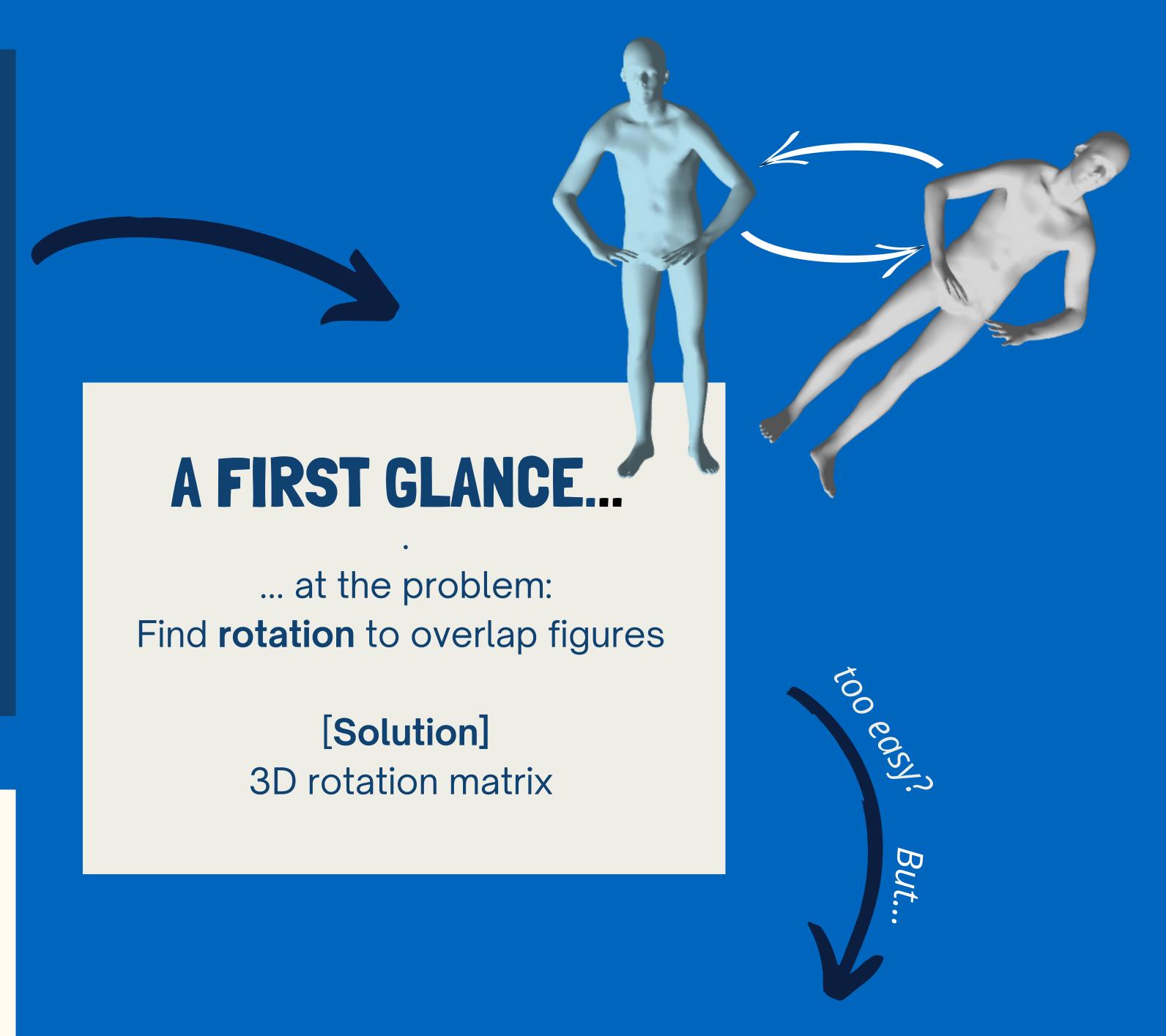
# DEFORMABLE SHAPE CORRESPONDENCE

Niklas Lüdtke, Bodo Lipp, Pietro Massetani, Binlan Wu

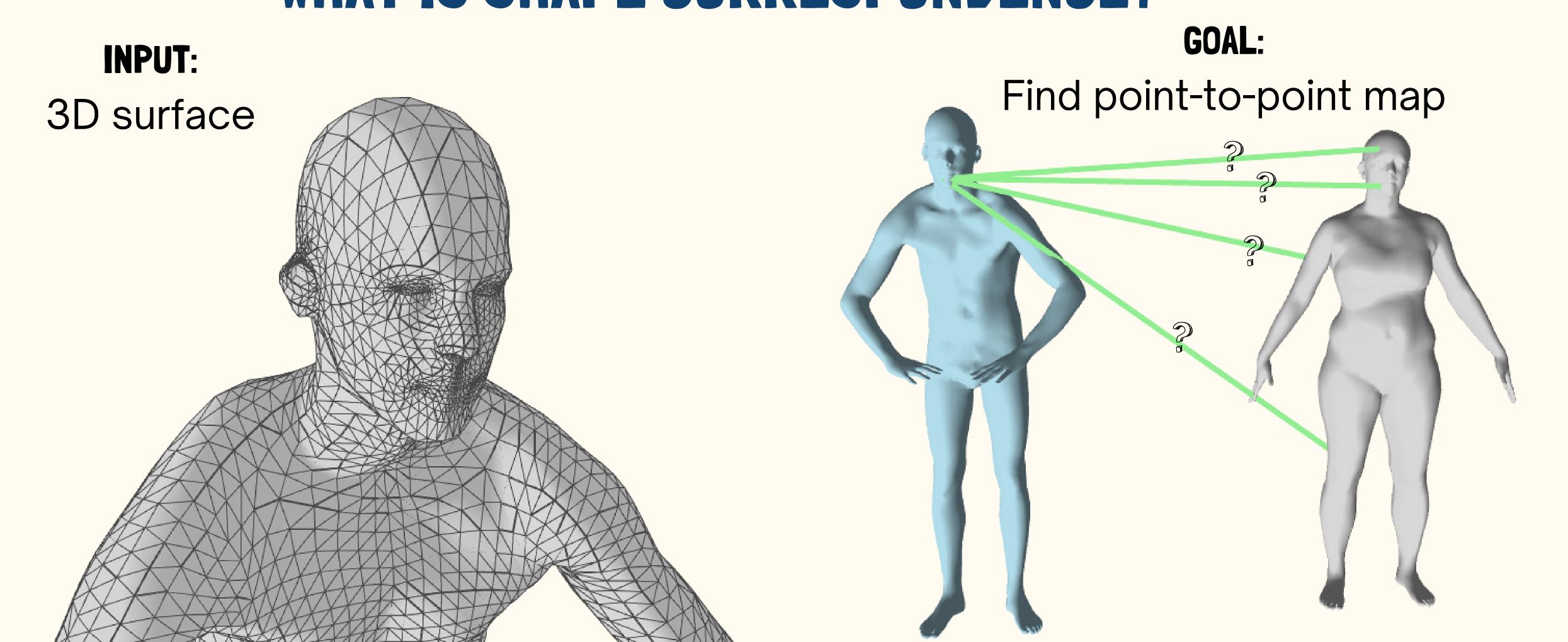
## WHY?

Shape correspondence can be used in *object detection* and computational biology.

-- Example -Comparing 3D structure of proteins.



# WHAT IS SHAPE CORRESPONDENCE?



# FULL PROBLEM

In general, correspondence deals with incomplete, deformed or even different objects

-- Example -Find correspondence between a cat and a lion

# IN CASE YOU'RE INTERESTED IN THE MATH...

We can represent the map between functions on the shapes by a matrix C and **optimize** the problem:

$$\bar{C} = \underset{C}{\operatorname{argmin}} \|CA - B\|^2$$



PLAY AROUND YOURSELF



## HOW?

We take measurements on points, e. g. temperature, curvature (represented by colour). Our map must transfer this information.

This approach is called **Functional Maps**.

