### Multiplicity

#### Brian Caffo, Jeff Leek, Roger Peng

@bcaffo

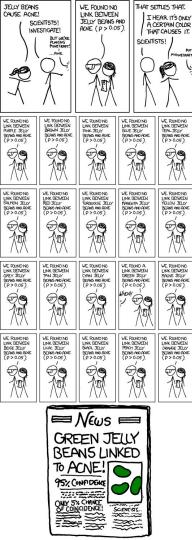
www.bcaffo.com



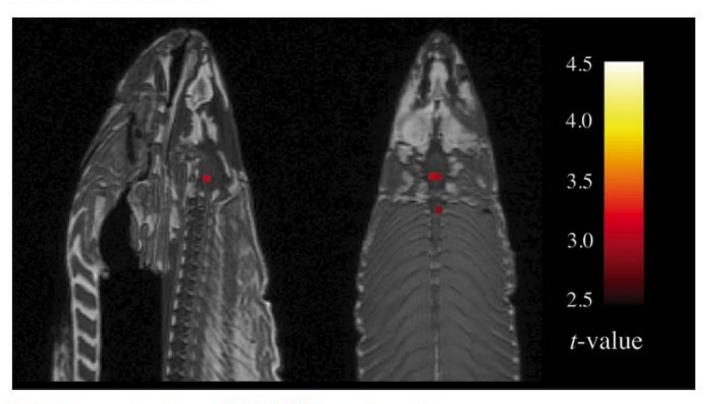


02013 Peranula Worldwide

http://www.cliparthut.com/gone-fishing-clipart.html https://www.pinterest.com/cirera/cartoons/



## Homework: Read XKCD comic 882 <a href="https://xkcd.com/882/">https://xkcd.com/882/</a>



http://www.wired.com/2009/09/fmrisalmon/

### Multiple comparisons can arise from applying many tests and focusing on the significant ones

- Fitting too many models
- Looking at too many quantities of interest
- Fishing expeditions testing everything without a priori hypotheses

# Easiest fix - multiply your P-values by the number of tests performed 10 tests and a P-value of 0.01, now it's 0.10



"Carlo Emilio Bonferroni" by Unknown - <a href="http://www.analyticquest.com/gallery">http://www.analyticquest.com/gallery</a> Licensed under Public Domain via Commons - <a href="https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Carlo\_Emilio\_Bonferroni.jpg#/media/File:Carlo\_Emilio\_Bonferroni.jpg">https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Carlo\_Emilio\_Bonferroni.jpg#/media/File:Carlo\_Emilio\_Bonferroni.jpg</a>

There's a vast literature on multiple comparison procedures and rules

The Bonferroni correction is simple and robust, though can be quite conservative