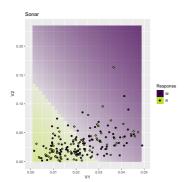
# **Introduction to Machine Learning**

# **Classification: Tasks**



### Learning goals

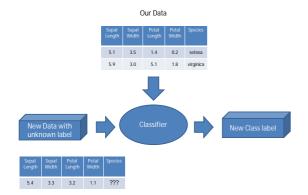
- Understand the main difference between regression and classification
- Know that classification can be binary or multiclass
- Know some examples of classification tasks



### **CLASSIFICATION**

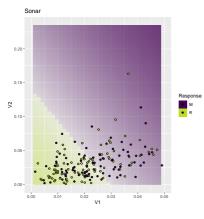
Learn functions that assign class labels to observation / feature vectors. Each observation belongs to exactly one class. The main difference to regression is the scale of the output / label.

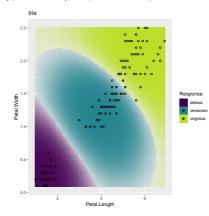




# **BINARY AND MULTICLASS TASKS**

The task can contain 2 classes (binary) or multiple (multiclass).







### **BINARY CLASSIFICATION TASK - EXAMPLES**

- Credit risk prediction, based on personal data and transactions
- Spam detection, based on textual features
- Churn prediction, based on customer behavior
- Predisposition for specific illness, based on genetic data

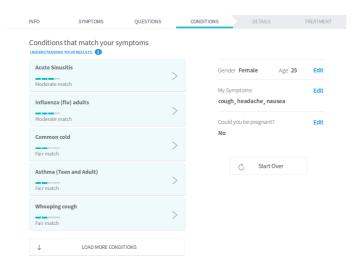


#### Do polygraphs detect lies?

Polygraph or "lie detector" exams continue to be used by law enforcement and government agencies for various screenings even though most criminal courts ban polygraph evidence. How reliable? What a polygraph How it works Supporters claim Sensors measure body changes as an 85-95 percent · Body movements subject answers yes-no questions; accuracy rate data recorded on computer · Breathing (diaphragm) Critics say there is · Breathing (chest) Blood pressure cuff records not enough scientific Perspiration pulse, blood pressure evidence to say · Pulse. whether it detects Rubber tubes placed blood lies or not over chest and pressure abdomen record breathing Two metal plates attached to Subject fingers record with sweating sensors attached © 2013 MCT Source: World Book Laptop connects to polygraph

https://www.bendbulletin.com/localstate/deschutescounty/3430324-151/fact-or-fiction-polygraphs-just-an-investigative-tool

# **MULTICLASS TASK - MEDICAL DIAGNOSIS**





https://symptoms.webmd.com

### **MULTICLASS TASK - IRIS**

The iris dataset was introduced by the statistician Ronald Fisher and is one of the most frequent used data sets. Originally, it was designed for linear discriminant analysis.







Setosa

Versicolor

Virginica

### Source:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Iris\_flower\_data\_set



### **MULTICLASS TASK - IRIS**

- 150 iris flowers
- Predict subspecies
- Based on sepal and petal length / width in [cm]



##		Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
##	1:	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	2:	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	3:	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
##	4:	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
##	5:	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
##						
##	146:	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	virginica
##	147:	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	virginica
##	148:	6.5	3.0	5.2	2.0	virginica
##	149:	6.2	3.4	5.4	2.3	virginica
##	150:	5.9	3.0	5.1	1.8	virginica



### **MULTICLASS TASK - IRIS**

