup menu.
- Class: NaturalLogCalculator.java: This class performs key operations on Natural Logarithm. Since our focus is more on the Champernowne constant. This class is designed to request user to choose Champernowne constant from the startup menu.

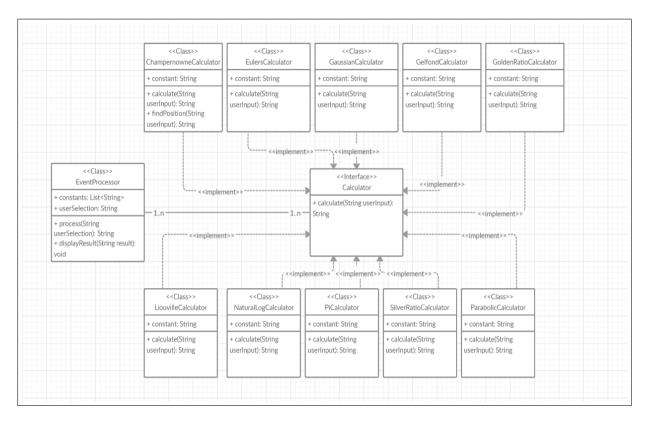


Figure 4.1: UML Class Diagram of Eternity: Numbers

- Class: PiCalculator.java: This class performs key operations on Pi constant. Since our focus is more on the Champernowne constant. This class is designed to request user to choose Champernowne constant from the startup menu.
- Class: SilverRatioCalculator.java: This class performs key operations on Silver Ratio. Since our focus is more on the Champernowne constant. This class is designed to request user to choose Champernowne constant from the startup menu.
- Class: Parabolic Calculator.java: This class performs key operations on Universal Parabolic constant. Since our focus is more on the Champernowne constant. This class is designed to request user to choose Champernowne constant from the startup menu.

Use Case Model

5.1 UML Use Case Diagram

Steps in the Use case model of Eternity numbers calculator (Refer to Figure 5.1):

- 1. User starts the calculator application i.e. Eternity: Numbers constant. The application displays a set of constants(Eternity: Numbers), which a user can pick to perform various operations.
- 2. User selects the Champernowne Constant.
- 3. The applications prompts the user to enter any random number between 0 and 180000, for which the user would want to know the position in the Champernowne constant.
- 4. User enters the number.
- 5. The system processes user's input and displays the position of the number given by the user.

5.2 UML Activity Diagram

Figure 5.2 shows the Activity diagram representation of the above use case. If the user selects any other constant other than the Champernowne constant, a relevant message is displayed that the feature is not available as this version of the product focuses on Champernowne Constant only.

5.3 Normal Scenario of Use case model

Figure 5.3 shows the normal scenario in the use case model of the Eternity Numbers application

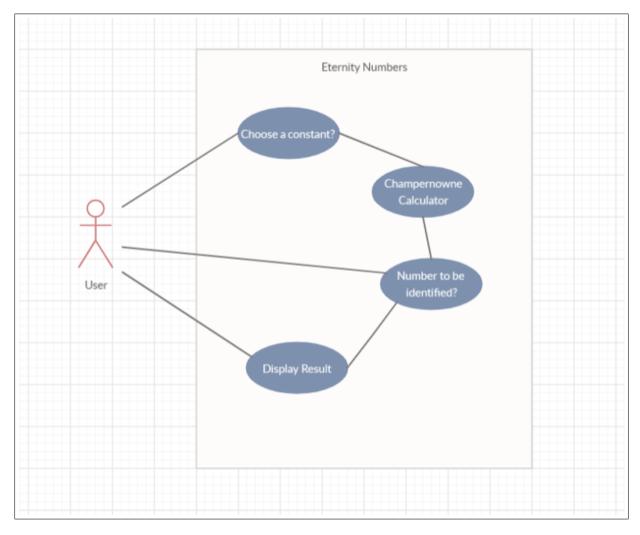


Figure 5.1: UC001 - UML Use Case diagram of Eternity: Numbers

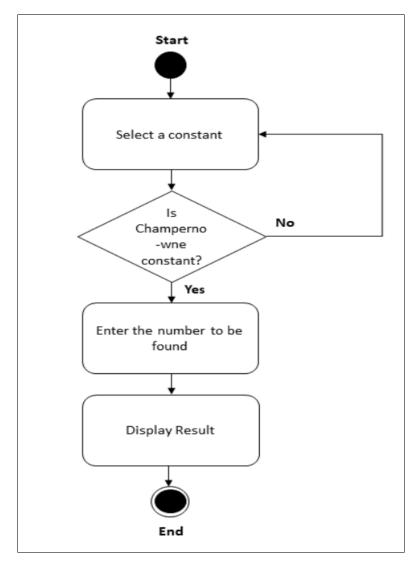


Figure 5.2: UML Activity diagram of Eternity: Numbers

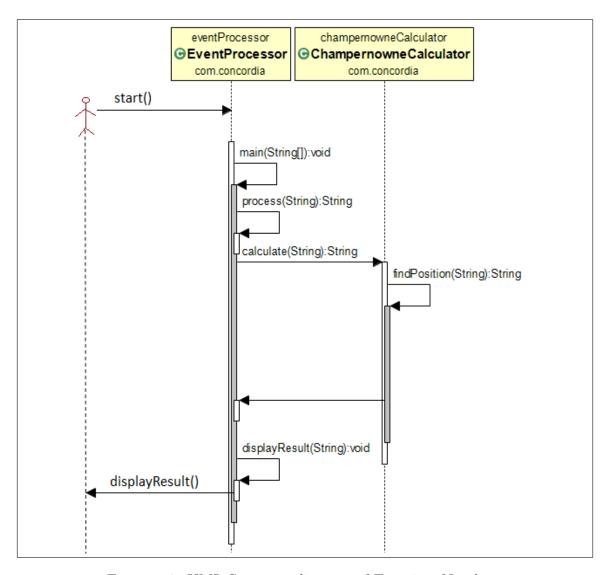


Figure 5.3: UML Sequence diagram of Eternity: Numbers

User stories and Traceability Matrix

6.1 User stories and Acceptance Test cases

The following table describes the list of user stories and acceptance test cases for every user story.

User stories				Acceptance Test Cases			
Story	Story Descrip-	Prio-	Esti-	Test	Test Case De-	Test Case Output	
ID	tion	rity	mate	Case	scription		
				ID			
	As a user, I			TC001	Start the cal-	The Calculator applica-	
US001	want to find the	5	1		culator applica-	tion should display a	
	position of a				tion. Enter a	question, please enter a	
	given number				random positive	Number. After entering	
	in the sequence				integer number.	the number, the appli-	
	of positive				Select "Find Po-	cation should display a	
	integers.				sition in Cham-	list of options, "Find Po-	
					pernowne Con-	sition in Champernowne	
					stant" from the	Constant", Square the	
					options menu	number, Square root of a	
						number, Addition, Sub-	
						traction, Save the num-	
						ber etc. The application	
						should display the mes-	
						sage "The position of the	
						number X is Y", where	
						X is the random number entered and Y is the	
						position of that number	
						in Champernowne Con-	
						stant(Sequence of posi-	
						tive integers).	
				TC002	Start the cal-	The application should	
				1 0002	culator applica-	display a message 'In-	
					tion. Enter a	valid Number", Please	
					random String.	enter a positive integer	
					Tanaoni Duning.	number.	
						number.	

				TC003	Start the calculator application. Enter a random positive decimal number. Select "Find Position in Champernowne Constant" from the options menu.	The application should display a message "Invalid Number", Please enter a positive integer number.
US002	As a user, I want to, save the random number entered for future use, find the square of the given number, and display the squared saved numbers.	4	2	TC004	culator application. Enter a random positive integer number. Select "Save the number". Select "Find the square of the number". Select "Display the saved number'.	The Calculator application should display a question, please enter a Number. After entering the number, the application should display a list of options, "Find Position in Champernowne Constant", Square the number, Square root of a number, Addition, Subtraction, Save the number etc. The application should display the message "Number X saved successfully", where X is the random number entered and display the calculator options. The application should calculate the square of the number and display the squared number along with the saved number X.
				TC005	Start the calculator application. Enter a random positive decimal number. Select "Find Position in Champernowne Constant" from the options menu.	The application should display a message "Invalid Number", Please enter a positive integer number.

	Ac a near T			TCOOC	Start the sal	The Colculator applies
US003	As a user, I want to find the position of a number in a sequence of positive integers, save the number for future use, find the square root of the given number, subtract the saved number with the immediate previous result and display the results.	3	4	TC006	Start the calculator application. Enter a random positive integer number. Select "Find the position of the number in Champernowne Constant". Select "Save the number". Select "Find the square root of the number". Select "Subtract". Select "Saved number".	The Calculator application should display a question, please enter a Number. After entering the number, the application should display a list of options, "Find Position in Champernowne Constant", Square the number, Square root of a number, Addition, Subtraction, Save the number etc. The application should display the message "The position of the number X is Y", where X is the random number entered and Y is the position of that number in Champernowne Constant (Sequence of positive integers). The application should calculate the square root of the number and display the squared number. The application should display the Calculator options such as "Use Saved number" or "Enter new number". The application should display the result "The subtraction of Y and X is Z", where Y is the square root of the number that was generated earlier, X is the saved number and Z is
				TC007	Start the calculator application. Enter a random positive decimal number. Select "Find Position in Champernowne Constant" from the options menu.	The application should display a message "Invalid Number", Please enter a positive integer number.

	As a user, I			TC008	Start the cal-	The Calculator appli-
US004		2	8		culator applica-	cation should display a
	randomly				tion. Enter a	question, please enter a
	enable or				random positive	Number. After entering
	disable an array				integer number.	the number, the appli-
	of N number of				Select "Gen-	cation should display a
	lights, if the				erate Binary	list of options, "Find Po-
	light to be				Champernowne	sition in Champernowne
	turned on is				constant".	Constant", Square the
	defined by					number, Square root
	number 1 and					of a number, Addition,
	the light to be					Subtraction, Generate
	kept off is					Binary Champernowne
	defined by 0, to					Constant etc. The calcu-
	generate a					lator application should
	random					display the Champer-
	sequence of 0's					nowne Constant of Base
	and 1's, I want					2 generated to the length
	a calculator					of the given number.
	that can			TC009		The application should
	generate binary				culator applica-	display a message "In-
	digits to the				tion. Enter a	valid Number", Please
	length of the				random positive	enter a positive integer
	number				decimal number.	number.
	provided.				Select "Find Po-	
					sition in Cham-	
					pernowne Con-	
					stant" from the	
					options menu.	

		I			~	
	As a user, I			TC010	Start the cal-	The Calculator applica-
US005	want to find the	1	16		culator applica-	tion should display a
	square of a				tion. Enter a	question, please enter a
	number, find				random positive	Number. After entering
	the positions of				integer number.	the number, the appli-
	the actual				Select "Find	cation should display a
	number and				the position of	list of options, "Find Po-
	squared				the Number in	sition in Champernowne
	numbers and				Champernowne	Constant", Square the
	display the				Constant".	number, Square root of a
	number of				Select "Save	number, Addition, Sub-
	digits between				the Number".	traction, Save the num-
	the positions of				Select "Find	ber etc. The application
	2 numbers.				the square of	should display the mes-
					a Number".	sage "The position of the
					Select "Find	number X is Y", where
					the position of	X is the random num-
					the number in	ber entered and Y is the
					Champernowne	position of that number
					Constant".	in Champernowne Con-
					Select "Find	stant. The calculator
					the Number of	should display the mes-
					digits between	sage "Number I Saved
					2 numbers".	successfully" where I is
					Select "Saved	the last generated result.
					Number" and	The application should
					"Previous re-	display the result of the
					sult".	squared number. The
						application should dis-
						play the message "The
						position of the number
						X is Y", where X is the
						random number entered
						and Y is the position of
						that number in Cham-
						pernowne Constant. The
						application should dis-
						play the options Choose
						2 numbers from below
						"Saved Number", "Pre-
						vious Result" or "Enter
						a Number". The appli-
						cation should display the
						message "Number of dig-
						its between X and Y is
						Z" where X is the saved
						number, Y is the previ-
						ous result and Z is the
						number of digits between
						X and Y in Champer-
						nowne Constant.
1	ı	ı	1			

	Te	C011	Start	the cal-	The application	should
			${\rm culator}$	applica-	display a messas	ge "In-
			tion.	Enter a	valid Number",	Please
			random	positive	enter a positive	integer
			decimal	num-	number.	
			ber.Sele	ect "Find		
			Position	n in		
			Champe	ernowne		
			Constar	nt" from		
			the	options		
			menu.			

Table 6.1: Table of User stories and Acceptance Test cases

6.2 Backward Traceability Matrix

User Stories	Test	Use Case	Persona	Requirements/ In-
	Cases			terview Questions
	TC001	UC001	Interviewee	1,2
US001	TC002	UC001	Developer	1,2
	TC003	UC001	Developer	1,2
	TC004	UC001	Interviewee	10
US002	TC005	UC001	Interviewee	10
	TC006	UC001	Interviewee	10
US003	TC007	UC001	Developer	10
	TC008	UC001	Interviewee	10,14
US004	TC009	UC001	Developer	10,14
	TC010	UC001	Interviewee	10,14
US005	TC011	UC001	Developer	10,14

Table 6.2: Table for Backward Traceability Matrix

^{*}Refer Figure 6.1 for the User Stories and Figure 5.1 for the Use Case Diagram.

Bibliography

- $[1] \ \mathtt{https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Champernowne_constant}$
- [2] http://mathworld.wolfram.com/ChampernowneConstant.html
- [3] https://googology.wikia.org/wiki/Champernowne_constant_continued_fraction
- [4] http://fse.studenttheses.ub.rug.nl/
- [5] https://oeis.org/A065649