#### **EXPERIMENT 6**

### ANS-

# 1. Create the following two tables (EMP and DEPT)

### SOL-

EMP0	Select*from  EMPNAME	   JOB	MGR	+   HIREDATE	SAL	   COMM	DEPNO
		·	<b></b>	+		+	+
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	1980-12-17	500.00	800.00	20
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	1981-02-20	1600.00	300.00	30
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	1981-02-22	1250.00	500.00	30
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	1981-04-02	2975.00	NULL	20
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	1981-09-28	1250.00	1400.00	30
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	1981-05-01	2850.00	NULL	30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	1981-06-09	2450.00	NULL	10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	1982-12-09	3000.00	NULL	20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT	NULL	1981-11-17	5000.00	NULL	10
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	1981-09-08	1500.00	0.00	30
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	1983-01-12	1100.00	NULL	20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	1981-12-03	950.00	NULL	30
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	1981-12-03	3000.00	NULL	20
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	1982-01-23	1300.00	NULL	10
			·			+	

```
mysql> Select*from DEPT;
 DEPTNO |
          DNAME
                       I LOC
      10
           ACCOUNTING
                        NEW YORK
      20
           RESEARCH
                        DALLAS
      30
           SALES
                        CHICAGO
           OPERATIONS
                        BOSTON
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

1)Retrieve average salary of all employees.

```
mysql> Select AVG(SAL) From EMP;

+-----+

| AVG(SAL) |

+-----+

| 2051.785714 |

+-----+

1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

2.) Retrieve the number of employees.

```
mysql> Select Count(*) From EMP;

+-----+

| Count(*) |

+-----+

| 14 |

+------+

1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

3. Retrieve distinct number of employee.

4.Retrieve total salary of employee group by job.

5. Display the employee information with maximum salary.

6. Find the highest paid employee in department

7. List the emps whose sal is equal to the average of max and minimum.

8. List the emps who joined in the company on the same date.

```
mysql> SELECT EMPNAME, HIREDATE
    -> FROM EMP
    -> WHERE HIREDATE IN(
    -> SELECT HIREDATE
    -> FROM EMP
    -> GROUP BY HIREDATE
    -> HAVING COUNT(*)>1);
+-----+
| EMPNAME | HIREDATE |
+-----+
| JAMES | 1981-12-03 |
| FORD | 1981-12-03 |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

9. Display the employee names in upper and lower case.

```
mysql> SELECT UPPER(EMPNAME) AS UpperCaseName, LOWER(EMPNAME) AS LowerCaseName
    -> FROM EMP;
 UpperCaseName
                LowerCaseName
  SMITH
                  smith
  ALLEN
                  allen
 WARD
                  ward
  JONES
                  jones
                  martin
 MARTIN
 BLAKE
                  blake
  CLARK
                  clark
  SCOTT
                  scott
  KING
                  king
  TURNER
                  turner
  ADAMS
                  adams
  JAMES
                  james
  FORD
                  ford
 MILLER
                  miller
14 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

## 10. find the date of 3 days later from hiredate.

```
mysql> SELECT EMPNAME, HIREDATE, HIREDATE + INTERVAL '3' DAY AS DateAfter3Days
    -> FROM EMP;
  EMPNAME
            HIREDATE
                        DateAfter3Days
  SMITH
            1980-12-17
                          1980-12-20
            1981-02-20
                          1981-02-23
 ALLEN
            1981-02-22
                          1981-02-25
 WARD
 JONES
            1981-04-02
                          1981-04-05
 MARTIN
            1981-09-28
                          1981-10-01
 BLAKE
            1981-05-01
                          1981-05-04
 CLARK
            1981-06-09
                          1981-06-12
            1982-12-09
                          1982-12-12
 SCOTT
 KING
            1981-11-17
                          1981-11-20
            1981-09-08
                          1981-09-11
 TURNER
  ADAMS
            1983-01-12
                          1983-01-15
  JAMES
            1981-12-03
                          1981-12-06
            1981-12-03
                          1981-12-06
  FORD
 MILLER
            1982-01-23
                          1982-01-26
14 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```