

Coding of suspect products in FDA AERS adverse event reports

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Outline

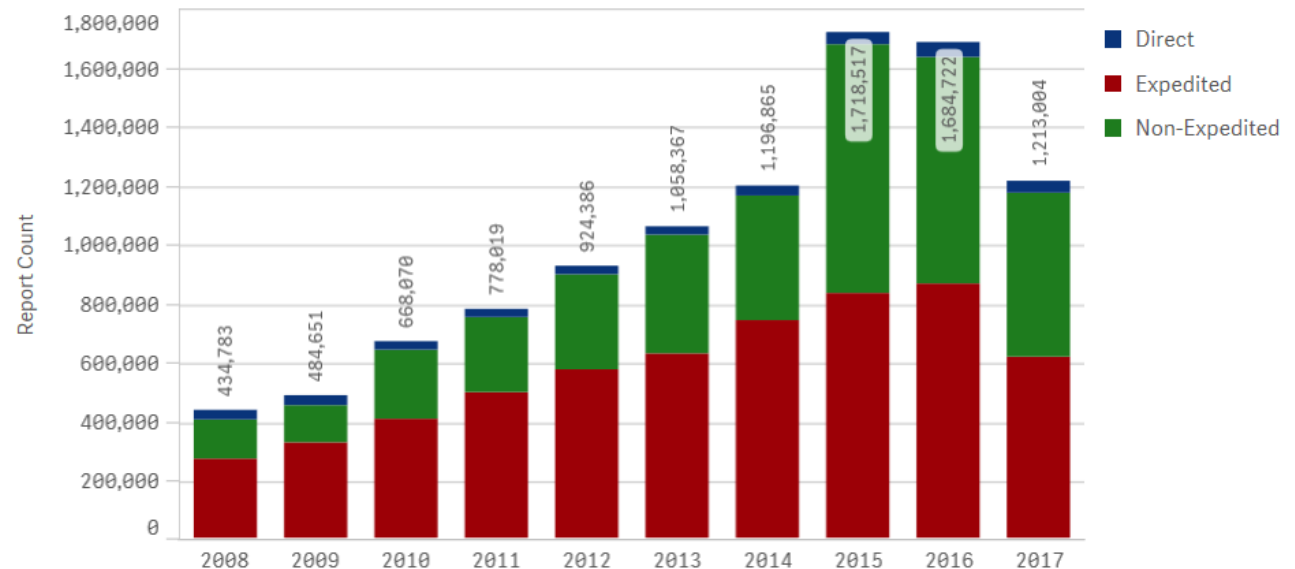
- ❑ FDA Guidance / specifications for submission of suspect product(s) name(s) in FAERS adverse event reports
- ❑ FAERS Product Dictionary (FPD)
 - Data sources
 - Structure
 - Coding process
- ❑ FAERS Quarterly data extract /Public dashboard
- ❑ Examples of issues in coding suspect product-name submissions

FAERS Background

The FDA Adverse Event Reporting System (FAERS) is a database that contains spontaneous adverse event reports that are submitted to FDA from the product manufacturers or directly from the consumer, healthcare professional, or other reporter. The database supports the FDA's post marketing safety surveillance program for drug (Rx and OTC) and therapeutic biologic products.

The database consists of more than fourteen (14) million reports since 1969 to August 2017. Each year, FDA receives over one (1) million adverse events and medication error reports associated with the use of drug or biologic products. Existence of a report does not establish causation.

Reports received by Year and Report Type



Guidance / specifications

Specifications for Preparing and Submitting Electronic ICSRs and ICSR Attachments

Technical Specifications Document

Associated Guidance Document(s):

Draft Guidance for Industry: Providing Regulatory Submissions in Electronic Format – Postmarketing Individual Case Safety Reports (June 2008)

June 2013

<https://www.fda.gov/downloads/drugs/developmentapprovalprocess/formsubmissionrequirements/electronic submissions/ucm153588.pdf>

Future: IDMP standard

Guidance for Industry

E2B(R3) Electronic Transmission of Individual Case Safety Reports (ICSRs) Implementation Guide – Data Elements and Message Specification

February 2014, ICH

<http://www.fda.gov/downloads/Drugs/GuidanceComplianceRegulatoryInformation/Guidances/UCM275638.pdf>

Specifications for ICSRs*: Drug description

Table 5: Detailed Description of Drug(s) and Narrative Elements*[†]

Element	DTD Descriptor 2.1	Length	Element Values for DTD 2.1
B.4.k.1	<drugcharacterization>	1N	1=Suspect 2=Concomitant 3=Interacting
B.4.k.2.1	<medicinalproduct>	70AN	Proprietary medicinal product name
B.4.k.2.2	<activesubstancename>	100AN	Drug substance name
B.5.1	<narrativeincludeclinical>	20000AN	Case narrative

* Include <medicinalproduct> and/or <activesubstancename>. FDA cannot process the ICSR without at least one of these drug elements.

Specifications for ICSRs:

Drug description (2)

Medicinal Product Names (B.4.k.2.1) and Active Substance Name (B.4.k.2.2)

FDA validates medicinal product names to the available Structured Product Labeling (SPL)⁵, the submitted label (as ICSR attachment), and the Substance Registration System (SRS).

- a) When the product has an SPL, use the same naming convention as it appears in the SPL when submitting the ICSR.
- b) When submitting a product label as an attachment to an ICSR, use the name as it appears on the submitted product label.
- c) If no medicinal product is named and only the active substance is named, use the name of the active substance as it appears in the SRS⁶.

⁵ The Structured Product Labeling (SPL) is a document markup standard approved by Health Level Seven (HL7) and adopted by FDA as a mechanism for exchanging product and facility information.

<http://www.fda.gov/ForIndustry/DataStandards/StructuredProductLabeling/default.htm>

⁶ Substance Registration System:

<https://www.fda.gov/forindustry/datastandards/substanceregistrationsystem-uniqueingredientidentifierunii/default.htm>

Main Data Sources for FPD

- Active ingredient for all products
 - G-SRS: 'Preferred name' for an ingredient
<http://gsrs.fda.gov/ginas/app>
- US Marketed products
 - SPL: Structured Product Labeling
 - Product name with Active Ingredient and moiety
[http://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/drugList.cfm?start
swith=A](http://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/drugList.cfm?startswith=A)
- Foreign product names
 - WHODrug Global for the Product name
 - G-SRS for the active ingredient name

G-SRS 



Drugs@FDA
FDA Approved Drug Products



WHO Drug *Insight*



独立行政法人 医薬品医療機器総合機構
Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency

ClinicalTrials.gov



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH



Health Canada
www.hc-sc.gc.ca

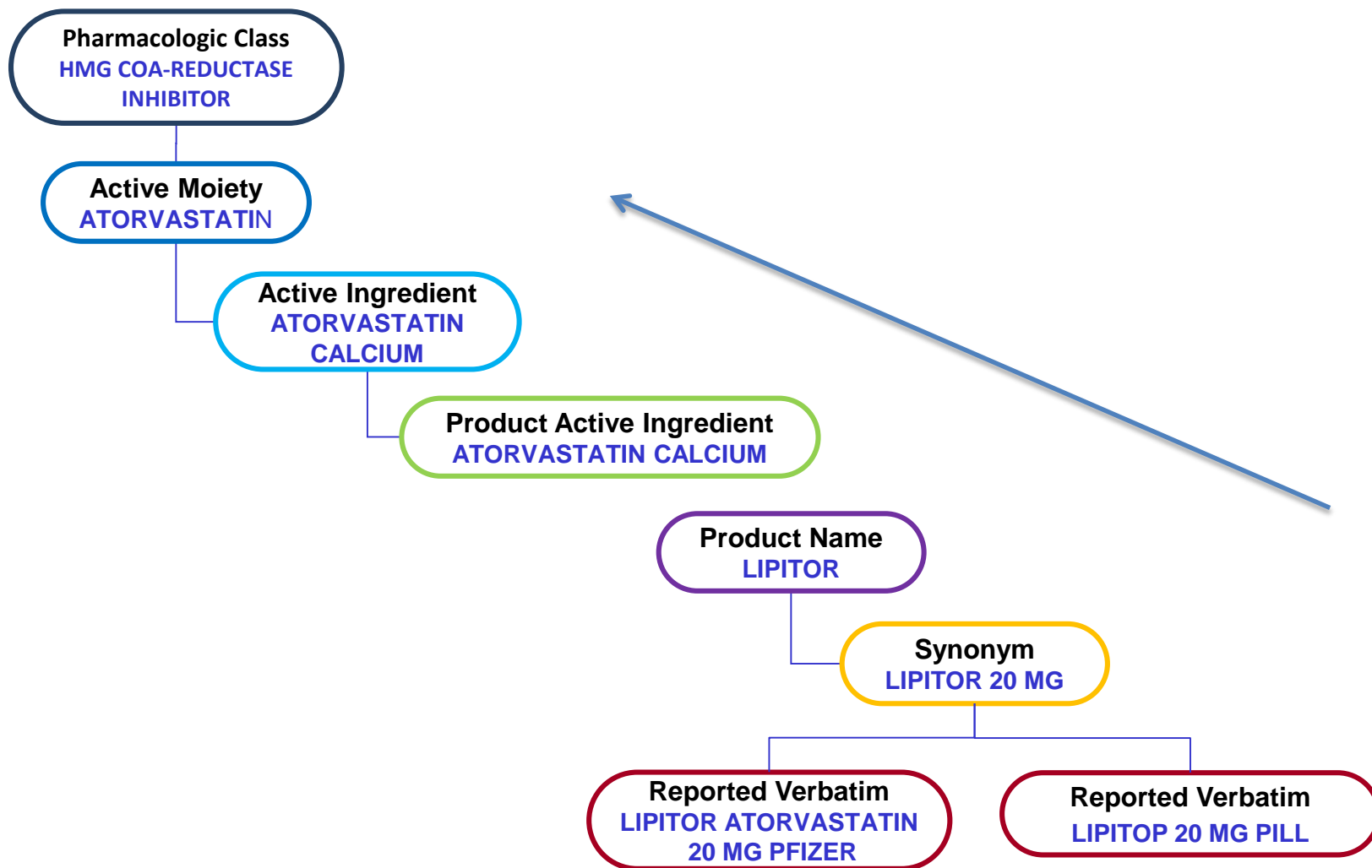
Dietary Supplement Label Database

A Joint Effort of the
Office of Dietary Supplements
and the U.S. National Library of Medicine

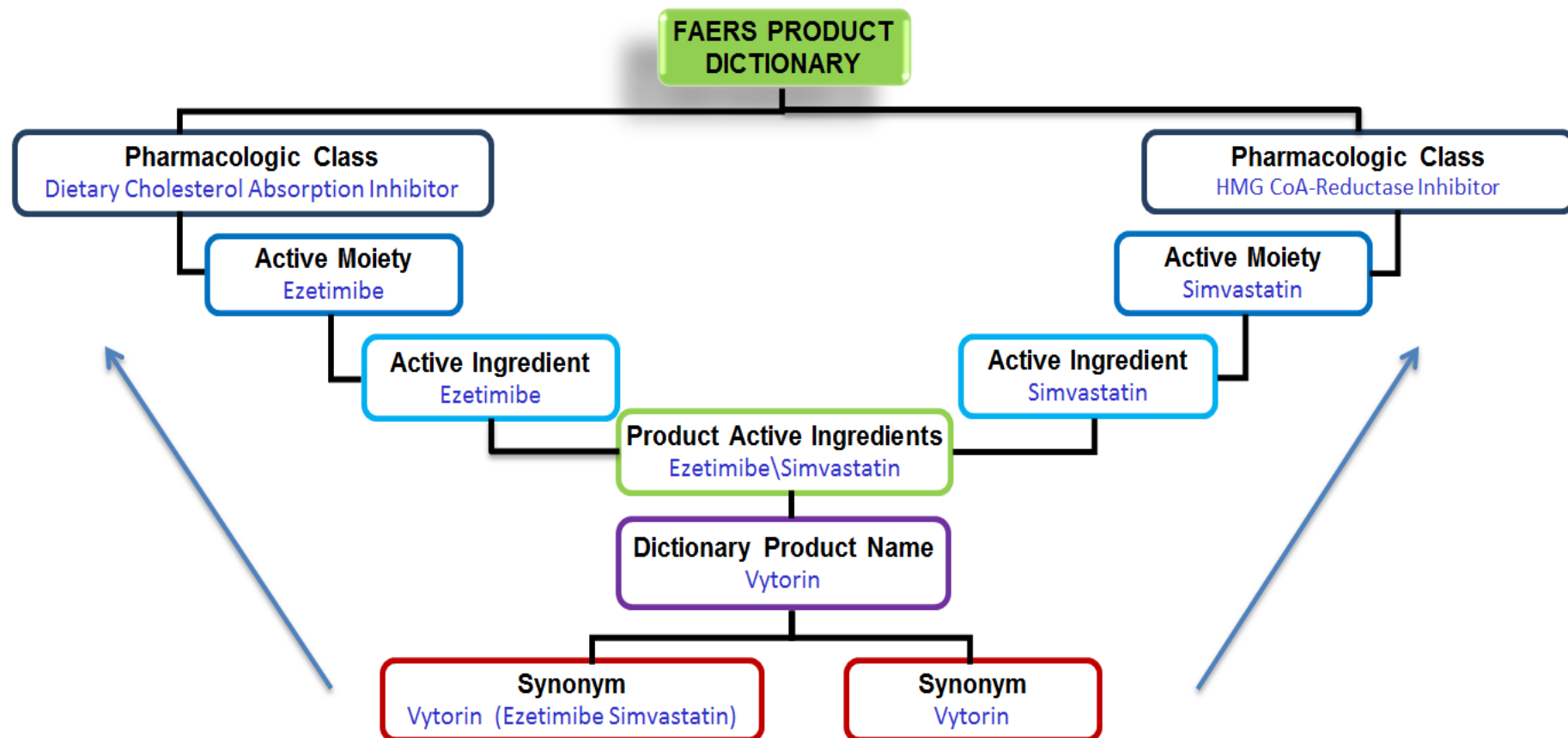


Natural Standard
The Authority on Integrative Medicine

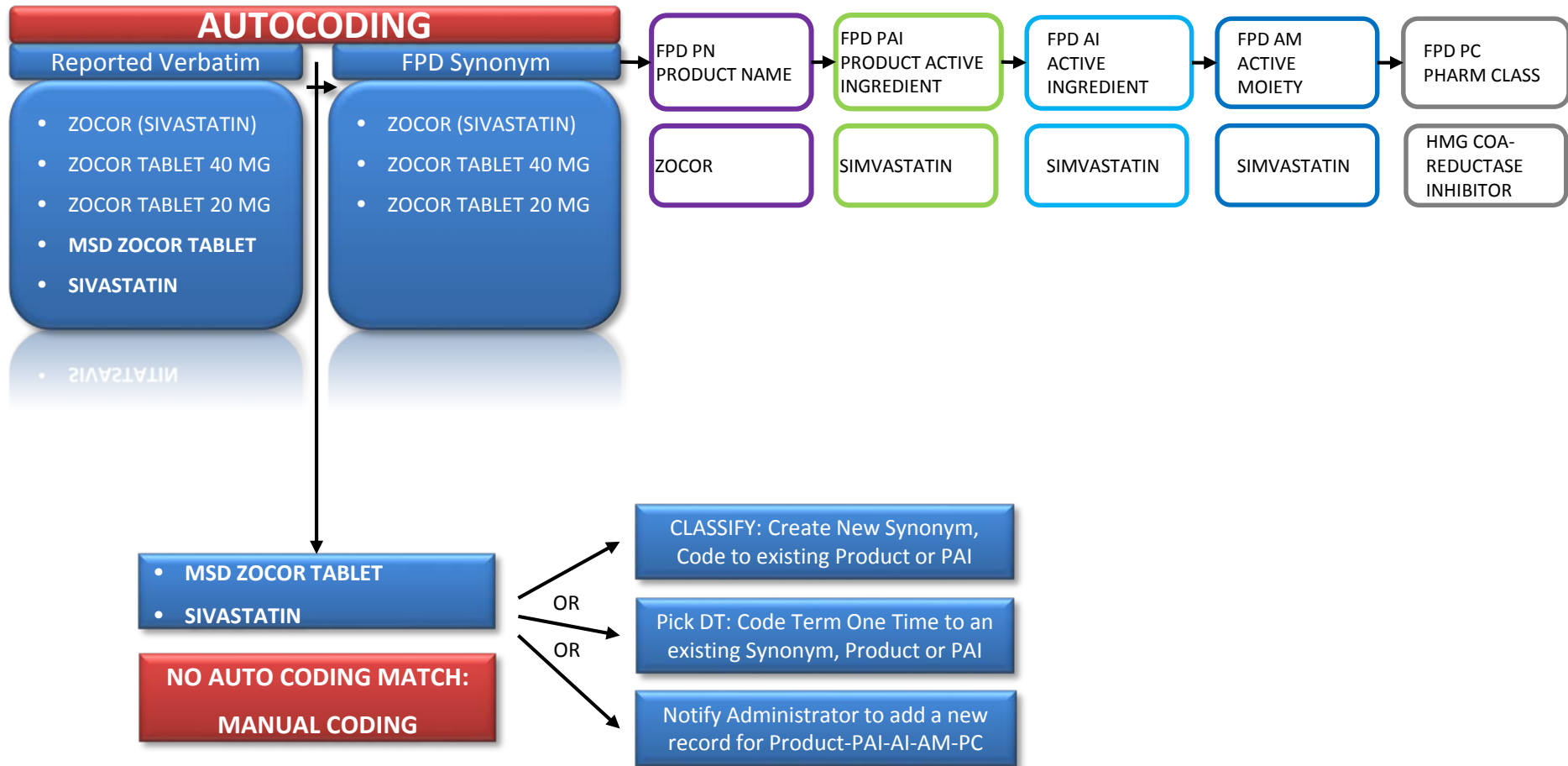
FPD Example: Single Ingredient Product



FPD Example: Multi-Ingredient Product



Suspect product coding



Product Coding Conventions

- If the Product name is not unique, and same name exists with one ingredient as well as with another ingredient, then the Product name is amended to include the ingredient in parenthesis, to make it unique.

Example: DULCOLAX can contain Bisacodyl or Docusate Sodium

Reported Product Verbatim	Dulcolax	Dulcolax
Reported Active Ingredient	BISACODYL	DOCUSATE SODIUM
Product Coded to	DULCOLAX (BISACODYL)	DULCOLAX (DOCUSATE SODIUM)
Product Name	DULCOLAX (BISACODYL)	DULCOLAX (DOCUSATE SODIUM)
Product Active Ingredient (PAI)	BISACODYL	DOCUSATE SODIUM

Global Substance Registration System

<http://gsrs.fda.gov/ginas/app>



Welcome: **CHANGS** Roles: [Query, Updater, SuperUpdate, DataEntry, SuperDataEntry]

version 1.2

Search ...



Browse Substances

Search ▾

Register ▾

FARM Integration ▾

Help ▾

▼ Record Status

☐ Non-Validated

1

▼ Substance Type

☐ Chemical

1

▼ Source Tag

☐ PH. EUR

1

☐ GREEN BOOK

1

☐ MART.

1

☐ ORANGE BOOK

1

☐ USP

1

☐ VANDF

1

☐ WHO-DD

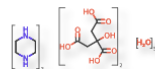
1

There is one exact (name or code) match for "PIPERAZINE CITRATE [WHO-DD]"

PIPERAZINE CITRATE

UNII:63KP7FXF2I

ACHIRAL



Names: PIPERAZINE CITRATE PENTAHYDRATE
PIPERAZINE CITRATE
PIPERAZINE CITRATE (3:2) HYDRATE
ANTEPAR
VERMIDOL

Codes: BDNUM: 0022731AA
CAS: [41372-10-5](#)
EVMPD: [SUB14884MIG](#)
CFR: [21 CFR 520.763C](#) [21 CFR 520.1803](#) [21 CFR 520.2380D](#)

Relationships: 3

Formula: 2C6H8O7.3C4H10N2.5H2O

Mol Weight: 732.73

Product Count:

Application Count:

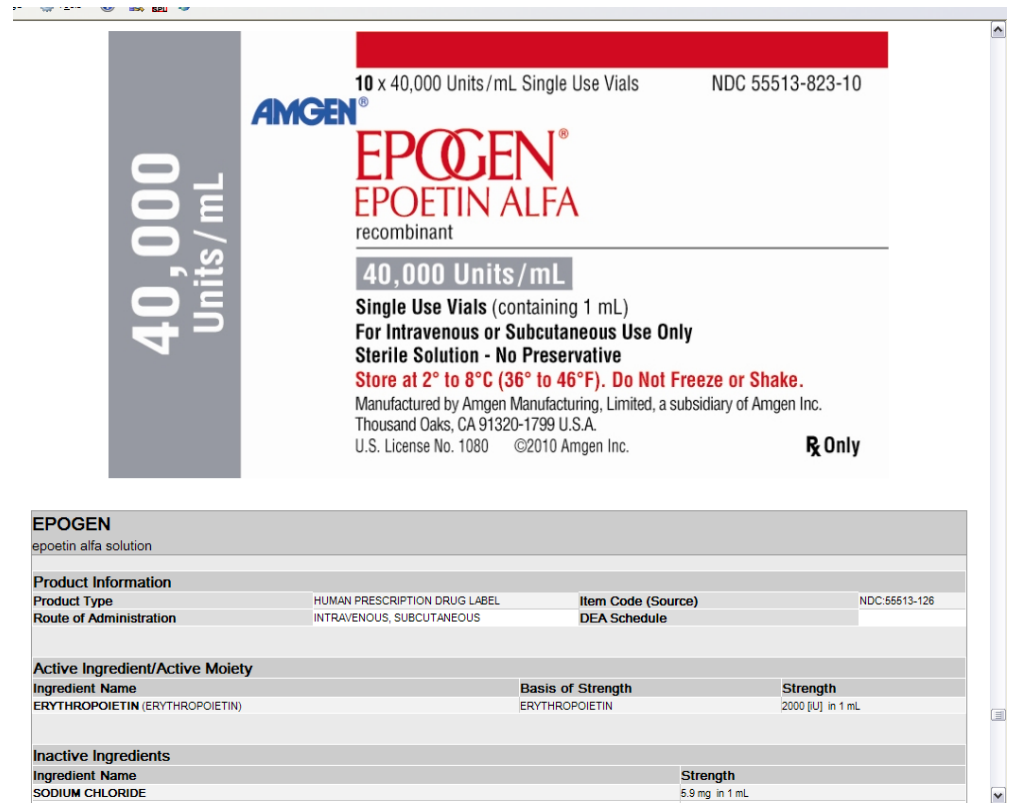
Clinical Trial Count:

Adverse Event Count:

SPL: Structured Product Labeling

Available on DailyMed
(National Library of
Medicine, NLM,
provides this as a
public service)

<http://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/drugList.cfm?startwith=A>



The image displays a screenshot of the EPOGEN product label and its corresponding Structured Product Labeling (SPL) data table. The product label is for EPOGEN (EPOETIN ALFA) recombinant, manufactured by Amgen. It is a sterile solution for intravenous or subcutaneous use, containing 40,000 Units/mL. The label includes the Amgen logo, the product name, and the strength. The SPL table below the label provides structured data for the product, including product information, active ingredients, and inactive ingredients.

EPOGEN			
epoetin alfa solution			
Product Information			
Product Type	HUMAN PRESCRIPTION DRUG LABEL	Item Code (Source)	NDC:55513-126
Route of Administration	INTRAVENOUS, SUBCUTANEOUS	DEA Schedule	
Active Ingredient/Active Moiety			
Ingredient Name	Basis of Strength	Strength	
ERYTHROPOIETIN (ERYTHROPOIETIN)	ERYTHROPOIETIN	2000 [U] in 1 mL	
Inactive Ingredients			
Ingredient Name	Strength		
SODIUM CHLORIDE	5.9 mg in 1 mL		

UMC: WHODrug Global

WHODrug Global Dictionary, Uppsala Monitoring Centre
Browser: WHODrug Insight



WHO Drug Insight

Drug search ● SDG ● CDG ● ATC ● WHODrug Enhanced and WHODrug Herbal B3/C3-format June 1, 2017 ▼

Drug search

Product name

Silapo

ATC code/name

ATC/DDD Index

Enter ATC code or ATC name

Search

Clear

Extended search ▼

Page 1 of 1 « < > » 20 | 50 | 100 | All Showing 1 of 1 rows

Product name B3 ▼	C3-format name	Name specifier	Drug code	Active Ingredient(s)	ATC	Country of sales	MAH
SILAPO	Silapo		009283 05 003	Epoetin zeta	B03XA, Other antianemic preparations <i>umc-assigned</i>	Germany	Stada

Page 1 of 1 « < > » 20 | 50 | 100 | All Showing 1 of 1 rows

Public output: FAERS Quarterly data extract

"XML_NTS.DOC" File

B.4.k.1	drugcharacterization	Reported role of drug in adverse event. Possible Codes are: 1= suspect 2=concomitant 3= interacting NOTE: This set of fields may repeat for each drug where k=1,2,3...
B.4.k.2.1	medicinalproduct	Valid Trade Name if populated; otherwise, verbatim name used by reporter.
B.4.k.2.2	activesubstancename	Product Active Ingredient, when available. + New tag added in 2014Q3 extract.

"ASC_NTS.DOC" File

ROLE_COD	Code for drug's reported role in event(See table below)
CODE	MEANING_TEXT
----	-----
PS	Primary Suspect Drug
SS	Secondary Suspect Drug
C	Concomitant
I	Interacting
DRUGNAME	Name of medicinal product. If a "Valid Trade Name" is populated for this Case, then DRUGNAME = Valid Trade Name; if not, then DRUGNAME = "Verbatim" name, exactly as entered on the report.
PROD_AI	Product Active Ingredient, when available. + New tag added in 2014Q3 extract.
VAL_VBM	Code for source of DRUGNAME (See table below)
CODE	MEANING_TEXT
----	-----
1	Validated trade name used
2	Verbatim name used
ROUTE	The route of drug administration
DOSE_VBM	Verbatim text for dose, frequency, and route, exactly as entered on report.

As of 2014Q3 extract:

Added new field for Product Active Ingredient (PROD_AI) in ASCII Drug file and new tag (<activesubstancename>) added to XML extract populated with Product Active Ingredient, when available.

FAERS Public dashboard

<https://www.fda.gov/Drugs/GuidanceComplianceRegulatoryInformation/Surveillance/AdverseDrugEffects/ucm070093.htm>

The FAERS Public Dashboard is a highly interactive web-based tool that will allow for the querying of FAERS data in a user friendly fashion. The intention of this tool is to expand access of FAERS data to the general public to search for information related to human adverse events to drug and biologic products reported to the FDA by the pharmaceutical industry, healthcare providers and consumers.

<https://fis.fda.gov/sense/app/777e9f4d-0cf8-448e-8068-f564c31baa25/sheet/7a47a261-d58b-4203-a8aa-6d3021737452/state/analysis>

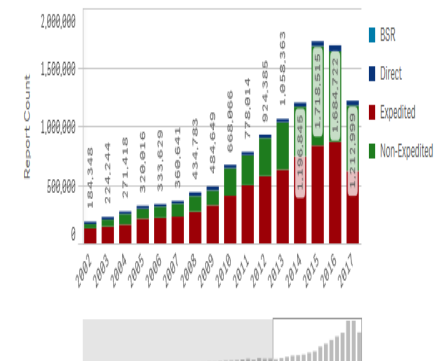
FDA Adverse Events Reporting System (FAERS) Public Dashboard



Reports received by Year and Report Type

Year	Category	Total Reports	Expedited	Non-Expedited	Direct
Total Reports		14,160,191	7,437,939	5,981,598	739,781
2017		1,212,999	615,558	557,058	40,383
2016		1,684,722	864,309	769,534	50,879
2015		1,718,515	831,974	845,052	41,539
2014		1,196,845	739,581	423,150	34,114
2013		1,058,363	626,692	403,368	28,303
2012		924,385	572,460	323,059	28,866

Reports received by Year and Report Type



Data as of August 31, 2017

This page displays the number of adverse event reports received by FDA for drugs and therapeutic biologic products by the following Report Types.

- Direct Reports are voluntarily submitted directly to FDA through the MedWatch program by consumers and healthcare professionals.
- Mandatory Reports are submitted by manufacturers and are categorized as:

Issues with reported suspect products

- ❑ Suspect product: one of minimum data elements for a reportable ICSR
 - ICSR submitted with an invalid suspect product:
 - “unspecified ingredient” or “drug not known”
 - “antihypertensive”, “beta-blocker”, etc.
 - “unspecified study drug”
 - “code not broken” or “blinded X”
- ❑ Primary suspect <medicinal product> name reported as an internal company code in post-market ICSR

Issues with reported suspect products (2)

Two products reported as a single product:

- Repoted VT: Clopidogrel,Triflusal
- Reported VT:
CEFTAZIDIME+VANCOMYCIN
- Repoted VT: Tavor (fluconazole)
the narrative states: Tavor
(lorazepam) and Fluconazole

Single ingredient reported as all-available-salts-multi-ingredient:

- ☐ PROPRANOLOL/PROPRANOLOL
HYDROCHLORIDE/PROPRANOLOL
PHENOBARBITAL
- ☐ DOCUSATE/DOCUSATE
CALCIUM/DOCUSATE POTASSIUM/
DOCUSATE SODIUM
- ☐ HYDROXYZINE/HYDROXYZINE
EMBONATE/HYDROXYZINE
HYDROCHLORIDE
- ☐ METFORMIN/METFORMIN
CHLOROPHENOXYACETATE/METFORMIN
EMBONATE/METFORMIN HYDROCHLORIDE

Issues with reported suspect products (3)

- ❑ Difficult-to-decipher reported suspect product:
 - “XC DAY PE-NITE FREE LIQGL COMB 090”
 - “ASP SEV SIN CONG LG”
 - “LONG-ACTING IM”
 - “MTAB”

Summary

- ❑ <Medicinal product> and <active substance name> data submitted in FAERS ICSRs are reviewed for data quality and auto- or manually coded
- ❑ G-SRS Preferred name active ingredient is the standard for the <active substance name> data
- ❑ Standardization of drug data through accurate and consistent coding enables data aggregation and analysis
- ❑ FAERS uses ICH E2B(R2) format but is moving towards incorporating ICH E2B(R3) and the IDMP standard