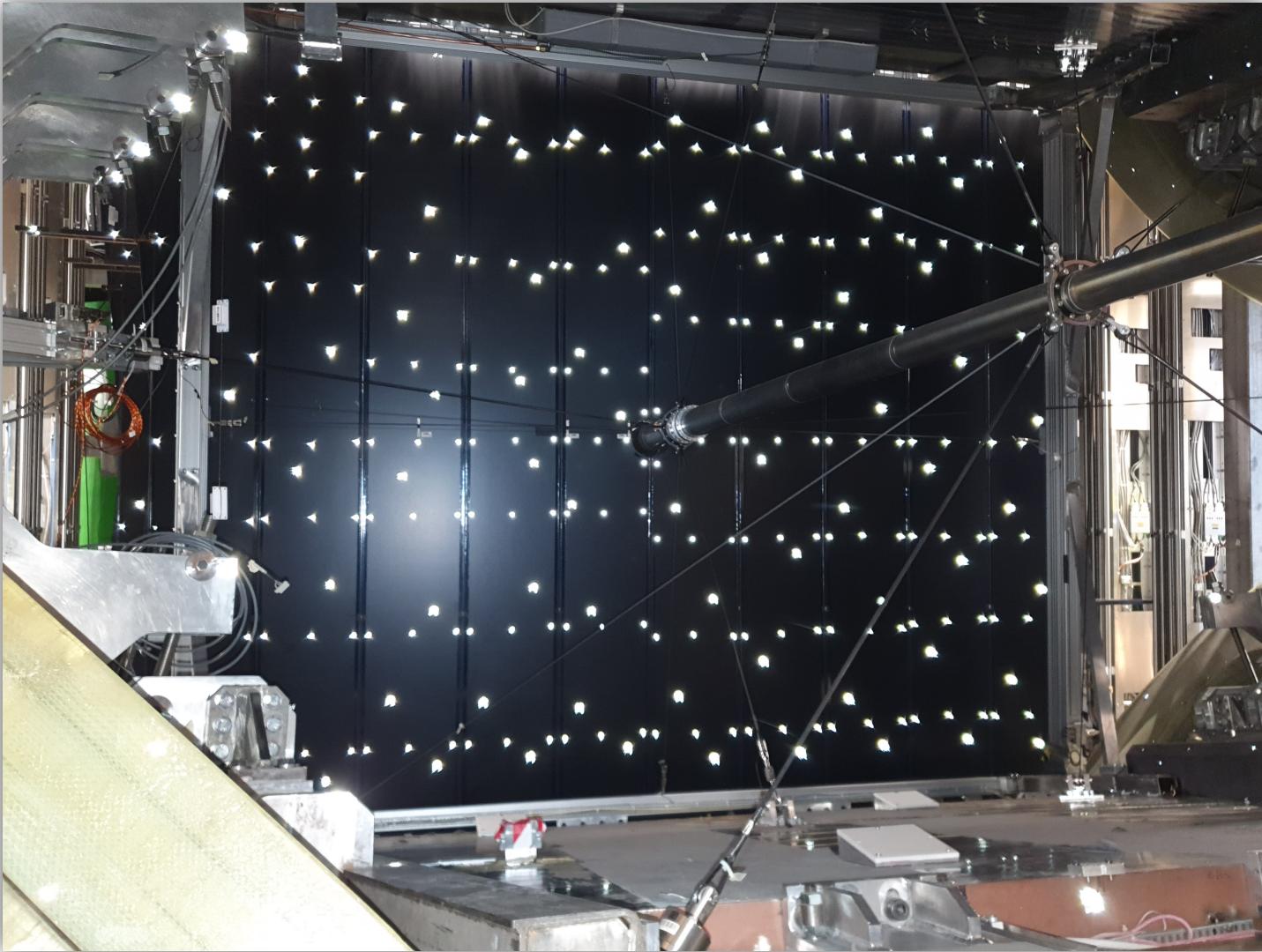


## Data quality status

Elisabeth Niel

27/02/2023



# Introduction

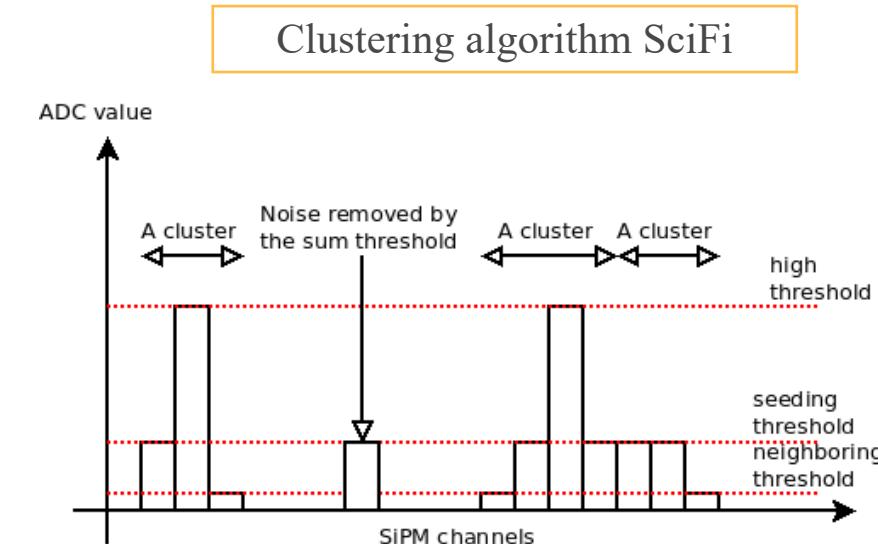
SciFi known challenges from last year relevant for efficiencies:

1. Fine and coarse time alignment shifts observed which degrades the efficiency → few percent change in efficiency from fine time align. and 100 % loss from BXID jumps (coarse time align.)
2. Tell40s and FE sending errors after some time taking data → 100 % loss in a module
3. Calibration of the thresholds → reduce noisy channels
4. Other degrees of freedom :
  - + alignment
  - + survey
  - + change of operations conditions (warm)
  - + ...

These are the main points affecting efficiency and consequently tracking.

**Data quality assessment will concern the first three points only.**

To tag a run we look at **distribution of clusters**.



# Recipes

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What can we change: thresholds and fine time alignment constants, which corresponds to [single channel efficiency](#) and [whole front-end efficiency](#).

We have used **mainly two recipes in global data taking** which are:

- 1) From **25/11/22** at around 03:48 new recipe with **latest time alignment** :[PHYSICS 20221125](#)  
→ from beam timing scan by hand with steps [here](#)
- 2) Before: mainly [PHYSICS 20221018](#) → from beam timing scan by hand with steps [here](#)

Thresholds:

pedestal are obtained from Cavern Threshold scan at – 40 C (2.5 pe, 3.5 pe and 4.5 pe), we have always used the same since October.

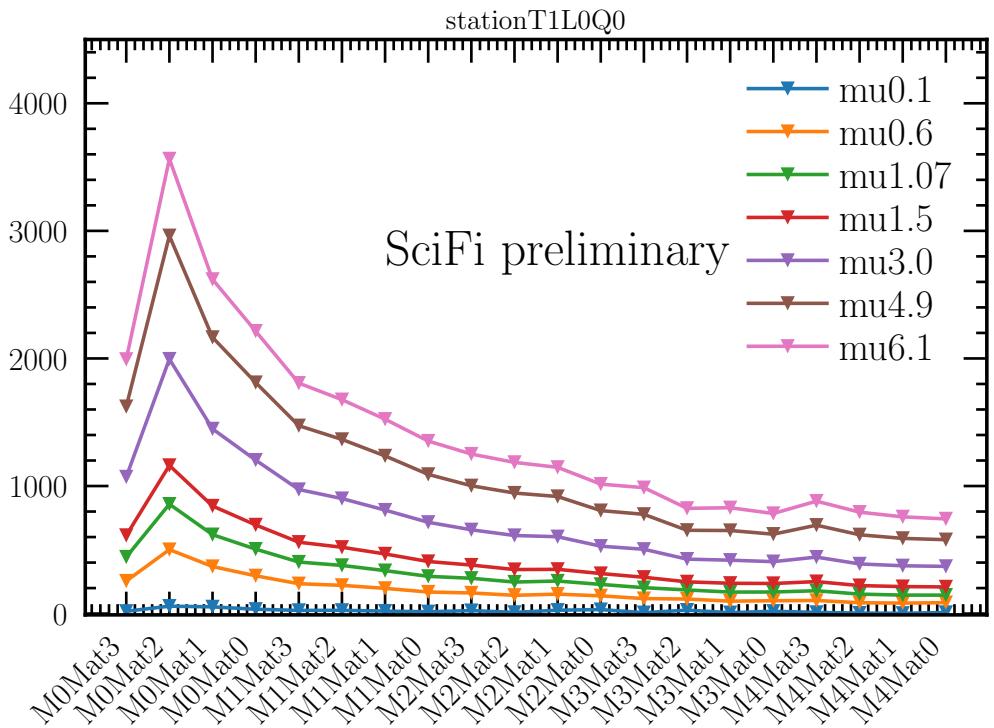
Different fine time alignment:

one could see differences in efficiencies at few percent level, we have 2 time alignments (one for each recipe above)

# Our proxy: cluster profiles

- When you see holes in the distributions → we are not at maximum efficiency in that region.
- The holes can have different origins: tell40s in error, HalfROBs sending bad datas, bad time alignment.  
→ Here we discuss the consequences on the efficiencies.

For illustration purposes, a profile in  $x$ :

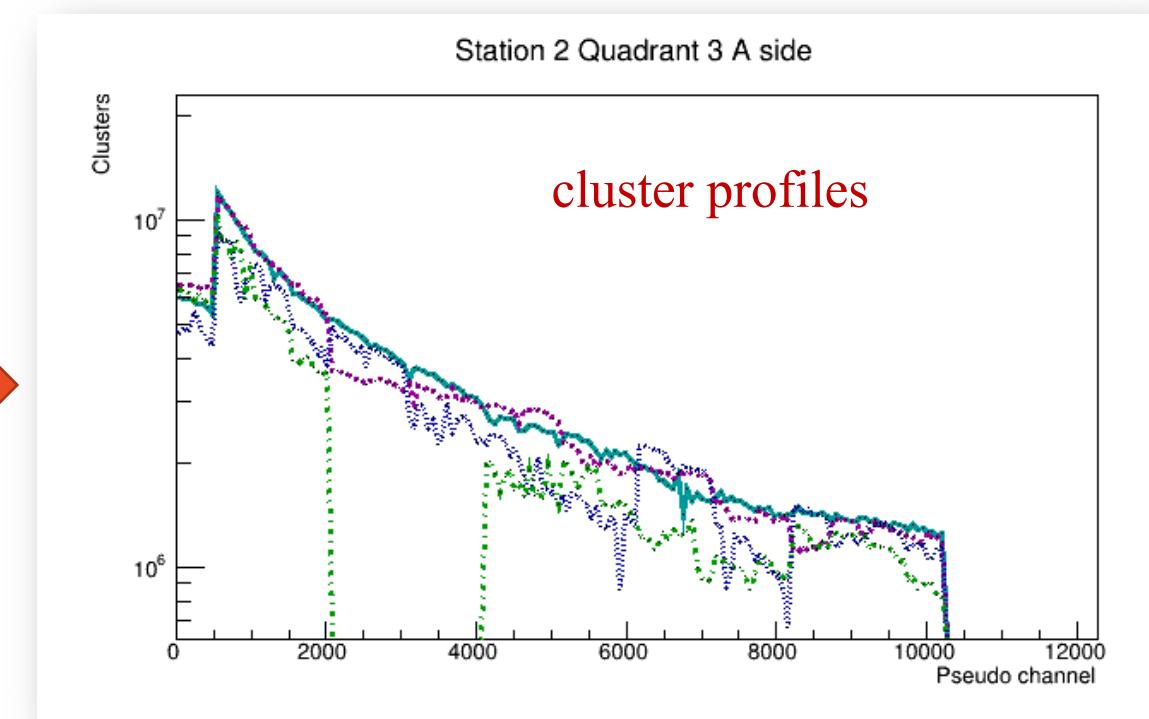
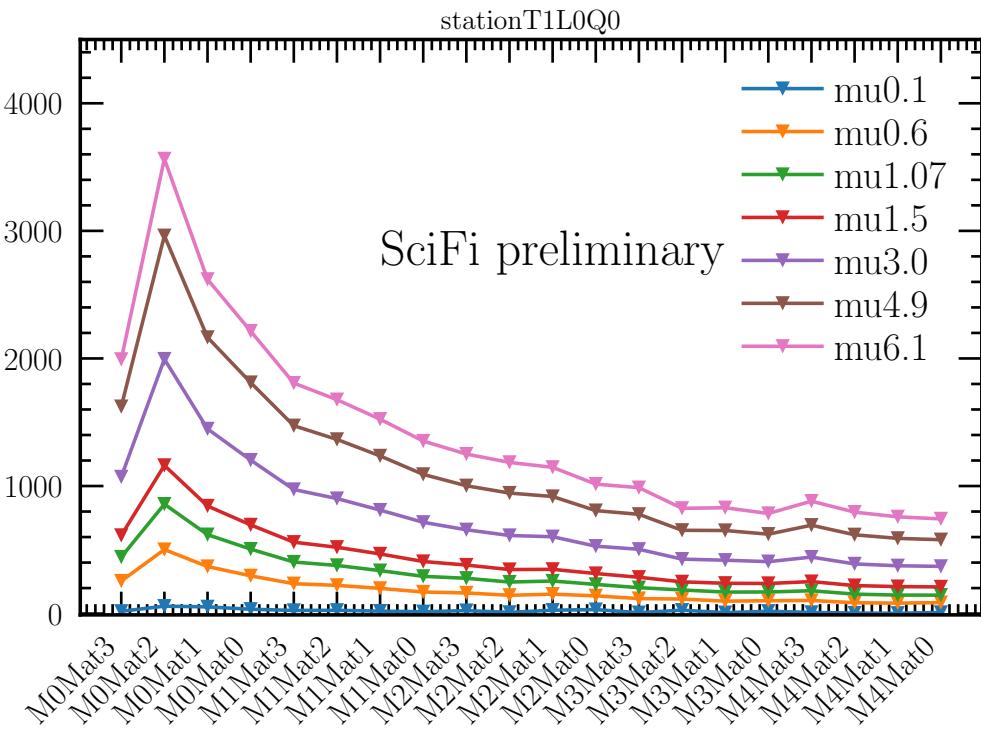


- This is a profile in the  $x$  direction obtained using SiPMs currents → no holes since there is no reconstruction involved
- The first mat of SciFi is cut (beam hole) → we expect lower number of clusters (current)

# Our proxy: cluster profiles

- When you see holes in the distributions → we are not at maximum efficiency in that region.
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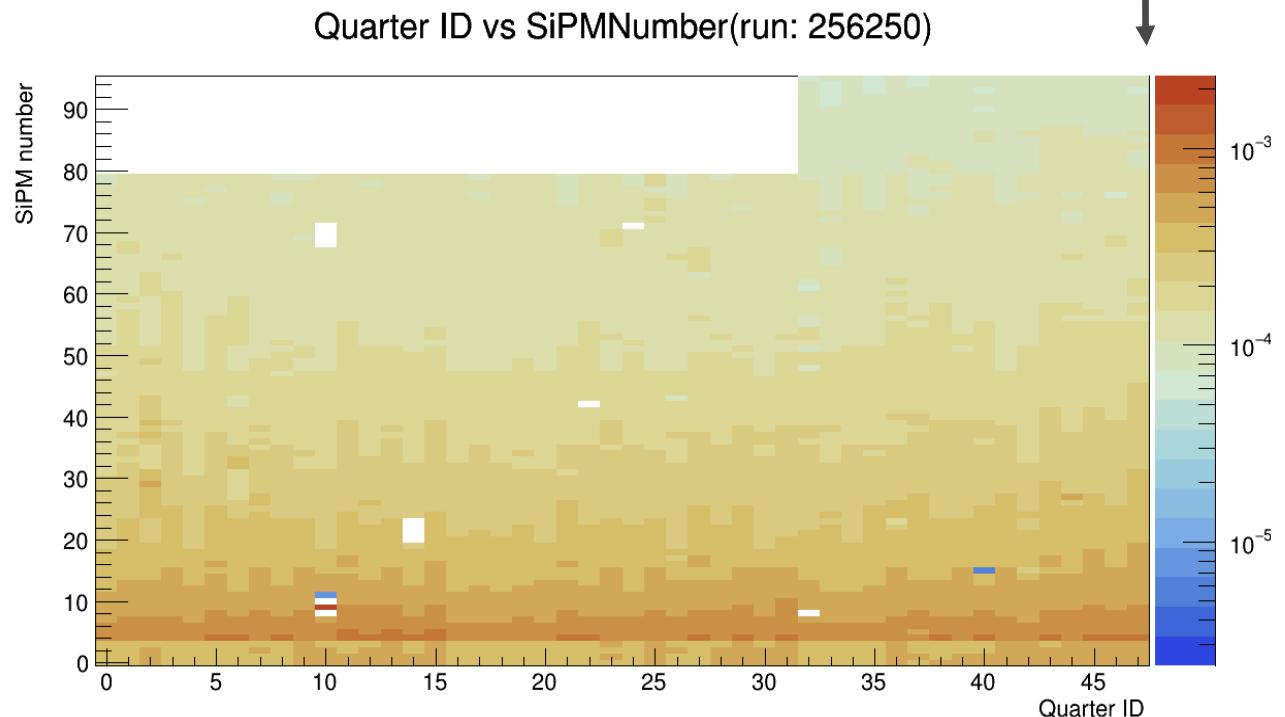
For illustration purposes, a profile in  $x$ :



# General Data Quality

Strategy to assess the data quality of a **run B**:

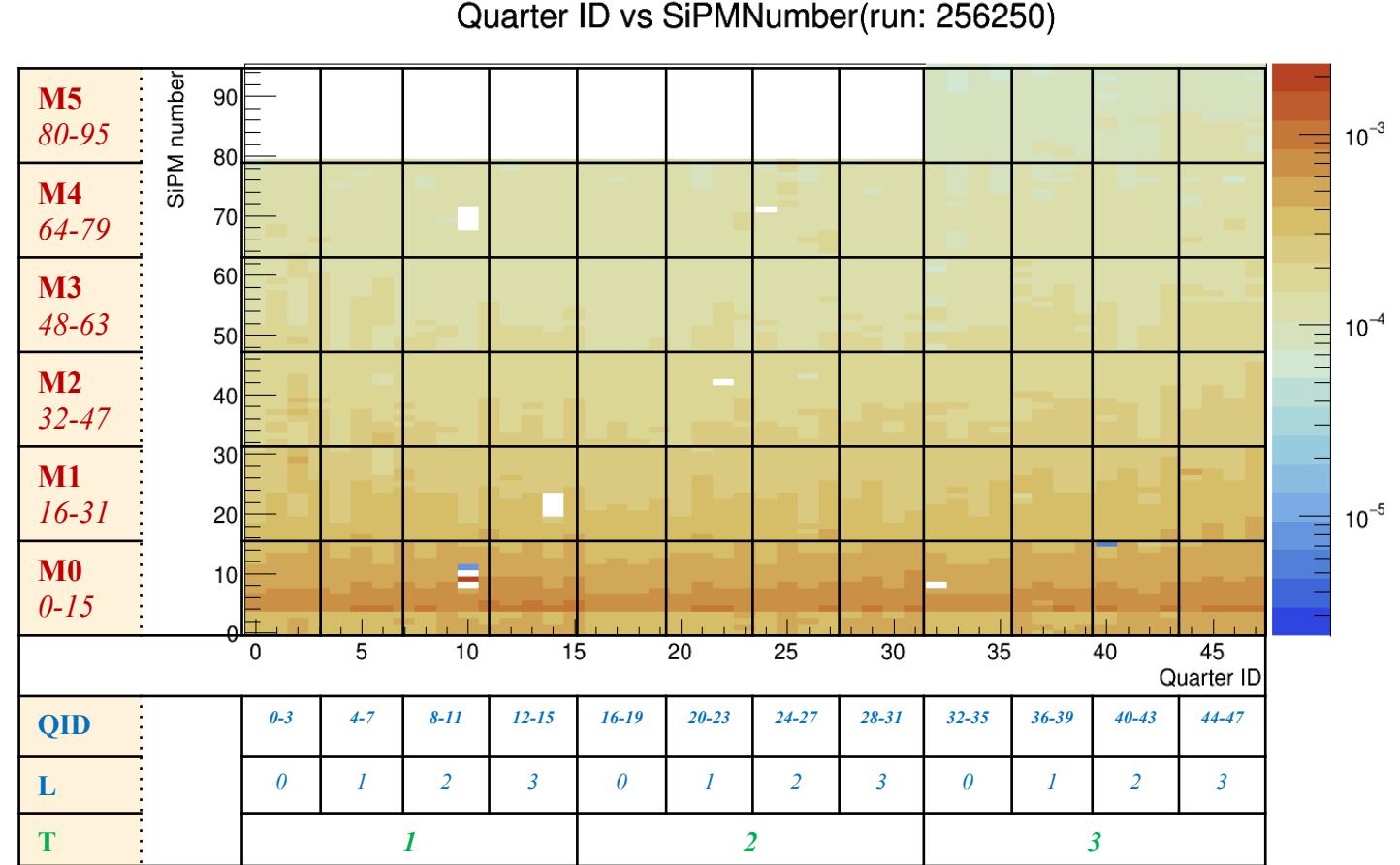
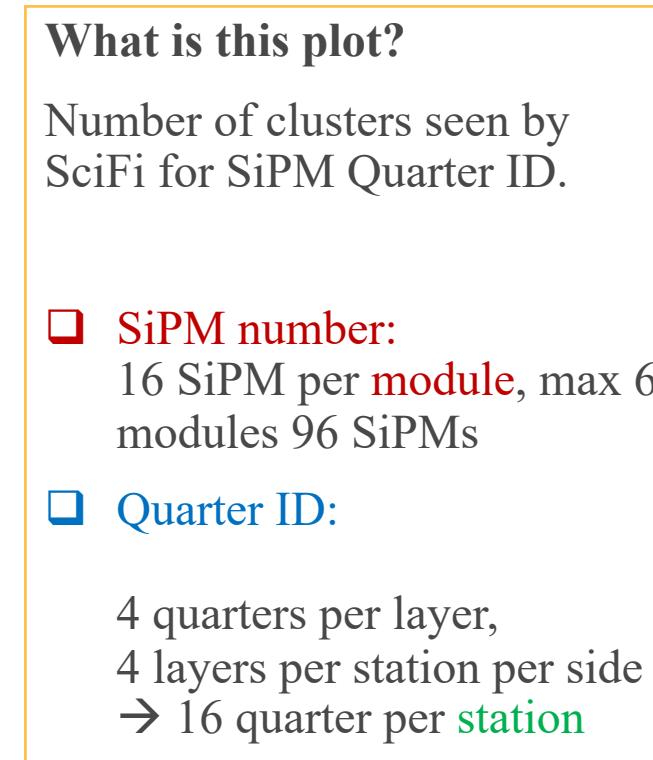
1. take a **reference run A** with reasonably uniform **2D clusters distribution**



# General Data Quality

Strategy to assess the data quality of a run B:

- take a reference run A with reasonably uniform **2D clusters distribution**



# General Data Quality

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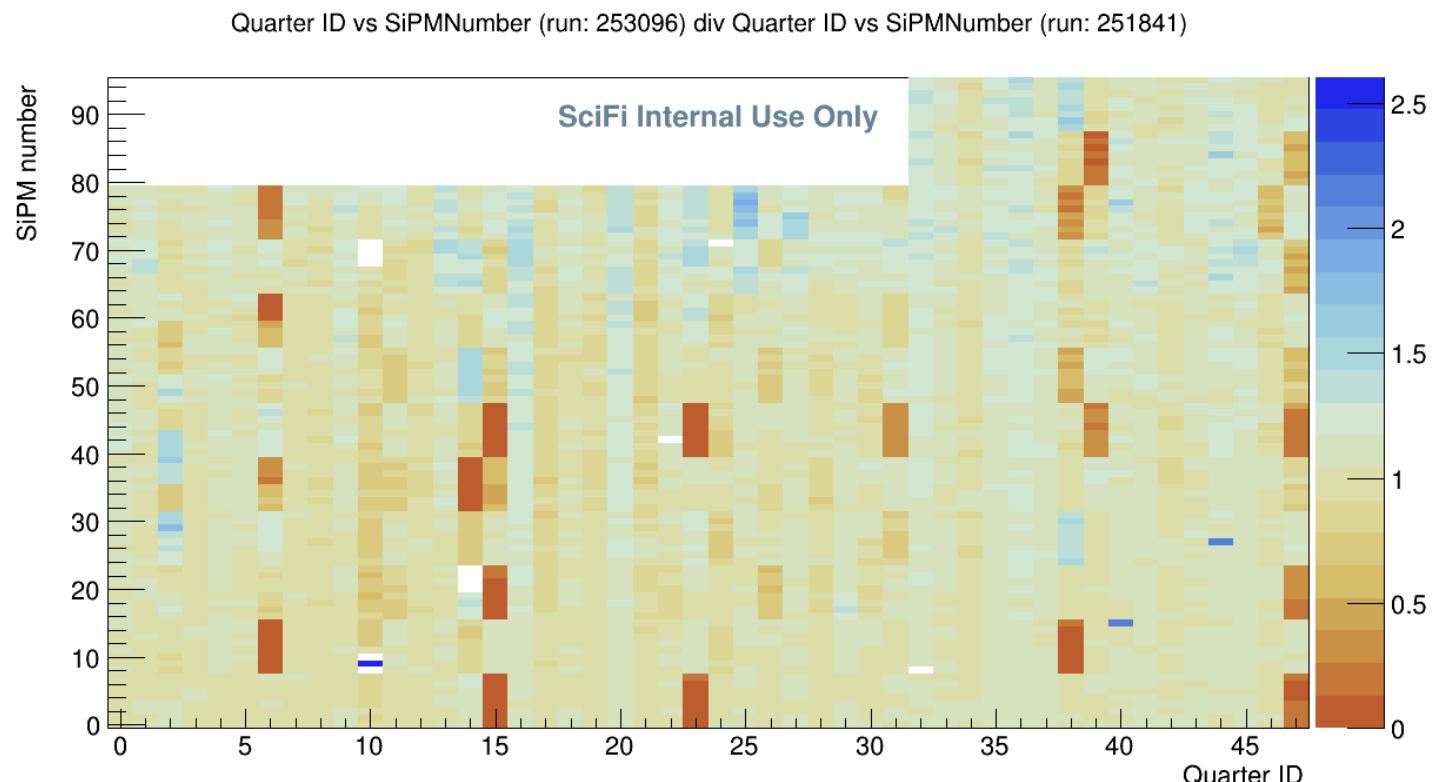
Strategy to assess the data quality of a **run B**:

1. take a **reference run A** with reasonably uniform **2D clusters distribution**
2. normalize 2D clusters distribution histogram for **run A** and **run B**

# General Data Quality

Strategy to assess the data quality of a **run B**:

1. take a **reference run A** with reasonably uniform **2D clusters distribution**
2. normalize 2D clusters distribution histogram for **run A** and **run B**
3. take the ratio **run B / run A**



- Red region: groups of 8 SiPMs correlated to BXID jumps we experienced → loss of 100 % efficiency in this case  
See [Blake's presentation](#) at the SciFi general meeting for details
- White holes: broken fibers, these data links are always excluded

# General Data Quality

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Strategy to assess the data quality of a run B:

1. take a reference run A with reasonably uniform **2D clusters distribution**
2. normalize 2D clusters distribution histogram for run A and run B
3. take the ratio run B / run A
4. data quality tag:

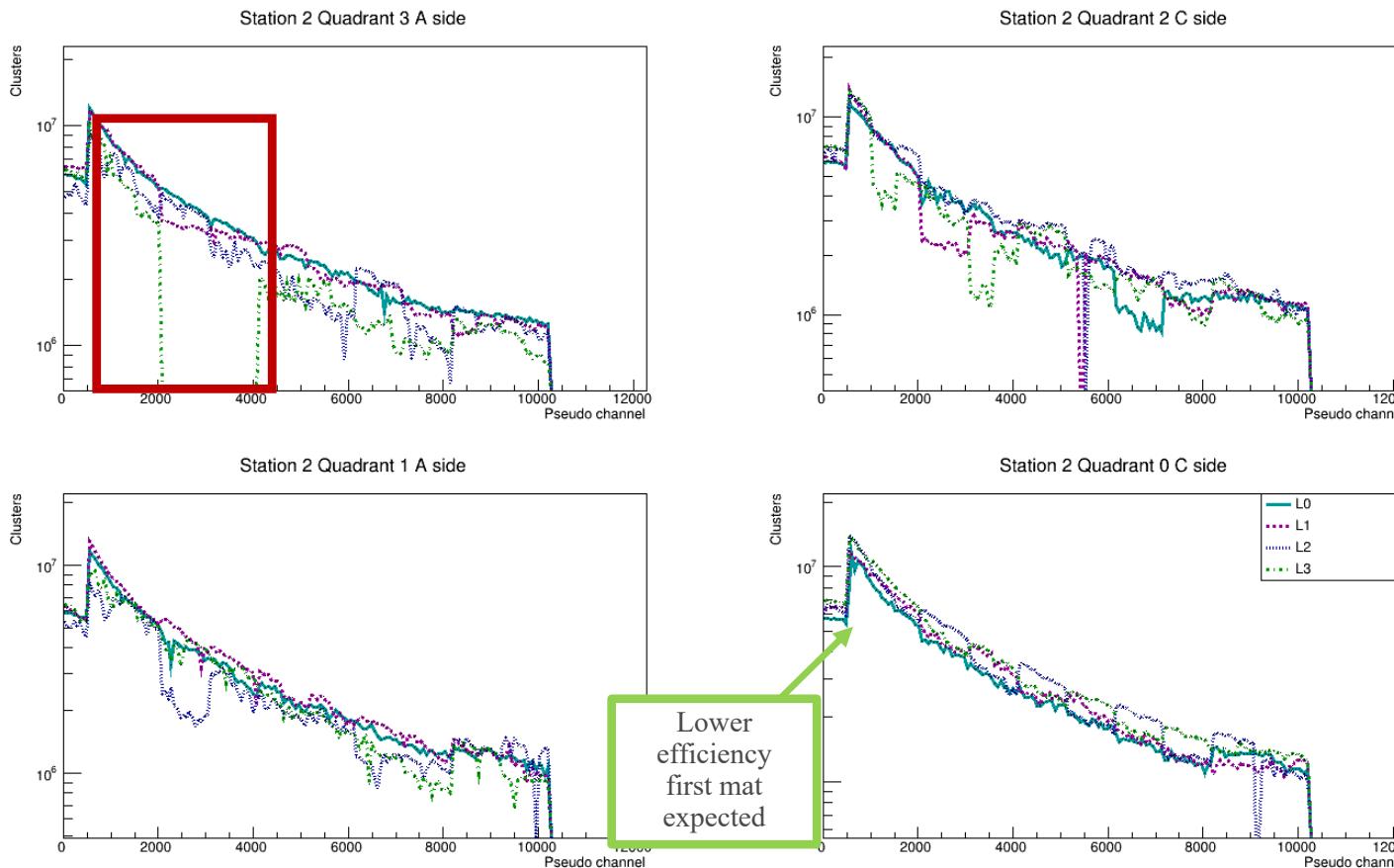
Number of “clusters” in the ratio	Global Data Quality Tag
$\geq 90\%$	HIGH QUALITY (GOOD)
$\geq 80\%$ $< 90\%$	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
$\geq 80\%$ $< 70\%$	MEDIUM LOW QUALITY
$< 70\%$	LOW QUALITY

Data quality with respect to reference run 256250  
Nb datalinks good (nb clusters  $> 0.8\%$  wrt to reference) 86.74  
Nb datalinks pass (nb clusters  $> 0.65\%$  wrt to reference) = 0.54  
Nb datalinks bad (nb clusters  $< 0.65\%$  wrt to reference) 1.28  
Nb datalinks new zeros (missing links number) 2  
Nb datalinks new zeros (missing links % over all SciFi) 0.04  
Nb datalinks known\_zeros (known zero clusters links) 11.39  
Ratio with respect to reference run attached.  
FINAL INFO:  
Data quality tag: MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY  
The thresholds are [%]: GOOD  $> 90$ , MEDIUM HIGH [90-80] , MEDIUM LOW [80-70] , BAD  $< 70$  ).

Need one additional check if number of clusters with zero links is high. Message:

"NEED FURTHER CHECKING : number of links with zero clusters high, need human checking"

# In addition: provide clusters profiles



Example for T2. Run 250798.

We provide a table for pseudochannel to geometrical position conversion.

- Hole in T2Q3L3 close to the region with high acceptance
- But, the other layers are reasonable
- Small clusters inefficiencies, mostly in outer regions far from the beam pipe

→ Would expect decent tracking from this, but to be sure we need feedback from tracking !

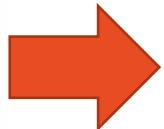
This can be used **a posteriori** to help debugging tracking if SciFi related problems are found.

We will provide one plot per station for run of interest

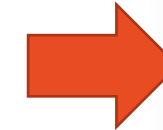
# Example of runs processed

Input: list of runs

```
1  255621  
2  255949  
3  255950  
4  255956  
5  255958  
6  255964  
7  255970  
8  255971  
9  255972  
10 255974  
11 255976  
12 255977  
13 255980  
14 255982  
15 255983  
16 255998  
17 255999  
18 256000  
19 256001  
20 256003
```



1. **(produce\_root\_files\_from\_list.sh)**
2. **process\_dq\_list\_of\_runs.sh**
3. **summarize\_output\_dq.py**



Run	Tag
255621	MEDIUM LOW QUALITY
255983	BAD QUALITY
255998	NEED FURTHER CHECKING
255999	MEDIUM LOW QUALITY
256000	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256001	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256003	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256004	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256005	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256007	MEDIUM LOW QUALITY
256008	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256011	MEDIUM LOW QUALITY
256015	MEDIUM LOW QUALITY
256020	MEDIUM LOW QUALITY
256022	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256026	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256028	MEDIUM LOW QUALITY
256029	BAD QUALITY
256030	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256032	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
255984	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256105	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256107	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256110	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256111	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256112	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY
256114	MEDIUM HIGH QUALITY

- Data quality validation procedure in place but still evolving
- Some extra general information can be found in the data quality txt summary  
(for instance: running warm, missing one quadrant...)
- We are digging into the type of inefficiency (tell40s, halRob etc...)
- The procedure is automated for the runs in **/hlt2/objects/LHCb/0000RunNumber**  
→ for runs in **eos** need to compile the stack and produce root files using the grid
- We need feedback from RTA to see if our assessment is in line with the final tracking efficiency found.

