# 732A98: Visualization - Cheatbook

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# Loading required R packages
library(ggplot2)
library(plotly)
##
## Attaching package: 'plotly'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
    last_plot
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
    filter
## The following object is masked from 'package:graphics':
##
    layout
library(shiny)
library(gridExtra)
library(xlsx)
library(MASS)
##
## Attaching package: 'MASS'
## The following object is masked from 'package:plotly':
##
##
    select
```

## Reading Data

# Data Mugging

#### **Quantile Computation**

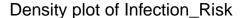
```
get_outliers <- function(x){
   quantile_values = quantile(x, probs = c(0.25, 0.75))
   q1 = quantile_values["25%"]
   q3 = quantile_values["75%"]

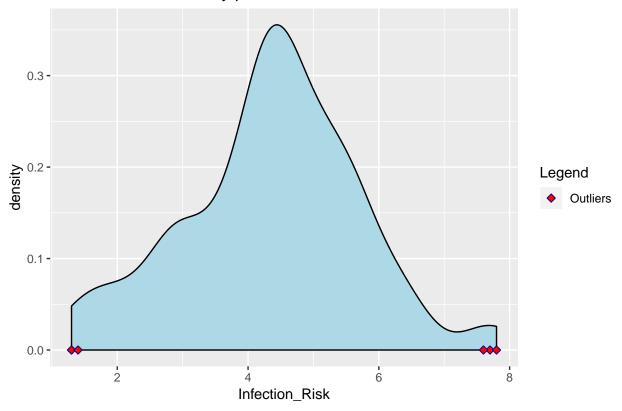
   return(c(which((x > (q3+1.5*(q3-q1)))), which(x < (q1-1.5*(q3-q1)))))
}</pre>
```

# Single Plots

## **Density Plot**

Density Plot with Outlier Highlight using GGplot2





Density Plot with Outlier Highlight using Plotly (converting from ggplot2)

```
x <- ggplotly(p=density_plot_infection_risk)
x</pre>
```

#### Histogram Plot

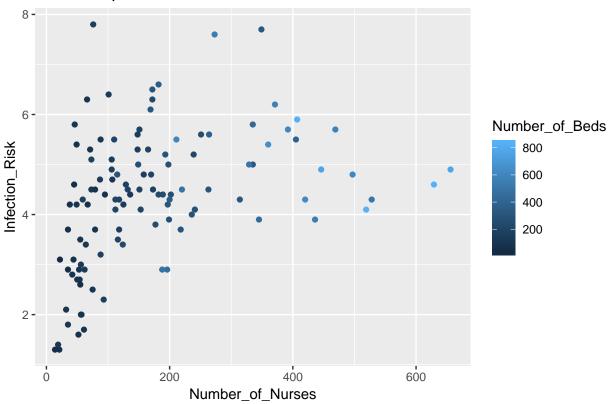
Histogram plot with Outlier Highlight using Plotly

#### Scatter Plot

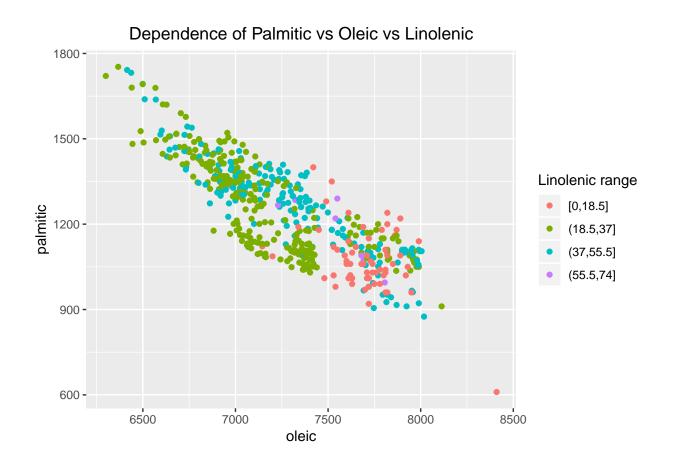
#### Simple scatter plot with colour

```
ggplot(senic_data) + geom_point(aes(x=Number_of_Nurses, y=Infection_Risk, color=Number_of_Beds)) +
    ggtitle("Scatterplot of Infection_Risk vs Number_of_Nurses") +
    theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
```

## Scatterplot of Infection\_Risk vs Number\_of\_Nurses



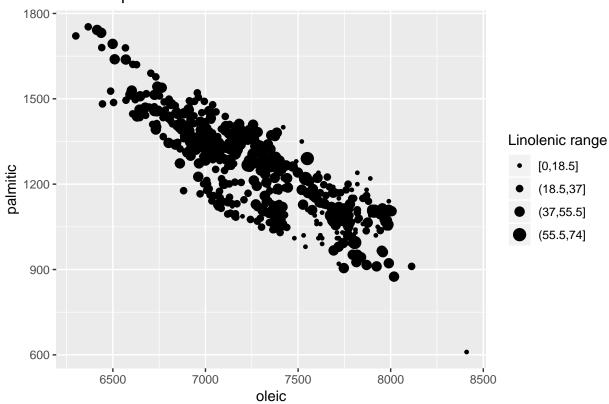
Scatter Plot with Discreetization (split a variable into classes)



## Scatter plot size varied

```
ggplot(olive_data) + geom_point(aes(x = oleic, y = palmitic, size = cut_interval(linolenic, n = 4))) +
    ggtitle("Dependence of Palmitic vs Oleic vs Linolenic") +
    theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
    scale_size_manual(name = "Linolenic range", values = c(1, 2, 3, 4))
```





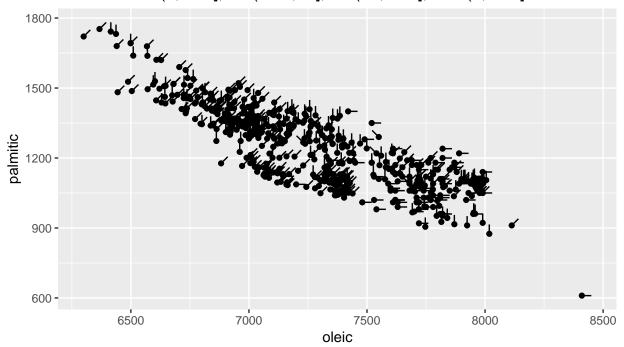
### Scatter plot angle varied

```
# Pre-processing - Setting angle values based on category
olive_data$linolenic_class <- cut_interval(olive_data$linolenic, n = 4)
levels(olive_data$linolenic_class) <- (0:3) * (pi/4)
olive_data$linolenic_class <- as.numeric(as.character(olive_data$linolenic_class))

ggplot(olive_data, aes(x=oleic, y=palmitic)) + geom_point() +
    geom_spoke(aes(angle = olive_data$linolenic_class), radius=40) +
    ggtitle("Dependence of Palmitic vs Oleic vs Linolenic
Legend
Orientation angle of spoke : Linolenic class
0:(0,18.5], 45:(18.5,37], 90:(37,55.5], 135:(0,18.5] ") +
    theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))</pre>
```

# Dependence of Palmitic vs Oleic vs Linolenic Legend

Orientation angle of spoke: Linolenic class 0:(0,18.5], 45:(18.5,37], 90:(37,55.5], 135:(0,18.5]

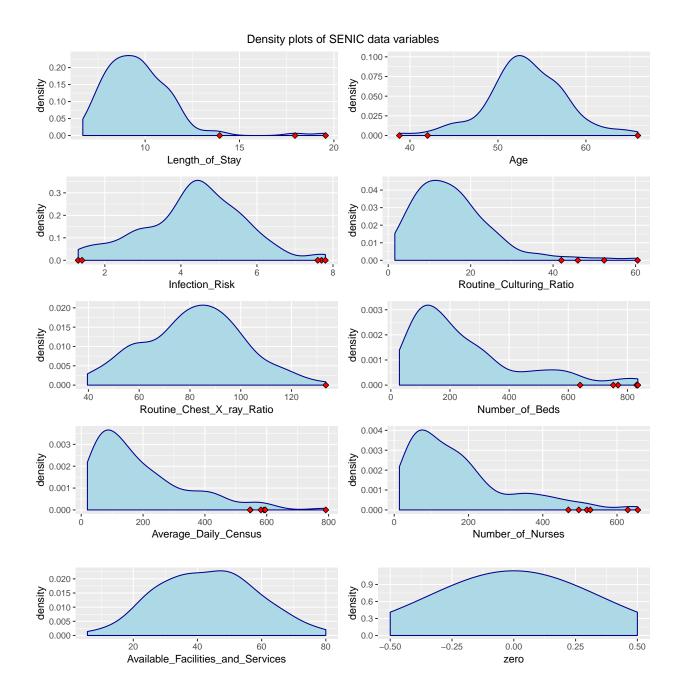


## **Multiple Plots**

#### **Density Plots**

Density Plot with Outlier Highlight

```
plot_density_with_outliers <- function(var_data, col_name){</pre>
  p <- NULL
  df_data = setNames(data.frame(var_data),col_name)
  if(length(get_outliers(df_data[[col_name]])) > 0){
    p <- ggplot(df_data) +</pre>
      geom_density(aes_string(x=col_name), fill = "lightblue", color = "darkblue") +
      geom_point(data=df_data[get_outliers(df_data[[col_name]]),,drop=FALSE],
                 aes_string(x=col_name), y=0, shape=23, size=2, colour="black", fill="red")
  }
  else{
    p <- ggplot(df_data) +</pre>
      ggtitle(paste("")) +
      theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
      geom_density(aes_string(x=col_name), fill = "lightblue", color = "darkblue")
  }
  return(p)
```



# Shiny

```
#UI component
ui <- fluidPage(
    sliderInput(inputId="bw_value", label="Choose bandwidth size", value=4.5, min=0.1, max=80),
    checkboxGroupInput("selected_variables", "Variables to show: ", quantitative_columns, inline=TRUE),
    plotOutput("densPlot", height = "650px")</pre>
```

```
plot_density_with_outliers_shiny <- function(df_data, col_name, bw){</pre>
 p <- NULL
  if(length(get_outliers(senic_data[[col_name]])) > 0){
    p <- ggplot(df_data) +</pre>
      ggtitle(paste("Density plot of ", col_name)) +
      theme(plot.title = element text(hjust = 0.5)) +
      geom_density(aes_string(x=col_name), fill = "lightblue", color = "darkblue", bw=bw) +
      geom_point(data=df_data[get_outliers(df_data[[col_name]]),],
                 aes_string(x=col_name, y=0), shape=23, size=2, colour="black", fill="red")
  }
  else{
    p <- ggplot(df_data) +</pre>
      ggtitle(paste("Density plot of ", col_name)) +
      theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
      geom_density(aes_string(x=col_name), fill = "lightblue", color = "darkblue", bw=bw)
  }
 return(p)
server <- function(input, output) {</pre>
  output$densPlot <- renderPlot({</pre>
    selected_columns = input$selected_variables
    plot_list = vector("list", length(selected_columns))
    if(length(selected_columns) > 0){
      for(i in 1:length(selected_columns)){
        plot_list[[i]] = plot_density_with_outliers_shiny(senic_data, selected_columns[i],
                                                      bw = input$bw_value)
      }
      plot_matrix <- arrangeGrob(grobs = plot_list, ncol = 2)</pre>
      grid.arrange(plot_matrix)
    }
 })
}
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server, options = list(width="800px", height="900px"))
```

Shiny applications not supported in static R Markdown documents