INSTALLING THE GINAS, PUBLIC VERSION ON UBUNTU 16.04 USING POSTGRESQL 10 AS DATABASE

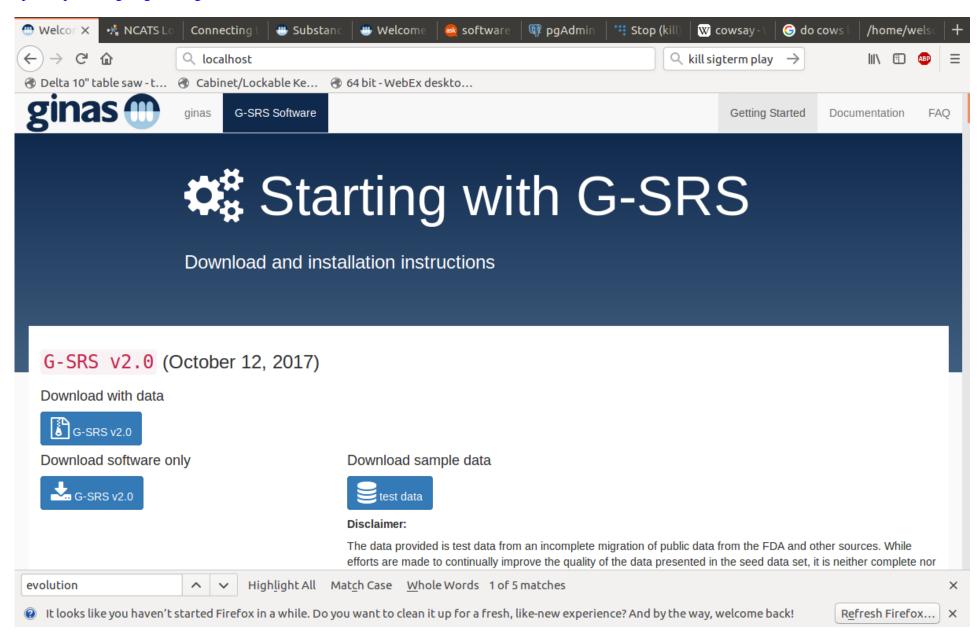
Ginas Monthly Meeting Feb 7th, 2017 Alex Welsch

- A. Slides
- B. Details with CLI commands below

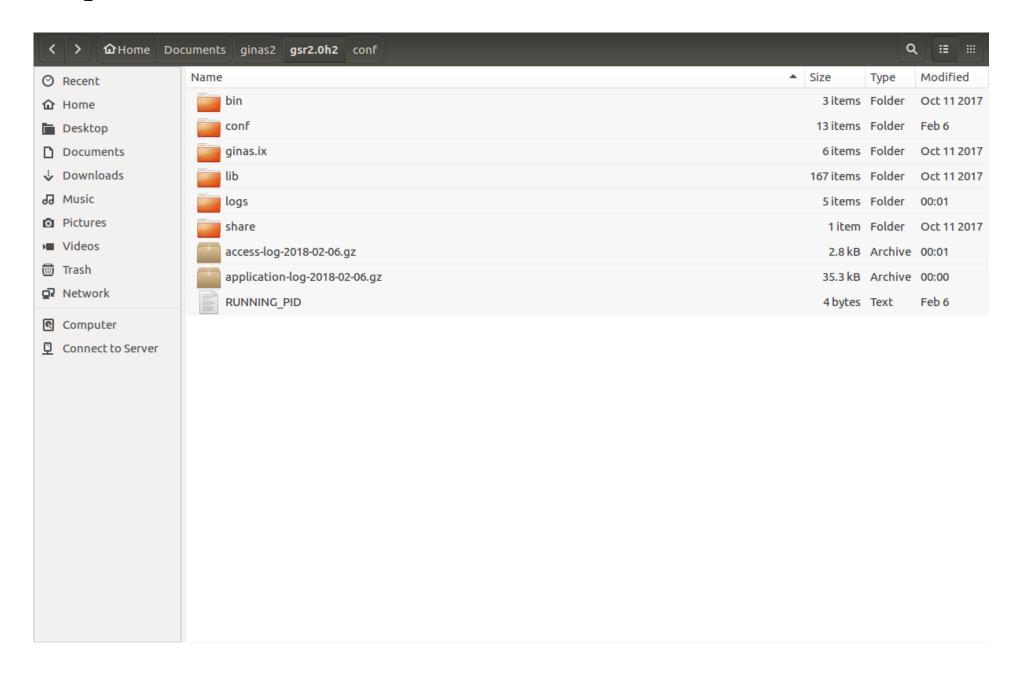
A.Slides

Get the program and sample data

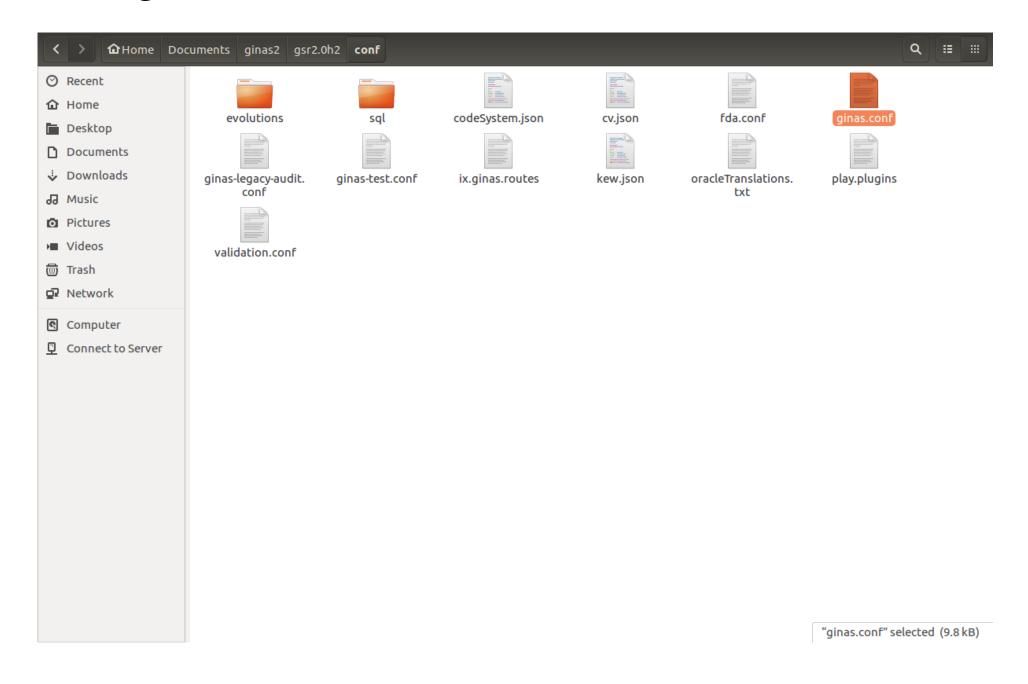
https://tripod.nih.gov/ginas/#/gsrs/



Unzip the downloads



Locate "ginas.conf"



Edit "ginas.conf"

```
Ħ
 Open ▼
                                                                                                                                       Save
                                                           *Untitled Document 1
                                                                                              images.html
                                                                                                                           ginas.conf
        installing-ginas-ubuntu-pg-20180207.txt
348 # db.default.url="jdbc:h2:"${ix.home}"/h2/ginas;MVCC=true"
349 # db.default.user=sa
350 # db.default.password=""
351 # db.default.maximumPoolSize = 50
352 #END H2 example
353 ################
354
355
356 #evolutionplugin=disabled
358 #This is for testing
359 #ebean.default2="ix.test.modelsb.*"
360 ###############
361 #H2 example
362 #db.default2.driver=org.h2.Driver
363 #db.default2.url="jdbc:h2:"${ix.home}"/h2/ginas;MVCC=true"
364 #db.default2.user=sa
365 #db.default2.password=""
366 #END H2 example
367 ################
368
369 ###############
370 #postGreSOL example
371 db.default.driver="org.postgresgl.Driver"
372 db.default.url="jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/ginas_db1"
373 db.default.user="ginas_usr1"
374 db.default.password="hello5"
375 #END postGreSQL example
376 ################
377
378 # You can specify the path to an additional mapping file to make
379 # certain keys resolve as if they were other keys (e.g. old codes)
380
381 # The expected file format is a header-less 2-column tab-delimitted
382 # file. The first column is the key you want to map, and the second
383 # column is the key you want to map to. This will only be used during
384 # url resolving, and only when there are no matches with the standard
385 # ways that keys are resolved (using database lookups)
387 #ix.ginas.mapping.synonymsFile="./olduuidmapping.txt"
                                                                                        Plain Text ▼ Tab Width: 8 ▼
                                                                                                                     Ln 370, Col 1
                                                                                                                                        INS
```

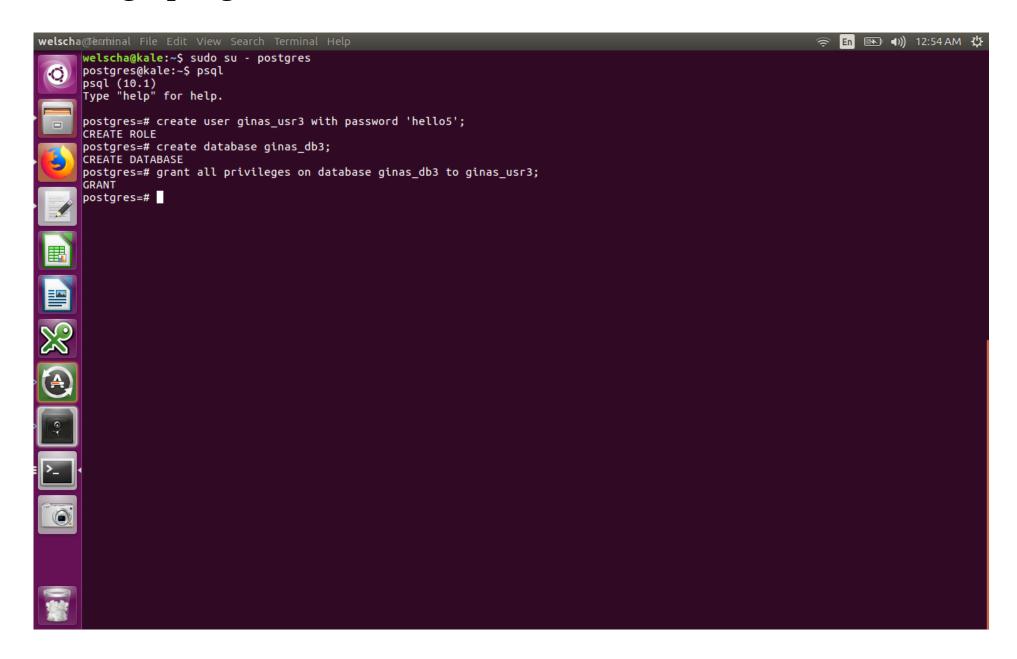
About "apt-get" (intalling a package silly example)

```
welscha@kale:~$ sudo apt-get install cowsay
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
 linux-headers-4.10.0-28 linux-headers-4.10.0-28-generic linux-headers-4.10.0-40 linux-headers-4.10.0-40-generic
 linux-image-4.10.0-28-generic linux-image-4.10.0-40-generic linux-image-extra-4.10.0-28-generic
 linux-image-extra-4.10.0-40-generic
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
The following additional packages will be installed:
 cowsay-off
Suggested packages:
 filters
The following NEW packages will be installed:
 cowsay cowsay-off
O upgraded, 2 newly installed, O to remove and 80 not upgraded.
Need to get 0 B/21.7 kB of archives.
After this operation, 112 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] Y
Selecting previously unselected package cowsay.
(Reading database ... 291230 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../cowsay 3.03+dfsg1-15 all.deb ...
Unpacking cowsay (3.03+dfsg1-15) ...
Selecting previously unselected package cowsay-off.
Preparing to unpack .../cowsay-off 3.03+dfsg1-15 all.deb ...
Unpacking cowsay-off (3.03+dfsq1-15) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.7.5-1) ...
Setting up cowsay (3.03+dfsg1-15) ...
Setting up cowsay-off (3.03+dfsg1-15) ...
welscha@kale:~$
```

Install postgres (more complicated but same idea)

```
myuser%> cd
myuser%> mkdir temp-pg
myuser%> cd temp-pg
|
myuser%> wget -q https://www.postgresql.org/media/keys/ACCC4CF8.asc -0 - | sudo apt-key add -
myuser%> sudo sh -c 'echo "deb http://apt.postgresql.org/pub/repos/apt/ `lsb_release -cs`-pgdg main" >> /etc/apt/sources.list.d/
pgdg.list'
myuser%> sudo apt-get update
myuser%> sudo apt-get upgrade
myuser%> sudo apt-get install postgresql postgresql-contrib
myuser%> cd
```

Creating a postgres user and db

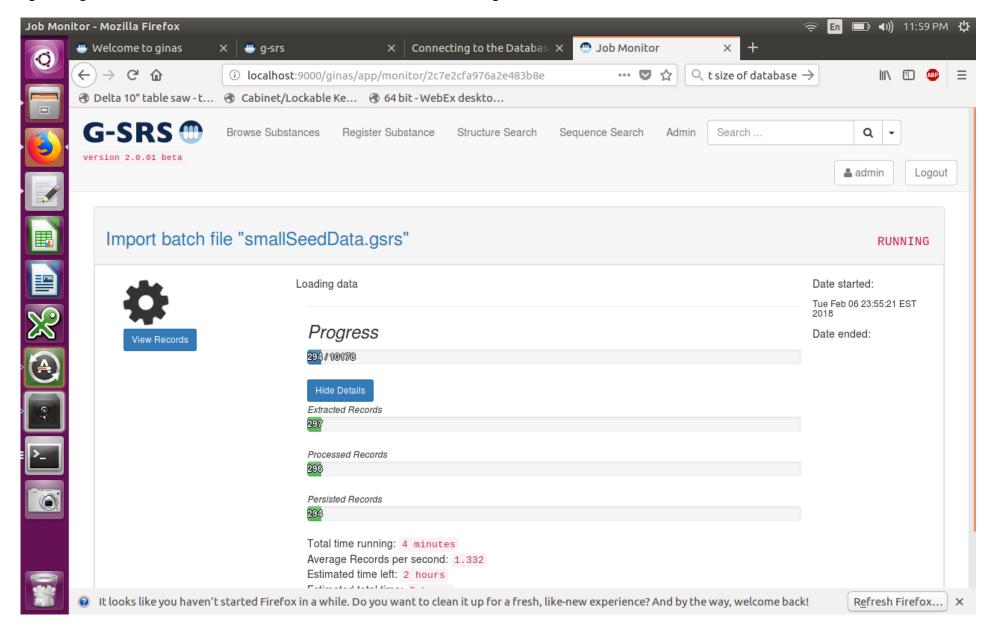


Run ginas!

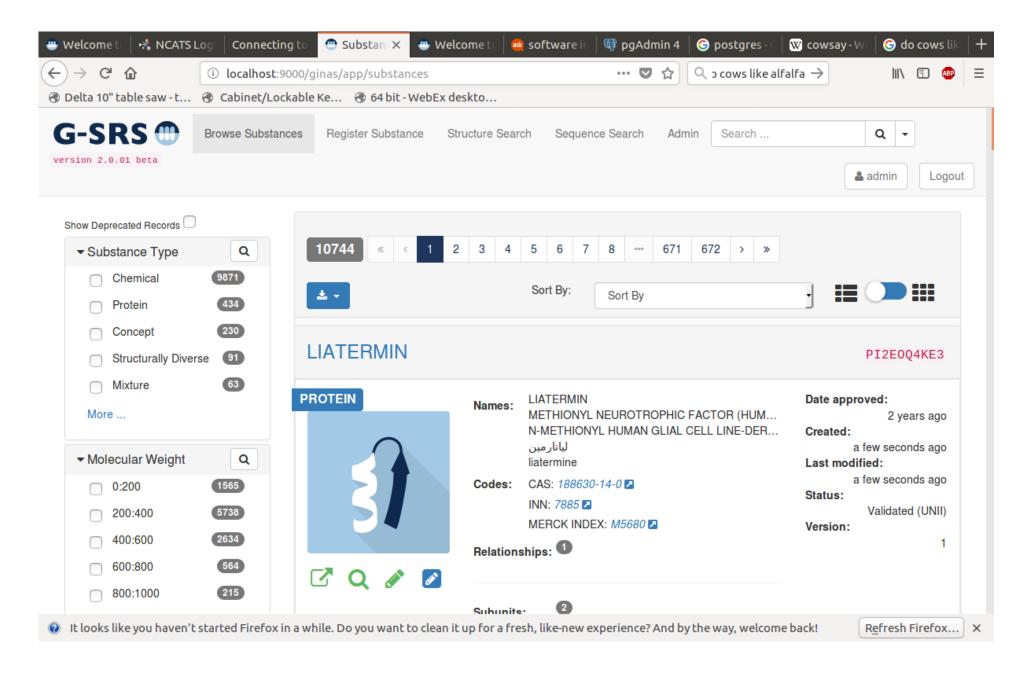
```
welscha@kale:~/Documents/ginas2/gsr2.0h2$ ./bin/ginas -Dconfig.file=conf/ginas.conf -J-Xmx4G
Play server process ID is 15766
Initializing
```

Import the sample data

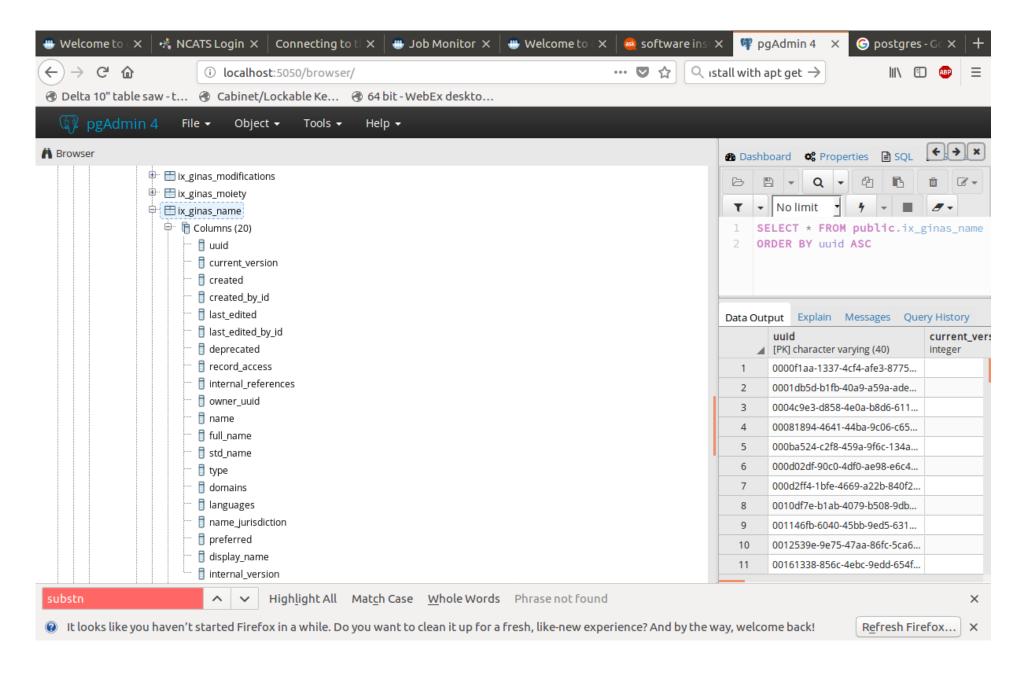
Login using admin/admin as credentials; then click on Admin > Data Management

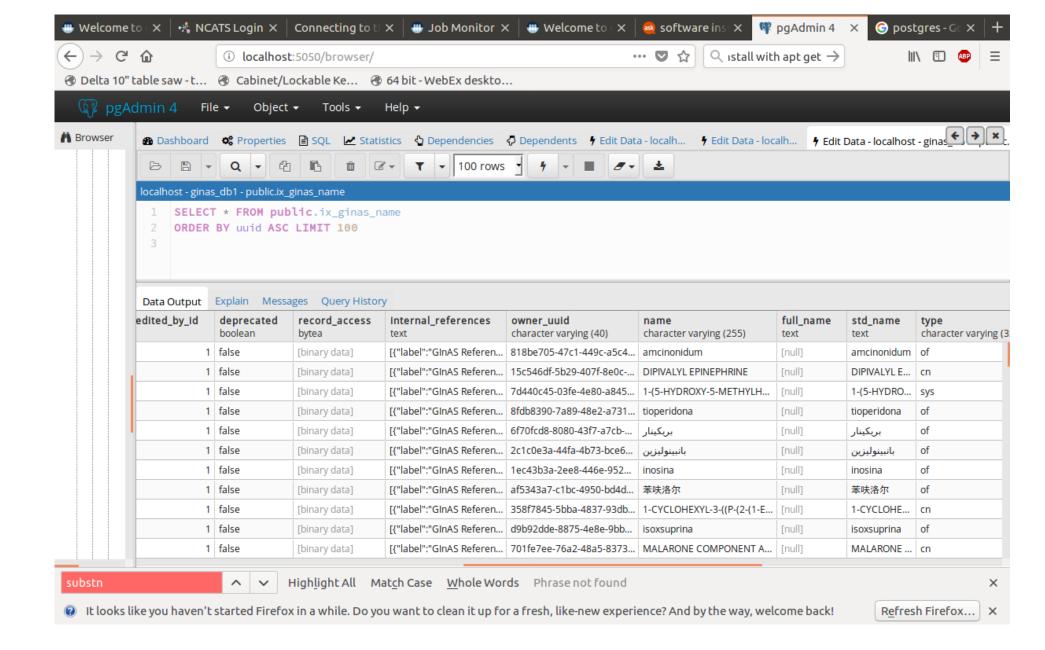


Browse substances



Looking at the database (optional PgAdmin4)





Kill the ginas process

```
welscha@kale:~/Documents/ginas2/gsr2.0h2$ ./bin/ginas -Dconfig.file=conf/ginas.conf -J-Xmx4G
Play server process ID is <mark>15766</mark>
Initializing
welscha@kale:~/Documents/ginas2/gsr2.0h2$
```

In another terminal window ...

```
welscha@kale:~$
welscha@kale:~$
welscha@kale:~$ kill -SIGTERM 15766
welscha@kale:~$
```

Details with CLI commands

```
INSTALLING THE GINAS, PUBLIC VERSION ON UBUNTU 16.04
USING POSTGRESOL 10 AS DATABASE
Ginas Monthly Meeting
Feb 7th, 2017
Alex Welsch
______
*** STEP 1. Get backround information and instructions on the NCATS site
______
      https://tripod.nih.gov/ginas/#/gsrs/release
      (There are instructions if you scroll down!)
      Requirements:
          4-core (+) CPU
          8GB (+) Memory
          100GB (+) hard drive
          Java 8
      For our purposes, the evolutions step should be skipped.
_____
*** STEP 2. Download the public Ginas version and example data.
______
      See: https://tripod.nih.gov/ginas/#/gsrs/release
      Open a linux terminal window and issue the following commands:
myuser%> cd
myuser%> mkdir qinas2
myuser%> cd qinas2
myuser%> wqet https://tripod.nih.gov/qinas/releases/gsrs2 0 beta bundled h2 smallseed.zip
myuser%> unzip gsrs2_0_beta_bundled_h2_smallseed.zip
myuser%> wget https://tripod.nih.gov/ginas/releases/smallSeedData.gsrs
myuser%> cd qsr2.0h2
myuser%> ls # to see contents
*** STEP 3. INSTALL POSTGRESOL
(From: https://tecadmin.net/install-postgresql-server-on-ubuntu/)
myuser%> cd
myuser%> mkdir temp-pq
myuser%> cd temp-pq
myuser%> wqet -q https://www.postgresql.org/media/keys/ACCC4CF8.asc -0 - | sudo apt-key add -
myuser%> sudo sh -c 'echo "deb http://apt.postgresql.org/pub/repos/apt/ `lsb release -cs`-pqdq main"
>> /etc/apt/sources.list.d/pqdq.list'
myuser%> sudo apt-get update
myuser%> sudo apt-get upgrade
```

```
myuser% sudo apt-get install postgresgl postgresgl-contrib
mvuser%> cd
## If all goes well, a linux operating system "postgres" user now exists.
myuser%> sudo su - postgres
==> gets you to that account temporarily.
postgres%> exit
==> to get back to your own user account.
myuser%>
## Go back into the postgres account and start "psql" --- the command line interface.
myuser%> sudo su - postgres
postgres%> psql
postgres=# \password postgres ## I set it to hello4
postares=# \a
______
*** STEP 4. Create the Ginas database and database user
postgres%> psgl
## You're now in the postgres CLI.
## Issue the following commands to create a Ginas user and database.
## You can use whatever user/database/password you want.
postgres-# create user ginas_usr with password 'hello5';
postgres-# create database ginas db;
postgres-# grant all privileges on database ginas db to ginas usr;
postares-# \a
postgres%> exit
mvuser%>
______
*** STEP 5. MAKE Postresql open to local accounts on the computer.
## Change your PostresSQL configuration to allow local access to the Postgresql database.
myuser%> sudo nano /etc/postgresql/10/main/pg_hba.conf
  ## Change the Posgres Configuration to allow local connections
  ## Chnage FROM:
                     all
      local all
                           peer
  ## TO:
                           all
                                  md5
      local all
## Control-X to quit nano.
## then restart Postgresql Server
myuser%> sudo service postgresql restart
## Now, check if we can access database with psql. Notice we are doing it directly from myuser%
myuser%> psql -U ginas_usr -d ginas_db -W
qinas db=>
```

```
## try \l to list databases, the quit.
ginas db=> \l
qinas db=> \q
______
*** STEP 6. Change your ginas configuration to specify PostgreSOL.
myuser%> cd
myuser% > cd ginas2/gsr2.0h2
myuser%> nano ./conf/ginas.conf
Add the following at the END.
#postGreSQL example
db.default.driver="org.postgresgl.Driver"
db.default.url="jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/ginas_db"
db.default.user="ginas_usr"
db.default.password="hello5"
#END postGreSQL example
*** STEP 7. Run Ginas
myuser%>./bin/ginas -Dconfig.file=conf/ginas.conf -J-Xmx4G
myuser% > nohup ./bin/ginas -Dconfig.file=conf/ginas.conf -J-Xmx4G
## Take note of the process ID after so you can stop it later.
## When the program is done initializing ==> in your browser load:
http://localhost:9000/ginas/app
## Click on the Admin link, login with credentials.
      user: admin
      password: admin
## If this is your first time, you'll have no data and you'll have to import it.
a) click on admin in the TOP menu (next to "sequence search")
b) click on data management
c) In the file dialog, navigate to the file smallSeedData.gsrs you downloaded earlier and click on the
load button. Loading will take a while. You don't have to load everything if you just want to see if
it worked. After loading some substances, you'll be able to browse substances by clicking on the
Substances Link.
*** STEP 7. Quit Ginas
## When you want to end the process gracefully:
myuser%> kill -SIGTERM YOUR PROCESS ID
*** ERRORS YOU MIGHT GET
```

by clearing the cache directory (./ginas.ix/cache). However, there maybe consequences contend with if you do that. Database 'default' is in an inconsistent state with postgresql driver. ==> I got this when I first tried to install and maybe things didn't complete with the database population. The remedy was to drop the database and recreate it as in Step 4 Oops, cannot start the server. org.jboss.netty.channel.ChannelException: Failed to bind to: /0.0.0.0:9000 ==> find the PID for the process running play framework with ==> ps auxwww | grep play ==> then ==> kill -9 YOUR PID After running ginas, screen hangs and says "Initializing" forever. (It may not tell you it's done initializing, so if you've been staring at a blank screen that says "initializing" for a while, try loading http://localhost:9000/ginas/app in your server.) ========= *** Links ========= https://tripod.nih.gov/ginas/#/gsrs/ https://help.ubuntu.com/community/AptGet/Howto https://medium.com/coderscorner/installing-oracle-java-8-in-ubuntu-16-10-845507b13343 https://tecadmin.net/install-postgresgl-server-on-ubuntu/ http://suite.opengeo.org/docs/latest/dataadmin/pgGettingStarted/firstconnect.html https://www.ntchosting.com/encyclopedia/databases/postgresgl/create-user/ http://blog.jasonmeridth.com/posts/postgresgl-command-line-cheat-sheet/ https://askubuntu.com/guestions/831262/how-to-install-pgadmin-4-in-desktop-mode-on-ubuntu (see Victor's answer) Once you've installed it, start it again, like so: ## cd ~/pgadmin4 ## source bin/activate ## python lib/python2.7/site-packages/pgadmin4/pgAdmin4.py https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/sglite-vs-mysgl-vs-postgresgl-a-comparison-ofrelational-database-management-systems =========== *** Explore API

In some attempts, the Play framework seemed to hang or complained about file locks. I made things work

*** Explore API
=========
https://tripod.nih.gov/ginas/#/gsrs/api#details
https://tripod.nih.gov/ginas/app/api/v1