Rienforcement learning: Assignment 2

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Exercise 3.17 1.1

Must give action value $q_{\pi}(s,a)$ in terms of $q_{\pi}(s',a')$

$$q_{\pi}(s,a) = E_{\pi}[G_t \mid S_t = s , A_t = s]$$

$$= E_{\pi}[\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \gamma^k R_{t+k+1} \mid S_t = s, A_t = s]$$

$$V_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(s,a) \sum_{s'} P_{ss'}^a (R_{ss'}^a + \alpha V_{\pi}(s'))$$

$$q_\pi(\mathbf{s},\mathbf{a}) = \sum_{s'} P^a_{ss'} \ (R^a_{ss'} + \sum_{a'} \alpha \ q_\pi(\mathbf{s}^{\scriptscriptstyle\prime},\mathbf{a}^{\scriptscriptstyle\prime}))$$

To get the value of all possible successor states sum over s', multiply the probability of moving from current state to next state given action a by the result of the reward of that action and state transition and the sum of all possible actions in s' times a discount times the value of $q_{\pi}(s',a')$

1.2 Exercise 3.19

$$q_{\pi}(s,a) = E[G_t \mid S_t = s, A_t = s]$$

$$q_{\pi}(s,a) = E [R_{t+1} + \alpha V_{\pi}(s'_{t+1}) | S_t = s, A_t = s]$$