

11. Create Employee table and Write SQL Query to describe following Aggregate Functions

-- Create Employee table

```
CREATE TABLE Employee (  
    employee_id INT PRIMARY KEY,  
    name VARCHAR(100),  
    department VARCHAR(50),  
    salary DECIMAL(10, 2)  
);
```

-- Insert data into Employee table

```
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (1, 'John Doe', 'HR', 50000.00);  
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (2, 'Alice Smith', 'Finance', 60000.00);  
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (3, 'Bob Johnson', 'IT', 70000.00);  
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (4, 'Emma Lee', 'HR', 55000.00);  
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (5, 'Mike Brown', 'IT', 62000.00);
```

-- Showing the table

```
SELECT * FROM employee;
```

-- Aggregate functions examples

-- Average

```
SELECT AVG(salary) AS average_salary FROM Employee;
```

-- Count

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS num_employees FROM Employee;
```

-- Sum

```
SELECT SUM(salary) AS total_salary FROM Employee;
```

-- Power (Example: power of 2)

```
SELECT POWER(salary, 2) AS salary_squared FROM Employee;
```

-- Square root

```
SELECT SQRT(salary) AS salary_sqrt FROM Employee;
```