# **Damage and Severity Codes** (all live trees)

Below is a description of damage and severity codes, which are separated into 2 or 3 columns (variables) per damage observed for a tree. Column (1) labeled "**Dam**" is a 2 character damage code and column (2) labeled "**SV**" is 1 character (or digit) severity code, and column (3) labeled "**Recnt**" is 1 character recency code. Up to three different sets of damage codes can be used for one tree (i.e. DamAxx, DamBxx, DamCxx, SVAxx, SVBxx, SVCxx, RecntAxx, RecntBxx, RecntCxx where xx = year).

# **DAMAGE CODE (Dam) and SEVERITY CODE (SV)** – columns 1 and 2

Code	Severity of Damage (SV), use for all damage unless defined otherwise			
$\overline{\mathbf{M}}$	Damage likely to reduce monetary value or vigor substantially			
$\mathbf{S}$	Damage likely to render tree monetarily worthless or likely to eventually result in tree			
	death			
N	Minimal or no economic damage			
<u>Code</u>	Animal Damage (Dam)			
AD	Animal damage (other than listed below)			
AR	Antler rub			
BD	Bear bark removal			
BR	Deer or elk browse			
BV	Beaver			
PD	Porcupine			
RH	Rabbit/Hare clipping			
SH	Sapsucker or woodpecker feeding holes (typically ring(s) of small diameter, pencil sized holes around stem)			
WC	Woodpecker cavities (usually found in dead portions, but occasionally found in live stems)			
<u>Code</u>	Crown Appearance, Disease, and Insects (Dam)			
AP	Aphids			
CH	Chlorotic (yellowish needles; may be a symptom of root rot)			
DI	Diseased/sick/dying (declining vigor, short, sparse needles sometimes accompanied by chlorotic appearance)			
LA	Leaf abnormalities (rusts, blisters, curling)			
LE	Leaf eating insects			
MI	Mistletoe			
RU	Blister rust (on white pine)			
TA	Limb and twig abnormalities (galls, cankers, lesions, witches brooms, etc.; not blister rust)			
<u>Code</u>	Logging (Dam)			
LB	Live Branch Breakage (felling damage to major branches)			
	Code Severity (SV)			

1 - 5 major branches broken

Root Damage (usually caused by skidding)

Severity (SV)

Code

RD

More than 5 major branches broken

Support roots damaged on 1 side of tree

- 2 Support roots damaged on 2 sides of tree
- 3 Support roots damaged on 3 sides of tree
- Support roots damaged on 4 sides of tree
- Basal Bark Removal (debarking within first 1.3 meters (m) above ground on bole, usually caused by skidding, and can extend into bole section above 1.3 m. Used only for wounds occuring within the first 1.3 m. If wound does not extend into the lower 1.3 m, then code as upper bole damage, UB.) Basal bark removal severity is divided into two single numeric fields, one for the width dimension (circumference class), and one for the vertical dimension (length class); both fields must be completed for basal bark removal.

#### Severity (SV)

<u>Code</u>	<u>Circumference Class (width dimension)</u>
1	Bark missing on < 10% of circumference
2	Bark missing on 10 - 25% of circumference
3	Bark missing on 26 - 50% of circumference
4	Bark missing on 51 - 75% of circumference
5	Bark missing on 76 - 95% of circumference
6	Bark missing on more than 95% of circumference

#### **Code** Length Class (vertical dimension)

- 1 < 0.5 m (< 1.5 feet (ft))
- 2 0.5 0.9 m (1.5 2.9 ft)
- 3 1.0 1.4 m (3.0 4.4 ft)
- 4 1.5 1.9 m (4.5 -6.0 ft)
- 5 2.0 m + (6.0 ft +)
- UB Upper Bole Damage (usually felling damage to bole above 1.3 m. Not used for wounds extending into the lower 1.3 meters of the bole. For wounds extending into the lower 1.3 meters of the bole, use basal bark removal damage code, **SB**.)

#### **Code Severity**

- 1 2 3 m vertical stripe, 1 side only
- 2 3+ m vertical stripe, 1 side only
- 3 Vertical stripe(s) on 2 or more sides
- LT Broken top caused by logging.

### **Code Severity (SV)**

- 1 Leader or tip missing (top 1-3 internodes missing)
- 2 25% or less of crown missing, but more than 3 internodes missing
- 3 26 50% of crown missing
- 4 More than 50% of crown missing
- Leader or stem broken, but still attached and alive
- LL Excessive lean (includes bent; excludes down) caused by logging.
- LR Uprooted, down but alive caused by logging
- **XT** Bough theft

#### **Code** Severity (SV)

- less than 10% of crown removed
- 2 10-25% of crown removed
- 3 25-50% or crown removed
- 4 more than 50% of crown removed
- 5 tree cut

#### Code Weather (Dam)

**BB** Branch Breakage (breakage of live major branches due to wind)

#### Code Severity (SV)

1 1 - 5 major branches broken 2 More than 5 major branches broken BLBlow-down DE Desiccation LG Lightning Sunscald SS SNSnow damage TD Tip dieback (frost damage) UR Uprooted, down (alive) **Stem and Root Diseases and Insects (Dam)** Code BE Bark beetles RR Root rot SD Stem decay SC Cankers, galls, and lesions SR Rusts WB Wood borers (primarily in hardwoods) Code **Stem Physical Defects (stem form) (Dam)** Basal scar (origin unknown) BS BT Broken top Code Severity (SV) 1 Leader or tip missing (top 1-3 internodes missing) 25% or less of crown missing, but more than 3 internodes missing 2 3 26 - 50% of crown missing 4 More than 50% of crown missing 5 Leader or stem broken, but still attached and alive All of crown missing (severe wind) BU Browsed into bush form CK Cracks **CR** Crook DT Dead top Code Severity (SV) Leader or tip dead (top 1-3 internodes dead) 1 25% or less of crown dead, but more than 3 internodes dead 2 3 26 - 50% of crown dead 4 More than 50% of crown dead Leader or stem broken, but still attached and dead 5  $\mathbf{E}\mathbf{B}$ Epicormic branching Code Severity (SV) 1 < 1.2 m of bole (< 4 ft) 2 1.2 m - 4.9 m of bole (4 - 16 ft)3 > 4.9 m of bole (> 16 ft) EL Excessively limby (wolf tree or grouse ladder) FT Forked top or stem **Code** Severity (SV) Leader or tip forked (Within top 1-3 internodes) 1 2 within crown, but below top 3 internodes above breast height (BH) but below crown 3

	4	at or below BH	
FU	Fluting		
MT	Multiple top or stem (more than 2 above BH		
	<u>Code</u>	Severity (SV)	
	1	Multiple leader or tip (Within top 1-3 internodes)	
	2	within crown, but below top 3 internodes	
	3	above BH but below crown	
	4	at or below BH	
RB	Ramicorn branch(es)		
SI	Sinuosity		
SG	Stems grown together (cannot measure separately)		
SW	Sweep		
SP	Sprout (origin of stem)		
WP	Whip		
$\mathbf{XL}$	Excessive lean (includes bent; excludes down)		
XB	Excessive butt swelling		
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# RECENCY CODE (Recnt) – column 3 Code Recency of Damage New; since last measurement O Old; before last measurement