# **NATIONAL AND KAPODISTRIAN UNIVERSITY OF ATHENS**



**Student's full-name**: Spanos Nikolaos

**Academic Number**: 7115112100023

**Teacher**: Koumparakis Manolis

1st academic homework exercise of course Knowledge Graphs

Academic year: 2022-2023

Master of Science in Computer Science

# HW1 – Knowledge Graphs

# Contents

Exercise 1 (DBpedia)	3
Part 1: Familiarize with DBpedia and Wikipedia knowledge	3
Part 2: Use of the public SPARQL endpoint over DBpedia to execute assigned queries	4
2.1 Find all Greek wines known by DBpedia and the region of Greece where they are produ	
2.2 Find all the Greek universities known to DBpedia. Output their name, the city that they located and the number of prime ministers of Greece that have graduated from them (order answers by this number)	er
Exercise 2 (Querying the Greek administrative geography dataset using SPARQL)	8
Question 1	8
Question 2	9
Question 3	9
Question 4	10
Question 5	11
Question 6	12
Question 7	12
Question 8	14
Exercise 3 (http://schema.org)	15
Question 1	15
Question 2	16
Question 3	16
Question 4	17
Question 5	17
Question 6	18
Question 7	19
Question 8	20
Exercise 4	21
References - Resources	22

# Exercise 1 (DBpedia)

# Part 1: Familiarize with DBpedia and Wikipedia knowledge

Please note that you may also find the code of this part in the file exercise1\_code.txt.

To familiarize with DBpedia and SPARQL queries I have queried the resource of the Greek writer Nikos Kazantzakis as described in the outline of the exercise.

An example of a SPARQL query I wrote to return:

- resource IRI
- Nationality of the Greek writer
- Death place of the Greek writer
- Abstract of the resource (in Greek «Βίος»)

# Query

```
PREFIX dbp: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/property/">http://dbpedia.org/property/</a>
PREFIX dbr: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/property/">http://dbpedia.org/property/</a>
PREFIX dbo: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/ontology/">http://dbpedia.org/ontology/</a>

SELECT ?musician ?nationality ?deathDate (GROUP_CONCAT(?deathPlaceLabel; separator=",")
AS ?deathPlaceLabels) ?abstract
WHERE

{
    VALUES ?musician { dbr:Nikos_Kazantzakis }

    ?musician dbo:nationality ?nationality;
        dbo:deathDate ?deathDate;
        dbo:deathPlace/rdfs:label ?deathPlaceLabel;
        dbo:abstract ?abstract .

FILTER(lang(?abstract) = 'en') .
FILTER(lang(?deathPlaceLabel) = 'en') .
} GROUP BY ?musician ?nationality ?deathDate ?abstract
```

#### Result

SPARQL | HTML5 table

musician nationality deathDate deathPlaceLabels abstract

http://dbpedia.org/resource/Nikos Kazantzakis http://dbpedia.org/resource/Nikos

# Part 2: Use of the public SPARQL endpoint over DBpedia to execute assigned queries

2.1 Find all Greek wines known by DBpedia and the region of Greece where they are produced.

Initially, I used the resource IRI: Greek wine. My method had the following steps:

- Retrieve all the wikiLinks from the Greek wine resource.
- Filter out the wikiLinks with rdf:type dbo:Species. Basically, keep only the links that described a grape specie.
- From those filtered out, select their wikiLinks with rdf:type dbo:Location.
- Finally, we have Greek wines from a grape specie and their origin of type Location.

# (First try) Query

```
PREFIX dbo: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/ontology/">http://dbpedia.org/ontology/>
PREFIX dbp: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/property/">http://dbpedia.org/property/>
PREFIX dbr: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/resource/">http://dbpedia.org/resource/</a>
SELECT ?pageLink ?wineName (GROUP_CONCAT(?wineRegion; separator=", ") AS ?wineRegions)
WHERE
  VALUES ?winePage { dbr:Greek wine }
  ?winePage dbo:wikiPageWikiLink ?pageLink .
  ?pageLink rdfs:label ?wineName .
  ?pageLink dbo:abstract ?desc .
  ?pageLink dbo:wikiPageWikiLink ?pageRegion .
  ?pageRegion rdfs:label ?wineRegion .
  FILTER EXISTS { ?pageLink rdf:type dbo:Species }
  FILTER EXISTS { ?pageRegion rdf:type dbo:Location }
  FILTER (regex(?desc, "Greek")).
  FILTER (lang(?wineName) = 'en').
  FILTER (lang(?wineRegion) = 'en').
} GROUP BY ?pageLink ?winePage ?wineName
```

# Result of the first try query

SPARQL   HTML5 table		
pageLink	wineName	wineRegions
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Kotsifali	"Kotsifali"@en	Cyclades, Crete, Heraklion (regional unit)
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Xinomavro	"Xinomavro"@en	Amyntaio, Velventos, Gansu, Goumenissa, Naousa, Imathia, Trikomo, Greece, Mount Athos, Greece, Macedonia (Greece), Magnesia (regional unit), Siatista, In
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Athiri	"Athiri"@en	Rhodes, Greece
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Mandilaria	"Mandilaria"@en	Greece
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Agiorgitiko	"Agiorgitiko"@en	Beaujolais, Argolis, Epirus (region), Naousa, Imathia, Greece, Macedonia (Greece), Peloponnese, Corinthia, Metsovo
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Debina_(grape)	"Debina (grape)"@er	n Albania, Epirus (region), Greece, Zitsa
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Malagousia	"Malagousia"@en	Nafpaktia
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Moschofilero	"Moschofilero"@en	Greece, Mantineia, Peloponnese
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Assyrtiko	"Assyrtiko"@en	Santorini (wine), Santorini, Chalkidiki, Clare Valley, Aegean Sea, South Australia, Greece, Paros
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Limnio	"Limnio"@en	Mount Athos, Greece, Macedonia (Greece), Lemnos

Even though the filtered wines have a Greek origin, from the output we are missing other also well-known Greek wines, like <u>Mavrodaphne</u>, <u>Rhoditis</u>, etc. In my second try I used the resource IRI: <u>Grape varieties of Greece</u>. After trying different IRI's such as <u>Greek wine</u> and <u>Wine</u>.

# Query

```
PREFIX dbo: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/ontology/">http://dbpedia.org/ontology/>
PREFIX dbp: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/property/">http://dbpedia.org/property/</a>
PREFIX dbr: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/resource/">http://dbpedia.org/resource/</a>
SELECT ?winePage ?wineName (GROUP_CONCAT(?wineRegion; separator=", ") AS
?wineRegions)
WHERE
{
  VALUES ?wine { dbc:Grape varieties of Greece }
  ?wine ^dbo:wikiPageWikiLink ?winePage .
  ?winePage rdfs:label ?wineName .
  ?winePage dbo:abstract ?desc .
  ?winePage dbo:wikiPageWikiLink ?pageLink .
  ?pageLink rdfs:label ?wineRegion .
  FILTER EXISTS { ?pageLink rdf:type dbo:Location }
  FILTER NOT EXISTS { ?winePage rdf:type dbo:WineRegion }
  FILTER (regex(?desc, "Greek")).
  FILTER ( lang(?wineName) = 'en' ) .
  FILTER (lang(?wineRegion) = 'en').
GROUP BY ?winePage ?wineName
```

#### Result

SPARQL   HTML5 table		
winePage	wineName	wineRegions
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Muscat_Blanc_à_Petits_Grains	"Muscat Blanc à Petits Grains"@en	France, Australia, Frontignan, Alsace, Samos, Ancient Rome, Germany, Marseille, Italy, Moscato d'Asti, Narbonne, La Mancha (T
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Kotsifali	"Kotsifali"@en	Cyclades, Crete, Heraklion (regional unit)
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Grechetto	"Grechetto"@en	Umbria, Italy, Torgiano, Tuscany, Cervaro, Lazio, Greece, Foiano della Chiana, Todi, Orvieto, Spoleto
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Mavrodafni	"Mavrodafni"@en	Achaea, Peloponnese
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Assyrtiko	"Assyrtiko"@en	Santorini (wine), Clare Valley, Santorini, Aegean Sea, Chalkidiki, South Australia, Greece, Paros
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Athiri	"Athiri"@en	Rhodes, Greece
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Negoska	"Negoska"@en	Goumenissa, Central Macedonia
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Vidiano	"Vidiano"@en	Rethymno (regional unit), Crete, Heraklion (regional unit)
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Lagorthi	"Lagorthi"@en	Macedonia (Greece)
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Moschofilero	"Moschofilero"@en	Greece, Mantineia, Peloponnese
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Limnio	"Limnio"@en	Mount Athos, Greece, Macedonia (Greece), Lemnos
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Malagousia	"Malagousia"@en	Nafpaktia
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Aidini	"Aidini"@en	Santorini (wine), Aegean Sea
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Robola	"Robola"@en	Ionian Islands, Cephalonia
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Rhoditis	"Rhoditis"@en	Volos, Pomorie, Bulgaria, Greece, Peloponnese, Thessaly, Patras
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Vilana	"Vilana"@en	Crete, Greece
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Thrapsathiri	"Thrapsathiri"@en	Cyclades, Crete
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Romeiko	"Romeiko"@en	Byzantine Empire, Chania, Crete, Greece, Sherry, Kissamos
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Xinomavro	"Xinomavro"@en	Velventos, Amyntaio, Gansu, Goumenissa, Mount Athos, Naousa, Imathia, Trikomo, Greece, Greece, Macedonia (Greece), Magnesia

With the second try and the IRI: <u>Grape varieties of Greece</u>, I managed to return more Greek wines from Greek grape varieties. Thus, making my second sparql query more complete. Even though both queries are correct and returned desired results, the second query returns a broader variety of Greek wines.

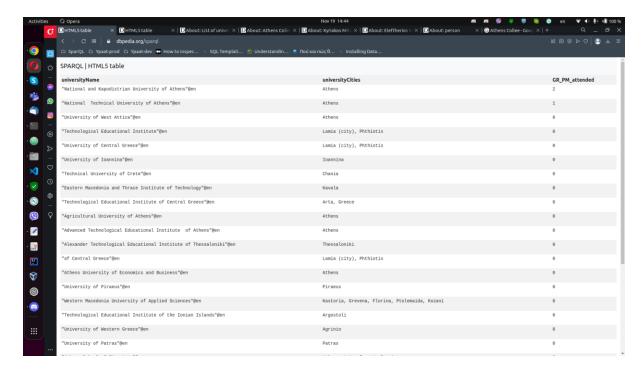
Please note that some Greek wines like for example <u>Retsina</u> is not returned in the results. Even though, we know that is a Greek white wine. This is because in DBpedia, <u>Retsina</u> is documented as a type of Company property and not in the family of grape species.

2.2 Find all the Greek universities known to DBpedia. Output their name, the city that they are located and the number of prime ministers of Greece that have graduated from them (order answers by this number).

To answer this question, I have used the IRI List of universities in Greece.

#### Query

```
PREFIX dbo: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/ontology/">http://dbpedia.org/ontology/>
PREFIX dbp: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/property/">http://dbpedia.org/property/</a>
PREFIX dbr: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/resource/">http://dbpedia.org/resource/</a>
SELECT ?universityName (GROUP_CONCAT(?universityCity; separator=", ") AS
?universityCities) COALESCE(?GR_PM_attended,0) AS ?GR_PM_attended
WHERE
{
  VALUES ?universityURI { dbr:List of universities in Greece }
  ?universityURI ^dbo:type ?universityPage .
  ?universityPage dbp:name ?universityName .
  OPTIONAL { ?universityPage dbp:city/rdfs:label ?universityCity . }
  FILTER(lang(?universityCity) = 'en') .
  OPTIONAL {
    SELECT ?universityPage (COUNT(?primeMinisterResource) as ?GR PM attended)
    WHERE {
       VALUES ?primeMinisterURI { dbr:Prime_Minister_of_Greece }
       ?primeMinisterURI ^dbp:title ?primeMinisterResource .
       OPTIONAL { ?primeMinisterResource dbo:education ?universityPage }
       FILTER EXISTS { ?primeMinisterResource rdf:type/rdfs:subClassOf* dbo:Person }
       FILTER (STRLEN(?universityPage) != 0)
    GROUP BY ?universityPage
  }
}
GROUP BY ?universityPage ?universityName ?GR PM attended
ORDER BY DESC(?GR PM attended)
```



For validation, there are three educational institutions where a Greek Prime Minister have attended. However, since <u>Athens College</u> is not listed as a Greek University it's not present in the final result (check screenshot above).

Below I present an investigation SPARQL query to return the education institution attended by the Greek Prime Ministers.

# **Investigation Query**

```
PREFIX dbo: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/ontology/">http://dbpedia.org/property/">http://dbpedia.org/property/</a>
PREFIX dbr: <a href="http://dbpedia.org/resource/">http://dbpedia.org/resource/</a>

SELECT ?universityName ?primeMinisterResource
WHERE {
    VALUES ?primeMinisterURI { dbr:Prime_Minister_of_Greece }
    ?primeMinisterURI ^dbp:title ?primeMinisterResource .
    OPTIONAL { ?primeMinisterResource dbo:education ?universityName }
    ?universityName dbo:abstract ?desc .
    FILTER EXISTS { ?primeMinisterResource rdf:type/rdfs:subClassOf*
    dbo:Person }
    FILTER (STRLEN(?universityName) != 0)
    FILTER (CONTAINS (STR (?desc), 'Greece'))
}
```

#### Result

nesait	
SPARQL   HTML5 table	
universityName	primeMinisterResource
http://dbpedia.org/resource/Athens_College	http://dbpedia.org/resource/Kyriakos_Mitsotakis
http://dbpedia.org/resource/National_Technical_University_of_Athens	http://dbpedia.org/resource/Alexis_Tsipras
http://dbpedia.org/resource/National_and_Kapodistrian_University_of_Athens	http://dbpedia.org/resource/Georgios_Athanasiadis-Novas
http://dbpedia.org/resource/National_and_Kapodistrian_University_of_Athens	http://dbpedia.org/resource/Panagis_Tsaldaris

Kyriakos Mitsotakis is the Greek Prime Minister to not have attended a Greek University.

# Exercise 2 (Querying the Greek administrative geography dataset using SPARQL)

Please not that you may also found the results of each query in the folder *exercise2\_results* in the project's deliverables folder. Because some of the queries had a great number of rows retuned, I couldn't present all the results in one screenshot. That's why I have also printed the stdout of the java code to txt files.

#### Question 1

Give the official name and population of each municipality ( $\delta \dot{\eta} \mu \sigma c$ ) of Greece.

#### Query

```
result.naNext(): true
[sunicipalityName="AMMOT ITANOY; municipalityPopulation="2442"^<htp://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>]
sunicipalityName="AMMOT IRAAMA; municipalityPopulation="2942"^<htp>[sunicipalityName="AMMOT IRAAMA; municipalityPopulation="8207"^<htp>[sunicipalityName="AMMOT IRAAMA; municipalityPopulation="8202"^<htp>[sunicipalityName="AMMOT IRAAMA; municipalityPopulation="8202"^<htp>[sunicipalityName="AMMOT IRAAMA; municipalityPopulation="8208"^<htp>[sunicipalityName="AMMOT IRAAMA; municipalityPopulation="8208"^<htp>[sunicipalityNa
```

For each region (περιφέρεια) of Greece, give its official name, the official name of each regional unit (περιφερειακή ενότητα) that belongs to it, and the official name of each municipality (δήμος) in this regional unit. Organize your answer by region, regional unit and municipality.

# Query

```
//For each region (περιφέρεια) of Greece, give its official name, the official name of each
//regional unit (περιφερειακή ενότητα) that belongs to it, and the official name of each
//municipality (δήμος) in this regional unit. Organize your answer by region, regional unit
//and municipality.
String querystring2 =

" PREFIX gag: <http://geo.linkedopendata.gr/gag/ontology/>" +

" SELECT ?regionOfficialName ?regionalUnitOfficialName ?municipalityOfficialName " +

" WHERE { " +

" ?regionURI rdf:type gag:Περιφέρεια ." +

" ?regionUnitURI rdf:type gag:Περιφέρειακή Ενότητα ." +

" ?regionUnitURI gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?regionOfficialName ." +

" ?regionUnitURI gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?regionalUnitOfficialName ." +

" WHERE { " +

" ?regionUnitURI rdf:type gag:Περιφέρειακή Ενότητα ." +

" ?regionUnitURI rdf:type gag:Δήμος . " +

" ?regionUnitURI gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?regionalUnitOfficialName ." +

" ?regionUnitURI gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?regionalUnitOfficialName ." +

" ?municipalityURI gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?regionalUnitOfficialName ." +

" ?municipalityURI gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?municipalityOfficialName ." +

" ?municipalityURI gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?municipalityOfficialName ." +

" }" +

" PREFIX gag: Δημος ." +

" ?municipalityURI gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?municipalityOfficialName ." +

" ?municipalityURI gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?municipalityOfficialName
```

# Result

```
RESULT MARROXT(): true
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT NETTO"; regionalUnitOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA KABAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT NATATO"; regionalUnitOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA KABAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT KABAMAX"; regionalUnitOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA KABAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT REGIONAZ 0PAKHE"; regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA ADAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT REGIONAZ 0PAKHE"; regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA ADAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT REGIONAZ 0PAKHE"; regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA ADAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT REGIONAZ 0PAKHE"; regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA ADAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT REGIONAZ 0PAKHE"; regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA ADAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT REGIONAZ 0PAKHE"; regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA ADAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT REGIONAZ 0PAKHE"; regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA ADAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIA AN, MAKEADNIAZ 0PAKHE"; municipalityOfficialName="AMMOT REGIONAZ 0PAKHE"; regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA ADAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP14PPEIAKH ENOTHA ADAMAX"]
[regionOfficialName="IPP
```

# Question 3

For each municipality of the region Peloponnese with population more than 5,000 people, give its official name, its population, and the regional unit it belongs to. Organize your answer by municipality and regional unit.

#### Query

#### Result

```
result.hasNext(): true
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX NEMEAE"; regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA NORTHWITE", municipalityPopulation="7774"~http://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX NOTTAE KYNOYTAE"; regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA MEXHMIAE", municipalityPopulation="8647"~chttp://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX ENDAYDWP: regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA APKAIAE", municipalityPopulation="9787"^chttp://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX ENDAYDWP: regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA APKAIAE", municipalityPopulation="12824"^chttp://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX ENDAYDWP: regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA APKAIAE", municipalityPopulation="12825"^chttp://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX ENDAYDWP: regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA APKAIAE", municipalityPopulation="12825"^chttp://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX ENDAYDWP: regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA APKAIAE", municipalityPopulation="1352"^chttp://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX ENDAYDWP: regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA APKAIAE", municipalityPopulation="1352"^chttp://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX ENOTHAEC", regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA APKAIAE", municipalityPopulation="1352"*chttp://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX ENOTHAEC", regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA APKAIAE", municipalityPopulation="1352"*chttp://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX ENOTHAEC", regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA APKAIAE", municipalityPopulation="1352"*chttp://www.w3.org/2001/XM.Schema#integer>]
[sumicipalityOfficialName="AMMOX ENOTHAEC", regionalUnitOfficialName="REPIGEPEIANH ENOTHTA APK
```

# Question 4

For each municipality of Peloponnese for which we have no seat  $(\xi \delta \rho \alpha)$  information in the dataset, give its official name.

#### Query

```
//For each municipality of <u>Peloponnese</u> for which we have no seat (έδρα) information in
//the <u>dataset</u>, give its official name.
String <u>queryString4</u> =

" PREFIX gag: <a href="mailto:string-name">string queryString4</a> =

" PREFIX gag: <a href="mailto:string-name">string queryString4</a> =

" PREFIX gag: <a href="mailto:string-name">string queryString que
```

```
result.hasNext(): true
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΟΙΧΑΛΙΑΣ"]
municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΚΑΛΑΜΑΤΑΣ"]
municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΠΥΛΟΥ-ΝΕΣΤΟΡΟΣ"]
municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΔΥΤΙΚΗΣ ΜΑΝΗΣ"]
||municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΜΕΣΣΗΝΗΣ"|
|municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΤΡΙΦΥΛΙΑΣ"|
|municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΒΕΛΟΥ-ΒΟΧΑΣ"|
municipalityOfficialName="AHMOΣ ΣΙΚΥΩΝΙΩΝ"]
municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΞΥΛΟΚΑΣΤΡΟΥ-ΕΥΡΩΣΤΙΝΗΣ"]
municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΛΟΥΤΡΑΚΙΟΥ-ΑΓ.ΘΕΟΔΩΡΩΝ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΚΟΡΙΝΘΊΩΝ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΝΕΜΕΑΣ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΕΥΡΩΤΑ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΜΟΝΕΜΒΑΣΙΑΣ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΣΠΑΡΤΗΣ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΕΛΑΦΟΝΗΣΟΥ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΑΝΑΤΟΛΙΚΗΣ ΜΑΝΗΣ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΤΡΙΠΟΛΗΣ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΒΟΡΕΙΑΣ ΚΥΝΟΥΡΙΑΣ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΜΕΓΑΛΟΠΟΛΗΣ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΓΟΡΤΥΝΙΑΣ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΝΟΤΙΑΣ ΚΥΝΟΥΡΙΑΣ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΝΑΥΠΛΙΕΩΝ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΑΡΓΟΥΣ-ΜΥΚΗΝΩΝ"]
 municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΕΠΙΔΑΥΡΟΥ"]
[municipalityOfficialName="ΔΗΜΟΣ ΕΡΜΙΟΝΙΔΑΣ"]
```

For each municipality of Peloponnese, give its official name and all the administrative divisions of Greece that it belongs to according to Kallikratis. Your query should be the simplest one possible, and it should not use any explicit knowledge of how many levels of administration are imposed by Kallikratis.

# Query

```
//For each municipality of <u>Peloponnese</u>, give its official name and all the administrative
//divisions of Greece that it belongs to according to <u>Kallikratis</u>. Your query should be the
//simplest one possible, and it should not use any explicit knowledge of how many levels
//of administration are imposed by <u>Kallikratis</u>.
string queryString5 =
                            PREFIX gag: <http://geo.linkedopendata.gr/gag/ontology/>" +
SELECT ?municipalityOfficialName ?superclassNames" +
```

```
PEPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA AAKONIAZ, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE MUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAme="AHMOZ APROVZ-MYKHKUN"; superclassNames="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZ, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAme="AHMOZ BEADY-BOAZ"; superclassNames="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZ, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAme="AHMOZ BOENZAK KYNOVPIAZ"; superclassNames="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZ, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMAGAM, MUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAME="AHMOZ BOTAL" SUPERCLASSNAMES="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZ, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMAGAM, MUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAME="AHMOZ STATE" SUPERCLASSNAMES="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZ, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMAGAM, MUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAME="AHMOZ ENTOTA" SUPERCLASSNAMES="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZ, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMAGAM, MUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAME="AHMOZ ENTOTA" SUPERCLASSNAMES="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZ, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMAGAM, MUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAME="AHMOZ EPIOANAME" SUPERCLASSNAMES="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZA, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMAGAM, MUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAME="AHMOZ ENTOTA" SUPERCLASSNAMES="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZA, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMAGAM, MUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAME="AHMOZ ENTOTA" SUPERCLASSNAMES="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZA, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMAGAM, MUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAME="AHMOZ ENTOTA" SUPERCLASSNAMES="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA APROAIAZA, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMENH ATOIKHEM READRONNHEOY-AYTIKHE EMAGAM, MUNICIPALITYOFFICIANAME="AHMOZ ENTOTA" SUPERCLASSNAMES="REPISEPEIAKH ENOTHTA AREZENTAZ, REPISEPEIA READRONNHEOY, AROKENTPOMEN
```

For each region of Greece, give its official name, how many municipalities belong to it, the official name of each regional unit ( $\pi\epsilon$ ριφερειακή ενότητα) that belongs to it, and how many municipalities belong to that regional unit.

# Query

# Result

```
result.hasNext(): true
[regionalUnitOfficialName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA &PAMAZ";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="5"^\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIA AN. MAKE [regionalUnitOfficialName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA &BROV";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="5"^\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIA AN. MAKE [regionalUnitOfficialName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KABAAZ";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="3"^\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIA AN. MAKE [regionalUnitOfficialName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KABAAZ";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="3"^\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIA AN. MAKE [regionalUnitOfficialName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA ABMADAX";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="3"^\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIA AN. MAKE [regionalUnitOfficialName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA AMATOXIKIKE ATTIKKE";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="3"^\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIA AN. MAKE [regionalUnitOfficialName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA AWATOXIKIKE ATTIKKE";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="12"^\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XMTIKOY TOMEA A0HNON";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="12"\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XMTIKOY TOMEA A0HNON";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="5"\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XMTIKOY TOMEA A0HNON";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="5"\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XMTIKOY TOMEA A0HNON";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="5"\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XMTIKOY TOMEA A0HNON";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="5"\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XMTIKOY";NumberRegionalUnitMunicipalities="5"\http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>;regionName="nEPIΦEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XMTIKOY";NumberRegionalUnit
```

## Question 7

Check the consistency of the dataset regarding stated populations: the sum of the populations of all administrative units A of level L must be equal to the population of the administrative unit B of level L+1 to which all administrative units A belong to. (You have to write one query only.)

## Query

#### Result

```
derminated TextData Jaw Application //now/nopanacy/Documents/MSCComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputers/inscComputer
```

However, since the result of question 7 is not very intuitive (many rows to check), I have created the below verification query to assert the validity of the main point of the question the sum of the populations of all administrative units A of level L must be equal to the population of the administrative unit B of level L+1.

To do so, I created a logical comparison for the population of the parent (L+1) with the total sum of population for the children (L). The statement checks

```
If total child population != total parent population, then 1
```

Else If total child population = total parent population, then 0

# **Verification Query**

#### Result

```
result.hasNext(): true
[conditionCount="0"^^<http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#integer>]
```

Thus, we can conclude that the child population (L) is equal to the parent population (L+1) per administrative level.

Give the decentralized administrations (αποκεντρωμένες διοικήσεις) of Greece that consist of more than two regional units. (You cannot use SPARQL 1.1 aggregate operators to express this query.)

#### Query

```
//Give the decentralized administrations (αποκεντρωμένες διοικήσεις) of Greece that
//consist of more than two regional units. (You cannot use SPARQL 1.1 aggregate
//operators to express this query.)

String queryString8 =

"PREFIX gag: Ahttp://geo.linkedopendata.gr/gag/ontology/>\n" +

"SELECT DISTINCT ?decentralizedAdminName" +

"WHERE { " +

" ?adminUri rdf:type gag:Aποκεντρωμένη_Διοίκηση . "+

" ?adminUri gag:έχει επίσημο ὁνομα ?decentralizedAdminName ." +

" ?region gag:ανήκει_σε ?adminUri . " +

" ?regionalUnit j gag:ανήκει σε ?region . " +

" ?regionalUnit j gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?ru 1 . " +

" ?regionalUnit j gag:άχει επίσημο όνομα ?ru 2 . " +

" ?regionalUnit j gag:άχει επίσημο όνομα ?ru 3 . " +

" ?regionalUnit j gag:έχει επίσημο όνομα ?ru 3 . " +

" FILTER(?regionalUnit 1 != ?regionalUnit 2 && ?regionalUnit 1 != ?regionalUnit 3)" +

" }

";
```

The answer is hidden in the filter statement. I have queried the object property ΠΕΡΙΦΕΡΕΙΑΚΗ ENOTHTA (regional unit) three different times. And I have returned the decentralized administrations with at least three different regional units. The rules are:

- The first regional unit should differ from the second and the third regional unit(s).
- The second regional unit should differ from the first and the third regional unit(s).
- The third regional unit should differ from the first and the second regional unit(s).

Thus, returning decentralized administrations with at least three (more that two) different regional units.

## Result

```
result.hasNext(): true
[decentralizedAdminName="ΑΠΟΚΕΝΤΡΩΜΕΝΗ ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΗ ΠΕΛΟΠΟΝΝΗΣΟΥ-ΔΥΤΙΚΗΣ ΕΛΛΑΔΑΣ-ΙΟΝΙΟΥ"]
[decentralizedAdminName="ΑΠΟΚΕΝΤΡΩΜΕΝΗ ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΗ ΑΤΤΙΚΗΣ"]
[decentralizedAdminName="ΑΠΟΚΕΝΤΡΩΜΕΝΗ ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΗ ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΙΑΣ-ΘΡΑΚΗΣ"]
[decentralizedAdminName="ΑΠΟΚΕΝΤΡΩΜΕΝΗ ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΗ ΗΠΕΙΡΟΥ-ΔΥΤΙΚΗΣ ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΙΑΣ"]
[decentralizedAdminName="ΑΠΟΚΕΝΤΡΩΜΕΝΗ ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΗ ΘΕΣΣΑΛΙΑΣ-ΣΤΕΡΕΑΣ ΕΛΛΑΔΑΣ"]
[decentralizedAdminName="ΑΠΟΚΕΝΤΡΩΜΕΝΗ ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΗ ΑΙΓΑΙΟΥ"]
[decentralizedAdminName="ΑΠΟΚΕΝΤΡΩΜΕΝΗ ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΗ ΚΡΗΤΗΣ"]
```

To verify the results, I have also written the query below that print three different regional units per decentralized administration.

# Verification query

```
//verification query

String queryString8_1 =

" PREFIX gag: <a href="https://geo.linkedopendata.gr/gag/ontology/>\n" +

" SELECT DISTINCT ?decentralizedAdminName ?ru_1 ?ru_2 ?ru_3" +

" WHERE { " +

" ?adminUri rdf:type gag:Aποκεντρωμένη Διοίκηση . "+

" ?adminUri gag:έχει_επίσημο_όνομα ?decentralizedAdminName ." +

" ?region agg:ανήκει_σε ?adminUri ." +

" ?regionalUnit 1 gag:ανήκει σε ?region . " +

" ?regionalUnit 1 gag:έχει_επίσημο_όνομα ?ru_1 . " +

" ?regionalUnit 2 gag:άχει_επίσημο_όνομα ?ru_2 . " +

" ?regionalUnit 2 gag:ανήκει_σε ?region ." +

" ?regionalUnit 2 gag:ανήκει_σε ?region ." +

" ?regionalUnit 2 gag:ανήκει_σε ?region ." +

" ?regionalUnit 3 gag:ανήκει_σε ?region ." +

" ?regionalUnit 3 gag:ανήκει_σε ?region ." +

" ?regionalUnit 3 gag:ανήκει σε ?region ." +

" ?regionalUnit 4 gag:ανήκει σε ?region ." +

" ?regionalUn
```

```
<terminated> TestData [Java Application]/home/nspanos/Documents/M5cComputerScience/Fall2022/KnowledgeTechnologies/eclipse/plugins/org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.inux.x86_e4_17.0.4.1
[ru 1="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA WHADV"; ru 2="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA THNOV"; decentralizedAdminName="ANDKENTPOMENH AIDIKHEH AITAIOV"]
[ru 1="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 2="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA THNOV"; decentralizedAdminName="ANDKENTPOMENH AIDIKHEH AITAIOV"]
[ru 1="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA THNOV"; decentralizedAdminName="ANDKENTPOMENH AIDIKHEH AITAIOV"]
[ru 1="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XYPOV"; ru 2="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA THNOV"; decentralizedAdminName="ANDKENTPOMENH AIDIKHEH AITAIOV"]
[ru 1="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XAPIAGOV"; ru 2="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA THNOV"; decentralizedAdminName="ANDKENTPOMENH AIDIKHEH AITAIOV"]
[ru 1="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XAPIAGOV"; ru 2="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XPOV"; decentralizedAdminName="ANDKENTPOMENH AIDIKHEH AITAIOV"]
[ru 1="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XAPIAGOV"; ru 2="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XPOV"; decentralizedAdminName="ANDKENTPOMENH AIDIKHEH AITAIOV"]
[ru 1="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XPOV"; decentralizedAdminName="ANDKENTPOMENH AIDIKHEH AITAIOV"]
[ru 1="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA KAPIAGOV"; ru 3="nEPIGEPEIAKH ENOTHTA XPOV"; decentralizedAdminName="ANDKENTPOMENH AIDIKHEH AITA
```

# Exercise 3 (http://schema.org)

Please not that you may also found the results of each query in the folder *exercise3\_results* in the project's deliverables folder. Because some of the queries had a great number of rows retuned, I couldn't present all the results in one screenshot. That's why I have also printed the stdout of the java code to txt files.

Also note that the four (4) questions have been reported as eight (8). Four with inference and 8 without inference.

The question pairs are as follows:

- Question 1 Question 5
- Question 2 Question 6
- Question 3 Question 7
- Question 4 Question 8

The results and the SPARQL queries should be compared only among each pair.

#### Question 1

(With inference) Find all subclasses of class CollegeOrUniversity (note that http://schema.org/prefers to use the equivalent term "type" for "class").

#### Query

No subclasses returned. Since no subclass exist, without inference we will have the same results (check results below in question 5).

#### Question 2

Find all the superclasses of class CollegeOrUniversity.

#### Query

```
// WITH INFERENCE
String queryString2 =
    " PREFIX schema: <https://schema.org/>" +
    " SELECT ?superclassName " +
    " WHERE { " +
    " ?superclass ^rdfs:subClassOf schema:CollegeOrUniversity ." +
    " ?superclass rdfs:label ?superclassName ." +
    " FILTER ( ?superclass != schema:CollegeOrUniversity )" +
    " }" ;
```

#### Result

```
<terminated> TestWithRDFS [Java Application] /home/r
Repository loaded
Query:
   PREFIX schema: <https://schema.org/> SELECT ?
[superclassName="EducationalOrganization"]
[superclassName="CivicStructure"]
[superclassName="Organization"]
[superclassName="Place"]
[superclassName="Thing"]
```

Below I present a different approach with similar results. Basically, I make use of the GROUP CONCAT method of SPARQL 1.1 endpoint.

# **Alternative Query**

```
// Find all the <u>superclasses</u> of class CollegeOrUniversity.
String <u>queryString2_1 =</u>
    " PREFIX schema: <a href="https://schema.org/>" +
    " SELECT ?className (GROUP_CONCAT(?superclassName; separator=',') AS ?superclassNames) " +
    " WHERE { " +
    " schema:CollegeOrUniversity rdfs:label ?className ." +
    " ?superclass ^rdfs:subClassOf schema:CollegeOrUniversity ." +
    " ?superclass rdfs:label ?superclassName ." +
    " FILTER ( ?superclass != schema:CollegeOrUniversity )" +
    " } GROUP BY ?className ";
```

#### **Alternative Result**

```
<terminated> TestWithRDFS [Java Application] /home/nspanos/Documents/MScComputerScience/Fall2022/KnowledgeTechnologies/eclipse/plugin
Repository loaded
Query:
    PREFIX schema: <a href="https://schema.org/">https://schema.org/</a> SELECT ?className (GROUP_CONCAT(?superclassName; separator=',') AS ?superclassNames)
[className="CollegeOrUniversity"; superclassNames="EducationalOrganization,CivicStructure,Organization,Place,Thing"]
```

# Question 3

Find all properties defined for the class CollegeOrUniversity together with all the properties inherited by its superclasses.

#### Query

#### Result

#### Question 4

Find all classes that are subclasses of class Thing and are found in at most 2 levels of subclass relationships away from Thing.

With the use of the inference, I couldn't find a way to produce the results asked by the question. Having tried different ways, I either managed to return all the subclasses/classes of the ontology or results starting from the last layer of the ontology. For example, classes like Radiography.

# Question 5

The first question without the use of inference.

# Query

#### Result

```
<terminated> TestWithRDFS [Java Application] /home/nspanos/Documents/M
Repository loaded
Query:
   PREFIX schema: <https://schema.org/> SELECT ?subclassName WHERE
```

The result is also empty as in Question 1.

#### Question 6

The second question without the use of inference.

#### Query

```
<terminated> TestWithRDFS [Java Application] /home/nspanos/Documents/MScCom
Repository loaded
Query:
   PREFIX schema: <https://schema.org/> SELECT ?superclassName WHERE {
   [superclassName="EducationalOrganization"]
   [superclassName="CivicStructure"]
   [superclassName="Organization"]
   [superclassName="Place"]
   [superclassName="Thing"]
```

# Alternative Query (with same result)

```
// (Alternative approach) Find all the <u>superclasses</u> of class CollegeOrUniversity.
String queryString6_1 =
    " PREFIX schema: <https://schema.org/>" +
    " SELECT ?className (GROUP_CONCAT(?superclassName; separator=',') AS ?superclassNames) " +
    " WHERE { " +
    " schema:CollegeOrUniversity rdfs:label ?className ." +
    " ?superclass ^rdfs:subClassOf* schema:CollegeOrUniversity ." +
    " ?superclass rdfs:label ?superclassName ." +
    " FILTER ( ?superclass != schema:CollegeOrUniversity )" +
    " } GROUP BY ?className ";
```

#### Result

```
<terminated>TestWithRDFS [Java Application] /home/nspanos/Documents/MScComputerScience/Fall2022/KnowledgeTechnologies/eclipse/plugins/org.eclipse
Repository loaded
Query:
PREFIX schema: <a href="https://schema.org/">https://schema.org/</a> SELECT ?className (GROUP_CONCAT(?superclassName; separator=',') AS ?superclassNames) WHERE {
[className="CollegeOrUniversity";superclassNames="EducationalOrganization,CivicStructure,Organization,Place,Thing"]
```

## Question 7

The third question without the use of inference.

## Query

```
<terminated> TestWithRDFS [Java Application] /home/nspanos/Documents/MScComputerScience/Fall2022/KnowledgeTechnologies/eclipse/plugins/org.eclipse.j
Repository loaded
kerminated TestWithRDFS [Java Application]/home/nspanos/uocuments/maccompaterschance/nanada/
Repository loaded
Query:
    PREFIX schema: <a href="https://schema.org/">https://schema.org/openingHours:propertyValue="apeningHours"</a>; superclassName="CivicStructure"]
[property=https://schema.org/adlinni.propertyValue="alumni"; superclassName="EducationalOrganization"]
[property=https://schema.org/address:propertyValue="address"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/address:propertyValue="address"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/address:propertyValue="address"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/address:propertyValue="address"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/address:propertyValue="alumni"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/address-propertyValue="address"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/address-propertyValue="address-propertyValue="organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/contactPoints:propertyValue="contactPoints"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/contactPoints:propertyValue="contactPoints"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/department;propertyValue="contactPoints"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/department;propertyValue="contactPoints"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/department;propertyValue="department"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/department;propertyValue="department"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/department;propertyValue="department"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/department;propertyValue="department"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/department;propertyValue="department"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https://schema.org/department;propertyValue="department"; superclassName="Organization"]
[property=https:/
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              schema:CollegeOrUniversity
```

The fourth question without the use of inference.

# Query

```
tring queryString8 =

" PREFIX schema: <https://schema.org/>" +

" SELECT ?sub_level_one_name ?sub_level_two_name" +

" WHERE { " +
```

```
terminated> TestWithRDFS [Java Application] /home/nspanos/Documents/MScComputerScience/Fall2022/Knowled
Repository loaded
PREFIX schema: <a href="https://schema.org/">https://schema.org/">https://schema.org/</a> SELECT ?sub_level_one_name ?sub_level_two_name WHERE {
[sub level one name="Action";sub level two name="ConsumeAction"]
[sub_level_one_name="Action";sub_level_two_name="SolveMathAction"]
[sub level one name="Action"; sub level two name="AchieveAction"]
[sub level one name="Action";sub level two name="TradeAction"]
[sub_level_one_name="Action";sub_level_two_name="SearchAction"]
[sub_level_one_name="Action";sub_level_two_name="InteractAction"]
[sub_level_one_name="Action";sub_level_two_name="ControlAction"]
           one name="Action";sub level two name="OrganizeAction"]
[sub level one name="Action"; sub level two name="FindAction"]
[sub_level_one_name="Action";sub_level_two_name="SeekToAction"]
[sub level one name="Action";sub level two name="TransferAction"]
[sub level one name="Action";sub level two name="CreateAction"]
[sub level one name="Action";sub level two name="PlayAction"]
[sub_level_one_name="Action";sub_level_two_name="MoveAction"]
[sub_level_one_name="Action";sub_level_two_name="AssessAction"
[sub_level_one_name="Action";sub_level_two_name="UpdateAction"]
[sub level one name="BioChemEntity";sub level two name="Gene"]
[sub_level one name="BioChemEntity";sub_level two name="MolecularEntity"]
[sub_level_one_name="BioChemEntity";sub_level_two_name="ChemicalSubstance"]
[sub_level_one_name="BioChemEntity";sub_level_two_name="Protein"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="MediaReviewItem"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="Comment"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="Statement"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="ComicStory"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="SpecialAnnouncement"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="PublicationVolume"]
[sub level one name="CreativeWork"; sub level two name="Photograph"]
    level one name="CreativeWork";sub
                                          level two name="Painting"]
[sub level one name="CreativeWork";sub level two name="DefinedTermSet"]
[sub level one name="CreativeWork";sub level two name="ExercisePlan"]
[sub level one name="CreativeWork";sub level two name="Chapter"]
[sub level one name="CreativeWork";sub level two name="HowToDirection"]
[sub level one name="CreativeWork"; sub level two name="Blog"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="Movie"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="MathSolver"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="HyperTocEntry"]
           one name="CreativeWork";sub
                                                 two name="Code"]
[sub level one name="CreativeWork";sub level two name="ShortStory"]
[sub level one name="CreativeWork"; sub level two name="LearningResource"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="Legislation"]
[sub level one name="CreativeWork";sub level two name="Guide"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="Book"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="WebPageElement"]
[sub_level_one_name="CreativeWork";sub_level_two_name="SheetMusic"]
```

#### Exercise 4

The deliverable of the fourth exercise is an excel spreadsheet included in the project's deliverables folder. Based on the homework description the spreadsheet,

has two tabs -one for each task- named: "Quadruples" (task (i)) and "NL Questions" (task (ii)). The "Quadruples" will have the following columns: Question, Paraphrase (optional), Query, Answer. The "NL Questions" will have two columns: Question, Missing Knowledge (where in the Missing Knowledge column you will add the classes and the properties that would enable the generation of the query).

# References - Resources

- 1. <a href="https://www.dbpedia.org/">https://www.dbpedia.org/</a>
- 2. <a href="https://dbpedia.org/sparql">https://dbpedia.org/sparql</a> (SPARQL endpoint of DBPedia)
- 3. <a href="http://www.linkedopendata.gr/dataset">http://www.linkedopendata.gr/dataset</a> (dataset: Greek Administrative Geography)
- 4. <a href="http://geo.linkedopendata.gr/gag/page/id/9186">http://geo.linkedopendata.gr/gag/page/id/9186</a> (Δήμος Αθηναίων)
- 5. <a href="https://schema.org/">https://schema.org/</a>
- 6. <a href="https://schema.org/docs/full.html">https://schema.org/docs/full.html</a> (full list of item types of schema.org ontology)
- 7. <a href="https://cgi.di.uoa.gr/~pms509/projects/pemfc">https://cgi.di.uoa.gr/~pms509/projects/pemfc</a> ssn 15 10 22.owl (pem fuel cells ontology)