

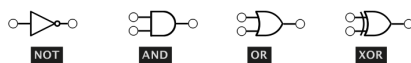
Assignment #1 - Logic Discrete Mathematics

Anders Kalhauge

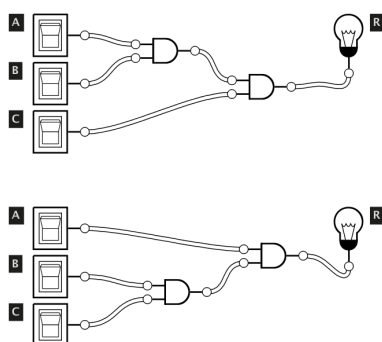
Fall 2019

1 Equivalence laws

In digital electronics the following gates implements logical statements:



Write a diagram for each of the laws of equivalence, ie.:



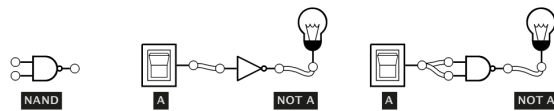
$$(a \wedge b) \wedge c \equiv a \wedge (b \wedge c)$$

2 Nand

The simplest logic circuit to create is a nand gate. It has the following truth table and is equivalent to $\neg(a \wedge b)$:

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	$\neg(a \wedge b)$
<i>f</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>t</i>
<i>f</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>t</i>
<i>t</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>t</i>
<i>t</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>f</i>

Nand has the special property, that any other binar operator can be build from NAND, here the NAND gate is shown and the implementation of **not**:



Build the operators **and**, **or**, **xor**, and **implies** with NAND gates alone.

Hand in

In groups on Peergrade by Wednesday September 4th at 08:30

<http://logic.ly>