# Machine Learning: An Applied Econometric Approach

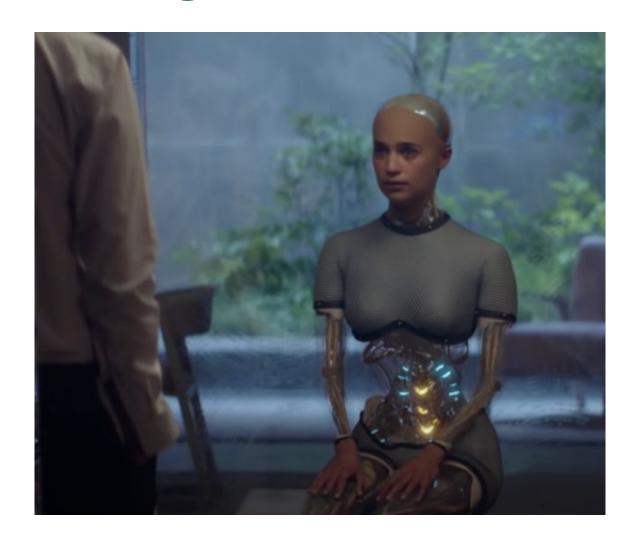
Jann Spiess

based on work with Sendhil Mullainathan

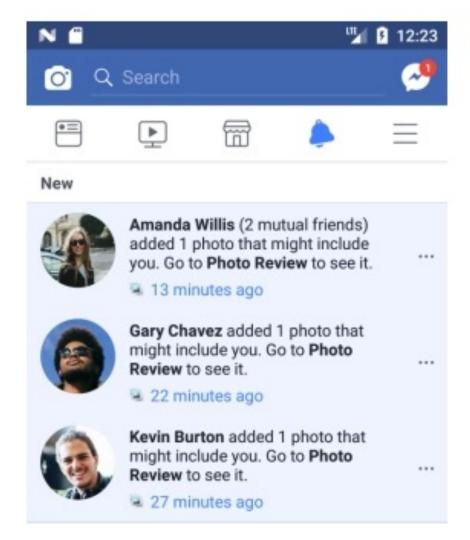
in collaboration with Susan Athey and Niall Keleher

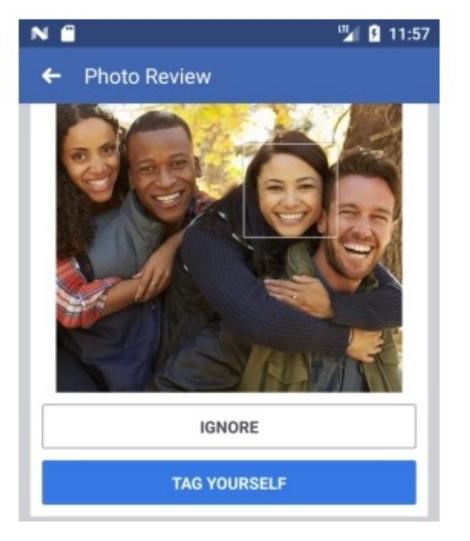
#### 1. Introduction

## Machine Intelligence



## Advances in Machine Intelligence



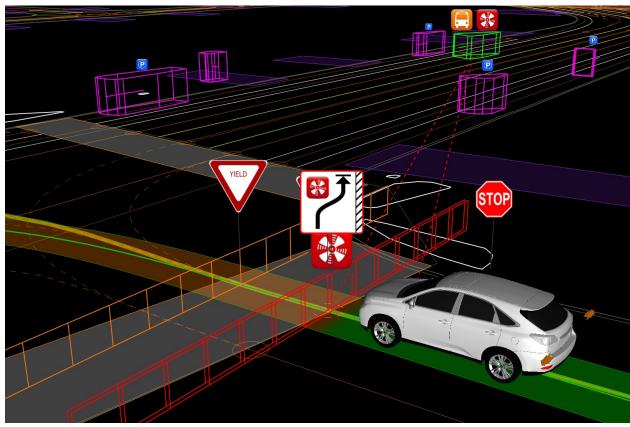


## Advances in Machine Intelligence

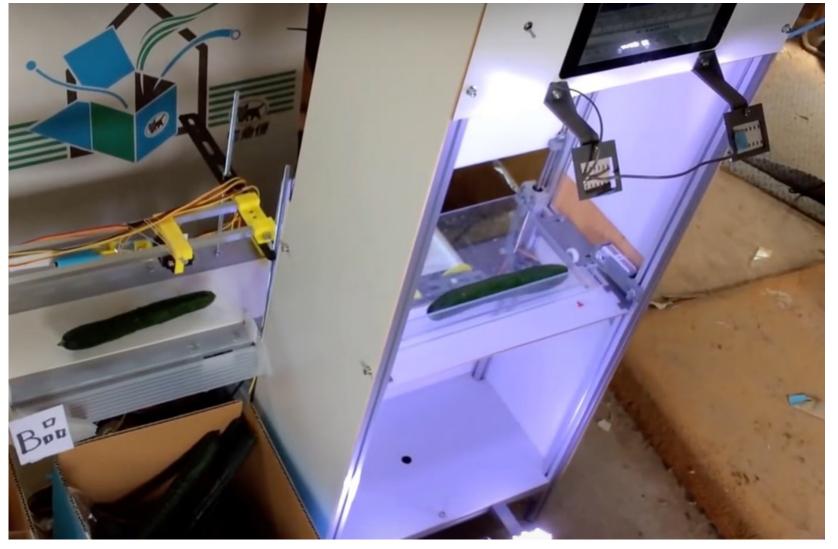


## Advances in Machine Intelligence



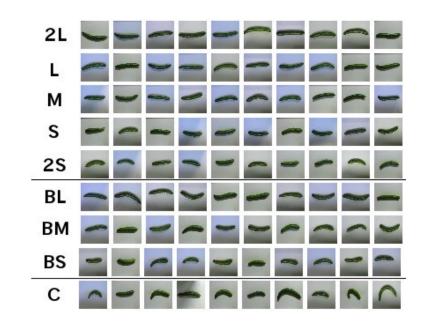


## Machine Intelligence in the Field



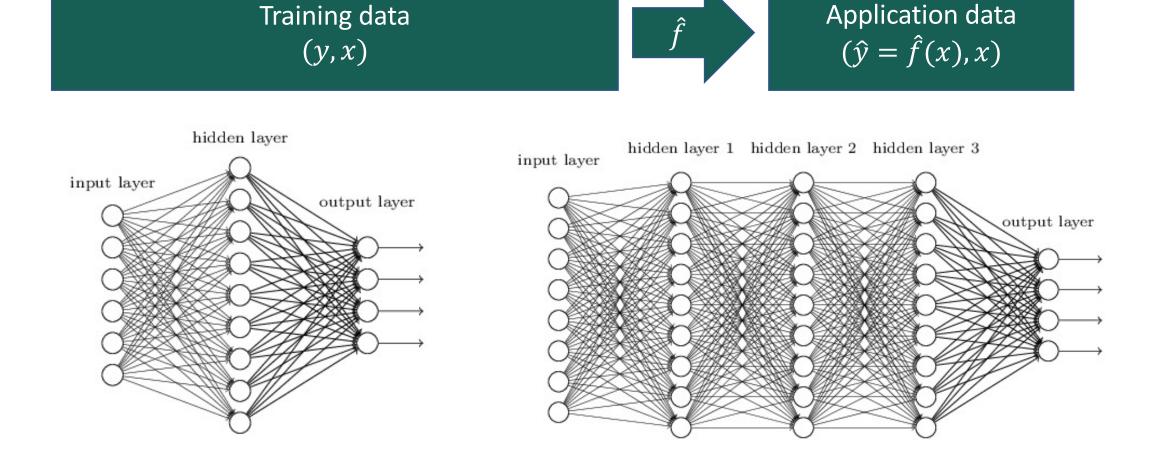
#### Cucumber Classification Problem

$$\hat{y} = \hat{f}(\hat{x})$$
cucumber quality



- Old-style AI: deduce from human intuition, introspection
- New-style ML: induce from training data
  - Take "labelled" data
  - Fit a function  $\hat{f}$  in the training sample

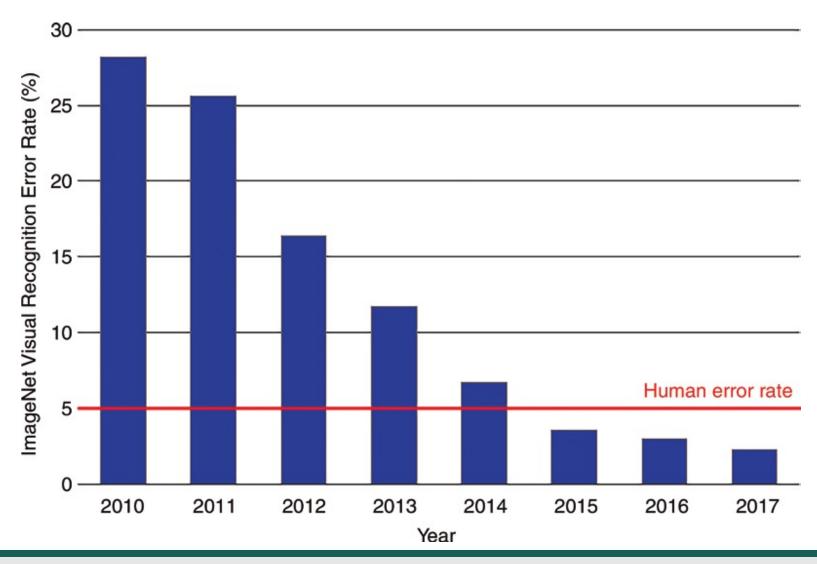
#### Isn't This Just Statistics?



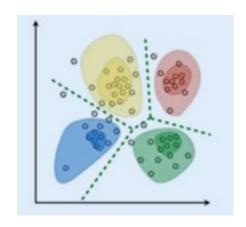
## Some Features of Machine Learning (ML)

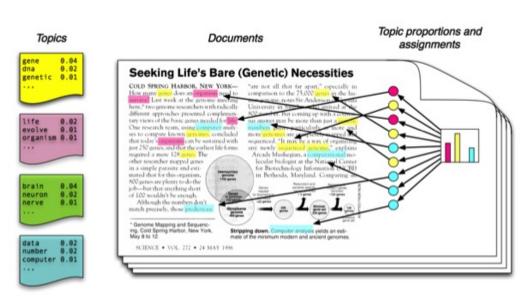
- Flexible, rich, data-driven models
- Can work with very high-dimensional data
- Limit expressiveness to avoid overfit (regularization)
- Learn how much expressiveness to allow (tuning)
- · Industry-strength tools readily available
- Supervised learning: focus on prediction
- → Idea: turn intelligence task into supervised-learning problems
  - Bank decides who to give credit to
  - Tax authority decides which returns to audit
  - Image recognition
  - Self-driving cars

## Advances in Supervised Learning



## Advances Beyond Supervised Learning

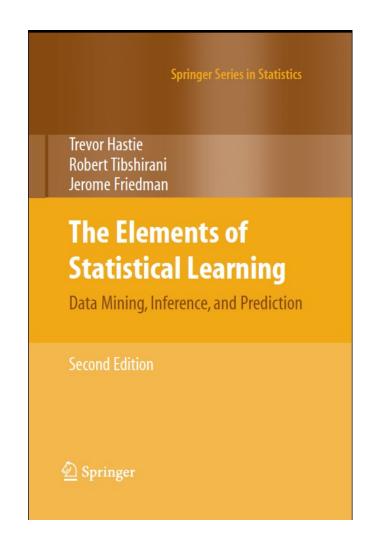






#### Goal of Webinar

- Plenty of resources to learn ML, statistics behind it – but not necessarily how to use ML conceptually and in program evaluation
- Framework for using (and critically evaluating)
   ML in applied econometrics
- Concrete tools in which ML can enhance applied work
- Will focus on supervised learning on socialscience type data
- Will only touch on technical challenges in implementation
- Work in progress on an evolving agenda!



### Structure of Part on Machine Learning Basics

1. Introduction



- 2. The Secret Sauce of Machine Learning
- 3. Prediction vs Estimation