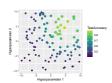
# **Introduction to Machine Learning**

# Hyperparameter Tuning - Basic Techniques



#### Learning goals

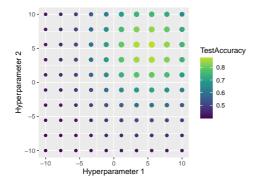
- Understand the idea of grid search
- Understand the idea of random search
- Be able to discuss advantages and disadvantages of the two methods



### **GRID SEARCH**

- Simple technique which is still quite popular, tries all HP combinations on a multi-dimensional discretized grid
- For each hyperparameter a finite set of candidates is predefined
- Then, we simply search all possible combinations in arbitrary order

Grid search over 10x10 points





# GRID SEARCH / 2

#### Advantages

- Very easy to implement
- All parameter types possible
- Parallelizing computation is trivial

### **Disadvantages**

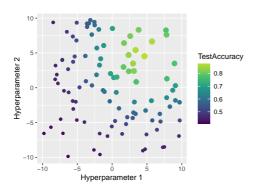
- Scales badly: combinatorial explosion
- Inefficient: searches large irrelevant areas
- Arbitrary: which values / discretization?



### RANDOM SEARCH

- Small variation of grid search
- Uniformly sample from the region-of-interest

Random search over 100 points





#### RANDOM SEARCH / 2

#### **Advantages**

- Like grid search: very easy to implement, all parameter types possible, trivial parallelization
- Anytime algorithm: can stop the search whenever our budget for computation is exhausted, or continue until we reach our performance goal.
- No discretization: each individual parameter is tried with a different value every time

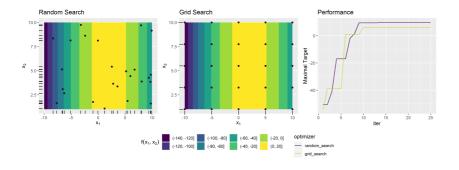
# **Disadvantages**

- Inefficient: many evaluations in areas with low likelihood for improvement
- Scales badly: high-dimensional hyperparameter spaces need lots of samples to cover.



# RANDOM SEARCH VS. GRID SEARCH

We consider a maximization problem on the function  $f(x_1,x_2)=g(x_1)+h(x_2)\approx g(x_1)$ , i.e. in order to maximize the target,  $x_1$  should be the parameter to focus on.



 $\Rightarrow$  In this setting, random search is more superior as we get a better coverage for the parameter  $x_1$  in comparison with grid search, where we only discover 5 distinct values for  $x_1$ .



### **TUNING EXAMPLE**

Tuning random forest with grid search/random search and 5CV on the sonar data set for AUC:

| Hyperparameter | Type    | Min | Max |
|----------------|---------|-----|-----|
| num.trees      | integer | 3   | 500 |
| mtry           | integer | 5   | 50  |
| min.node.size  | integer | 10  | 100 |

