

### Exercise 1: Risk Minimizers for Generalized L2-Loss

Consider the regression learning setting, i.e.,  $\mathcal{Y} = \mathbb{R}$ , and assume that your loss function of interest is  $L(y, f(\mathbf{x})) = (m(y) - m(f(\mathbf{x})))^2$ , where  $m : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a continuous strictly monotone function.

**Disclaimer:** In the following we always assume that  $\text{Var}(m(Y))$  exists.

- (a) Consider the hypothesis space of constant models  $\mathcal{H} = \{f : \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \mid f(\mathbf{x}) = \theta \ \forall \mathbf{x} \in \mathcal{X}\}$ , where  $\mathcal{X}$  is the feature space. Show that

$$\hat{f}(\mathbf{x}) = m^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n m(y^{(i)}) \right)$$

is the optimal constant model for the loss function above, where  $m^{-1}$  is the inverse function of  $m$ .

*Hint:* We can obtain several different notions of a mean value by using a specific function  $m$ , e.g., the arithmetic mean by  $m(x) = x$ , the harmonic mean by  $m(x) = 1/x$  (if  $x > 0$ ) or the geometric mean by  $m(x) = \log(x)$  (if  $x > 0$ ).

- (b) Verify that the risk of the optimal constant model is  $\mathcal{R}_L(\hat{f}) = (1 + \frac{1}{n}) \text{Var}(m(y))$ .
- (c) Derive that the risk minimizer (Bayes optimal model)  $f^*$  is given by  $f^*(\mathbf{x}) = m^{-1}(\mathbb{E}_{y|\mathbf{x}}[m(y) \mid \mathbf{x}])$ .
- (d) What is the optimal constant model in terms of the (theoretical) risk for the loss above and what is its risk?
- (e) Recall the decomposition of the Bayes regret into the estimation and the approximation error. Show that the former is  $\frac{1}{n} \text{Var}(m(y))$ , while the latter is  $\text{Var}(\mathbb{E}_{y|\mathbf{x}}[m(y) \mid \mathbf{x}])$  for the optimal constant model  $\hat{f}(\mathbf{x})$  if the hypothesis space  $\mathcal{H}$  consists of the constant models.

*Hint:* Use the law of total variance, which states that  $\text{Var}(Y) = \mathbb{E}_X[\text{Var}(Y \mid X)] + \text{Var}(\mathbb{E}_{Y|X}[Y \mid X])$ , where the conditional variance is defined as  $\text{Var}(Y \mid X) = \mathbb{E}_X \left[ (Y - \mathbb{E}_{Y|X}(Y \mid X))^2 \mid X \right]$ .