

ΑΡΙΘΜΗΤΙΚΗ ΓΡΑΜΜΙΚΗ ΑΛΓΕΒΡΑ

παράδοση έως 24-03-21
ώρα 92⁰⁰

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Άσκηση 1

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 & 16 \\ 1 & 8 & 27 & 64 \\ 1 & 16 & 81 & 256 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 & 16 \\ 1 & 8 & 27 & 64 \\ 1 & 16 & 81 & 256 \end{array} \right| \xrightarrow{\Sigma_2 = \Sigma_2 - \Sigma_1} \left| \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 9 & 16 \\ 1 & 6 & 27 & 64 \\ 1 & 14 & 81 & 256 \end{array} \right| \xrightarrow{\Sigma_3 = \Sigma_3 - 3\Sigma_2}$$

$$\left| \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 6 & 16 \\ 1 & 6 & 24 & 64 \\ 1 & 14 & 78 & 256 \end{array} \right| \xrightarrow{\Sigma_4 = \Sigma_4 - 4\Sigma_1} \left| \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 6 & 14 \\ 1 & 6 & 24 & 60 \\ 1 & 14 & 78 & 252 \end{array} \right| \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow (-1) \cdot \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 6 & 16 \\ 6 & 24 & 60 \\ 14 & 78 & 252 \end{array} \right| - 0 \cdot \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 6 & 12 \\ 1 & 24 & 60 \\ 1 & 78 & 252 \end{array} \right| + 0 \cdot \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 12 \\ 1 & 6 & 60 \\ 1 & 14 & 252 \end{array} \right| - 0 \cdot \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 2 & 6 \\ 1 & 6 & 24 \\ 1 & 14 & 78 \end{array} \right| =$$

$$= \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 6 & 16 \\ 6 & 24 & 60 \\ 14 & 78 & 252 \end{array} \right| \xrightarrow{\Sigma_2 = \Sigma_2 - 3\Sigma_1} \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 0 & 12 \\ 6 & 6 & 60 \\ 14 & 36 & 252 \end{array} \right| \xrightarrow{\Sigma_3 = \Sigma_3 - 6\Sigma_1} \left| \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & 6 & 24 \\ 14 & 36 & 168 \end{array} \right| \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \left| \begin{array}{cc} 6 & 24 \\ 36 & 168 \end{array} \right| + 0 - 0 = 2 \left| \begin{array}{cc} 6 & 24 \\ 36 & 168 \end{array} \right| \text{ το οποίο έχει ορίζουσα}$$

$$2(6 \cdot 168 - 24 \cdot 36) = 2 \cdot 144 = \boxed{288}$$

Εν τέλει προκύπτει ότι $\boxed{\det(A) = 288}$ το οποίο επαληθεύεται στο Octave
(βείτε askhsh1.jpg)

Άσκηση 2

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a) \det(B) = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\Sigma_3 = \Sigma_3 - 2\Sigma_2} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -6 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\Sigma_4 = \Sigma_4 - 3\Sigma_2}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -6 & -8 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & -6 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & -6 & -8 \\ 2 & -6 & -6 \end{vmatrix} - 1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -6 & -8 \\ 1 & -1 & -6 \end{vmatrix} + 0 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -8 \\ 1 & 2 & -6 \end{vmatrix} - 0 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & -6 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & -6 & -8 \\ 1 & -1 & -6 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\Sigma_1 = \Sigma_1 - 3\Sigma_2} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 & -4 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -6 & 0 \\ -1 & -4 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 4 & -4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$+ 0 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & -6 \\ 4 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 4 & -4 \end{vmatrix} = 20(-4) - (4)(4) = -96$$

Επομένως $\det(B) = -96 \neq 0$ άρα υπάρχει ο B^{-1}

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad \text{Επειδή όπως το στοιχείο (1,1) είναι 0, βρίσκουμε το πρώτο μη μηδενικό στοιχείο στην στήλη 1 και το ανταλλάζουμε.}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\Sigma_1 = \frac{\Sigma_1}{3}} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 1/3 & 2/3 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_3 = \Gamma_3 - 2\Gamma_1 \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 1/3 & 2/3 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -20/3 & -28/3 & -3 & -1/3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 8/3 & -2/3 & 0 & -1/3 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_4 = \Gamma_4 - \Gamma_1 \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 1/3 & 2/3 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2/3 & -1/3 & 0 & -2/3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 8/3 & -2/3 & 0 & -1/3 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_3 = \Gamma_3 - 3\Gamma_2 \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 1/3 & 2/3 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -20/3 & -28/3 & -3 & -2/3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 8/3 & -2/3 & 0 & -1/3 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_4 = \Gamma_4 - 2\Gamma_2 \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 1/3 & 2/3 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -20/3 & -28/3 & -3 & -2/3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -4/3 & -20/3 & -2 & -1/3 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_3 = -\frac{3\Gamma_3}{20} \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 1/3 & 2/3 & 0 & 1/3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/5 & 9/20 & 1/10 & -3/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -4/3 & -20/3 & -2 & -1/3 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_1 = \Gamma_1 - \frac{\Gamma_3}{3} \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/5 & -3/20 & 3/10 & 1/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/5 & 9/20 & 1/10 & -3/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -4/3 & -20/3 & -2 & -1/3 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_2 = \Gamma_2 - 2\Gamma_3 \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/5 & -3/20 & 3/10 & 1/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/5 & 1/10 & -1/5 & 3/10 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/5 & 9/20 & 1/10 & -3/20 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_4 = \Gamma_4 - \frac{4\Gamma_3}{3}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/5 & -3/20 & 3/10 & 1/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/5 & 1/10 & -1/5 & 3/10 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/5 & 9/20 & 1/10 & -3/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -24/5 & -7/5 & -1/5 & -1/5 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_4 = \frac{5\Gamma_4}{24}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/5 & -3/20 & 3/10 & 1/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/5 & 1/10 & -1/5 & 3/10 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/5 & 9/20 & 1/10 & -3/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/24 & 1/24 & 1/24 & -5/24 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_1 = \Gamma_1 - \frac{\Gamma_4}{5}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -5/24 & 7/24 & 1/24 & 1/24 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/5 & 1/10 & -1/5 & 3/10 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/5 & 9/20 & 1/10 & -3/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/24 & 1/24 & 1/24 & -5/24 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_2 = \Gamma_2 - \frac{\Gamma_4}{5}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -5/24 & 7/24 & 1/24 & 1/24 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/24 & -5/24 & 7/24 & 1/24 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/5 & 9/20 & 1/10 & -3/20 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/24 & 1/24 & 1/24 & -5/24 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Gamma_3 = \Gamma_3 - \frac{7\Gamma_4}{5}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -5/24 & 7/24 & 1/24 & 1/24 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1/24 & -5/24 & 7/24 & 1/24 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1/24 & 1/24 & -5/24 & 7/24 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 7/24 & 1/24 & 1/24 & -5/24 \end{array} \right]$$

Επομένως

$$B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -5/24 & 7/24 & 1/24 & 1/24 \\ 1/24 & -5/24 & 7/24 & 1/24 \\ 1/24 & 1/24 & -5/24 & 7/24 \\ 7/24 & 1/24 & 1/24 & -5/24 \end{bmatrix}$$

8) Δείτε askhsh 2a.jpg

$$8) \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B \cdot B^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 8 & 6 & 8 \\ 8 & 14 & 8 & 6 \\ 6 & 8 & 14 & 8 \\ 8 & 6 & 8 & 14 \end{bmatrix} = 2 \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 4 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 7 & 4 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 7 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 & 4 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Άσκηση 4

$$\Delta = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v. \delta. 0 \quad \Delta^2 = 4I$$

$$\Delta^2 = \Delta \cdot \Delta = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= 4 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = 4I$$

Επομένως

$$\boxed{\Delta^2 = 4I}$$

$$AM = \tau\pi 4726$$

$$\Delta^{\tau} = \Delta^{4726} = (\Delta^{2363})^2 (\Delta^2)^{2363} = (4I)^{2363} = \boxed{4^{2363} \cdot I}$$