New alignment using LongModules / tight joint constraints

Given the large unphysical sheers and rotations between top and bottom half-modules that we have in alignment v9 we are now studying the possibility of running the alignment on either LongModules or half-modules with very tight joint constraints. For all the alignment jobs we use a tight D0 selection removing most of the D0 mass background and joint uncertainties of 0.00001 mm/rad for the half-modules. I will compare the results using 4 different configurations:

LongModules

- Tested on full data sample from run 269045
- Dofs: TxRz
- Lagrange constraints on the global average motion and the last layer
- Use of new pattern recognition algorithm
- Convergence in 18 iterations

HalfModules v1

- Tested on 500k from run 269045
- Dofs: TxRz
- Lagrange constraints on the global average motion and the last layer
- Use of new pattern recognition algorithm
- Convergence in 9 Iterations

HalfModules v2

- Tested on 500k from run 269045
- Dofs: TxRz
- Lagrange constraints on the last layer (no global constraint)
- Use of new pattern recognition algorithm
- Convergence in 9 iterations

HalfModules + HalfLayers

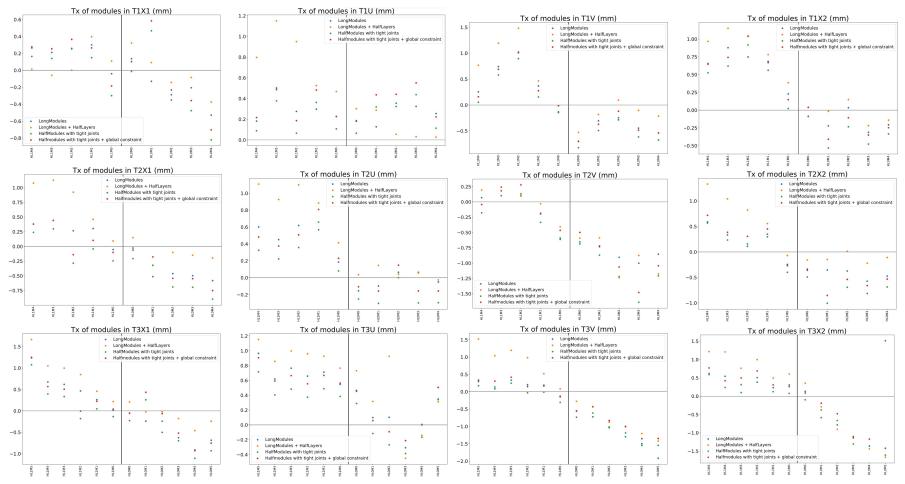
- Tested on full dataset from runs 269045, 269031 and 269033
- Dofs: TxRz
- Global constraint for modules.
 Module and HalfLayer motion constrained for layers T3V and T3X2
- Loose tracking
- Alignment starting from survey (translations only) and CFrames survey applied to the HalfLayers
- Convergence in 8 iterations

Heidelberg University 1 Miguel Ruiz Díaz

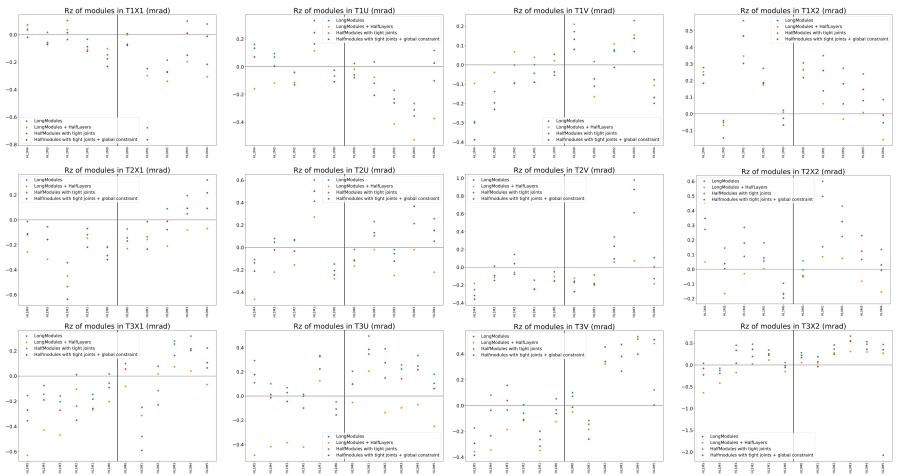
Comparison of the alignment constants

- For the comparison I express the alignment constants of LongModules in global coordinates
- For the jobs with half-modules, the constants are just the average of the constants for the top and bottom halves
- For the job including HalfLayers I need to add the motion of the HalfLayers to the motion of the modules

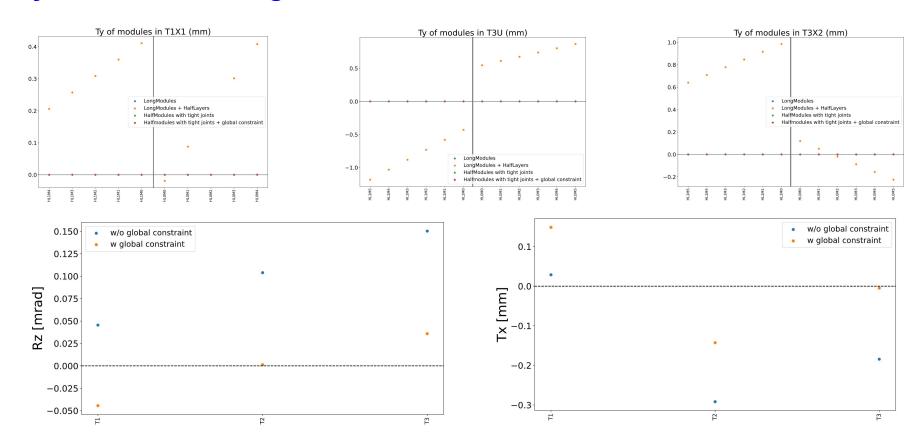






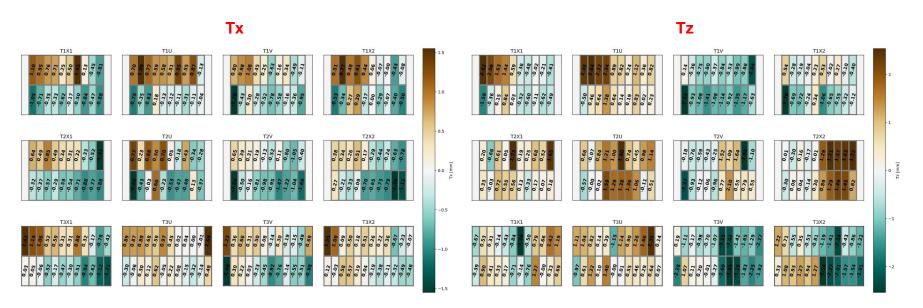


Ty and effect of the global constraint



2D pattern - Traslations

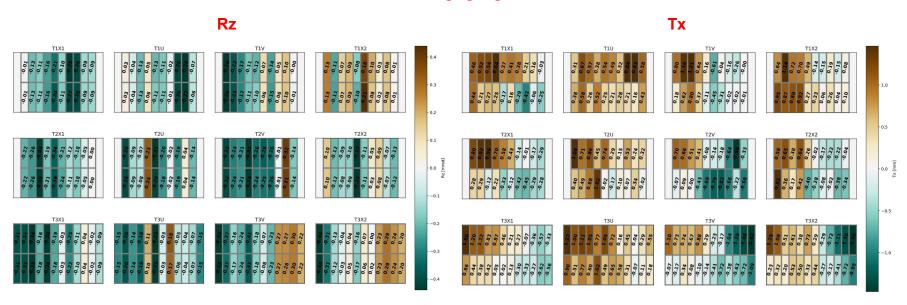
I have tested the scripts on the yaml file corresponding to the v9 alignment version (v9 warm)



We also see **patterns on the translations**. These however are correlated with the patterns observed on the rotations due to the joint constraints (see next slides)

2D pattern - Tight constraints

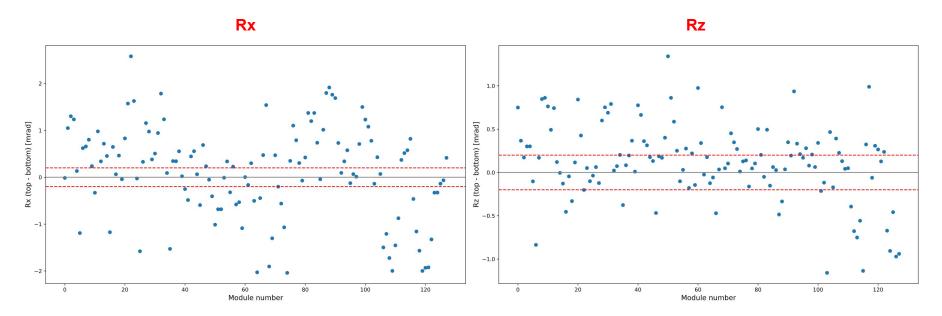
I ran a simple test on 50k events from run 269045 with joint uncertainties of 0.000001 mm/rad for translations/rotations and using Tx and Rz as dof. I only run 3 iterations starting from the design module positions to remove any biases so the results are coming from a non-converging alignment



Rotations of the top and bottom halves are now tightly correlated and pattern on Tx can be explained by comparing it with the Rz pattern

Joint differences - Rotations

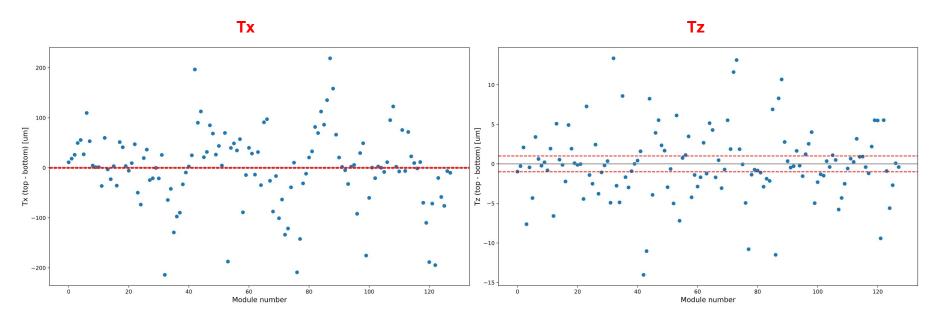
Again, the script was tested on the v9 alignment constants



There is a strange pattern on Rx (probably expected given the observed weak mode when looking at the global motion) but points are more uniformly distributed and more or less within the joint uncertainty

Joint differences - Rotations

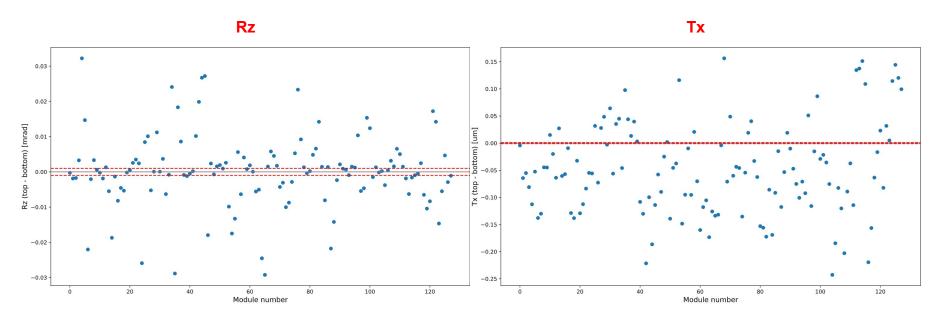
Again, the script was tested on the v9 alignment constants



Translations look a bit works, especially for Tx the joint constraints do not seem to be very effective

Joint differences - Tight constraints

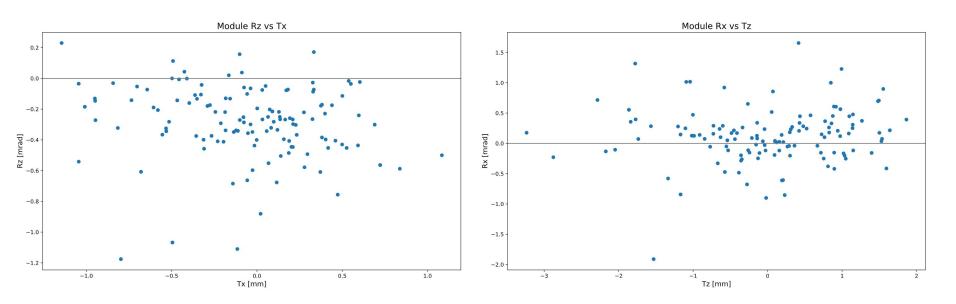
Results after the tight constraint configuration



Again, the **constraint on Tx is not being very effective**. Maybe results get better if I let the full alignment run until convergence?

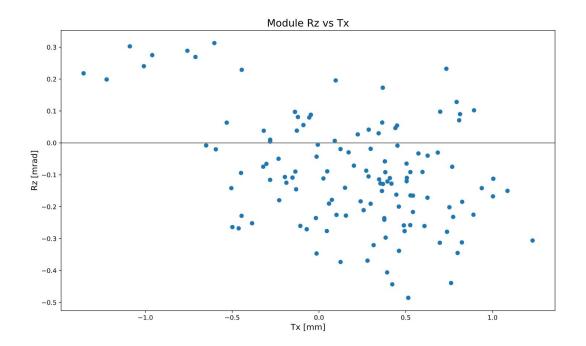
Correlation plots - Rotations

Script first tested on the v9 yaml file



Small negative correlation between Rz and Tx with no apparent effect on Rx and Tz

Correlation plots - tight constraints



Clear correlation which will most likely go away when the alignment has converged