

# MORE ON STYLE

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# AFTER THIS PRESENTATION

- You'll be able to use inline style
- You'll know what pseudo-classes are and how to use them
- You'll appreciate the priorities of style rules

# STYLE PROPERTIES WE WILL LOOK AT

Pseudo-classes	link
----------------	------

	visited
--	---------

	hover
--	-------

	active
--	--------

	empty
--	-------

# INLINE STYLE

A style rule which directly applies to a particular element

```
<p style="text-align:right">Welcome.</p>
```

```
<html>
  <head>
    <style>
      li {background:yellow}
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
    <ul>
      <li>One</li>
      <li>Two</li>
      <li style="background:purple">Three</li>
      <li>Four</li>
    </ul>
  </body>
</html>
```

- One
- Two
- Three
- Four

# CONTEXT CONTROL

- You can apply a style rule to a specific context

```
ul li {color: red}
```

- Here the style rule is applied to all `li` that are inside a `ul`

```
<html>
  <head>
    <style>
      ul li {background:yellow}
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
    <ul>
      <li>One</li>
      <li>Two</li>
      <li>Three</li>
      <li>Four</li>
    </ul>
    <ol>
      <li>One</li>
      <li>Two</li>
      <li>Three</li>
      <li>Four</li>
    </ol>
  </body>
</html>
```



- One
- Two
- Three
- Four

1. One
2. Two
3. Three
4. Four

# PSEUDO-CLASSES

- Pseudo-classes are classes with some kind of 'intelligence'

```
h1:hover {color: red}
```

- When the mouse moves over any h1 the text temporarily changes to red

- link means a link

```
a:link {color: red}
```

- visited means a link that has been visited

```
a:visited {color: red}
```

- active means a link that is currently being followed


```
a:active {color: red}
```

- empty means an empty element

```
p:empty {color: red}
```

```
<html>
  <head>
    <style>
      a:link {background:yellow}
      a:visited {background:pink}
      a:hover {background:lightgreen}
      a:active {background:purple}
      li:empty {background:brown}
    </style>
  </head>
  <body>
    <a href="http://www.google.com">Google</a>
    <a href="http://www.cnn.com">CNN</a>
    <a href="http://www.twitter.com">Twitter</a>
    <a href="http://www.facebook.com">Facebook</a>
    <ol>
      <li>One</li>
      <li>Two</li>
      <li>Three</li>
      <li></li>
    </ol>
  </body>
</html>
```

[Google](#) [CNN](#) [Twitter](#) [Facebook](#)

1. One
2. Two
3. Three
4. 

Click [here](#) to open the example